WEATHER FORECASTS

Victoria and Vicinity—Light to moderate winds, generally fair, stationary or lower temperature.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, generally fair, stationary or lower temperature.

The Daily Colonist.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

COLONIST TELEPHONES
Business Office 11
Circulation 13
Job Printing 197
Editorial Rooms 80

NO. 86—FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR | VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, MARCH 23, 1913 | FORTY-FOUR PAGES

AT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Sir Richard McBride Delivers Principal Address at Charter Day Exercises of Berkeley Institution.

CRITICIZES PRESENT UNIVERSITY METHODS

Speaks of Seat of Learning Endowed by British Columbia, Which Is Soon to Be Opened at Point Grey.

BERKELEY, Cal., March 22.—Sir Richard McBride, Prime Minister of British Columbia, made the principal address at the charter day exercises of the University of California today. A large crowd assembled in the Greek Theatre and heard the Canadian statesman arraign the present method of university education and urge more practical training.

At the conclusion of his address the degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon the university's guest by President Benjamin Ide Wheeler.

Dr. Wheeler referred to the friendship of the two countries, which he felt assured would continue.

Captain Roald Amundsen also delivered an interesting address.

Sir Richard's Address

Sir Richard McBride, in his address, said:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen:

"I shall not attempt to conceal the pleasure I feel in having been invited to deliver your charter address, and in being present on this occasion for that purpose. I realize the honor of following in the footsteps of the many distinguished men who have appeared before you in a similar capacity in the past. This pleasure is only mitigated by the knowledge of my inability to fill the role in the same able manner as those gentlemen.

"Were I endeavoring to account for your invitation, it might be on the ground that as Prime Minister of British Columbia, I belong to the same geographical zone as you do in California, where so much of the history of the Pacific Coast has been epitomized—where what has been denominated the Western spirit of America was born; or that, as being politically associated with the fortunes of my native Province in this same geographical zone, I have had something to do with the problems with which you have had to deal. At all events, in a large measure, we have physical and sociological conditions similar to your own.

Behold World's Commerce

"We both belong to the newer part of a new continent, and will shortly look out upon the Pacific Ocean, beholding, for the first time, a world's commerce borne into our harbors. And is it not true that there are elements much in common pervading the whole of the Pacific slope calculated to make us kind to each other, and kindred in aims and spirit?

"If these be among the reasons which prompted you to do me so much honor, I can only say that I appreciate them with all my heart, and assure you that such sentiments will be very cordially reciprocated in British Columbia. I feel that there is a flux in the atmosphere of the West which is having a broadening influence upon the peoples on both sides of the line, although, as two nations, we politically live apart. The latter fact should not, and does not, alter or affect the entente cordiale which has existed so many years and is stronger now than ever before. We can live as amicably, neighbors under separate flags, as we could one people under a single flag.

Continued on Page 17, Col. 1

TODAY'S SUMMARY

1—At University of California. Royal Mail Line Making This Port.
2—Unknown Found Dead in Electric Plant.
3—More Accommodation Needed.
4—Editorial.
5—English Songbirds Are Due to Arrive in Victoria.
6—News of the City.
7—Sergeant Clayards Suddenly Succumbs.
8—In Woman's Realm.
9—Sporting News.
10—Orders Winding Up of Bankers' Trust.
11—At the City Churches.
12—Real Estate Advts.
13—Real Estate Advts.
14—Port Facilities at Victoria.
15—Marine and Shipping News.
16—Entertainment for Seamen's Institute.
17—At University of California.
18—Gen. Booth Says He Must Take Risks.
19—"Corfield Farm" Advt.
20—Additional Sport.
21—Many Pretenders to Albania Throne.
22—New Airship Scores Over Aeroplane.
23—Fort Edward, B. C. Advts.
24—D. Spencer, Ltd., Advt.

MAGAZINE SECTION
1—Victoria's Parks and Playgrounds.
2—Mrs. Barnes' Easter. Fifteen Years a Dancer.
3—Literature, Music and Art.
4—An Hour with the Editor.
5—Flowers as an Emblem of Springtime.
6—Omar Khayyam, Poet and Philosopher.
7—Field Sports and Outdoor Pastimes.
8—Mr. Hon. Lloyd George.
9—Theatres.
10—A Page of Interest to Women.
11—Social Folks Prefer Peace.
12—Secrets of a Great Official's Cardex.
13—How England Has a War with Trusts.
14—Many Horses Now Are Owned in Defiance.
15—Fashions for Women's Apparel.
16—Fashions for Women's Apparel.

Canadian Speaker and Scenes at Charter Day Exercises, University of California

UPBUILDING OF A GREAT PORT

Unrivalled Position of Harbors of Victoria and Esquimalt in Ocean-Borne Traffic of North Pacific.

In many frontier towns in the West in the early days it used to be the practice for places dealing in a certain kind of refreshment to erect a sign which bore on one side the words "First Chance," and on the other "Last Chance." That this proved a very effective reminder to the thirsty ones goes without saying. If it were possible for Victoria to erect some similar placard which would proclaim to all the world the position of this port in connection with the overseas traffic on the North Pacific Coast, the words on the sign would be, in all truth, "First Port," and "Last Port."

And perhaps nothing better illustrates the commanding advantage in strategical position which Victoria possesses over all competitors at a time when the eyes of the entire world are directed to this portion of the globe because of events which are ushering a new era of commercial activity on the Pacific Ocean. The traveler from New Zealand, Australia, Hawaii, China, Japan or Mexico, if his destination be any port on Puget Sound or on the Mainland reached via the waters of the Gulf of Georgia, must perforce come within hailing distance of Victoria; and so also, on the other hand, the traveler leaving any of the last mentioned ports, bound to those oversea countries, will have as his last view before reaching the broad bosom of the Pacific the harbor lights of Victoria.

While all this is true under the present conditions of ocean routes of travel, it will still hold good, but with increased significance, on the opening of the Panama Canal. For then the volume of sea-borne business which impinges in the most natural way upon these shores will increase a hundredfold. What this will mean to the development of the commercial importance of the port must be left to the imagination; but all competent observers are agreed that the most optimistic calculations are likely to fall far short of actual results.

The Present Outlook

While very much has been written lately in an attempt to forecast developments in shipping in the North Pacific as a result of the opening to traffic of the Panama Canal, not so much has been said upon the point of the present capacity of Victoria and Esquimalt to take care of increased business. Thanks to the far-sighted

ARMY'S NEW MACHINE GUN

Vicker's Automatic Weapon to Be Issued to British Cavalry, and Perhaps Also to Infantry

LONDON, March 22.—A new pattern machine gun is to be issued for the cavalry, and the question of its issue to the infantry is considered. The gun is the new Vickers rifle calibre automatic gun, and is said to have the advantage of being very light. The present Maxim weighs sixty pounds. The German type weighs forty pounds, while the Austrian gun weighs 38.6 pounds.

During the last three years, the gun has been adopted by the Russian army, the Italian army and navy, the Japanese navy, and the Turkish navy, which have all had recent war experience.

SEVERAL FIGHTS NOW IN PROGRESS

Mexican Rebels Attack Saltillo and Naco, Where Many Are Killed—Porfirio Diaz Defines His Position.

MEXICO CITY, March 22.—Late advices from Saltillo say that the rebels in numbers have attacked that city.

Venustiano Carranza personally is directing the attack on Saltillo. Federals are marching from Monterey to the invested city.

The wires north and south have been down since morning. A train on the National Railway, northbound, turned back at a station south of Saltillo.

The rebels began their attack Sunday night. Official reports would seem to indicate that it is of little importance, but private dispatches filed early today, say that fighting is heavy in the outskirts.

Supposed Base of Rebels

It is thought that the rebels are trying to lure General Trucy Aubert south of Monterey, to which city he retreated with all his forces from Villaldama in order to protect it. The object of the rebels is to clear Monterey of Government troops so that they may attack it.

The governor of Sinaloa, has been arrested, charged with being affiliated with the rebels. The federal governor of Tepic Territory, Martin Espinosa, has joined the rebels, but the Government says he has few followers.

Late advices to the War Department state that the fighting at Saltillo had

CHARGED WITH DYNAMITING

Jacob Neilson, Arrested in Connection With Attack on Gold Dredge, Was Enrolled Among Detectives.

DAWSON, Y. T., March 22.—Jacob Neilson, aged 35, has been arrested and is held without bail, charged with dynamiting the Guggenheim gold dredge No. 1 at the mouth of Bonanza Creek on the night of February 22, when $25,000 damage was inflicted.

After the explosion the company offered a reward of $5000 for the arrest of the dynamiter, and they employed twelve detectives, Neilson being included among them when he applied for work, although he had been under suspicion.

A typewritten letter sent to C. A. Thomas of the company, threatening him with injury, was found to be on paper similar to a quantity found in Neilson's cabin in Dawson, and the arrest followed. The prisoner belongs to curling and athletic clubs, and is well known.

Christ Is Risen

The snowdrop sings it soft today.
All His flow'rs in sweet array,
All His trees and all His birds,
Sing the song that needs no words:
He is risen!

Found, anew, the empty tomb;
Gone, forever, doubt and gloom.
We, like Mary, hear His call,
And "Rabboni!" answer all.
Christ is risen!

O, for simple faith to clean
Grace, as did the Magdalene!
Lest of Thomas, more of John!
Faith to echo ever on:
Christ is risen indeed!

FERRY STRIKE AT SYDNEY

Crowd of People Kept From Travelling By Tie-up of Boats—Many Craft Employed

SYDNEY, N.S.W., March 22.—Everything was completely held up yesterday afternoon in consequence of the ferry strike, which put a fleet of sixty boats out of service. All lines, including Manly, were cut off, leaving 100,000 people marooned. All kinds of craft are being employed to transport the crowds during the holidays.

The strikers demand a forty-eight hour week for six days.

The State Government has inaugurated a service to minimize the inconvenience, and thirteen Government boats are being used for this purpose.

WAR SETTLEMENT MAY BE EFFECTED

Powers Expect That Mediation Will Be Successful—Austria Bringing Severe Pressure Upon Montenegro.

LONDON, March 22—Developments of the last week appear to make the conclusion of the Balkan war a matter of only a few days. Turkey, having no hopes of obtaining more money, has entrusted her interests to the good offices of the Powers, and the Allies have accepted the Powers' offer of mediation. The representatives of the Powers at Sofia today handed the Bulgarian Premier their schemes embodying a basis for mediation. Their plan includes two provisions to which the Allies will likely object. The demand for indemnity is vetoed and the Powers stipulated that hostilities must cease when their proposals are accepted.

It appears improbable, however, that the Allies will refuse to settle on the terms now offered. The war has come practically to a deadlock. Fighting on the Tchataldja lines has been indecisive. Adrianople, which the Bulgarians proposed to reduce to submission in a few days, seems to be holding out as strongly as ever after a five months' siege, and a wireless from there today declared that the Turkish commander has no thought of surrender.

Austria Allows One Week

Austria has sent a second note to the Montenegrins requiring that the bombardment of Scutari be continued to the fore, and giving one week for King

ROYAL MAIL LINE MAKING THIS PORT.

First Vessel, Falls of Orchy, Now on Way to Victoria via Orient—To Follow Route of Blue Funnel Liners.

MONTHLY SERVICE TO BE ESTABLISHED

Four 20,000 Ton Ships on Order at Belfast to Operate Here When Panama Canal Is Open to Shipping.

Mr. J. E. M. Nash, special representative for Canada and the United States of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, regarded as the greatest shipping concern in the world, made the double announcement to a Colonist representative in the Empress Hotel last evening that a service between London, England, and Victoria, via the Orient, had already been established, the first steamer being now on the way, and that four first-class passenger vessels, each 680 feet long, and of an average weight of 20,000 tons, are on order with a Belfast shipbuilding firm, to be ready for operation between England and Victoria immediately upon the opening of the Panama Canal.

Mr. Nash is in the capital city of the Province at the present time making arrangements for the advent of the ships of his line, looking into the matter of dockage facilities, and appointing the necessary agencies.

"It has been decided," he said, "to operate a line of steamers between London and Victoria via the Orient. In fact, it has been more than decided, for the first vessel, heralding the traffic, so to speak, is now on the way, having left the port of London on March 9.

"The vessel is the Falls of Orchy, of the Shire and Glen Line, and she will ply the same waters as the Blue Funnel vessels, taking in China and Japan on her way here. It is our intention to establish a regular sailing every four weeks, which means that eight ships at the least will be constantly in operation between these points, and probably nine. These vessels, all of the Glen and Shire Line, are excellently equipped for freight and passengers, and with the trade on this Coast growing at the tremendous rate it is, we are hopeful of securing a profitable footing.

Ready for Canal

"But I may frankly state that our principal object in entering upon this very considerable extension of our service at this time is with a view to being firmly established on the Coast by the time of the opening of the Panama Canal, when we propose to further extend our business by installing a new line of steamers, that is, passenger steamers, across the isthmus up to Victoria. We will be able with the ships we propose to put into that service to make the run from London to Victoria in anything from three to four weeks' time, which, so far as freight is concerned, easily will beat the present route across country. Of course, we cannot hope to make the passenger travel quicker, but we shall certainly score with the freight, and once we have established the fact that it is not only quicker, but cheaper, to ship freight all the way, the ports on the Pacific Coast of Canada, and particularly a port with the natural advantages of Victoria, will come into their own as distributing centres for the product of the interior countries.

"Speaking of that product reminds me of the grain question, which, I understand, is a considerable factor in your trade discussions at the present time. As I have said then it will be possible, when our service is in operation via the Panama Canal, to ship grain from Victoria not only more cheaply, but more quickly, to the European market, than via the present route across the country to the lakes, and thence down the St. Lawrence. The question has been raised as to the possibility of shipping grain in bulk from this port. I cannot imagine why such a question should have been raised at all, especially in this section of the country, which is so vitally interested in the matter. I could well imagine such a contention emanating from the East, where I have no doubt it will be all to their interest to attempt to demonstrate such a thing. However, contention or no contention, I have examined the situation, I have made the closest inquiries on the subject, and I may say that I am somewhat familiar with the business, having been all over the world, and while

Continued on Page 2, Col. 3

SIR J. JACKSON INSPECTS WORK

After Making a Trip to Ogden's Point Contractor Expressed His Satisfaction With Situation.

Sir John Jackson, head of the contracting firm that has undertaken the construction of the Victoria breakwater, paid a brief visit of inspection to the scene of operations at Ogden Point, Dallas Road, yesterday, and after being conducted over the various points of interest, he expressed himself as well satisfied at the manner in which the project is proceeding.

On his return from the scene of operations, he stated that work upon the construction of the breakwater property would start at an early date. "I see," he said, "that a portion of the plant arrived on the Ixion, and as soon as that is shipped over to the scene of the works a definite start will be made. Of course, in undertaking a contract of this nature, very extensive preliminary work has to be done, and as you are doubtless aware, everything is now practically in readiness for a start upon the real undertaking, namely, the construction of the breakwater. In a very short time I suppose the plant will be taken from the dock at the Outer Wharf, to the Dallas Road, and upon its arrival there, things will be put in motion."

Sir John could not give an opinion as to how long it would take to complete the work, as the exact term of operations could be determined only by progress upon the work, and he did not propose to predict anything that might turn out to be wide of the mark. No time, however, would be lost in handling the contract.

Talks of Victoria's Future

In speaking of the City of Victoria, Sir John was less reticent than when discussing official affairs.

"I think you have a most charming city," he said, "and for climates I must say that I never enjoyed anything

Continued on Page 2, Col. 3

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY

(From The Colonist of March 23, 1863.)

The Petition on Behalf of the Chief ... governor against the imposition of ... colonist. The two counties have ... the discussion to vote the ... intention of submitting the ... to the people.

Parliament Adjourned ... March 23rd, 1863, ... Governor Douglas ... Speech from the ... Speech ... Address ... Address ... Address

Victoria Carnival Week—August 4 to 9, 1913

"The Gift Centre"

Superior English Plate

It is not necessary for us to dwell upon the quality of English Plate—the name itself is sufficient. Suffice to say that our present exposition of this ware is worthy of the immediate attention of the particular hostess.

FINE ENGLISH PLATED ENTREE DISHES
FINE ENGLISH PLATED MUFFIN DISHES
FINE ENGLISH PLATED TEA SETS
FINE ENGLISH PLATED CRUET STANDS
FINE ENGLISH PLATED BUTTER DISHES

Then, too, we are showing the latest creations in plated Casseroles, Bean Pots, Pie Dishes, etc.

Shortt, Hill & Duncan Ltd.

AT THE SIGN OF THE FOUR DIALS
Corner Broad and View Streets Phone 675

$5800, on Terms

Eight-roomed new house, all modern; corner of Mitchell and Granite Streets, Oak Bay.

A. S. BARTON

Member of Victoria Real Estate Exchange
215 Central Building Phone 2901

Campbell's PRESCRIPTION STORE CO.

Corner Fort and Douglas Phone 135

NOW IN THE NEW CAMPBELL BLOCK
WATER GLASS PRESERVES FRESH EGGS

And this is the time to do the preserving. We sell the WATER GLASS in 2-lb. tins, at 25c, and it's of the same quality as everything else at the "Camel" Store.

FRESH STOCK OF PLASMON SPECIALTIES

LET US FILL YOUR COAL BIN WITH OUR

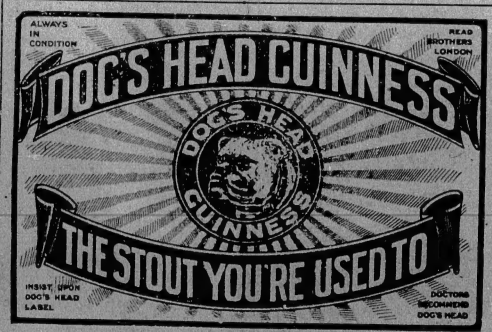
NUT COAL

AT $5.50 PER TON

This is an ideal fuel for the kitchen stove

KIRK & COMPANY

618 Yates Street, Esquimalt Road Phones, 212 and 139



Pither & Leiser, Ltd.

Wholesale Agents for B.C. Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson, B.C.

Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Our Seed is the best best-selected, hand-picked, and true to name, and as our stock is not large, place your order early. We have one car load.

SYLVESTER FEED CO.

700 YATES STREET

UNKNOWN FOUND DEAD IN ELECTRIC PLANT

Had Apparently Gone to Sleep on Top of Boilers and Fallen to Cement Floor Beneath—Skull Was Fractured.

Lying on the cement floor of the boiler-room at the Store Street auxiliary plant of the B. C. Electric Company, the body of an unidentified man was discovered shortly after 4 o'clock on Friday morning by the night watchman, E. Rutledge, and a fellow employee William Linkskill. The man was dead when found, his skull being fractured. The police were notified and the body was removed in the motor patrol to the undertaking rooms of Messrs. Hanna & Thomson.

An examination of the premises indicated that the unknown had made his way into the boiler-room sometime during the night and had climbed to the top of the boiler where he had apparently gone to sleep. His hat and marks in the dust on the top of the walled-in boiler showed where he had been lying. It is supposed that while asleep he rolled off the ledge on which he was lying and fell a distance of about fifteen feet to the cement floor beneath.

The night watchman had been on his rounds sometime before the finding of the body but did not notice the stranger on top of the boiler. No one saw him come into the building but it has been a common practice for wanderers to seek sleeping quarters in the buildings of the various plants along the waterfront and frequently they are ordered out or turned over to the police.

There was absolutely nothing about him to give any clue of his identity. He was poorly dressed and gave the appearance of a man out of work. The only effects about him were a razor, a knife and two five-cent pieces. He was a man of about 38 or 40 years of age, 5 feet, 7 inches in height, and weighed about 150 pounds. The police have not as yet discovered his identy. An inquest will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SIR J. JACKSON INSPECTS WORK

Continued From Page 1

quite so much as this morning out on the road. This city must indeed have a splendid future, with its natural advantages and the many public works which I understand are now either being done or contemplated at the present time. It is a good thing, too, for this part of the Pacific Coast is on the eve of a tremendous development. Just what will happen when the Panama Canal is at last open to traffic, it is not for me to suggest, but one thing is patent to any observer, and that is that the port which can offer the best facilities for the shipping that is bound to come this way, must stand the best chance of securing the bulk of the traffic. I understand that there is a movement in this city toward that end, and I certainly must commend it, without in the least appearing in the light of casting disparagement upon any other claimant for similar distinctions."

As is pretty well known, Sir John Jackson, Limited, are probably the largest contractors for docks and harbor works in the world. They have recently completed for the British Government, naval docks at Plymouth, England; new harbor in South Africa, and approaching completion, harbor works at Singapore, involving an expenditure of close upon $50,000,000.

Some Big Operations

A deep-water drydock was designed and has recently been completed by this firm for the Spanish Government at Ferrol; but the most interesting work Sir John Jackson, Limited, now are engaged upon is that of the Euphrates Tigris Irrigation works in Mesopotamia, a scheme originally gotten out for the Turkish Government by Sir William Willcocks, the engineer so well known in connection with the Egyptian Nile Irrigation Works, and estimated by him to cost little short of $100,000,000.

Some fifteen to twenty years ago Sir John Jackson, in conjunction with the late Sir Benjamin Baker (engineer for the Forth Bridge in England), and in association with certain French firms, made a proposal for bridging the English Channel from Dover to Calais—a scheme, however, which, owing to political and other difficulties, was not at that time carried out.

Sir John and his party will remain here several days.

WAR SETTLEMENT MAY BE EFFECTED

Continued From Page 1

Austrian policy, and as the Powers have agreed that Montenegro shall not keep Scutari, even if she conquers the garrison, but that that city shall be incorporated in the new Albanian State, King Nicholas seems to have no alternative but to make a virtue of necessity.

If the Allies attempt to withstand the mandate of Europe, they might prove to be a hornets' nest, but the weak point in their armor is that their finances are almost as near an end as Turkey's.

The ambassadors in London, who had scattered for the Easter holidays, have been recalled, and are in constant consultation over the details of the situation. Their view of the outcome is optimistic.

New Note From Austria

VIENNA, March 22.—The Austro-Hungarian Government addressed a strongly-worded note to Montenegro, which was in the nature of an ultimatum.

The note reiterates sharply the demands made by the Austrian Minister at Cettinje on March 2, as follows:

First, free exit from Scutari of non-combatants.

Second, explanation of the alleged murder of a Catholic priest named Polic.

Third, violent conversions to cease instantly.

Fourth, full satisfaction for the violence of Montenegrins against the crew of the Austrian merchant vessel Skodra.

With a view to hastening a solution of the Albanian question, Austria agrees that the town of Jakova shall be ceded to Servia on condition that the northern frontier of Albania be delimited in conformity with Austria's wishes.

Turks Will Make Effort

LONDON, Eng., March 22.—"It seems that the army, despite the reluctance of Izzet Pasha, the commander-in-chief, who recently offered to resign, has been ordered by the Government to advance, and rumor credits the Committee of Union and Progress with the intention of making a final effort by land and sea before agreeing to surrender Adrianople," says the Constantinople reporter of The Times.

The correspondent adds that 500 wounded arrived from the front in the last few days.

Atrocities in Albania

LONDON, March 22.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Vienna says: "Telegrams received here from Cettinje and Cattaro show that unrestrained savagery continues in Albania and that the Montenegrins still perpetrate inhuman atrocities.

"In the village of Schassachare, near Uskub, Servian soldiers have committed indescribable cruelties on the women, all the boys and men having been sent away. Similar crimes have been committed by Servian soldiers at Letnica, which, like Schassachare, is inhabited solely by Albanian Catholics.

"In Karassaghe, twenty farmhouses were burned by the Mohammed Albanians, all the males being killed. In all, 238 were slain."

Montenegro's Reply

VIENNA, March 22.—Aside from promising that the future bombardment of Scutari will be directed against the fortress and not against the town, Montenegro's reply to Austria's remonstrance is a refusal to comply with the Austrian demands. The note declares that for military reasons Montenegro must refuse to permit civilians to leave the town.

Finally, the reply contains some evasive remarks concerning the alleged molestation of the steamer Skodra at San Giovanni de Medua. Austria demanded the punishment of the military and civil officials responsible for ordering Captain Blasch to assist in landing Servian troops and war munitions and to help rescue drowning men from transports which the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh sank.

Terms Fixed by Powers

SOFIA, March 22.—Representatives of the Powers called separately today on Premier Guechoff, and handed him the following:

"The Governments of the great Powers take note with satisfaction of the acceptance of their mediation by the Allies, and point out to them that before the discussion of the terms of peace is begun it is for the Powers to formulate their views as to the plans of negotiations to be adopted.

"The great Powers are of the opinion that they should be as follows:

1.—The frontier of the Ottoman Empire in Europe shall start at Enos, and following the course of the Maritza and then that of the Engre, shall end at Midia. All territories to the west of this line shall be ceded by Turkey to the Allied States, with the exception of Albania, the delimitation of which shall be fixed by the Powers.

2.—The question of the Aegean Islands shall be settled by the Powers.

3.—Turkey shall abandon all claim to Crete.

4.—The Powers cannot favorably entertain the demand for an indemnity, but they will admit the Allies to participate in the discussion of the international commission in Paris for an equitable settlement of their participation in the Ottoman debt and in the financial charges of the districts to be handed over to them. Turkey is to be asked to take part in the labors of this commission."

Y.M.C.A. BASKETBALL

Last night at the Y. M. C. A. a picked team from those who have been competing in the Sunday School Athletic League, played a basketball match against the Vancouver Normal School and after a hard but most enjoyable game, proved the winners by a score of 21 points to Vancouver's 18. Mr. H. G. Beall refereed the match, and the teams were as follows: Victoria, Rankin, Dickson, Hillis, Beckwith and Young; Normal School: Handy, Coombs, Thomas, McLellan and Wilson. A large number of spectators lined the gallery and were entertained previous to the match by a practice game played by the Y. M. C. A. midget team against a scratch team, in which the midgets were successful in winning by 31 points to 13. This team of midgets go over to New Westminster on March 26, to take part on that and the following day in a tournament for the Y. M. C. A. championship of the Province.

A return match will probably be played at Vancouver between the Sunday School Athletic League team and the Normal School.

EVERYONE SHOULD GET ON VOTERS' LIST

All who are qualified are urged to have their names placed on the voters' list at the earliest possible moment. Some misunderstanding seems to prevail as to the need for registration. All the old Provincial and Dominion voters' lists have been canceled, so that all who want to vote at forthcoming elections, either Federal or Provincial, must register anew. Those who fail to do so will have no voice in the public affairs of the country.

Registration forms can be secured and filled in at The Colonist Office during any hour of the business day, from now until April 7, when the lists close.

SEVERAL FIGHTS NOW IN PROGRESS

Continued From Page 1

The strength of the attacking rebels is estimated at 1200. General Lopez, who has arrived from the South with 600 men, has assumed command of the federal forces.

Advancing on Naco

NACO, Ariz., March 22.—Bearing a demand for the surrender of Naco, Sonora, a messenger from General Obregon, commander of the state troops, to General Ojeda, the Federal commander at Naco, was shot and killed inside the Federal outposts tonight. Still defiant of the apparently overwhelming advance of more than 1,500 state troops, General Ojeda just before sunset again sallied out from the town. With 150 artillerymen manipulating four cannon, he tossed shrapnel into the camps of the state insurgents. There was no response, although the state troops also possess artillery.

Tonight Colonels Scalls and Bracamonte are four miles to the east of the group under Colonel Cabral, five miles south, and General Obregon six miles west. They threaten to attack at sunrise tomorrow. The advance is set for moonset.

Two-Days' Battle.

NOGALES, Ariz., March 22.—In a two days' battle, state troops under Colonel Hill, routed a Federal column commanded by Major Munoz. Each group consisted of about 300 men. The fight occurred Wednesday and Thursday at Concentration, near Ladura, Sonora. The official statement given out by Governor Pesquiera today gives the Federal loss at forty killed and many wounded. The state troops are said to have lost only three killed and three wounded.

Diaz Urged to Return.

ROME, March 22.—The Tribuna, after expressing the opinion that the meeting between General Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, and his daughter, who is coming to Italy, has some political importance, publishes an interview with General Diaz in which it quotes him as saying: "My friends in the army called me home immediately. But I am old, and shall return when elections have given to the country a constitutional organization, but as a simple citizen only, and I shall not participate in public life.

"I don't know President Wilson, but if he continues President Taft's policy, Mexico will be friendly with the United States, whose assistance is necessary for the progress of my country."

CAPITAL TO EXPLOIT HARDY BAY TIMBER

Eastern Canadian and United States Money to Be Used in Erection of Lumber and Shingle Mills

Eastern Canadian and United States capital is to be invested in the exploitation of the timber resources of Hardy Bay and in establishing at that point a builders' supply depot of sufficient capacity to supply the rapidly-growing demand of Hardy Bay itself and the country roundabout.

The Hardy Bay Lumber Company, recently incorporated, has begun operations on a heavy scale at a point near the Hardy Bay Townsite. Ground has been broken and a complete lumber manufacturing plant is expected to begin cutting lumber of all sizes at the rate of 25,000 feet per day, and to have at work a shingle mill with a capacity of 45,000 per day. The first product of the new mills will be used in the construction of a builders' supply warehouse at tide water on the Bay, and in the construction of a sixty-room hotel, plans for which have been approved.

As soon as the immediate needs of the company have been supplied, it is planned to direct the output of the mills so that the requirements of the Pacific Coast Coal Company, eight miles distant at Suquash, can be cared for. The coal company has bunkers and wharves planned, as well as a mine boarding-house and cabins.

To keep the mills up to capacity, the new company has secured for its use, the timber on 3,000 acres immediately surrounding the mill site.

"I have just come down from the Bay on a business trip," said Mr. James Shand, manager of the company, "and will return by the next boat. Orders for our mill product are already pouring in. Had the lumber been available, a notable building era in the Hardy Bay country would have begun long ago. The country is rapidly being settled by a very desirable class of pioneers.

"Our people will spend $60,000 as an initial investment, and are prepared fully and are also quite willing to go as much farther than that as may be necessary. They have gone into Hardy Bay only after the most thorough business inspection. The personnel of the new company is as follows: Mr. R. S. Hamilton, president; Mr. W. J. McNeil, vice-president; Mr. F. Middleton, treasurer; Mr. G. L. H. Middleton, secretary; Mr. James Shand, manager; Mr. J. G. Bourne and Mr. F. M. Williamson, directors."

Upwards of five hundred Indians this week attended a potlatch given at Kulect's Reservation at Chemainus Bay.

Victoria's Fine Normal School

Plans for the new building show a most modern structure in every way—efficiency the keynote. As already mentioned in these columns, the normal school is to be built on the site purchased some months ago for the purpose, an area of seven acres at the corner of Mount Tolmie Road and Lansdowne Road. It will stand on rising ground, giving a magnificent view over the city and out over the straits to the snowclad mountains. At the back, Mount Tolmie will rise, and to the west will be seen the blue ridge of the Sooke Hills. The building will front on the south, and this will result in the class rooms having the sunlight pouring in practically all day from the east and south. Hillside Addition is only a few hundred yards away and is one of the last high-class, low-priced propositions for sale inside the city limits, on the 1¼-mile circle. About 20 lots left at $1,000 each. Terms ¼ cash, balance over 6¾ years. The office will be open until 1 p.m. Easter Monday. See A. D. Maitland Co., 403 Central Building.

SPRING STYLES

20 CENTURY BRAND REGD.

TAILORED BY **Lowndes** TORONTO

THE TRADE MARK

Which guarantees all that is best in Men's and Young Men's Suits and Coats.

Sold exclusively by—

W. & J. WILSON

THE MEN'S CLOTHING CENTRE

1217, 1219, 1221 Government Street and Trounce Avenue

Pumps

For Easter

Black Suede, Grey Nu-Buck, Brown Nu-Buck, Gun Metal, Patent Colt, Tan Russia Calf, White Canvas, Black Satin, Black Velvet Matt Kid, Champagne Nu-Buck, White Nu-Buck, all for street wear.

CATHCART'S

Pemberton Building 621 Fort Street

Fishing Tackle

Rods, Reels, Lines, Casts, Hooks, and everything in Tackle.

Scotch Flies a specialty at

1239 Broad Street **Foxs'** Two Doors From Colonist

SEE OUR EASTER WINDOW

My! What Bargains

SEE OUR EASTER WINDOW

There's no wonder that women show their surprise at the unprecedented bargains we are offering on

ELECTROLIERS
TABLE LAMPS
LAMP SHADES
ART GLASS DOMES

We are surprised ourselves, but when a stock is reduced unusual savings must be offered.

Hinton Electric Co.

Phones 2244-45-46
911 Government St. Victoria

TOWN & COUNTRY REALTY
COR. GOVERNMENT & YATES STS.
PHONE 3259
ALFRED TAYLOR & CO.

9-Roomed House—Each room with entrance to hall; 5 rooms upstairs, 4 rooms on main floor; full basement. Lot 45x180; fine garden in rear of lot. This house is close to Esquimalt Depot, just the place to keep roomers and boarders. Cash $1,000, balance payable $25 per month, including interest. The price only $3,600

Johnson Street—Four large lots, between Quadra and Vancouver, at $500 per front foot, with $1,000 per acre cleared. Terms ⅓ cash, balance arrangeable. Price for property $6,000

Cultivated Farm—Five acres, 3 miles from City Hall, Victoria, 4-roomed house, stable, chicken house, etc. Terms $1,000 cash, balance arrangeable. Price $5,000

10 Acres—Close to Sidney, 3 miles from Deep Bay, 4-roomed house, stable, chicken house, etc. Terms $1,000 cash, balance arrangeable. Price $5,000

WE HANDLE
South Wellington
COAL
ONLY
Victoria Fuel Co.
Limited
922 Trounce Ave. Phone 1927
A. R. GRAHAM E. M. [illegible]

We Are Busy

WONDERFUL VALUE

The "Buck" Liberty Range

New Style Liberty, $35.00

Old Style, $29.75—6 holes, 16-in. oven.
New Style, $35.00—6 holes—16-in. oven.

This range, notwithstanding the extraordinary low price, we guarantee to be every bit as satisfactory, from a baking, cooking and heating standpoint, as any $75 range on the market. This you will possibly consider a bold statement to make, yet we assert that the only difference from the higher priced ranges is the size and trimmings.

Many of the 300 purchasers of the Liberty Range have stated their satisfaction at the absence of gaudy trimmings, as the Range is much easier kept clean.

For a week or so, we are going to give exceptionally easy terms on the Liberty Range, free delivery and setting up in house. Buy now—we'll also give a fair price for your old stove.

P. S.—The low price we quote and the various offers we make are by way of advertisement, and should in no way depreciate the value of the Range in your estimation.

PHONE 2440
ISLAND HARDWARE Co
717 FORT ST. (JONES BLDG.) VICTORIA

About That Truck

Economy and reliability of operation are essential features in the service rendered by Electric Trucks. And then, again, absence of fire risk makes the Electric's service of paramount value. We will gladly demonstrate the truth of these assertions.

B.C. Electric

Light and Power Dept. Phone 1609

The Old Established Drug Store

WHAT IS QUALITY IN PERFUME?

Quality in perfume depends on purity and strength. In the world-famed PALMER PERFUMES (sold in Victoria by Bowes only), you are assured of absolute purity and just that degree of strength which shows good taste on the part of the user. In Palmer Perfumes you get the real essence of the real flowers. One of the best is

VIOLET LEAVES at $1.00 per ounce

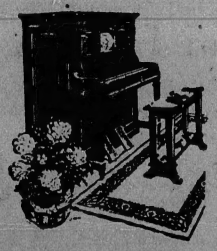
CYRUS H. BOWES

1228 Government Street Phones 425 and 450

Following our usual custom, our store will be closed all day tomorrow (Monday, March 24).

"YE OLDE FIRM"

The Player-Piano of Canada



The HEINTZMAN & CO. Player-Piano Is Best Known as THE Player-Piano of Canada

All that genius, temperament, facility, art, heart and soul could combine to bring music OUT of an instrument is combined in the HEINTZMAN & CO. player-piano.

All that knowledge and art and craftsmanship could bring together to put music INTO an instrument is embodied in the perfect HEINTZMAN & CO. player-piano.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF HEINTZMAN & CO. PLAYER-PIANOS HAS ARRIVED

ACCOMMODATING TERMS OF PAYMENT ARRANGED

Gideon Hicks Piano Co.

The Real Heintzman Pianos—Victor-Victrolas and Records

Government St., Opposite Post Office—Phone 1241

PROMPT ATTENTION TO OUT-OF-TOWN ORDERS

MORE ACCOMMODATION IMPERATIVELY NEEDED

School Board Must Erect Temporary Structures at Once, Otherwise Large Number of Scholars Must Be Barred.

With the lack of accommodation in the present public schools of the city, the school board is facing a problem which is rapidly becoming acute. At the last meeting of the board it was decided to add to the present facilities by the erection of temporary tent-like structures to give added accommodation for the Summer months, and a tent for the North Quadra Street site secured last year for a new school was decided upon. This would give considerable relief to the present over-crowded condition of the Hillside Avenue school and at the North Ward school, but the same trouble exists at the Boys' Central and Sir James Douglas schools. In fact at all schools the increase in the attendance keeps the board at its wit's end to provide accommodation.

Superintendent Paul stated Thursday at a special meeting of the board, that immediate increase in accommodation is imperative unless he is driven to the expedient of refusing the issue of any more permits to new scholars and this step, he believes, would prove a great drawback. By next August it is expected that the Oaklands and Burnside schools will be completed and ready to take a great part of the present congestion in the older schools, but experience has shown that with the remarkable growth of the city, new schools are no sooner erected than the cry for still more accommodation is heard.

For Immediate Relief

The problem of immediate relief is the one which the building and grounds committee of the school board, under the chairmanship of Trustee Riddell, has been attempting to solve. The tent expedient will afford some relief but instead of one there will be four provided. With canvas sides, substantial roofs and wooden floors, such temporary class rooms will afford accomodation for about four classes of forty pupils each, and help tide over the difficulty.

On the recommendation of the building and grounds committee, the four temporary schools will be erected if the city council will approve of the immediate expenditure of the amount of $2,000 required. These schools will be erected during the Easter holidays and will be ready when school resumes. Unless this provision is made there will be about 150 pupils who will not be afforded accommodation.

ROYAL MAIL LINE MAKING THIS PORT

Continued From Page 1

I say absolutely that there is no foundation in the world for making such a statement, it must go, so far as the Royal Mail Line is concerned. We are going to ship grain from this port, and from every other port that develops its facilities so as to be capable of handling it as it comes from the prairies for shipment. There will be no trouble about it.

Portland Ships Grain

"As a matter of fact, grain is shipped now from Portland, and, with the harder grain of the Canadian Provinces, the risk, as I suppose it must be called for the sake of argument, is diminished to the vanishing point.

"One of the main considerations of our company at the present time in connection with this port is the question of docking facilities. The coming and going of large liners cannot be accomplished for nothing. Time is everything with them. I have noted your breakwater undertaking, and I have heard of the intention on the part of the Dominion Government to erect a series of wharves. The construction of these wharves is of paramount importance to the kind of traffic I speak of. Without them the great ocean liners cannot come. They should be at least 1000 feet long, that is, capable of handling the largest ships that are likely to come here in the next number of years, and in addition to that they must be double-decked piers, so that regardless of the condition of the tide it will be possible for them to load or unload, and at the same time take on or discharge passengers.

"There need be no extra difficulty about the construction of these piers. If the Dominion Government is going to expend a large sum of money in this way it is well that the money should be spent to the best possible advantage, and that can only be done in the manner I have suggested, that is, with double-decked piers, the same as they have in ports like New York and elsewhere.

"It has been reported, and no attempt has been made to deny it, that the Royal Mail Company has four first-class steamers on order for this trade at Belfast. They will be 680 feet long and 20,000 tons. What does that mean to Victoria. We can make the trip with these vessels in about three to four weeks. It is impossible to conjecture what will happen in the freight world when the Panama Canal is open and the line in question is operating, but it is very safe indeed to say that the rate will be cut.

For Competitive Basis

"The Atlantic ports must be considered, of course, but there can be no gainsaying the fact that the competitive basis will govern the situation, and I take it that that means everything in favor of the Panama Canal route. But there is another point to consider in relation to this shipping. It is the pride of the Royal Mail Company that it practically encircles the globe. We go everywhere. But at Colon, right at the mouth of the Panama Canal, we have a great 1,000 foot wharf, capable of handling any ship in the world, and when we have established a service with Victoria and this Coast, we will be able to transship freight at Colon for any point of the compass. In fact, when the line I have referred to is running, Colon will be what we might call the radiating point, as all our world routes will pass through it either going or coming.

"In regard to the local situation, there is another point of interest to us, and to the people of Victoria also, I think. That is the question of the drydock. I find that in Victoria this facility, for large steamers, at all events, does not exist. That is a bad condition, and must be remedied. No port of any consequence can hope to survive the lack of a drydock, and a drydock is of vital shipment to Victoria. Just think if a ship sustained injury somewhere in the Straits, would it not be galling to see her turn her nose to the south in search of Bremerton, where by the courtesy of the United States, mark you, she will be put to rights? From a trade point of view such a condition is absurd, and it is certainly up to some one to see that Victoria gets her rights in this respect. Of course, there is the international aspect of the case to be considered also. If there was trouble between any two countries, involving even in a remote way either Great Britain and the United States it would be impossible for British ships to be repaired at Bremerton at all, according to international law. I have been over the ground at Esquimalt where a site for a drydock has been located, and I must say that it appears ideal to me.

Esquimalt Situation Ideal

If that scheme is carried out to a logical conclusion it would be the greatest boon to Victoria and to Pacific Coast shipping, so far as British shipping is concerned, that has ever happened.

"I need scarcely add that with our new services to this country we hope to bring out a great number of immigrants. By coming straight out, British Columbia should get the cream of these people."

It may be mentioned as a slight indication of the proportions of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company that it is composed of such sterling lines of vessels as the parent company, the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, the Elder Dempster Line, the Lamport and Holt Line, the Nelson Line, the Shire and Glen Line and the Forward line. In all it owns something like 340 steamers, and has an estimated tonnage of 1,700,000, gross register.

Mr. Nash is accompanied by Mr. A. M. Gillespie, vice-president of Frank Waterhouse & Company, Seattle, which firm has been appointed agents of the Royal Mail in that city.

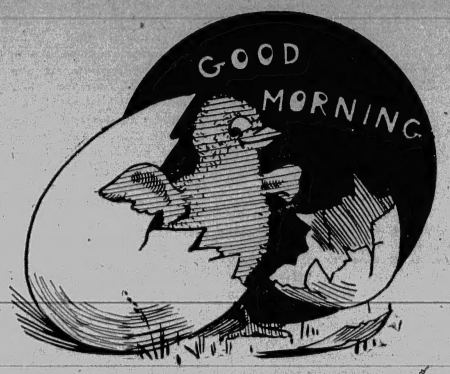
ADMINISTRATOR SELLS PROPERTY OF DUMAS

PARIS, March 22.—The public administrator of Paris has just sold the property of Major General Alexandre Dumas for the benefit of the general's wife.

General Dumas, who had retired from the army after forty years of notable service, chiefly in the colonies, left his residence in the Paris suburbs one afternoon sixteen months ago, and has not been heard of since. He disappeared completely. His wife waited for months, and inquired for her husband in practically every country in the world, but particularly in the French colonies where he had served so many years of his life. No news of the old soldier has been received, and now the police, at the request of the wife, have officially declared that the general "left Paris without communicating his plans to any one, abandoning a pension of $2,800 a year." The sale of his property followed.

Campbells

"The Fashion Centre"



We Ourselves the Better Serve by Serving Others Best

Exclusive Styles In Spring Costumes, Coats and Dresses

Campbells

"The Fashion Centre"

Pretty Parlor Furniture

Our stock of pretty Parlor Furniture is most complete, including many handsome pieces fit for any parlor. Many designs and styles to choose from, including three and five-piece Sets in oak and mahogany, silk and leather upholstered, occasional chairs, parlor rockers, tables and jardiniere stands. See also our fine line of upholstered couches and easy chairs of our own make. Prices are reasonable, and we know that these goods are well made.

Davenports

See our splendid stock of these useful articles, which include the celebrated Pullman Couch Co.'s line and also the better lines of other makes. A bed by night. A couch by day. Prices from $35.00 up.

Awnings and Window Shades

Experienced workmen and the best of materials make this department the busiest in town. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Phone 718

CARPET CLEANING

We clean carpets for 5 cents per yard.

Parlor Chair

Pretty high-grade mahogany Parlor Arm Chair, spring seat, rich silk upholstered. CASH PRICE $9.45

See our many pretty designs in Parlor Chairs, Rockers and Suites at lowest prices.

SMITH & CHAMPION

1420 Douglas Street The "Better Value" Store Near City Hall

The Smartest HATS in The City

at

The Hat Shop

705 Yates Street

Next to Merchant's Bank

New Goods for Easter

New Suits, Coats, Hats, Gloves and Collars

C.C.R.

The Daily Colonist.

Established 1858.
The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

J. E. H. MATSON.

1911-1218 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

Subscription Rates By Carrier

Yearly	$6.00
Half-Yearly	3.00
Quarterly	1.50
Monthly	.50

Subscription Rates By Mail
To Canada, Great Britain, the United States and Mexico.

Yearly	$5.00
Half-Yearly	2.50

All subscription rates payable in advance. Mail subscribers are requested to make all remittances direct to The Daily Colonist. Subscribers in ordering change of address should be particular to give both new and old address.

Sunday, March 23, 1913.

EASTER

Easter is the protest of Christendom against the doctrine that death ends all. It especially commemorates the Resurrection of Jesus the Christ; but it has a deeper significance than this, for it voices a longing of humanity, which seems to be as old as the race itself. The mythology of Ancient Greece is full of the belief in a future life. The greatest of Grecian philosophers, Plato, taught it with the utmost clearness, and so did Pythagoras, the founder of Grecian philosophy. The earlier poets, such as Homer and Hesiod, spoke of life in a future world as something concerning which all people were agreed. A more ancient philosophy, that of Egypt, contains the idea of a resurrection to judgment and a reward for the righteous, and yet more ancient is the teaching of a future life which Zoroaster explicitly sets forth. Nor is the thought confined to peoples that have made progress in civilization. The burial ceremonies of tribes sunk in barbarism attest to their belief that there is something beyond death. We are not driven to accept the explanation for this seemingly universal belief advanced by Ingersoll in his beautiful expression, "Belief in immortality will last as long as Love kisses the lips of Death." It is a conclusion of abstract philosophy. The reasonings of such men as Pythagoras, Plato and Socrates were something very different from mere emotional longings. It is not too much to say that belief in a future life is inherent in humanity.

Referring again to ancient philosophy, this inculcated the principle that resurrection to a state of perfection depended upon the life led in the flesh. If one could have stated to Pythagoras the facts of such a life as Jesus lived, as we know them historically, and asked him as to His future, he would unquestionably have said that over such as He death would have no power. You are in exceedingly good company if you believe that a life of noble purity will be followed, after the change called death, by an existence of supreme felicity. If you say, "I am; therefore I shall be," the burden of proof lies upon him who asserts the contrary. There is nothing greater in creation things than the soul of man. Why, then, should we hasten to believe those who tells us that while every other form of existence is indestructible, this has no future.

The thought of Easter ought to be an inspiration to right conduct, and this wholly without any consideration of the orthodox view of its significance. It is that we are not living for today alone, but that each successive year forms a part in one great whole. The note of the day is one of triumph, a declaration that we can rise superior to this "muddy vesture of decay," that a broader and grander life is possible than one limited by the desires of self-gratification.

THE PORT OF VICTORIA

The qualities which go to make a great seaport are of two kinds, natural and artificial. Efficiency in respect to the latter may compensate to a very marked degree for deficiency in respect to the former; but if the two features are united they present a combination that is a guarantee of future greatness for the city possessing them. In many places along the North Pacific seaboard of America Nature has been lavish in providing capacious harbors, but in no other one of them has she combined as many advantages as those which she has conferred upon Victoria. In respect to artificial advantages this port already possesses many, but other and greater facilities are about to be provided. The information contained in an article in our news columns this morning shows what has already resulted from what Nature and enterprises have done for this port, and while the former can do no more, the field for expansion in the efforts of enterprise is immeasurable, and there is no lack of evidence that it will be promptly and effectively occupied. It is to be borne in mind by those who read the article referred to, that what has been achieved here has been accomplished in spite of certain handicaps of a temporary character, which are being rapidly overcome. When only one transcontinental railway crossed Canada it could dictate the course of a traffic that was not of sufficient magnitude to warrant keen competition, even if it were possible; but with rival railways, the opening of a new ocean route and a vastly increased volume of business, the time is near at hand when everything bearing upon the handling of traffic will count. The demands of commerce will counterbalance the efforts of transportation companies, which will find themselves compelled to do business where it can be done most advantageously to all concerned. This is why Victoria's position as The First and Last Port of Call seems to us to assure it of a great commercial future.

Let us, by way of illustration, refer to a little history that is not so very ancient. When the agitation for the Victoria Terminal Railway was on and The Colonist was advocating car-ferries, certain officials of the E. & N. Railway Company laughed it to scorn. They told us that car-ferries were of no real value, but said if they were the company would furnish them. To prove the latter proposition, they sent up to Comox for a transfer barge and landed a couple of loaded freight cars at the Store Street station. This accomplished more than columns of argument could have brought about. The by-law, which these officials were opposing, went through with a rush. We did not get much of a car-ferry service under it, but we got one from the E. & N., and freight trains have been coming over from the Mainland every day since, practically speaking. The water stretch between the Island and the Mainland ceased to be an obstacle to the transportation of loaded cars, and became, to use the words of a high Canadian Pacific official, "the only part of the whole system of the company that never had been put out of business since the day it was inaugurated." This incident has its lesson, in view of the fact that within two years the Canadian Pacific, the Canadian Northern, the Great Northern and the Pacific Great Eastern will have car-ferries connecting Vancouver Island with the systems of railways on the Mainland.

We need hardly add anything to what is said in the news article concerning the advantages of the geographical position of this port in respect to ocean commerce. The salient facts are therein very clearly set out. We shall content ourselves with asking if it is not in the highest degree reasonable, if cargoes can be assembled here or distributed from here so that the cost of routing and transshipment will be no greater here than elsewhere on the waters reached by way of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, that shipowners will prefer to have their voyages end here rather than send costly vessels into the intricate channels beyond this port. An expert in matters relating to deep-sea navigation has expressed the opinion that a freight ship could better afford to absorb any additional charges necessary on cargo brought from the Mainland on car-ferries than to go past this port to Mainland harbors. It is all a matter of facilities. Provide the facilities here and commerce will come here.

Certain things are appurtenant to a great seaport. One of them is dock accommodation; another is the prosecution of shipbuilding. Possibly there is not much that can be said on either of these points that is absolutely new. There is no question whatever as to the necessity of a large modern dock; neither can there be any doubt as to the superior advantages of Esquimalt, which is within Greater Victoria, as the site for such a dock. The business to be handled by it is not to be judged from what is now offering. The fact that the existing dock and marine railways can only accommodate craft of moderate size is abundant reason why no larger vessels are offering; but it is evident that the increase in the number and tonnage of vessels doing business on the North Pacific will increase with even greater rapidity than has characterized the past. We have no means of estimating how great this increase will be; but it seems self-evident to those of us who have watched the growth of this commerce that, with the opening of the Panama Canal and the changes that will result from recent events in China, there must be such an expansion of commerce that a large modern drydock situated as favorably as one at Esquimalt will be in respect to the routes of trade, will not only be absolutely necessary, but will prove a remunerative investment. It is a notable thing, and not easily explainable, that, while the Canadian Pacific is putting on liners built under Admiralty specifications, so as to be used as cruisers, there is no dock in Canada that can take them in.

The information which we give in regard to the present status of the shipbuilding industry here will be a surprise to many Victoria readers. When we say that we hope this is only a beginning of what may reasonably be looked for in the near future, we express what is the desire of all the people of this community. We shall not in this place or at this time deal with those lines of policy which, in our judgment, ought to be pursued in order that shipbuilding may be fostered here. The subject is one that ought to receive great consideration at the hands of those with whom decisions on such questions rest. With the growth of sea-borne commerce there will come an ever-increasing demand for facilities for repairs of all kinds to vessels of the highest class. This is essential. The only thing to be taken in hand in this connection is that of the ways and means of providing here such an equipment as will make possible the construction and repair of such ships as will hereafter do business in these waters. Here is a great field for the expansion of an industry of exceptional importance.

There are other aspects of ocean-borne commerce that might be considered in relation to the future of Victoria, but we shall have to pass them by with brief mention. The establishment of extensive coal bunkers for the supply of steamships would, we think, be of great value. We have in our forests a source of supply of cargoes that will be of incalculable value for an indefinite time to come. We will have before long an unbroken line of railway from ocean docks to the prairies and all Eastern Canada. We have climatic advantages such as are to be found nowhere else on the Coast. In short, not only has Nature done everything for us, but enterprise has already done much and is certain to do so much more that the First and Last Port of Call may with good reason expect to become the Commercial Queen of the Pacific Northwest.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

The address of Sir Richard McBride before the University of California presents a view of university education which, though not wholly novel, has not often been expressed on an occasion of the character of that at which it was delivered. Special interest attaches to it, because it may be taken as exhibiting the principles which it is the intention of the founder of the University of British Columbia that this institution shall carry into effect. While by no means depreciating upon the advantage and the pleasure derived from scholarship, Sir Richard holds that a university should turn out practical men, and hence that the curriculum should be framed with that object. In the days when higher education was confined to the few, it might be of no great importance that a university degree should not be indicative of practical efficiency; but in these days, when the doors of the colleges are thrown wide open, it is not only desirable, but absolutely necessary, that college graduates should step out into the world equipped for practical life, and this not only for their own sakes, that they may hold their own in the strenuous competition developed under modern conditions, but that the community may not be deprived of the best services of its best members. In a recent English review there appeared an article in which regret was expressed that the tendency of the English universities, particularly those of Oxford and Cambridge, is to turn out men not only unfitted for practical life, but with an absolute distaste for it, the result being that business careers are too often regarded by them as on a lower plane than others. Hundreds of young men leave the universities with no other ambition than to get into the civil service or to enter some of the professions. They have no sympathy with the practical affairs of life, either in business, politics or the material development of the country. They form a sort of caste, which is exclusive for want of a community of taste or interest with the majority of their fellows. This criticism is not ours, nor is it that of Sir Richard; it is simply a resume of views set forth by an English writer, who doubtless knows whereof he writes.

We are far from depreciating the pleasure and benefit to be derived from scholarship considered from an abstract point of view, or from belittling its influence upon social progress. There is much force in the old saying, "Ingenuas dedicisse fideliter artes emollit mores nec sinit esse feros." Scholarship has undoubtedly a refining effect not only upon the individual who possesses it, but upon those over whom his influence extends. But when the country is paying for the higher education of its youth, it has a right to expect that their training will be along such lines as will enable them to repay to the community what the advantages they have enjoyed will cost. Especially is this true in a country which is in the early stages of its development. Education should fit men for the practical affairs of life. A university man ought to be better fitted to discharge the duties of citizenship in all its various aspects than one who has not enjoyed high educational advantages; but he will not thus be qualified unless the training he receives at the hands of his professors is of a practical kind. In these days when books are available to everyone, the pursuit of what may be called strictly scholastic study may well be left to the discretion of the student. In the end it comes to that anyway. Studies that are not a labor of love are largely thrown away. They may even be worse than lost effort, for they may develop false ideals. Said the review writer above quoted: "To the university graduate, trade seems distasteful." The result of this often is that he becomes the servant of the man to whom it is not.

So as not to discuss this subject at too great length, we may conclude by saying that the object of a university course ought to be to turn out men and women fitted to play an active part in the great drama of life, young men and young women who will see things in their right proportion, who will have no misconceptions of the relative value of knowledge and of the ability to do things, who will be equipped to do something worth while. Such a result is not incompatible with the refining influences of education. It is, indeed, more likely to produce a higher social standard than a system which draws a line of demarcation between scholarship and the practical affairs of everyday life.

LIBERAL POLICY DEFINED

"The policy of the Liberal Party is the same as it has been." These are Sir Wilfrid Laurier's words in a statement which he has authorized in the press. During the discussion on the Naval Bill to date, we have given the Liberals credit for wishing to do something more than was provided for in the Naval Act passed in 1910, but we were mistaken. Under that Act, in three years the Dominion has not advanced one iota towards the time when she will be able to give effective assistance towards naval defence. The country has learned by experience that when a real permanent policy is formulated it will have to be conceived on entirely different lines to that inaugurated by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. But the Liberal leader says, "We stand where we did." The cry for Canadian-built fleet units on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts is only raised for political purposes.

The Opposition leader's memorandum will be an eyeopener to Canadians. It will show them that, under a Liberal regime, they could hope to do nothing effective for the common defence of the Empire.

Congratulations to Dr. McBride.

Sir John Jackson, the well-known contractor, is a welcome visitor to Victoria, where his firm is now engaged on building the Ogden Point breakwater. We hope he will find some kindly words to say about this port in the course of his travels.

A reader tells us that whoever may have coined the expression "Winter lingers in the lap of Spring," it was not Oliver Goldsmith, with whom the idea seems to have originated. What he wrote will be found in the "Traveler," and is a reference to Switzerland. The line is:

"Where Winter, lingering, chills the lap of May."

Messrs. Harland and Wolff, the great Belfast shipbuilders, are said to have solved the problem of the unsinkable ship. The new White Star liner Olympic if she collides with icebergs, as her sister ship, the Titanic, did, will, it is stated, remain afloat. She will have an enormous steel shell inside her hull which will extend the full length of the ship from number three bulkhead forward to the rear of the turbine room aft. After a collision this will keep her afloat, almost as if nothing had happened. The vessel is described as one of the most wonderful shipbuilding feats ever known.

A correspondent wishes us to suggest that motorists adopt a uniform system of signals, that is, horn signals. He prefers the low, dull note of the earlier cars to the frantic yelps of guttural growls of the later matchines. There is no doubt at all that when the man-in-the-machine is content to indicate his coming with a smooth, low tone, he impresses pedestrians very much more favorably than does the other chap who comes along with a Brekekekekek, or a wail of the sort that Sidney Smith said resembles "the squeal of an attorney when the Arch Fiend gets hold of him." The genial Sidney was not referring to motor cars, for they did not have such things in his day. What he had in mind was the shriek of a locomotive, although anything he ever heard in that line was not to be compared in fiendishness, utterly indefensible and absolutely needless fiendishness, with the screams in which certain engineers on the E. & N. Railway indulge between 11 o'clock and midnight. But to return to our motors, there is something very exasperating in the yelps which some motorists seem to delight to employ. They are impertinent, aggressive, tyrannical assertions of the right of way, which makes a pedestrian long to swipe them under the ear. Our sympathies are wholly with our irritated correspondent. While on the subject of motor horns, we would like to say to the regiment of young girls who drive cars, that they are too prone to forget to give notice of their approach. Modesty adorns a woman, no doubt; but there is a possibility of having too much of a good thing, and the girl is oversupplied with the quality mentioned when she glides around a corner in a 40-horse-power car without making any sound to indicate that she is any nearer than the planet Jupiter. Some time you'll get in trouble, Mademoiselle.

Working Men Can Furnish a Cosy Home Inexpensively at the Weiler Store

The man who works hard during the day is just the man who should have a comfortable home to go to when the day is done.

Although this is a large store and the best of furniture is kept in stock, we have a splendid assortment of the less expensive lines suitable for the man who has only a very limited salary, and no matter how small the order is, you can be sure of our best attention.

Leave the financial part to us. For your convenience we will gladly arrange most liberal terms, and you'll find our prices moderate.

This Table $9.00

Dining Table Values

A Round Table, made of well seasoned hardwood, has a square pedestal and four neat claw feet; top 44 inches in diameter, and will extend to 6 feet. Price $25.00

A Similar Table to the above, made to extend to 8 feet, is marked at only $27.50

Another Round Dining Table, made of an excellent quality of hardwood, is finished in the golden surface oak style, has a pedestal support and four neatly shaped feet. Top is 46 inches in diameter and the table extends to 6 feet. The same table is to be had in the Early English finish if desired. Price $18.00

Hardwood Extending Table with a square top 42 inches when closed and opens to 6 feet. It comes in the fumed or the Early English finishes, and is an excellent value at $15.00

A Table with a Square Top and supported with five square legs, is to be had in the golden color only. It is made of the best grade of fir and the top is 44 inches when closed, and extends to 6 feet. Price only $9.00

Fir Table with a round top, 44 inches in diameter and extends to 6 feet, has a square pedestal and is finished with four Colonial feet. Price $15.00

A Fine Hardwood Table with a round top and square legs, has a 46-inch top and extends to 8 feet. It has a surface golden oak finish, and the price is only $16.00

This Table $15.00

Printed Linoleums

In All the Newer Patterns and Colors

From the best of the English and Scottish mills comes a very fine assortment of floral, block and tile pattern in new and attractive designs. The quality of the material is all that you can desire it to be, and the prices are just as low as ever.

For the bedroom we have some choice patterns in light colors, and the darker colors are just the thing for the dining-room and other places where there is a lot of traffic. Will you call in and inspect this line?

Prices per square yard, 50c and 60c.

Some Very Fine Oilcloths at 35c and 45c a Square Yard, and a Very Wide Range of Patterns

Dining Chairs in Many Styles and Finishes

There's a Cash Discount of 10 per Cent on Any of These Lines

While quality is the keynote, the question of price has been well considered, and a glance over the following items will be sufficient to convince you that they are reasonable, but a visit to the showroom is all that will be necessary to absolutely prove that better values are not to be had.

Solid Oak Dining-Room Suite of six pieces finished with leather seats. The design is very attractive and the finish is the Early English color. Price for a set of six pieces $26.00; for a set of any number of pieces the price of the small chair is $4.00 and the arm chair $6.00

In Golden or Fumed Oak and finished with a leather seat, the price of the six-piece set is $29.00; for a set of any number of pieces the price of the side chairs is $4.50 and the arm chairs $6.50

Fumed Oak finished with a full box seat, covered with leather. This is a splendid design, and the chairs are well built. We have a line of Early English or golden oak chairs in the same pattern and at the same price. Per set of six chairs, $41; for a set of any number of pieces, side chairs are marked at $6.50 and arm chairs at $8.50

Many Other Excellent Lines to Choose From

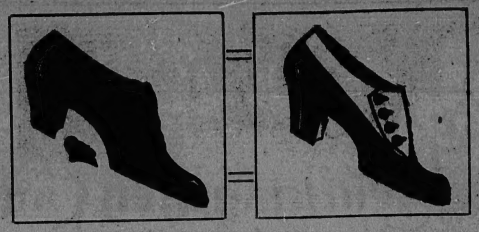
Surface Oak Sideboards in a Variety of Designs

We have them at prices from $30.00 each, and all are built in the latest [illegible] dried hardwood. They are provided with good drawers and [illegible] somely finished with brackets, shelves mirrors and carving. [illegible] ture.

The Store That Saves You [illegible]

Weiler Bro[illegible]

Victoria's [illegible]



Woman's Rights

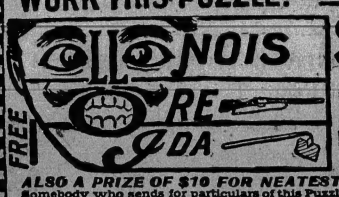
A woman has a perfect right to be particular about her shoes, for a woman's foot is meant to be prettily clad. If you get your Understandings for Easter at Maynard's, you will vote for Maynard's Shoes every time.

A large stock of Invictus Shoes. Also the newest American creations now in stock.

JAMES MAYNARD

Phone 1232 — 1313 Douglas Street

WORK THIS PUZZLE! SEND NO MONEY!!



$50. CASH PRIZE

ALSO A PRIZE OF $10 FOR NEATEST SOLUTION. Somebody who sends for particulars of this Puzzle Contest telling us WHAT THREE STATES IN THE UNITED STATES ARE REPRESENTED by the above Three Sketches, will receive a $50 GOLD WATCH or **$50 IN GOLD MONEY!** Try it at once. It may be you. Write the names of the States in a letter or postcard, giving your Name and Address

BRITISH PREMIUM CO. Dept. 33 Montreal, Canada.

Victoria Carnival Week, August 4 to 9, 1913.

Five Excellent Buys in "Dean Heights"

Any of these values will make money for the purchaser who closes at once. Values in this area are rising steadily and a profitable turn-over is assured.

Dean Avenue (2 lots), 50 x 114, each, on terms..**$950**
Dean Avenue and Townly (corner), 100 x 120, on terms.....**$3000**
Foul Bay Road and Haultain (corner), 100 x 120, on terms.....**$4250**
Foul Bay Road and Gordon (corner), 100 x 120, on terms.....**$3150**
Neil Street (4 lots), 50 x 120 each, on terms....**$1350**

Tracksell, Douglas & Co.

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange
All kinds of Insurance written.
722 Yates Street — Phones 4176 and 4177

New Woolens for Spring
AND SUMMER JUST ARRIVED
We import our goods direct from the mill, therefore our prices are much more reasonable than others.
Inspections cordially welcome.

The Import Woolen Company
608½ Cormorant Street, Near Fire Hall

Music! Music! Music!

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
Of
Brass Instruments—Cornets, Drums, Acordions, Concertinas, Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins.

SEE SPECIAL WINDOW DISPLAY
20 Per Cent Discount Off
Regular prices of new PIANOS during this Sale.

MONTELIUS PIANO HOUSE, LTD.
1104 Government Street

Specialties In Which We Excel

EASTER NOVELTIES—HOT CROSS BUNS
Special discount to school teachers and institutions.

CLAY'S, Bakers of High-Class Goods
Fort St. — Fort St.
Telephone 101.

Attendant Caring for Songbirds

ENGLISH SONGBIRDS ARE DUE IN VICTORIA

Robins, Larks, Goldfinches, Linnets and Tits Imported by the Natural History Society.

The consignment of English birds which the Natural History Society of Victoria is importing to the Island is expected to arrive today. Five hundred larks, linnets, goldfinches and tits and robins were collected last Autumn, most of them in Surrey, the goldfinches in Worcestershire, and have been kept during the Winter in London by the Leadenhall firm of fanciers, who undertook to supply them to the Honorable J. H. Turner's order. During the Winter months their habits and diet have been made the subject of especial study in order that their health might be preserved to the highest pitch on their long journey.

On this trip they have been accompanied by a special attendant all the way, who will have had entire charge through the sixteen days or longer that the journey will have lasted since they started from Liverpool by the C.P.R. boat Montcalm, March 5, and a special correspondent writes from England that all the arrangements made for their welfare have received the approval of both the British Wild Birds' Protection Society and of that for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Special cages have been provided that will enable the birds to be easily handled and fed, the robins occupying separate quarters, owing to their reputation for pugnacity. Every variety of diet has been provided to suit the tastes and customs of the different species, with a supply of sand for baths and grit for them to pick at.

No doubt it may be advisable to hold back their liberation for a few days till the effects of the journey have worn off and until the weather grows a little kinder, but the success of the larks already imported augurs well for the thriving of these much traveled little birds, and soon the lawns and the gardens of the Island may be enriched by the presence of the English robin.

LOOKS FOR RISE OF A GREAT SLAV POWER

Major Blakene Writes to Victoria Relative Concerning Development of Balkan War

The following is an extract from a letter written by Major Blakene, R. E., to his aunt, Mrs. W. J. Macdonald, of Victoria. He is referring to the Balkan War. The letter was written from Heliopolis. Major Blakene says: "Personally I see a greater power at work in all this. Strangely enough, last year, I lighted upon an ancient prophecy made in the year of Constantinople's fall, 1453. It ran as follows (translated):

In twice two hundred years the Bear
The Crescent shall assail;
But if the Cock and Bull unite,
The Bear shall not prevail.
When twice ten years have passed since then,
Let Islam know and fear,
The Cross shall stand, the Crescent wane,
Dissolve and disappear.

"Four hundred years from 1453 brings us to the Crimean war, which owing to the alliance between the Gallic Cock and John Bull resulted, in 1856, in a setback to the Russian Bear. Twenty years after began the Russo-Turkish War, since which time the Turkish Empire has certainly been waning. As to its disappearance, opinion here regards it as doomed. A very clever and enlightened Turk said to me yesterday: 'There is no hope for us so long as we treat our womenkind as we do.' That is basic truth, for harem life brings up the youth of the nation to tell lies as soon as it can prattle. It may be that Islam will be purified as one of the outcomes of the present humiliation of the Caliph, but it is very unlikely. It is more probable that we shall see the rise of a great Slav Power, dominating the Dardanelles and the Aegean Sea, and if England does not tighten her grip on Egypt and the overland approaches to India she will run the probable risk of losing the latter. Politicians and make-believe are

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Gold Commissioner J. A. Fraser has left on his return to Atlin.

Mrs. George Hall and daughter have returned from California.

Mrs. A. T. Norris has returned to her home in Nanaimo after a short visit with friends in this city.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles are among the week-end visitors from the neighboring city of Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Tregent and Mr. and Mrs. Worsnop have been among the Vancouver visitors to the Capital.

Mrs. W. F. Ahearn has returned from Vancouver, where she has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. W. M. Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Fawcett have arrived home from their trip to Lower California.

Mrs. de Wolf and Miss Olive de Wolf, of Vancouver, are spending the week-end at the Alexandra Club.

Miss Jeffares has been spending the last two weeks in Victoria, the guest of Miss McDonald, Quadra Street.

Mrs. J. S. Mulltall, of Vancouver, is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. Stanul, Victoria West.

Mrs. M. J. Croot and Master Jack Croot are spending the Easter holidays with friends in Vancouver.

Mrs. L. Powers and family are spending the Easter holidays at Langford Lodge.

Miss Cordelia Grylls, from Vancouver, is spending a few days at the Strathcona Hotel.

Miss McDonald, Quadra Street, has left for the Easter vacation, and is spending it with friends in Seattle and Vancouver.

Miss Ethel Hall, Normal School, Vancouver, is spending the Easter vacation with her aunt, Mrs. George M. Watt, 24 Government Street.

Mr. Ovington Watt came over from Vancouver on Good Friday to spend the Easter holidays with his parents at 24 Government Street.

Mrs. W. H. Bone and Miss Genevieve Bone have returned from Southern California, and will be "at home" next Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Macneil and Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ewart, all of Vancouver, are spending a few days with Victoria friends.

Miss Lottie Bowron has gone to the Mainland to spend Easter with friends in Kamloops. She expects to return to Victoria Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Anderson of Kaslo, who have been spending the last few weeks in Victoria as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Holmes, have returned to the Mainland.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Johns and their son, Master David Johns, of Spring Ridge, have returned home from a tour of Southern California.

Mrs. Edward Palmer, nurse and children have returned from Coronado, where they have been spending the Winter; they are at present at the Empress.

SPRING IS HIDING

You are hiding from us, Springtide,
hiding in the slashing.
Coming from the mountain I saw
your tracks go down.
In among the willow swamps I heard
your young feet splashing,
Saw among the alder stems the glitter of your gown.

Found upon a snowdrift, toys you dropped in running,
Cups of pale anemone, full of fairie fire—
On the mossy benches, where the deer were sunning,
Almost caught a glimpse of you clad in green attire.

All but caught you peeping; caught the corner lifted,
Of that dainty veil you weave of cedar lace and mist—
The shadow of your flying robe, across the plough land drifted,
The ridges blushed to purple which your tiny feet had kist.

The catkin told your secret. He was bursting dear to tell it,
And the dimple baby brooklet just chuckled it aloud—
All the fog grew opal tinted and a miracle befall it,
Was it just a common rainbow or your smile behind the cloud?

Ah! Then won't you come, coquette?
Must we weary for you yet?
Won't you teach the world a quick step, put a rose behind its ear?
Won't you sing us all the silly songs that teach us to forget,
Sow a hope in every bosom and a rainbow in each tear?

(By Mr. Cilves Phillips-Wolley, Vic-

The Shrine of Fashion

95c Will Buy $2 to $2.50 Waists Tomorrow From 8:30 to 12 Noon

Store closes at 12 noon Easter Monday.

From 8:30 to 12 noon tomorrow we offer this extraordinary low-price offering on some three hundred new, just unpacked, White Lingerie Waists that would regularly sell at $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50. Styles are daintily trimmed with neat patterned laces and embroideries, and are shown in mostly high neck, with a few low neck effects, in three style length sleeves. Sizes range from 34 to 42, and from 8:30 to 12 noon tomorrow only—your choice of several select styles at only, 95c.

OUR SUITS AT $25.00 ARE LEADERS

Finch & Finch
YATES ST. Ladies' Outfitters YATES ST.

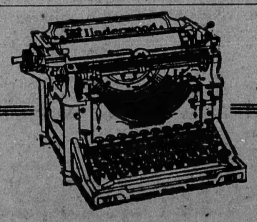
NEW COATS AND DRESSES—MANTLE SECTION

GORGE
Campers' Investment

Elegant view lot, overlooking the whole of Gorge and district, within half block of water. Lot 50 x 142 nicely treed, with two large house tents, boarded floors, walls and large veranda; cook stoves in each. Money in this at, on terms.....**$1850**

BRITISH CANADIAN HOME BUILDERS LIMITED

312-315 Sayward Block — Phone 1030



THE VOICE OF THE OPERATOR

After all is said and done, the opinions of efficient operators count.

Since 1905 every world's speed championship has been won by operators using Underwood machines.

Efficient operators know that with an Underwood it is possible to turn out more high-grade work in a given period of time than can be produced with any other machine. Before you buy—investigate the Underwood.

United Typewriter Company, Limited
1119 Langley Street, Victoria, B. C. — Phone 4796

SNAP

New 4-roomed modern house for sale, beautifully furnished and close to car. Price, only **$3500**

Small cash payment, balance arranged.

W. CROW & CO.
732 Yates St. — Phone 975
Members of Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

Old folks who ... of the ...
NA...
LA...
DON'T

HUMBOLDT STREET **SNAP**

65 x 140 to a lane. Price, per front foot $860

Everything round this is selling at $1,000 per front foot.

It is in the vicinity of the new Court House site, where $1,000,000 will be spent.

HAULTAIN STREET **SNAP**

We have several choice corners on the new car line which we can sell **below** market value. The history of Hillside Avenue will be repeated here, SO BUY NOW—TODAY.

Monk, Monteith & Co. Ltd.

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Corner Government and Broughton Streets Phone 1402

Authentic Styles in Women's Coats

Fetching Attire for Spring and Summer at a Moderate Cost

Different in the sense that they are smart garments that have the custom tailored, and not the ordinary ready-to-wear, appearance.

Different because they are, for the most part, exclusive ideas and possess a degree of individuality that is pleasing.

Bedford and whipcords, Ottoman cloths and ratine are the predominating materials, but there are other new and smart weaves to choose from, and the variety of beautiful colors is sufficiently wide to meet all tastes.

Another large shipment of New York models has arrived, and includes some particularly smart models. The cut-away style, with two and three buttons, still leads the way in the fashion centres.

Excellent Coats from $15.00 up.

DYNES & EDDINGTON

Phone 3983 High-class Ladies' Ready-to-Wear 728 Yates Street

PEOPLE WHO PAINT

LAGOLINE PAINT LASTS LONGER

Should inquire into the merits of "LAGOLINE," the paint that is made to stand the severest weather conditions, the paint that always "LOOKS LIKE NEW." Get a shade card from

LAGOLINE PAINT LOOKS BETTER

E.B. Marvin & Co.

1202 Wharf Street Phones 14 and 15

REID & SPENCER

TWO GOOD BUSINESS CORNERS

Fort Street—Northwest corner of Cook Street; 60x112 feet; revenue producing.

Also

Quadra Street—Southwest corner of View Street, 60x60 feet; revenue producing.

We have exclusive sale of these splendid business corners.

RESIDENTIAL

Faithful Street, Fairfield—Lots 23 and 24, each 60x138, close to park, sea and car—two of the finest sites in Victoria.

Sole Agents.

LAUNCHES FOR SALE

No. 40—She is 40x9. Large cabin, engine room and pilot house. Has 15 h. p. heavy duty "Kelvin" engine. Just overhauled. Strong, able boat. Price, only $1000

INSURE YOUR BOATS WITH US

REID & SPENCER

Real Estate, Yacht and Ship Sale Brokers

733 Fort Street Ground Floor Phone 2690

NOTHING BUT HATS

We make and sell nothing but hats. That's why you get here the best Hat Service in the city. Our "PANAMAS" are imported direct from Ecuador and we finish and fit them to suit our client's ideas. You get them at maker's prices, too.

Victoria Hat Works

844 View St. Above Woodward

NEWS OF THE CITY

Engineer's Appointment—The ratepayers of Ward 3 in South Saanich, will hold a meeting on Tuesday, March 25, at St. Mark's Hall, Boleskine Road, to discuss the appointment of an engineer, and other matters.

Walk to Sidney—On Good Friday, fourteen members of the Y. M. C. A., in company with Mr. H. G. Beall, set off at an early hour for Sidney, and arrived there at 1:45, having covered the twenty miles in five hours and fifteen minutes.

Lake Hill Institute—The members of the Lake Hill Women's Institute held their monthly meeting on March 18 at "Fair Oaaks." After the usual routine business, the final arrangements for the Easter Monday card party and dance to be held in the Parish Hall, Cedar Hill, were made.

Mass Meeting at Y. M. C. A.—This afternoon, at the Y. M. C. A., the Reverend J. G. Inkster will address the men's meeting on "Consecration," and Miss E. M. Luney will sing several solos. The Reverend J. Robson will speak at the gathering in the entrance hall this evening.

Long Run for Brigade—A defective fire-place in the residence of Mr. R. F. Brett, Crescent Road, near the Chinese Cemetery, Foul Bay, gave the fire department one of the longest runs it has had for many a day. The run was made in record time and the fire was quickly put out, the damage amounting to only about $25.

Caledonians at Home—The Caledonians Club at home in Connaught Hall, on Thursday evening, was a very enjoyable affair. The following assisted with the programme: Mrs. W. A. Jameson, Mrs. Sinclair, Miss Hastings, Miss Murray, Mr. Thos. Muirhead, James Taylor, Mr. Donald Cameron, Mr. D. B. Dobson, Mrs. Barbour, Mr. Peter Ormiston.

School Holidays—In New Westminster city and a few other population centres throughout the Province the current Easter holidays in the public schools will extend for ten instead of the usual three days, the extra time having been given as the result of an appeal made by the Teachers' Institute to the educational authorities here.

Swearing on the Koran—In consequence of the frequency of litigation to which East Indian residents are party, it is the intention to provide copies of the Koran in the criminal and county courts of Vancouver Island and Lower Mainland centres, Mohammedan witnesses being sworn upon their own Holy Bible hereafter instead of upon the Christian Bible.

Local Music Examinations—Mr. J. D. Tripp, of Vancouver, the well-known pianist, will be here in June to conduct the University of Toronto local examination in music. Forms of application for these examinations must be in the hands of the Registrar of the University before May 9. Mrs. A. T. Watt, M.A., has now a number of these application forms, and can furnish any other information.

Contract for Hotel Addition—The contract for the new addition to the Dominion Hotel has been awarded by Mr. Stephen Jones to Messrs. Anderson & Anderson. Work on the new structure, which must be completed by July 24, will commence tomorrow morning. The plans, which were drawn by Messrs. Percy Fox & Berrill, of this city, are now being examined by the building inspector.

Waste Square Mile—A caller at the office of the Vancouver Island Development League yesterday stated that his requirements were a square mile of land on Vancouver Island for agricultural purposes. Another caller who has horse-ranched in Alberta, Argentine and Brazil is here with the intention of conducting a similar industry if he can find the land, and is prepared to invest $40,000.

Farmers' Institute for Saanich—As a result of a meeting at the Temperance Hall, Saanichton, last Thursday, the farmers of the district have organized an agricultural association under the name of the South Saanich Farmers' Institute, the following officers being elected for the present year: President, Mr. George Stewart; vice-president, Mr. H. Tanner; secretary-treasurer, Mr. Philip Holloway; directors, Messrs. M. Dean, W. D. Michel, O. E. Cruse, P. T. Lemon and W. Radcliffe.

Seeks Missing Son—The secretary of the Bureau of Provincial Information is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Cook, of Reading, England, in which information is requested as to the present whereabouts of the writer's son, Mr. Francis Cook, Jr., who was last heard of at Kamloops, where he was working as a teamster with one of the road gangs. Anyone knowing of his present whereabouts is requested to communicate with Mr. Frank I. Clark, secretary of the Provincial Bureau.

Returns From Ottawa — Mr. R. M. Winslow, Provincial horticulturist, returned on Friday from Ottawa, where, with Mr. T. Abriel, of Nakusp, and Mr. John Fogo, of Revelstoke, he has been engaged in informing the Dominion authorities of the state of the fruit industry in this Province, and suggesting measures for its benefit. Mr. Fogo also appeared before the agricultural committee, which was sitting at the time of this visit. Mr. Winslow reported that he found more farmers than ever preparing to come West from the prairies to British Columbia.

Kitsilano Reserve—"As far as the Provincial Government is concerned there is nothing to announce with respect to the rumored acquirement of the Kitsilano Reserve near Vancouver," says Acting-Premier Bowser. "No steps have been taken in the matter and I have no information as to any decision of the Dominion Government or any action it may contemplate." Hon. Mr. Bowser added that he had no information in regard to the rumors that American railway interests are desirous of securing possession of the property.

Fifth Regiment, C. G. A.—Regimental orders by Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Currie, commanding, Headquarters, Victoria, B. C., March 18, 1913.—Inspection. The inspection of companies by the officer commanding has been deferred, and will be held as follows: No. 1 Company on Tuesday, March 25; No. 2 Company on Wednesday, March 26; No. 3 Company on Monday, March 31; No. 4 Company on Tuesday, April 1; No. 5 Company on Wednesday, April 2; No. 6 Company on Thursday, April 3; No. 7 Company on Friday, April 4; No. 8 Company on Monday, April 7. Each company will parade at the Drill Hall at 8 p.m. Dress, marching order. Strength parade, 50 per cent. Recruits will be enrolled and medically examined. Recruits will be attested and medically examined. Recruits will be attested and medically examined. Recruits will be attested

James Bay Investors

We can deliver a corner lot, 61 x 140, within one block of Superior Street, with a 7-roomed house renting at $40.00 per month. ¼ cash, balance on long terms. Price..... $8000

This Is a Real Pick-up

Fine level lot on North Park Street, near the new High School; size 50 x 137; rear frontage on Grant Street. ¼ cash, balance easy. Price for quick sale..... $4000

Cheap Buying on Fifth Street

Corner lot, size 102 x 90; fine and level; close in. ¼ cash, balance on long terms. Price..... $3600

BRITISH COLUMBIA INVESTMENTS
636 VIEW ST. PHONE 3248

SALE SALE SALE

SEA GRASS CHAIRS, $3.50, $3.00, $2.50
All sizes and styles
We have our own delivery wagon

1501-3 Government St. Cor. of Cormorant — Oriental Importing Coy. — Phone 2862. P. O. Box 201

A CHRISTIE SHOE—HONEST RIGHT THROUGH

LOOK AT YOUR FEET—

And try to imagine what impression your shoes would create in the mind of a stranger. Then see the stylish but sensible Spring Styles for everyone, at all prices, which are now on show at

PHONE 131 — Christies — Corner Government and Johnson

A Few Leading Lines

IN SCOTCH WHISKIES

H. B. Fine Old Highland (7 years old). Per case (12 qts.), $10.50. Per bottle..... $1.00
H. B. Fine Old Blend (10 years old). Per case (12 qts.), $13.00. Per bottle..... $1.25
H. B. Best Procurable (14 years old). Per case (12 qts.), $16.00. Per bottle..... $1.50

All the above brands are well matured and guaranteed to be bottled in Scotland.

There Are No Better Values on the Market
Phone or Mail Your Order, and We Deliver Promptly.

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

FAMILY WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS
Open Till 10 p.m. 1312 Douglas St. Phone 4253
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

Electric Fixtures

We have a large assortment from which to select, with
PRICES TO SUIT ALL

HAWKINS & HAYWARD
Phone 643 — Electrical Contractors — 1607 Douglas St.
Opposite City Hall

We Are Handling Wellington COAL

Hall & Walker
1216 Government St. Phone 83

Beauty and Wear

Knives, forks, spoons, etc., of exclusive design and fine wearing quality are stamped
"1847 ROGERS BROS."
This mark on silver plate is a guide to quality recognized everywhere as the world's standard.
Send for cuts, dishes, outfits, etc., are stamped
MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS
"Silver Plate that Wears"

Say, Dad! Be a Sport

And get us boys a good, strong Wagon. We can have lots of fun with it, coasting down the pavement and pulling one another around. Besides, we can run errands for mother with the Wagon. Won't you get us one, dad? They don't cost much—the good kind, we mean.

Size of Body.	Diameter of Front Wheels.	Diameter of Back Wheels.	Price.
26x13...	10 in....	13 in....	$4.50
24x12...	8 in....	12 in....	$3.50
22x11...	7½ in....	11 in....	$2.75

These Wagons are well made, well braced, tin sides, steel wheels—just the thing for husky boys.

R. A. Brown & Co.
1302 Douglas St. Phone 3712
A dozen steps from Yates

Lent Will Soon Be Over

Order TODAY your
HOT + BUNS
From
ERSKINE'S GROCERY
Phone 106
Cor. Johnson and Quadra Streets.

HOUSES BUILT

ON INSTALMENT PLAN
D. H. BALE
ARCHITECT, BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
Corner Fort and Quadra Ave.
TELEPHONE 1346

SERGEANT CLAYARDS SUDDENLY SUCCUMBS

Well-Known Police Officer Died Early This Morning After but Three Days' Illness Following Operation.

Off duty but three days, Sergeant William H. Clayards, one of the best known and most competent members of the Victoria Police Department, died at twenty minutes past the midnight hour last night at the Royal Jubilee Hospital, whither he went on Wednesday afternoon to undergo a minor operation. The news of his sudden demise came as a distinct shock to his fellow members of the department and to his friends. His condition became serious on Friday following the second operation necessitated by symptoms which indicated that he was suffering from pressure of the brain. From this second operation he never regained consciousness, and yesterday morning it was recognized by his medical attendants that he was in a very critical condition and his chances for recovery were remote. His wife was at his bedside when he passed away this morning.

For some time Sergeant Clayards was suffering from adenoids in the nose, and an operation was decided upon on Wednesday. The operation is not a serious one and Sergeant Clayards expected to be back at duty in a few days. In fact, he was up and walking around in his room at the hospital following the operation, when he suffered from a complete collapse.

Has Second Operation

The second operation, a delicate one, so closely related to the brain, was performed Friday morning, but despite the closest attention he never rallied, remaining unconscious until the end.

In the death of Sergeant Clayards, the department loses one of its most energetic and competent officers, one who has always shown a keen interest in his work and pursued his duties in an extremely conscientous manner. He was a general favorite with the men and officers on the force, every one of whom deeply deplore his death.

Sergeant Clayards came to Victoria twenty years ago a member of H. M. S. Satelite, attached to this station. He belonged to the Royal Marine Light Infantry and had seen service in the navy for nearly ten years in many portions of the world. Shortly after securing his discharge from the navy he joined the local police force in March, 1895. On March 8 he had completed his eighteenth year in the police department. He served as patrolman for about fourteen years, and for two years acted as detective, later rejoining the uniform staff as sergeant, succeeding Sergeant Handley (now Chief of the Oak Bay force) when the latter was changed to the plain clothes force. He received his appointment to sergeant on June 14, 1909, and since that date has filled the rank in a manner which won the approbation of his superior officers.

Keen Interest in Work

Since the force took up the first aid work under the direction of Dr. Donald, instructor for the St. John's Ambulance Association, Sergeant Clayards took a very keen interest in this most important branch of police work, and it was largely due to his enthusiasm and energy that the force has been kept up to its high state of efficiency in that particular. He was a member of the police team which, on the occasion of the visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, last year won in open competition the trophies presented by the Lieutenant-Governor and the Premier.

Sergeant Clayards leaves surviving him a widow and four children, three boys and one daughter, residing on Rose Street. No arrangements will be made until Monday as to the funeral, but the arrangements will be in the hands of his fellow officers and men of the department.

Sergeant Clayards was an Englishman by birth, forty-six years of age. He was a prominent member of Alexandra Lodge, 116, Sons of England, and a member of the executive of the Conservative Association.

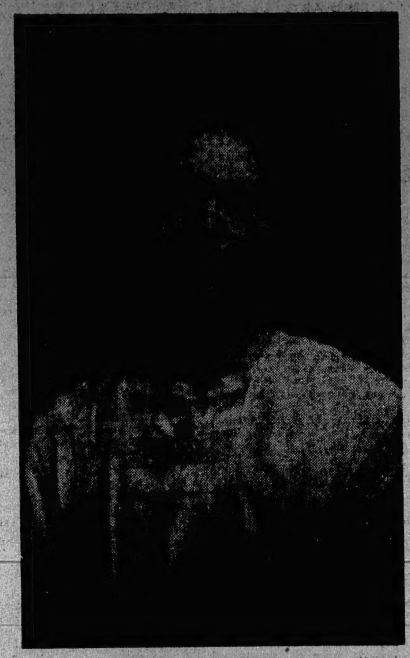
HARRISON LAKE HATCHERY

Mr. F. H. Cunningham, Inspector of Fisheries, has just returned from an inspection of the Harrison Lake Hatchery, and states that this establishment is now a very interesting place to visit. The salmon eggs collected last Fall are practically all hatched out, and the troughs are filled with young fish in all stages of development.

It will be remembered that reference was made some time ago to a shipment of 5,000,000 whitefish eggs, for which the Provincial Fisheries Department had arranged with the American authorities, and further arrangements were made with the Dominion Fisheries Department for the incubation of these at Harrison Lake Hatchery. The eggs arrived in splendid condition and are now hatching out rapidly. Approximately 2,000,000 of the resultant fry have already been distributed in Harrison Lake. The remainder of this shipment are being distributed from day to day as they hatch. The loss has been very small, and will not exceed 10 per cent. This small loss is very gratifying, especially considering the dangers to which these eggs were exposed on their long journey from their natural home at Put In Bay, Lake Erie, to Harrison Lake, a distance of about three thousand miles.

The initial stage of introducing whitefish into the waters of this Province has proved successful, and it is confidently expected that the development of the fry in Harrison Lake will prove equally successful. These fish reach maturity in the third or fourth year, and attain an average weight of about four pounds. They are very prolific, yielding about 10,000 eggs to each a pound in weight. Whitefish are not of the sporting variety, but are a commercial commodity, as they can only be caught by netting, their capture by hook and line being of rare occurrence.

Victoria Girl Designer of Poster



MISS DORIS C. HOLMES

Miss Doris C. Holmes, whose clever poster has been awarded the prize by the Carnival committee, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Colquhoun Holmes, 704 Esquimalt Road, who came out to this country from London, England, about six years ago. Miss Holmes was educated at the Victoria High School, and has recently resigned from the teaching staff of the George Jay School. She is a member of the Arts and Crafts Club. No one was more surprised than Miss Holmes when she heard that she had been awarded first place, for she entered the competition more as a joke than with any serious desire of capturing the prize. Working off and on, the painting of the poster took Miss Holmes about two weeks, and it will be generally conceded that it is a work of which any young artist might be proud.

NEWS OF THE CITY

Ratepayers Meet—On Thursday, March 27, the ratepayers of Ward 4 in South Saanich, have arranged a meeting in the Colquitz Hall for the discussion of the recent appointment of an engineer, and for other business.

Explosives on James Island—The Saanich Council has been informed by the Provincial Secretary's office that a meeting of the executive will be held on Friday, March 28, for the purpose of considering the application of the Canadian Explosives, Ltd., for a license to store explosives on James Island, when any objections will be heard.

Badges for Chauffeurs—The Provincial Police Department has received a supply of steel badges for licensed chauffeurs, and these must be obtained by all such drivers as provided for by the recent amendments to the Motor Act. All drivers who have received licenses must provide themselves with these badges, which will be worn on the front of the car in a conspicuous place.

Motor Car Stolen—Some one on Friday evening purloined motor car No. 2424, belonging to the Westholme Lumber Company, from the corner of Pandora Avenue and Government Street, where it had been left standing about 7 o'clock. Up to last evening no trace of the machine had been found, though the police notified all the country roadhouses to be on the look out for it.

Will Name Acting Clerk—As Monday is Easter Monday and a legal holiday, the city hall departments will be closed and the regular Council meeting will not be held until Tuesday night when, among other matters of business, will be the fixing of the date for the investigation into the charges preferred by Mayor Morley against City Clerk Dowler. To fill the position pending the suspension of the city clerk the Council will appoint assistant city clerk, Mr. Ernest Bradley, as acting clerk.

No. 2 Company, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.—A full muster of the men of the above company is desired on Wednesday next, March 26, at 8 p.m., when an inspection will be held by Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Currie. New uniforms will be issued at this parade, and to all efficient men attending a bonus of $5 will be distributed from company association funds. All men must parade in uniform, dress drill order.

High School Cadet Shoot—On Saturday morning, the third shoot for the rifle presented by the Daughters of the Empire was held at Work Point Barracks. Cadet T. Hayland made an especially good score. The scores, out of a possible 30, were: Cadet T. Heyland, 30; Captain L. S. Yuill, 25; Cadet D. Heyland, 25; Lieutenant Lyons, 20; Cadet Bennet, 20; Sergeant McPherson, 15; Corporal Forrester, 15; Sergeant Terry, 10; Corporal Dorman, 10; Cadet Spring, 10; Cadet Gale, 10.

Ivy Leaf Social Club—The weekly whist drive in connection with the above was held as usual in the Alexandra Club, and another very pleasant evening spent. Mrs. Hallett presented the prizes to the winners as follows: Miss E. Oddy, first lady; Mrs. Oddy, second lady; Miss S. Berry, consolation; Mr. Stafford, first gentleman; Mr. Greener, second gentleman; Mr. Wreg, consolation. Mr. Buckling acted as M.C. Next whist drive, Tuesday, March 25.

Order Eastern Star Banquet—Mrs. W. F. Richdale has just returned from Seattle, where she attended the banquet held in the Masonic Temple in honor of the Grand Matron for British Columbia of the Order of the Eastern Star, Mrs. M. Douglas. Thirty-five members of the order in British Columbia accompanied Mrs. Douglas on her official trip, Past-Matron Richdale being the only representative from this city. While in Seattle, Mrs. Richdale was the guest of Lorraine Chapter, O.E.S.

Band Concert Programme—The programme to be rendered by the Fifth Regiment Band at its concert at Beacon Hill Park this afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock, will be as follows: March, "Risette," Ord Hume; grand selection, "A Musical Bouquet," Torbani; Paderewski's Minuet; vocal solo by Mrs. Sidney Thompson, "The Heavenly Song"; overture, "Semiramide," Rossini; Handel's Hallelujah Chorus; cornet solo by Bandmaster Rogers, "The Rosary," and "Somewhere"; selection from Strauss' "Chocolate Soldier"; Valse de Concert, by Genge; Sousa's march, "Diplomat"; the National Anthem.

EIGHT-STOREY BLOCK ON GOVERNMENT STREET

The plans of the new eight-storey office building which Mr. R. T. Elliott will erect on the east side of Government Street between Cormorant and Herald Streets, are now in the hands of the building inspector and after revision by him the permit for the structure will be issued.

While the contract has not yet been let for the building, it is expected the cost will run in the neighborhood of $175,000.

The building will have a frontage on Government Street of sixty feet and a depth of about 120 feet and, when erected, will be one of the finest business structures on Government Street. Two stores will occupy the ground floor while each of the upper floors will be occupied by fifteen offices. The plans have been drawn by Mr. Jesse Warren and call for a building strictly up to date and fire-proof throughout.

With the advent of better weather building activity shows a decided improvement and those who contemplate erecting fine business and apartment buildings are getting their plans ready for submission to the building inspector who predicts that within the next month or two the building figures will show a decided increase over those of last year.

OBITUARY NOTICES

BIBBY—Mr. George Bibby, aged twenty-five years, passed away on Good Friday morning at St. Joseph's Hospital. He was a native of England, and came here ten months ago from Chatham, Ont., where his family resides.

GAUNT—The funeral of Mrs. Jane Gaunt took place yesterday afternoon from Hanna & Thomson's parlors, Rev. W. E. Kelsey officiating. The pallbearers were Messrs. E. W. and E. Carter, C. Inman and J. McKenzie.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

BORN

WOOD—Born to the wife of R. C. Wood, city, a daughter.

WATT—On March 19th, 1913, to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Watt, Jordan River, Vancouver Island, a daughter.

DIED

BIBBY—On the 21st inst., at St. Joseph's Hospital, George Bibby, aged 25 years. Born in England; late of Dundas, Ontario.

The remains are reposing in the chapel of the B. C. Funeral Co., 734 Broughton Street, and will be forwarded to Dundas, Ontario, for interment on Tuesday morning, leaving the chapel about 9:30 o'clock for the C. P. R. Depot.

CARD OF THANKS

Geo. and Robt. Stevens wish to thank their many friends for their floral offerings and kind sympathy shown towards them on their recent bereavement.

Western Canada's Greatest Music House

AN OAK BAY AVE. BARGAIN

A good 2-storey building, producing $35.00 per month rental, and lot 50 x 110.

Price Only $8400—Cash Payment $3000; Balance Easy

NOTE.—Property along this part of the avenue is held at $150 per foot (vacant.)

VICTOR A. WOLFENDEN
619 Trounce Avenue — Phone 4669

Manufacturing Farming Mining

These industries are the reason for South Carbon. Carbon is in the finest portion of the C. P. R. Irrigation Belt. It covers a rich commercial coal area. Natural gas abounds. These are the reasons why Carbon is a railway terminal. They are also the reasons why the lots are selling so speedily.
Lots from $100 up; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months, without interest.

ON SALE EXCLUSIVELY AT
644 YATES STREET, BY
P. R. YOUNGBERG, Townsite Agent for the

Alberta Interurban Ry.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write our Association and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.—take the advice received and be well.

VICTORIA SECURITIES LTD.
INVESTMENTS INSURANCE
-D. M. MALIN.- -W. D. HOLMES-
-MANAGER- -ASST. MANAGER-
Phone 4950 Mahon Block

Garden Road, Cadboro Bay—One 50-ft. lot; splendid view, and nicely treed $800
Quarter cash; balance 1 and 2 years.

DAY BY DAY THESE ARROWS POINT THE WAY TO SUCCESSFUL INVESTMENT.

Phones 28, 88 and 1761

Time Is a Talent

West End Specials

Given to each of us; we may use it or abuse it. To make the very most of time you must shop at the "WEST END." Our service and delivery are courteous and time-saving, our prices are reasonable, so that every order placed with us represents a saving of time and money.

Oranges—Per dozen, 50c, 40c and	20¢
Bananas—Per dozen	35¢
Asparagus—Per lb., 20c; per 2 lbs.	35¢
Rhubarb—Per 2 lbs.	25¢
Celery—Per 2	25¢
Lettuce—Each	5¢
Large Cauliflower—Each	20¢
Fresh Mint—Per bunch	10¢
Butter—Per 3 lbs.	$1.00
West End Tea—Per 3 lbs.	$1.00
Pure Mocha and Java Coffee—Per lb.	40¢
Potatoes—Good, mealy, per sack, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and	$1.25

FRESH EGGS, per dozen, 25¢
Pork Pies, Sausages, Fresh Lamb, Fancy Cheese, etc.

'WEST-END' GROCERY CO., LTD.
Corner Government and Broughton

PHONE 272 COLEMAN & EVANS LIMITED 613 PANDORA AV.
EVANS

EXCLUSIVE HANDLERS OF
Powdered Metalcrete—A perfect bond between old and new concrete.
Liquid Metalcrete—The ideal concrete damp proofing.
Graphilatum—A black paint guaranteed to be water and weather proof.

Shade Trees

For Garden and Boulevard—Acacia, Maple, Elm, Chestnut, Linden, Hawthorn, Birch, Beech, Plane, Tulip, Ash, Walnut, etc. Well-grown trees in all sizes, 5 to 12 feet high. Now is the time to plant.

Largest stock in Province.

LAYRITZ NURSERIES
CAREY ROAD, VICTORIA PHONE M2054

LUMBER, SASH AND DOORS

Always in stock. We specialize in artistic front doors, steamed slush, grain fir, and Howard's flush.

Lemon Gonnason Co. Ltd.
Phone 77 P. O. Box 363

Choice Fir Doors Sash Frames
Rough and Dressed LUMBER, Lath, Shingles,
Builders' Hardware, Glass and Supplies
Office Fixtures, Partitions, etc., Built to Order
PROMPT DELIVERY GUARANTEED
Green Lumber & Furniture Co., Ltd.
Office and Factory—730 Topaz Avenue (Just Off Douglas)
Branch Office—Foul Bay Road (Just Off Oak Bay Avenue)
Phone 3851

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY COLONIST

MATTERS OF MOMENT IN WOMEN'S REALM

A Kingly Act

King George has shown his genuine kindness of heart and appreciation of high virtue by bestowing knighthood upon Dr. George Turner. This gentleman is a leper, having contracted the dread disease while serving in the leper colony in Pretoria, South Africa. He was not engaged on the hospital staff, but was medical officer and physician. He began by devoting his spare time to the study of the disease and the relief of the sufferers in the hospital. Mornings and evenings, Saturdays and Sundays, the patient physician worked at his self-appointed task.

When the time came for his retirement from the army, instead of resting, Dr. Turner went home to seek further knowledge of the baffling, loathsome disease. Then he went back, and the natural result followed. He became a leper and suffered the pain, the disfigurement and the banishment from the society of acquaintances, friends and relatives, which from the earliest time have been the leper's lot. It is reported that he has lost an arm lately. It is this poor, maimed, disfigured man that King George has honored with knighthood.

Unlike the majority of such honors, the proposal is said to have come, not from the ministry, but from the King himself. Perhaps there were not many of the busy men of affairs who felt the worth of the man who could voluntarily make such a sacrifice for the sake of those whom their fellow countrymen regarded as outcasts.

Sir George Turner was worthy of the honor conferred upon him and His Majesty King George V. has, by this act of kindness, won the love of many hearts. There is in it that touch of nature which makes the whole world kin.

Saturday Shopping

Is there any need of keeping the stores in Victoria open on Saturday night during the months of the coming Summer? A lady speaking on this subject a few days ago said that the real cause of the crowds on the street on Saturday night was the enjoyment people felt in being together. When the men had finished their week's work they enjoyed going to town with their wives and children. It was not, she thought, that the women could not get the money to make their purchases on any other day of the week.

If this is true may not the girls in the dry-goods stores and the men in grocery stores and tailoring establishments join the mechanics and laborers and the stenographers and teachers and all the housekeepers and spend the evening together without the excuse of shopping? Our streets are wide and beautifully lighted. There is room and opportunity for bands of music and other amusements in the parks and smaller open places.

But many of us know that if the stores were closed hundreds of girls and women would not join the crowds but would take the time to complete some necessary work, to read or to rest. There are great numbers in these days who cannot afford to pay for washing and sewing. This work adds greatly to the labor of the week. It is done at inconvenient hours and when the girls are already tired with their business. To these women Saturday afternoon and evening would indeed be a boon.

This is a matter for the consideration of women. If merchants found that in five days and a half they could sell as much as when they keep their stores open till eleven o'clock at night, their employees would get that time for their own pursuits. Do we care enough for the health and happiness of those who are quite as much our servants as those of the merchants to take the trouble to do our shopping on other days of the week? Talk is cheap, it is another matter to exercise a little self-denial and self-restraint.

The Teachers' Tour

Teachers who can spare the money to go to Great Britain next Summer will not only have a delightful holiday but take an educational course of great value. To visit under experienced and intelligent guidance those places in England of which we have read in our histories, to see the places of which poets and novelists have written, to walk through museums, to sit in great cathedrals, to meet even a few of the living men whom we have learned to admire and revere—these are among the many things that make the teacher long to join this excursion.

There are many teachers in British Columbia who know little of Canada beyond the Rocky Mountains. The early history of our country was made in Eastern Canada. Toronto, Montreal and Quebec are places full of interest. The great prairie land will reveal itself to the traveler far more fully than to one who tries to realize its immensity by reading. Perhaps not the least of the advantages of such a trip is the opportunity it gives for the interchange of thought and experience among the members of the excursion.

There are not many, perhaps, who will find it easy to spare the money for this purpose. But every real teacher who goes will be a source of inspiration not only to his or her pupils but to those teachers who are not fortunate enough to be able to take advantage of the benefits of this excursion.

Canadian teachers have a deep and warm love for the land of Scott and Wordsworth and Shakespeare. They look upon Great Britain as the place from which all that is best and greatest in the life of our people and our country has sprung. They should return from this visit with a yet stronger realization of the debt we owe to the Motherland and a higher appreciation of the value of her institutions.

AMUSEMENTS

Majestic Theatre—A big holiday programme has been secured for Monday and Tuesday, "Claims of an Oath"—this Vitagraph special multiple reel feature production portrays a Russian romance that shows the application of a customary oath imposed upon a young girl to marry a man of her father's choosing regardless of her own wishes in the matter. It arouses a most intense feeling in the observer as we realize the nature of the oath and its injustice. While, in the main, it is intensely exciting, it ends in a realization of our best wishes for the heroine. "His Enemy"—a very interesting picture by Bannister Mervin. "A Gambler's Heart"—a gripping story of the West showing that a gambler has some good within him and how he is rewarded. "Look Not Upon the Wine"—a farce comedy showing how an orator imbibed too freely in strong drink and his lesson later on. "A Queer Elopement"—you will laugh until your sides ache at this excrutiatingly clever and hilarious comedy of errors. •

Crystal Theatre—Opening Monday two big acts top the bill. The Three Musical Saxons have an international reputation for their abilities as musicians. Their act is entitled "A Day at a Military Post." They carry special scenery and effects and you are assured of one of the biggest treats from a musical standpoint you have yet had at this theatre. The other act, Trexeda and Hall, a comedy singing, dancing and character change act. This act will furnish plenty of comedy as well as good singing and dancing; composed of a man and woman, while the trio is composed of two women and a man. Monday and Tuesday are always feature days. "The Shaughraun" is a three-reel feature by the Kalem Company and is acknowledged by critics to be the best of the Irish series made by this company. Adapted from Dion Boucicault's well-known play. Special music accompanies this beautiful story. "Mr. and Mrs. Motif" is a Melies comedy on the same programme. Take advantage of the matinees and be assured of good seats. There will be five performances on Monday of vaudeville; matinee from 2 to 4, and night starting at 6:30. Pictures continuous from 1:30 to 11. •

New York to Victoria, B. C.—Mr. and Mrs. Mino, 1247 Rudlin Street, having left all their valuable furniture and fittings behind, but owing to the satisfaction obtained for many years of their "Wear-Ever" Aluminum cooking utensils, they could not part with them. W. L. Gordon, agent, 766 Hillside Avenue. Drop a post card or phone L 4587 and will promptly call with samples. •

To Lease

Proposals are invited until 5th April, 1913, to lease the property on the N.E. corner of Douglas and Johnson Streets (about 150 feet on Douglas and 60 feet on Johnson), for a term of not less than twenty-five years from 1st August, 1913.

For further information, apply to

Fred Davey
2664 Blanchard Street

Mt. Tolmie Avenue Is to Be Paved

There's another good point in favor of this high-class residential property. The announcement comes now that Mt. Tolmie Avenue, one of the main thoroughfares which border or pass through this subdivision, is to be paved to a point about half a mile past

University Heights

Situated near the magnificent new Normal School, and having wise restrictions to insure its permanent character, this property will certainly be one of the finest residential sections of the city.

The property lies between Mt. Tolmie Road and Cedar Hill Road, in one of the very finest districts in Victoria.

This property is on an existing car line with full facilities for transfer and a five-cent fare; clauses make it impossible to sell or lease any lot to an Asiatic, and there is a building scheme running with the covenant which absolutely secures the high standing of the subdivision to the investing public.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES AND TERMS

Lots 50x132	$850
Lots 50x142	$900
Lots 50x173	$950
Lots 50x177	$1000

Terms, one-fourth cash, balance 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months.

MAIL THIS COUPON
Canadian Financiers, Ltd.,
606 View St., Victoria, B.C.
Please send me without obligating me, full details of your University Heights property.
NAME .....
ADDRESS .....

Motors at your service any time.
See "University Heights" This Week

W. Q. ARNOLD, Manager.
606 View St. Phone 839
Union Bank Bldg. Victoria, B.C.

Advertise in THE COLONIST

4% AND SAFETY

The "slogan" of this organization bespeaks its policy. Satisfied clients grow in number almost daily. Our aim is your aim. We are local people, a local organization with the interests of Victoria and Vancouver Island very near at heart. We can serve your interests as well as any trust company as regards the service we afford you, and BETTER than any other trust company, because of our special and personal connections.

Authorized Capital
$5,000,000

Place your next deposit with us. Consult us about insurance, about loans, about the collection of rents, about the management of estates. Get acquainted with us. It's more than likely that we can be of very valuable assistance to you. Whatever your mission, you are assured of courteous treatment.

CANADIAN FINANCIERS LTD. LIMITED

W. Q. ARNOLD, Manager.
606 View St. Phone 839
Union Bank Building,
Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA CARNIVAL WEEK—August 4 to 9, 1913.

WHEN I SAY

—That I sell the most dependable Boys' Clothing in town, I mean it.

All my clothes are guaranteed.

My business is the Boys' Clothing business—nothing else.

Sam Scott
Boys' Clothes Specialist
736 Yates St. Phone 4026
Opp. Gordons.

MELLOR BROS LTD
INTERIOR DECORATORS
711 VIEW STREET
Moving About March 1st to Their New Building
819 BROUGHTON ST.

GET IT

And try it on your corns.
HALL'S LIQUID CORN CURE
Is a safe and sure preparation, and has been stamped with the seal of public approval.
Only 25¢
At HALL'S
The Central Drug Store
Phone 201, 702 Yates St.

CORRIG COLLEGE
Beacon Hill Park. Victoria, B. C.
Select High-Grade Day and Boarding College for boys of 7 to 15 years. Refinements of well-appointed gentlemen's home in lovely Beacon Hill Park. Number limited. Outdoor sports. Prepared for Business Life or Professional Examinations. Fees inclusive and strictly moderate. Seven teachers. Autumn term, Sept. 9.
Principal: W. Corrig, M. A.

Easter Greetings From the Red Arrow Store

LOOK FOR RED ARROW SIGN
J. N. Harvey, Ltd.
614 Yates St., Victoria. Also 127 Hastings St. W., Vancouver

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

"PENMAN BY NAME AND PENMAN BY NATURE"
H. G. PENMAN
ADVERTISEMENT WRITER
PUBLICITY ADVISER
24 BROWN BLOCK BROAD STREET
PHONE R 451

SPECIAL DESIGNS and CUTS HIGH CLASS ART WORK

EASTER SNAPS

No. 1453—Lot, 50 x 162 to a 20-ft lane, level and East frontage, Island Road. On terms one-third cash, 6, 12, 18 months $2,200

No. 1471—Lot, 59 x 120, on Cook St., between Collinson and Fairfield Road. On terms quarter cash, 6, 12, 18 months $7,750

No. 1405—A double corner on Shakespeare St. and King's Road. On terms $3,000

No. 1485—A double corner on St. Patrick St., 119 x 120. On terms one-third cash, 6, 12 and 18 months $4,500

No. 1496—A double corner on Gorge Road and Harriet Street, 110 feet square, high and level. One-third cash, 1 and 2 years $6,300

No. 1495—A corner, 54 x 120, on Foul Bay Road. One-third cash, 6, 12 and 18 months $1,500

No. 1137—A pair of beautiful lots on Wellington Avenue, between Faithful and Dallas Road, on terms $5,250

That 95 x 135 feet on Pendergast Street: level, close in, on terms, is a swell buy $5,400

For almost any purpose, that 90 feet frontage on Cormorant Street, between Blanchard and Quadra Streets, at $250 a foot is one of the best things available, and $5,000 cash will handle it.

The Griffith Co.
REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS INSURANCE
Rooms 101-102 Hibben Block

GYMKHANA ON AT TRACK TOMORROW

Organizers Anticipate That It Will Be Finest Meet of Its Kind Ever Held in Victoria —Programme.

To those with a fondness for the horse and clean competition in which his equine highness participates all roads tomorrow will lead to the Willows track, where the first Gymkhana of the season will be held, starting at 2 o'clock. The poloists are the organizers and they are being assisted by the Hunt Club members.

There is every reason for anticipat that it will be the finest meet of its kind ever held in Victoria, provided the weather is fair. For extent and variety the programme has never been excelled and nothing has been left undone by the energetic officials that could be done to add to the pleasure and comfort of those who attend. Refreshments will be served and the Fifth Regiment band has been engaged.

Society of Victoria is expected to be present en masse and doubtless many will seize the opportunity to display to advantage their Easter bonnets.

The following are the officials: Hon. Mr. Justice Martin, referee; Dr. S. F. Tolmie, judge; Mr. W. H. Wilkerson, timer; E. MacAlroy, starter; C. L. Clark, announcer; Messrs. Chas. St. L. MacIntosh, D. Dunn, A. H. Blackburn and Col. A. W. Currie, stewards. Mrs. W. J. Roper will present the prizes.

The programme of events:

1—Bending competition, open to members of any recognized hunt or polo club.
2—Gretna Green race.
3—Polo ball race (heats of three).
4—Thread the needle race.
5—Stake race.
6—Costume race.
7—Cigarette and parasol race.
8—Saddle race.
9—Three furlong scurry.
10—Jumping (ladies and gentlemen).
11—Two-mile hurdle race (Victoria Hunt Club members only, on horses ridden at least four times at Hunt Club meetings).
12—One and a half mile race (members only of recognized hunt or polo club, on horses ridden at least four times at hunt meetings. Visiting members will need certificate signed by secretary.

DENIES THAT LOCAL CLUB OWES ANYTHING

Secretary Scott Repudiates Claim Made by Vancouver Union for $400—Makes a Counter Charge

Mr. A. D. B. Scott, secretary of the Victoria Rugby Union, writes The Colonist flatly denying the allegation that Victoria owes Vancouver $400 expenses accruing from the recent visit of the Australian Rugby players.

Mr. Scott's letter follows:

"I notice on your editorial page some remarks re the deadlock between the Vancouver and Victoria Rugby Unions as to the choice of a ground for the final game of the McKechnie Cup series.

"In answer, I should like to say that there is a governing body to decide all matters relating to the cup, viz., British Columbia Rugby Union. Victoria suggested a meeting of the above body after the last game in Vancouver, as the president, secretary and delegates were all present, but Vancouver would not agree to it.

"Thus Victoria has done all it can to have the matter settled to the satisfaction of both sides. Vancouver has failed to do this. On your sporting page I also notice that Vancouver claims that we owe them $400 over the Australian visit. This is absolutely untrue.

"The arrangement made was that Victoria Rugby Union should guarantee the Australian expenses up to $400 for one game here. Our receipts for that game amounted to $539.70, and our expenditure, covering their expenses and entertainment and ground expenses, amounted to $506.35. Under the circumstances, I fail to see how we owe Vancouver anything. I might also mention that it cost Victoria Union $46 to take over our members of the British Columbia team to Vancouver, but the latter have not made any attempt to settle this little account.

"A. D. B. SCOTT,
"Hon. Sec. V. R. F. U."

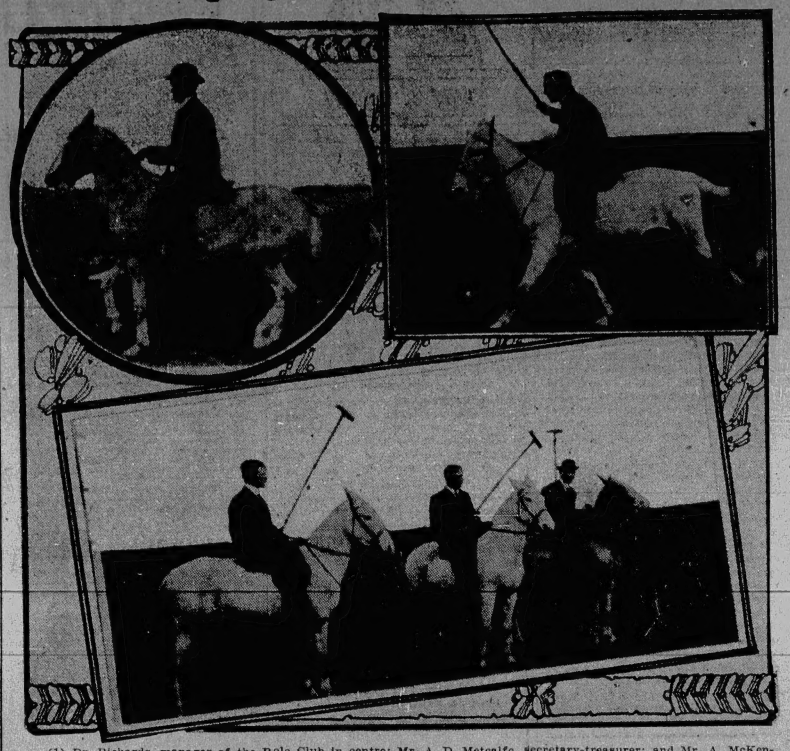
GARRISON CRICKET CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS

At a general meeting of the Garrison Cricket Club the following officers were elected for the ensuing season: Colonel A. Roy, M. V. O., hon.-president; Major J. E. Mills, president; Sergt. N. Stevens, captain; Sub. Con. A. Ellis, vice-captain; Sergt. H. J. Wyndham, secretary; Q. M. S. Askey, Q. M. S. Robeson, Gnr. Kelly, Gnr. Riordan, committee. Secretaries desiring fixtures are asked to communicate as soon as possible.

Thistles vs. Empires

A practice match between the Thistles' Reserves and Empires, at McDonald's field yesterday afternoon, resulted in a win for the Scots, the score being five goals to one. Throughout the whole of the first half, the Empires kept the Thistles' defence on tenterhooks, and after a prolonged attack, eventually succeeded in beating Copeland, the Thistles' goalkeeper, for their solitary tally. Shortly afterwards the Thistles equalized, making the score at half time one each. In the second half the Thistles' Reserves had matters all their own way. J. Walker scored three times. Just before the end of the game the Thistles succeeded in registering another point. D. Bell, late of Brechin, Scotland, played a sterling game for his team, the Thistles. Gillespie and Davis were the stars on the Empire team.

Poloists Eagerly Await Monday's Gymkhana



(1) Dr. Richards, manager of the Polo Club in centre; Mr. A. D. Metcalfe, secretary-treasurer; and Mr. A. McKenzie, on left and right respectively. (2) Mr. Metcalfe after the ball. (3) Mr. McKenzie on his favorite roan.

BAYLEY-VAISE BOUT IS DRAW

Decision in Bayley's Favor Might Have Been Given Without Unfairness to Vaise —Frenchman Floored Once.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 22.—A decision in favor of Joe Bayley, lightweight champion of Canada, over Frenchie Vaise, of Renton, in their four-round contest here last night, would not have been unfair, but Referee Jimmy Hewitt's draw declaration did not miss the mark by much. Bayley had a slight edge, taking it all through. He forced Vaise to the ropes repeatedly in the first three rounds, and, in the third, after coming out of a clinch, he floored him with a short right swing to the head. In the fourth round, Vaise refused to back up, and the two sturdy little fellows furiously traded punch for punch in the middle of the ring, flailing away in a desperate attempt to land a knockout, and not bothering much about defence. It was Vaise's game showing in the last round that influenced Hewitt to declare the bout a draw.

The Frenchman from Renton is fast and clever, but he doesn't carry the punch that Bayley does. He brought the crimson to Bayley's nose, but the Canadian champion was never in trouble, while Vaise was dazed on one or two occasions.

A packed house greeted Bayley's first appearance in a Seattle ring, and the Canadian was given a warm reception when he climbed over the ropes. Two or three hundred Victorians came over to see him fight, but the cheering for him did not all come from them. Bayley's clean, aggressive action made a hit with local fans, and they will want to see him box here again before very long.

In one of the preliminaries, Cyclone Scott got a draw with Romeo Hagen in a mill in which both principals were always fighting their hardest. They could hardly be called fast, but were earnest enough in their efforts to suit anybody.

Pat Doran met his Waterloo when he tackled Billy Weeks, of Vancouver, B. C. After two rounds, the go was stopped by the referee. In the other bouts, Billy Williams easily outpointed Battling Wolff, Tommy Clark and Billy Ballieau fought a draw, and Charley Givens won a hairline decision over Kid Willard.

Empire Club Soccer.

As was generally expected by those in intimate touch with the club, the married men of the Empire team overcame the unmarried men in the match which took place on Friday afternoon at Beacon Hill. The closeness that marked the contest was, however, not looked for, and the score of 3 to 2 being a good indication of the relative ability of the two teams. Baker scored first goal of the game for the Married Men, and not long afterwards Davies equalized the score by netting a point for the Singles.

Before half time the Married Men again scored making the tally 2 to 1 in their favor.

A clever bit of combination brought the Singles their second goal, Davies again scoring. Twenty minutes of overtime was necessary to decide the match, Trotter finally scoring the winning point for his team.

Mr. Kendall refereed.

Old Country Rugby

LONDON, Eng., March 23.—Rugby—Old Leysians, 13, Richmond, 10; Cardiff, 10, Barbarians, 0; Devonport Albion, 3, Old Merchant Tailors, 0; Newport, 14, Blackhead, 3.

BASEBALL AXE FALLS ON WOULD-BE BEES

Steppe and McKash Released by Mike Lynch—Certain Chicago Giants Will Appear Here

The axe so unsparingly wielded by the baseball club every Spring, fell for the first time, this season yesterday when Outfielder Steppe and Infielder McKash were cast loose. McKash has been booting them pretty regularly, and Steppe is too weak with the stick for an outfielder.

Tomorrow's game at the ball park between the Yannigans and Regulars will start at 2:30 o'clock. Next Friday and Saturday a semi-pro club from Seattle will be here.

It is now absolutely certain that Victorians will see some baseball of a big league variety early next month, negotiations having been closed with the Chicago Giants for two games here, April 9 and 10. The Giants are a wonderfully fast aggregation, and only their color, which is black, keeps the majority of them out of the big show. Their first string catcher, it is said, can line the ball to second like a bullet, when sitting down.

FRAGMENTS OF SPORT

Chess Club Officers.

The Victoria Chess Club met at the club's premises, 208 Hibben-Bone Block, last night and elected the following officers: President, Mr. A. Gonnason; vice-president, Mr. A. F. Gibson; honorary secretary-treasurer, Mr. R. A. McIntyre; assistant secretary-treasurer, Mr. W. F. Pelly; auditor, Mr. K. S. Patrick; committee, Messrs. F. Parsons, M. Frederickson and W. F. Pelly. As it is believed that there are many chess players on the Island who would be desirous of obtaining the benefits of the club while on a visit to Victoria it was decided to admit such members at a reduced rate of $4 per annum. Any such players are requested to communicate with the secretary, at 427 Linden Avenue. A games committee was appointed who made arrangements to hold a handicap tournament amongst the members, entries for which will be received up to Monday night next. A match is also being arranged between the club and a team from the Carnegie Library.

Carter Wants to Come.

Nick Carter, a lacrosse player of mid-and-out ability, who has been with Vancouver a couple of seasons, is reported to have said that he would come to Victoria this Summer if a professional lacrosse team was organized here.

Goodwin Leaves Town.

Al Goodwin and Hepple, two boxers, have shaken the dust of Victoria from their feet. When last seen they were in Seattle.

Moresby Mentioned.

Mr. W. C. Moresby, of Victoria, has been mentioned as a candidate for the presidency of the British Columbia Professional Lacrosse Association.

Yesterday's Baseball

At New Orleans—Cleveland Americans, 4; New Orleans, 2.

At Memphis, Tenn.—Chicago Nationals, 8; Memphis, 0.

At Atlanta, Ga.—Atlanta, 11; Boston Nationals, 4.

At Mobile—Detroit Americans, 6; Mobile, 3.

At Beaumont, Tex.—Philadelphia Americans, 9; Beaumont, 3.

At Galveston, Tex.—Galveston, 4; New York National's recruits, 2.

At Houston, Tex.—New York Nationals, 8; Houston, 0.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 22.—The Pittsburg Nationals and Boston Americans played a 3-3 tie here today.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 22.—St. Louis, Nationals, 7; Chattanooga, 4.

(Additional Sport on Page 10)

DAVIS TENNIS PLAYER LEAVES

Bobby Powell Will Get Two or Three Week's Practice on Courts at Wimbledon—Planning Big Send-Off.

Mr. Bobby Powell, one of the members of the Canadian tennis team entered in the Davis Cup competitions, has booked passage for the Old Country, and will leave next week. Business affairs in England are the main cause of his early departure, but Mr. Powell plans to put in two or three weeks' practice at Wimbledon, where the Davis matches will be played.

In this he will have an advantage over Mr. Byrnie Schwengers, the other Victorian on the Canadian team. Mr. Schwengers will not leave for the scene of the contests until some time in May, and will probably arrive at the scene of the contests just a few days before Canada meets South Africa in the opening round.

The Victoria Tennis Club has under way a move to take up a subscription to help meet the expenses of the two Victorians, the cost of the trip to England being only partially footed by the Canadian Tennis Association. Arrangements will also be made to give Messrs. Schwengers and Powell some sort of a send-off befitting the occasion.

The first round in the Davis Cup contests must, according to rule, be played before June 21, the second round before July 14, the third round before July 21, and the challenge round before July 28.

The current issue of The British Columbia Gazette contains the announcement of the incorporation under the Benevolent Societies Act of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club.

The incorporators are His Honor Judge Lampman, Capt. J. F. Foulkes, G. R. Talbot, H. G. Garrett and H. W. F. Pollok, and the first directors will be these gentlemen, and W. P. Dickson, H. C. Keefer, S. A. Cosgrove, J. G. Brown and G. A. Kirk. The purposes of the society are to promote social intercourse and rational recreation, and to provide means of recreation, exercise and amusement by means of a club for athletic and gymnastic sports and games, and thereby to improve and develop the mental, social and physical condition of its members. Provisions for the dissolution of the society are to be made in the by-laws of the club.

Booklovers' Library—Notice of removal. As originally intended, this library has now been enabled, through the completion of the Campbell Building, to remove their office from 4 Hibben-Bone Building to Suite 201 Campbell Building, where the business will be carried on from tomorrow.

EASTERN SOCCER TEAM COMING OUT TO COAST

MONTREAL, Que., March 22.—The professional soccer league, which was organized in Montreal last Saturday, is today out with the announcement that they will affiliate with the Dominion Football Association, under President Baxter, and that at the close of their regular schedule next Summer they will send a team out as far as the Coast, playing matches in practically every large city between Montreal and Vancouver.

ROYALS OPPOSE LOCAL LACROSSE

New Westminster Refuses to Consent to Grant Victoria Franchise in League Unless Gates Are Split.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 22.—Vancouver and New Westminster lacrosse officials locked horns again today. This may be an old stereotyped paragraph when lacrosse affairs are alluded to on the Coast, but as a matter of fact this was exactly what took place when the delegates from the two clubs on the Mainland assembled for the annual meeting of the B.C.L.A.

After a session extending over three hours, the officials finally decided to adjourn until Wednesday next at 2 o'clock in New Westminster, when it is expected that some amicable settlement will be reached. When the reports of the last regular meeting were adopted and admission of new clubs, the next order of business on the programme was reached, the delegates made their talks and a deadlock resulted. New Westminster favored Victoria's application, which was presented by Billy Moresby, but only on the condition that all gates were split this year. Vancouver opposed this on the grounds that it was the intention to operate on a co-operative basis this season, and there was no intention of paying fancy salaries. Con Jones stated that he lost $6,000 last season, and that there was no reason why he should agree to a split gate this year. Little headway was made in the meeting, the Royals declaring that they must have split gates if Victoria was to be admitted. Otherwise they would oppose Victoria's entrance.

After a long discussion it was finally decided to have Messrs. Jones, Moresby and Gifford meet and take the whole matter over.

One of the most interesting announcements of the day was that Tom Gifford, for many years captain of the Minto cup-holders, would retire from the game and would succeed Mayor Gray as manager this year.

The delegates present were as follows: Vancouver—Con Jones, Harry Cowan, Will Ellis, A. Garvey. Westminster—Ald. Kellington, Tom Gifford, G. McGowan, F. J. Lynch. Victoria—J. A. Virtue, L. F. Yorke, Robert Dowswell and W. Moresby.

LUTHER McCARTY SIGNS UP FOR FOUR FIGHTS

CHICAGO, March 22.—Luther McCarty has practically signed up for four fights within five weeks.

The white heavyweight champion of the world will be kept busy from now on as much as it will be possible for him to be. He intends to take all the offers made to him that are reasonably fair in a financial sense.

From present indications, McCarty's bank roll will be increased by a matter of $24,000 if all these fights go through as per schedule. He agrees to all the agreements his manager has made for him. His schedule is: April 15, six rounds in Philadelphia with Tom Flynn; May 13, six rounds in Pittsburg with Frank Moran; May 10, ten rounds Kansas City with Carl Morris, or some one else; May 15, about ten or more rounds in Calgary with Tommy Burns.

The first three matches are regarded by McCarney, his manager, at the present time a cinch. He is still negotiating by letter and wire with the promoters in Calgary relative to the Burns match, and last night it looked very much as if the two sides would come to blows. The Flynn and Moran matches will net McCarty $5,000 each, the Kansas City match will bring him in $4,000, and he will receive for his share, irrespective of the result with Burns, a guarantee of $10,000, making the total for the four battles $24,000.

McCARTY AND FLYNN MATCHED SIX ROUNDS

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—Announcement was made tonight that Luther McCarty and Jim Flynn have signed to box six rounds before the Olympic A. C., in this city, on April 14. McCarty knocked out Flynn at Los Angeles last December.

Arcade Bowling Alleys

The manager of the Alley has arranged for two afternoons a week for ladies desiring to bowl. Tuesday and Thursday. Phone 4873.

THORPE'S SODA WATER

Made from water from which all germs have been removed.

"Parliament" Garden Hose

We have just received a new stock of the above. Anyone requiring a good, strong, serviceable Hose should use the

"PARLIAMENT"

Will not kink and will stand any waterworks pressure.

See us regarding price, etc.

E. G. Prior & Co., Ltd. Lty.

Corner Government and Johnson Streets

FISHING TACKLE

We have just received our Spring stock of Fishing Tackle, which includes all the best makes of Rods, Baskets, Lines, Reels, Spoons, Casts, etc.

PEDEN BROS.

1321 Government Street Phone 663

Note our new address—Next to Dixi Ross'

A Good Outfit Does Much to Make the Fisherman Happy

We have a splendid variety of everything that makes the fisherman's outfit complete.

Rods, Baskets, Lines, Reels, Spoons, Casts, etc.

HARRIS & SMITH

1220 Broad St.

Pay Us a Visit and Inspect Our Stock

CYCLES GUNS FISHING TACKLE

ARENA HOCKEY

World's Championship Series

QUEBEC vs. VICTORIA

Champions N. H. A. Champions P. C. H. A.

MONDAY, MARCH 24th

8:30 p.m.

Box Seats, $2.00. Reserved, $1.00. Unreserved, 50c

Seats on sale at Fit-Rite Parlors, Government Street, on Saturday, March 22

VICTORIA POLO CLUB

EASTER MONDAY

At 2 p.m. Sharp

WILLOWS TRACK

Hurdle Race

Jumping and Gymkhana

300 Entries—300 Entries

12 Events—12 Events

Fifth Regiment, C. G. A. Band

TEA AND REFRESHMENTS

A. D. METCALFE, Hon. Sec.

Beautiful Materials for Dainty Gowns and Smart Suits

The departments devoted to dress materials have drawn their supplies from the mills in America, Britain and the Continent which have earned world-wide renown for the quality and artistic finish of their products. Before placing these products on our shelves, we priced them at such figures as would ensure the shortest possible stay there, and we want you to be among those who will benefit by such quality at such prices.

These Foulard Silks Demand Attention

And deserve it too. Beautiful quality silks in black and navy, with white stripes and polka dots. Ideal for smart, dressy gowns, 42 in. wide. Only, per yard **$2.00**

Changeable Messaline Silks at $1.75 Yard

These **Messaline Silks** have created quite a sensation and no wonder. The beauty of the coloring is quite beyond comparison. A fine white stripe runs through the material; 36 in. wide. Per yard **$1.75**

Charmeuse Satin Makes Charming Gowns

For afternoon or evening wear. This is really an exquisite material and we show it in every imaginable shade. If you want a dress gown to be really exclusive, see this material; 40 in. wide. Priced from **$2.75**

Make a Note of These Worsted Suitings

Stylish Worsted Suitings in latest shades of grey and brown. Many new designs and weaves. Will make very smart costumes. 60 in. wide, and remarkable value at only $3.75 and **$3.00**

Dainty Basket Cloth

Nothing could be more appropriate for a dainty Summer out-of-doors gown. In navy, tan, Saxe, reseda, fawn and grey. See this novel material next time you call.

Striped Wool Shirting at 45c

Many exquisite designs in a pure wool material. Suitable for blouses, shirts and pajamas. Stripes in delicate shades. 29 in. and 35 in. wide. Per yard, 45c and ..... **50¢**

"Tobralco"

This is the name of a pretty, soft, white washing material, which has just come out this season. Silky spot or stripe designs. For children's dresses or ladies' waists; 28 in. wide. Per yd, **30¢**

Other Vestings from, yard, **17½¢**

Anderson's Zephyr Ginghams

Absolutely fast colors, a splendid wearing and washing material. Plain colors, stripes, checks and plaids. Suitable for a hundred uses. 32 in. wide. Per yard, 30c, 25c, 22½c and ..... **20¢**

White Piques From 20c Yard

Quite a variety of finishes in various widths and all moderately priced, starting as low as, per yard ... **20¢**

Fancy Stripe and Dot Piques from, per yard ..... **35¢**

"VIYELLA," 60c YARD

English Crepe

For waists and Summer dresses, in a host of plain colors and stripe designs; 28 in. wide. Per yard, 35c and ..... **25¢**

Gordons Limited

739 Yates St. Phone 1391

Repp Suitings in Great Variety

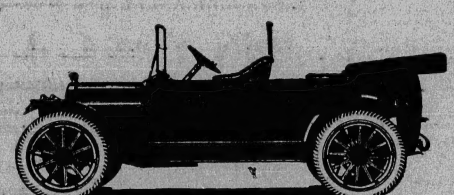
A strong material specially suitable for outdoor and sporting wear. Plain and striped, in a variety of shades of brown and drab. 28 in. wide. Per yard, **75¢**

Plain Colored Repps from, per yard **$1.00**

"VIYELLA," 60c YARD

If you get it at **PLIMLEY'S** *It's all right*

MANY FEATURES BEYOND COMPARISON



EQUIPMENT ABSOLUTELY COMPLETE

$3400 Worth of Everything That's Worth Having in an Automobile

ELECTRIC STARTER, LIGHTING AND HORN

The Russell "28" with the Silent Knight Engine is as beautiful to look at as it has been proven reliable under the most trying conditions. Actual service in Europe and Canada has placed the Knight Engine in a place of supremacy unattained by any other type of gasoline engine. The perfect U. S. L. Electric Starter is indicative of the quality which marks every item of the equipment.

Only Car in Canada With SILENT KNIGHT ENGINE

$3400

F. O. B. Victoria

MADE UP TO A STANDARD NOT DOWN TO A PRICE

LET US "SHOW YOU"

730 Yates Street Phone 698

THOS. PLIMLEY

727-735 Johnson Phone 697

SAILS FOR CARNIVAL CRAFT

GO CAMPING

SURVEY PARTIES SUPPLIED

But do it in comfort. Make certain before starting that it's going to be an experience you'll enjoy to the full. A leaky, draughty tent, damp ground, lack of right furniture, and uncomfortable beds—these are some of the things that keep folks from enjoying what ought to be, and may be one of the most glorious holidays possible. Highest grade materials, skilled workmanship, and a comprehensive stock of all camp comforts, enable us to insure our patrons against all tenting troubles. Phone 1191 or call at the

PANDORA SAIL & TENT FACTORY

618 PANDORA AVENUE

ANOTHER RESIGNATION IN

This Time It is Water Rates Collector Tollit Who Leaves City Service.

Following the announcement of the change in the administration of the waterworks department, so far as the collection of rates is concerned, Mr. F. Graham Tollit, who has been in charge of that work under Water Commissioner Rust, yesterday morning placed his resignation in Mr. Rust's hands. Mr. Tollit, when the office of water commissioner was transferred from Mr. James L. Raymur to City Engineer Rust last year, was appointed head of the collection department, with an office in the Fairfield block. His appointment was made upon recommendation of Mr. Raymur, who testified to his ability as a member of the latter's staff in the City Hall. Of late, it is stated, there has been some trouble in the waterworks department, and last week the Mayor urged upon the council the necessity of curtailing the expenditure in that department. The council agreed to make a cut in the appropriation to the extent of $1300, but the individual in the staff to be dismissed was not mentioned. Following this change in the management of the collection department Mr. Tollit resigned.

Australian Immigration

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 23.—The number of immigrants to Australia from Great Britain during the past twelve months was 68,000.

Upwards of 800 campines—a bird, from Belgium—have been released at Penticton.

ORDERS WINDING UP OF BANKERS' TRUST

Directors Secure Court Authority to Permit Full Investigation of Its Affairs—Two More Arrests Are Made.

With the issuance of an order of Chief Justice Hunter winding up the affairs of the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited, and the arrest yesterday afternoon of Mr. Franklin C. Cook and Mr. J. O. Hearn under a warrant which also charges others with fraud, the legal difficulties which have arisen relative to the sale of shares in the corporation entered a new phase.

Chief Justice Hunter's order was issued on Thursday upon petition of the board of management of the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited, which took this means to straighten out the tangle. The order appointed Mr. John Edward Allen, acting manager since the resignation of Mr. Godfrey Booth, as liquidator, under bonds of $5,000.

The arrest of Messrs. Cook and Hearn was effected upon a warrant based upon an information sworn out by Mr. Robert Hetherington, one of the shareholders of the company. The warrant was issued by Justice of the Peace Mr. Thomas Shotbolt, and names the two men who were arrested and others who are believed to have left the city, but for whom the police authorities are now searching. The warrant reads: "Did unlawfully conspire together to defraud the public, to wit, by divers false pretences and by direct and indirect means, to purchase stock in the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited, contrary to the Criminal Code."

Mr. Cook was arrested on Monday last on an information sworn out by Mr. Frederick J. Popham, also a shareholder in the company, who alleged the theft of $8,000. He was allowed out on bail, his two bondsmen becoming sureties for $8,000. Both Cook and Heard were released last night on bonds of $5,000 each, two sureties in each case being secured.

Action in Vancouver

Co-incident with the issue of the winding-up order here, Mr. Justice Gregory, at Vancouver, ordered the issuance of a writ of delivery authorizing the sheriff of Victoria to distrain on all lands and chattels of the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited, for the delivery up of three promissory notes mentioned in a judgment obtained from Chief Justice Hunter on March 6 by Mr. Otto Frind for the return of $2,430.48 and these promissory notes, which were given as the purchase price of shares in the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited. Frind claimed, in his action, that the company had not lived up to its representations on which he was induced to subscribe for shares, he having been promised the position of secretary of the corporation.

The petition on which the winding-up order of the chief justice was based was filed following the passing by the board of management of the following motion:

"After consulting the honorable the Attorney-General as to the condition of the affairs of the company, and after being advised by the honorable the Attorney-General that his department could do nothing to assist the company, and it appearing from the books of the company that the company was in such financial difficulties that the doors would have to be closed, it was moved by Mr. F. J. Popham and seconded by Mr. C. Moses that the solicitors of the company be forthwith advised to take such proceedings as they may deem expedient to wind up the company at the earliest possible moment."

Assets and Liabilities

The petition for the court order was signed by Mr. A. G. Sargison, first vice-president; Mr. J. H. Baker, third vice-president; Mr. F. J. Popham, director, and Mr. Joseph Fletcher, director. The petition sets forth that the assets of the company total $374,446.60 and its liabilities $312,908, but states that part of the assets comprise stock in certain companies which is of small value and at present non-negotiable. The assets are stated to be as follows: Victoria office premises, $62,500; land in the Okanagan district, $25,000; Bank of Vancouver stock, $1,405; Great West Home Company shares, $25,000; Title Holding Company shares, $135,000; Title Holding Company's bonds, $23,200; stock of the People's Trust, $625; Western Union Fire Insurance Company's shares, $17,000; shares of the British Underwriters' Company, $4,500; Anglo-American timber bonds, $30,216.60.

The petition states, relative to the sale of shares, that previous to the election of directors of the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Franklin C. Cook entered into an agreement with The Negotiators, Limited, to sell the shares of the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Ltd. The par value of the shares was $25, and a premium of $10 was also charged. A cash payment of $10 was required from the subscribers for each share, and The Negotiators, Limited, was entitled to a commission of $7.50, the other $2.50 being paid to the Bankers' Trust Corporation, Limited. The petition alleges that the agents employed by The Negotiators, Limited, disposed of stock on such misleading representations that soveral actions had been instituted by shareholders, to which, the directors believe, the company has no adequate defence.

No Funds on Hand

Relative to the action of Mr. Popham, at whose instance Cook was arrested on a charge of stealing $8,000, the Bankers' Trust Corporation, it is explained in the petition, was unable to return the $8,000 as the total amount of cash in the offices at Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson and Prince Rupert was under $1,000.

The petition ends with the request that, as judgments may be expected under the writs already issued, and as the company is unable to sell any more shares because of the misrepresentations alleged to have been made by agents of The Negotiators, Limited, the winding-up order be issued and an order directing that no further dealings with the shares of the Bankers' Trust Corporation be made.

COMING EVENTS

Saanich Cricket Club Dance—The dance of the Saanich Cricket Club will be held at Royal Oak April 4.

Odd Fellows to Dance—The Odd Fellows will hold a ball at the Alexandra Club on Friday evening, April 4.

Loyal Orange Lodge—Loyal Orange Lodge No. 1610 will hold its regular meeting in the Forester's Hall, on Monday, 24th.

Dance at Lake Hill—The Lake Hill Women's Institute will hold a card social and dance in the parish hall at Cedar Hill, March 27, at 8 p. m.

Moose to Dance—A dance will be given by the Loyal Order of Moose at their clubrooms, 1613 Douglas Street, on Friday evening, March 28.

To Hold Dance—At the business meeting of the Daughters of St. George, held on Monday night, it was decided to hold a social dance April 23.

L. O. T. M. Social Dance—Baxter Hive No. 8, L.O.T.M., will hold a social and dance Tuesday, April 1, at the A.O.U.W. Hall. Light refreshments will be served.

Special Lectures—Dr. T. W. Butler will speak in the Princess Theatre, on Yates Street, Sunday, at 8 p. m., on "The New Age, Its Glories and Revelations."

Socialist Meeting—Mr. George E. Boomer, of Seattle, will speak on the subject of "Our Iprvincible Chains," at the Empress Theatre, at 8 o'clock tonight.

Newcomers' Social Club—A Progressive Empire whist competition will be held in connection with the above, at the Old Country Tea Rooms, on Tuesday next, at 8 o'clock.

Diocesan W. A. Meeting—The monthly meeting of the Diocesan Woman's Auxiliary will be held on Friday, March 28, at 2.30 p. m., in St. John's Church schoolroom, Mason Street.

Foul Bay Tennis Club Ball—Gentlemen's tickets for the Foul Bay Tennis Club Ball may be had from Messrs. C. H. Smith, F. White, D. Brooker and H. G. Dalby.

Girls to Hold Sale—The girls' sewing class of Fairfield Methodist Church will hold a sale of work Tuesday afternoon, March 25, and a programme in the evening at the church.

Regular Monthly Meeting—The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary, P. R. Jubilee Hospital, will be held on Tuesday, March 25, at 2.30 p. m., in the Alexandra Club Cafe.

W.C.T.U. in Oak Bay—The W.C.T.U. will meet Thursday, March 27, at the residence of Miss Bell, 1795 Foul Bay Road, for the purpose of organizing a union in Oak Bay.

Holds Second Drawing—The second drawing of the Victoria Loan and Building Society will take place tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in Moose Hall, adjoining the Fairfield Hotel, Douglas Street.

Ladies of Maccabees—Ladies of the Maccabees, Victoria Hive No. 1 will hold a social dance on Thursday, March 27, in Foresters' Hall after their regular review. It is also intended to hold an annual ball in Connaught Hall on April 7.

Order Eastern Star—On Wednesday evening next, Queen City Chapter of the Eastern Star will hold a social dance in the new K. of P. Hall, North Park Street, for the members and their friends. Admission to the dance by card only.

Rowland's Concert Band—Those assisting at the concert to be given at the Victoria Theatre this evening, are: Mr. J. O. Dunford, tenor, and Mr. Boyce Coombe, baritone; several favorite selections will be given by the band, among which will be the Overture to Herold's "Zampa," Selection of American Songs, and a few well-known melodies from Tannhauser.

St. John's Church Social—St. John's branch of the Woman's Auxiliary intend holding an afternoon tea and a small sale of fancy aprons and articles donated by members and friends, on Tuesday, April 1, this being the first gathering of the kind held in the new church rooms. Miss E. Woods and her little band of Junior W. A. workers will also have a stall. A meeting of the auxiliary will be held in the basement rooms on Tuesday afternoon.

BEAT EASTERNERS AT THEIR OWN GAME

WINNIPEG, Man., March 22.—Winnipeg hockey fans were given their first taste of six-man hockey last night when Frank Patrick's Western All-Stars again triumphed over Art Ross' Eastern All-Stars by the score of 8 to 6, in a game which was only fast in spots. That the seven-man hockey as played by these two teams was the better exhibition of the two styles was the universal verdict of the fans after watching tonight's exhibition.

Billy Field, the celebrated Winnipeg official, accompanied the teams West at the request of both teams to referee the all-star games at the Coast next week.

Field and Gardner handled the play last night. Goal summary:

First period—1, Easterners, Ross, 6:40; 2, Westerners, Mallen, :45; 3, Westerners, Oatman, 2:10; 4, Easterners, O. Cleghorn, 12:50.

Second period—5, Westerners, Taylor, :30; 6, Easterners, Ronan, 2:20; 7, Westerners, Taylor, 8:30.

Third period—8, Westerners, McDonald, 4:00; 9, Westerners, McDonald, 3:30; 10, Easterners, Ross, 4:00; 11, Easterners, O. Cleghorn, 2:00; 12, Westerners, Taylor, 4:00; 13, Easterners, Ross, 1:00; 14, Westerners, Taylor, 1:20.

Lineup

Easterners.		Westerners.
Benedict	Goal	Lehman
Ross	Point	Patrick
Cameron	Cover	Johnson
Ronan	Centre	R. McDonald
O. Cleghorn	Right	F. Taylor
Neighbor	Left	E. Mallen

The Victoria Mutual Loan and Building Society, Limited

In consequence of the rapid growth of the Society, more commodious offices have been secured at

317 CENTRAL BUILDING
Phone 3229.

Where subscriptions will be received every Saturday evening, from 7 till 8. The Secretary will also attend on Wednesday evenings, at the same hours, for giving advice on the Society's workings.

The SECOND BALLOT will be held in Public Meeting, on Monday, March 24, at 8 p. m., at the Moose Hall, 1613 Douglas Street, adjoining the Fairfield Block, when some member who join before that date will secure an advance free of interest for ten years.

Comox District

VANCOUVER ISLAND

For a short time we offer the following, which is one of the best and cheapest buys in this district, today:

150 acres of choice land on good road 5 miles from Courtenay, and about 8 miles from Comox.

13 acres thoroughly cleared and fenced; also 7 acres in swamp fenced in.

Good, 6-roomed house (2 storey), and good well of water near house.

Most of the land is alder bottom, and will make a splendid farm.

The price is very low, and the terms good.

Write us for full information about this and other investments in the Comox district.

Beadnell & Callin

Comox and Courtenay, V.I., B.C.

Oak Bay Snap

Pleasant Ave., near Saratoga Ave., fine building lot, 50 x 125.

This is one of the best buys on this favored avenue and is for sale at the price quoted for a few days only. There is big value in this lot.

PRICE **$1,775**

One-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

This lot can't last long at this price, so we suggest that you phone at once for appointment. Don't miss this opportunity.

Roberts, Beasley & Gallon, Ltd.
407 Sayward Building
Phone 4865
"WE WRITE ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE"

Royal Victoria College

McGill University, Montreal

For Resident and Day Women Students.

Students are prepared for degrees in Arts; Pure Science and Music. Scholarships are awarded annually. For all information apply to the Warden.

In accordance with the instructions conveyed in the revised Constitution of the

Victoria Conservative Association

Meetings will be held by the

Five Ward Associations

For the purpose of electing from each ward, 50 delegates to attend a Convention for the purpose of electing a president, treasurer and secretary.

WARD 4

Will hold their meeting on

Wednesday, March 26

At 8 p. m.

WM. BLAKEMORE, Chairman.
R. LOWE, Hon. Secretary.

All Conservative residents of the above ward are requested to attend.

WARD 5 CONSERVATIVES

Will Hold Their Meeting

THURSDAY, MARCH 27

For the Election of 50 Delegates

A. G. SARGISON, President.
F. G. MULLINER, Secretary.

WARD 6 CONSERVATIVES

Will meet for the purpose of electing 50 delegates,

FRIDAY, MARCH 28

G. W. WALKER, President.
J. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Approved by Government

NEW YORK, March 23.—Three preparations for tuberculosis were announced and discussed on Monday by Dr. Friedmann, who declared at a clinic held by the German physician today that [illegible] improved since [illegible] Dr. Friedmann [illegible] weeks before he will [illegible] for a time [illegible] Boston, Mass.

Consumption [illegible] Y. Medical [illegible] gan [illegible] Friday [illegible]

Too Late to Classify

GET ONE OF THE $10 EASTER EGGS

Which will be placed on every third lot at "ALTADENA" Monday morning at 10 o'clock, the finder to be the absolute owner. Only conditions: No searching until 10 o'clock, and only one prize to one individual. "Altadena" is on the Wilkinson Road, on the 3 1-2 mile circle. Cars will leave Trounce Alley and Broad every half-hour.

"The Original Home Builders"

BRITISH CANADIAN HOME BUILDERS LIMITED

Authorized Capital $500,000
Subscribed Capital, $125,000
ERNEST KENNEDY, Managing Director
312-315 Sayward Bldg. Phone 1030
Ground Floor, Central Bldg. Phone 3231
London Office, 2 Harewood Place, Hanover Square

Easter Offerings

Here is one of the best, if not the best, offering in the neighborhood of the Outer wharves and breakwater. 120x120, with frontage on Ontario and Erie Streets. The improvements which will rent for at least $60 per month, are not considered in the asked price. It is adapted for a wholesale warehousing or manufacturing site, with unusual facilities. It is an excellent investment—not a speculative investment. This fine property can be purchased on easy terms, for **$26,000**

Over 2½ acres on Cedar Hill cross road, near the head of Maplewood Drive, and within the 3½ mile circle. This property is a fenced field of fine soil, without stick or stone in it, and may be purchased on easy terms, for **$4000**

180x120, Kingston Street, between Montreal and Oswego, with residence renting for $60 per month. Price for this fine frontage is, on easy terms **$21,000**

120 feet on View Street, by 60 on Vancouver—a fine corner and a good buy, on terms, price **$24,000**

L. H. Ellis

Phone 846. Room 6, Moody Block
636 Yates St.

Are You Looking for a Charming Home?

A beautiful 8-roomed residence on Monterey Avenue, Oak Bay, with practically an acre of ground; a cottage, garage and other outbuildings; cement basement. House built for owner and finished with no thought of expense, his only idea being to provide the maximum of comfort and convenience. This is a rare opportunity for anyone looking for a fine home. You couldn't possibly duplicate the property and buildings at the prices at which we are authorized to sell. See us right away for further particulars.

MONEY-MAKER—Stephenson Place, a short distance off street car, 71x240, only a little short of half an acre; all conveniences. Price **$2,200**

FOR THE BEST BUYS IN HILLSIDE AND GORGE DISTRICTS, SEE US

Island Investment Co., Ltd.

WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE

Sayward Block Phone 1494

Branch Offices: 510-515 Rogers Block, Vancouver, B. C., and London, England

Where an Acre Yields Most

Good climate and good water Good health and excellent fishing; Great crops and unequalled markets all in the Hardy Bay country.

Price $40 an acre, and on very easy terms.

The Western Farming & Colonization Co., Ltd.

Victoria Branch, 521 Sayward Bloc k Phone 2223

General Offices, 5 Winch Bldg., Vancouver, B. C.

The World's Largest Builders of Six-Cylinder Automobiles

"54" Phaeton

Electrically Self-Cranking and Electrically Lighted

Why It Should Be a HUDSON

Generally speaking, all good cars are best known because of one distinctive feature.

One is spoken of as being well built. Another has a reputation for the beauty of its finish.

One maker has gained confidence because of the manner of treating customers.

Large volume is advanced by another as an explanation of quality at low price.

All these are sound reasons for consideration.

Each and all are essential in the policy of any company that succeeds.

But, if you look closely, you will find that while one lays greater emphasis upon one of these claims than upon others, all successful makers are in common in their position in such essentials.

All, to succeed, must build their cars well.

All must assure service to the owner.

All must combine luxurious finish with mechanical excellence.

Large volume is essential to any success, for without volume the value is not in keeping with the price that must be charged.

How 48 Engineers Made HUDSON Distinctive

And as every successful car is referred to with reference to the one feature for which it is best known, the HUDSON is famous because of its advanced design.

HUDSON cars have always been known to be leaders as the most advanced type of engineering skill.

That means simplicity in design and operation. It indicates that essentials are less clumsily accomplished than in cars not so well designed. It assures accessibility.

Since the skill of designers is not confined to mechanical details; it also means more beautiful lines, a greater luxury, a richer appearance and an individuality as characteristic as artists put into their pictures or as architects work into their buildings.

The best engineering brains in the industry are responsible for the two new models of HUDSONS. The 48 experts, including Howard E. Coffin, who designed these cars, have had wide experience.

Combined, they represent about all of value that is known in the way of motor car building.

Each man has influenced the design of the car only so far as he has proved his leadership.

These men come from every automobile building country.

Most of them are regular employees of this Company. Some are associated as engineers with other institutions, and we used them merely in an advisory capacity. Some are consulted by other manufacturers.

Directing all these men is Howard E. Coffin, America's foremost engineer. Thus we have succeeded in producing cars that are distinctive and that have many features of advantage to the driver and owners not possessed by others, even though they give an almost perfect service.

Why a Six—Especially a HUDSON

It is electric self-cranking, electrically lighted and all any automobile can be in comfort, convenience, luxury, service, equipment and value.

The "54" HUDSON supplies every demand made of any automobile, in speed, get-away, safety, power, luxurious equipment, distinctive appearance and comfort.

It is not merely a "Six" made so by the addition of two cylinders to a good four-cylinder car. It is capable of a speed far greater than you will ever care to call upon it to give. It will jump to a speed of 58 miles an hour in 30 seconds from a standing start. No grade is too steep for it. Its equipment, complete in every detail, includes the most famous system of electric self-cranking, electric lighting—dynamo type—and ignition device to be had, known as the Delco, patented. There is also an illuminated dash and extension lamp, mohair top, curtain, rain-vision windshield, speedometer, clock, demountable rims, 36 x 4½-inch tires, 127-inch wheel base, etc.

The seat cushions are 12 inches deep. The finest materials are used throughout. No detail of finish or equipment is skimped or overlooked.

"54" HUDSON Models: Five-passenger Touring Car and Phaetons and Two-Passenger Roadster, $3,400, F. O. B., Victoria. Seven-Passenger Touring Car, $200 additional. Complete with extra tire, tube and cover on spare rim.

The four-cylinder HUDSON—the "37"—is a masterpiece of its type.
The price is $2,600 complete. : : Same body types as the Six.

SEE THE TRIANGLE ON THE RADIATOR

Vancouver Island Motor Co., Ltd.

937 VIEW STREET PHONE 3840

AT THE CITY CHURCHES

ANGLICAN

Christ Church Cathedral

Burdette Avenue. Easter Day: Holy Eucharist at 8, 8:45 and 8 a.m. Also after matins. Matins with Sermon at 11 a.m.: Te Deum and Benedictus, Tours; Athanasian Creed; Anthem, "Christ Our Pass. over," Schilling; Amen, Stainer; Preacher, the Bishop. Service for children at 3:30 p.m. Four Bay district service at 4 p.m. in house adjoining Woodward's Nursery, Fairfield Road. Evensong with Sermon at 7 p.m.: Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Tours; Anthem, "The Lord God Omnipotent Reigneth," Adams; Amen, Stainer; Preacher the Dean. In case the Cathedral should not be able to contain all who desire to worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., a service will be held in the cathedral schoolroom, Quadra Street, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Dean will preach in the schoolroom in the morning and the Bishop in the evening. Week days: Holy Eucharist on Thursdays and Holy Days at 8 a.m.; Matins daily at 10 a.m., Evensong daily at 5:15 p.m.

St. John's

Corner of Mason and Quadra Streets, off Pandora. Order of services for 21st inst. Sunday: Holy Communion at 8 and 11 a.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m. Matins: Organ, Prelude; Opening Hymn, 134; Psalms for Easter Morning; Te Deum, Stanford in B flat; Benedictus, Garrett; Anthem "Awake, Awake," Stainer; Hymn, 135. Kyrie, MSS.; Gloria Tibi, MSS.; Hymns, 140, 321; Organ, Postlude. Evensong: Organ, Prelude; Opening Hymn, 134; Psalms for Easter Evening; Magnificat, Christopher Marks; Nunc Dimittis, Christopher Marks; Anthem, "Awake, Awake," Stainer; Hymns, 138, 139; Address; MSS.; Vesper, MSS.; Organ, Postlude. Rev. Percival Jenns, the Rector, will preach in the Morning and Rev. A. J. Stanley Ard in the Evening.

St. Barnabas'

Corner of Cook Street and Caledonia Avenue. There will be celebrations of the Holy Eucharist at 7 and 8 a.m.; Choral Mating at 10:30; Choral Eucharist at 11:15 a.m.; Children's service at 2:30 p.m.; Choral Evensong at 7 p.m. The Rector, Rev. E. G. Miller, will be the preacher for the day. All seats are free and unappropriated. The musical arrangements are as follows: Morning: Organ, "But Thou Didst Not Leave His Soul in Hell," Handel; Easter Anthem, Humphrey; Proper Psalms, Cathedral Psalter; Benedictus, Dr. Garrett; Athanasian Creed, Plainsong; Hymn 146; Procesational Hymn, 163; Communion Service in A flat; Hymns, 166, 235, 234 ii7; Offertory Anthem, "I am Alpha and Omega," E. V. Hall, tenor solo, Mr. Eldridge; Nunc Dimittis, St. John; Organ, Easter Triumph, V. Emery. Evening: Organ, "The Silver Trumpets," Viviani; Psalms, Cathedral Psalter; Magnificat; Nunc Dimittis, F. J. Read in C; Anthem, "I Am Alpha and Omega," Rev. R. V. Hall, tenor solo, Mr. Eldridge; Hymns, 187, 165; Offertory Anthem, Fitzgerald; Processional, 164; Vesper, "Lord Keep Us Safe This Night;" Organ, Hallelujah Chorus, Handel.

St. James'

Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Holy Communion at 8; Matins and Sermon at 11. Holy Communion at 12. Children's service at 3; Evensong and Sermon at 7. The music follows: Morning: Hymn 157; Easter Anthem and Psalms, Cathedral Psalter; Te Deum: Benedictus, Troutbeck; Anthem: Hymns, 166, 592; Kyries, Mendelssohn; Sanctus, Bridgewater; Communion Hymn, 233,; Nunc Diraittis, Felton; Organ Voluntary. Evening: Hymn 164; Psalms, Cathedral Psalter; Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Reid; Anthem; Hymns, 166, 520; Vesper Hymn, "Now the Day Is Over;" Recessional, 167; Organ Voluntary.

St. Saviour's

Victoria West. Easter Day: Holy Communion 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer and Holy Communion 11 a.m.; Evening Prayer, 7 p.m. Subject of Morning Sermon, "If Ye Be Risen;" Evening, "Pardon and Peace From the Risen Lord." Church of England's Men's Society, Monday 8 p.m. Bible Study, Wednesday 8 p.m., subject "Leviticus."

St. Mary's

Oak Bay. Rev. G. H. Andrews, Easter Sunday. Holy Communion, 7, 8, and 12 o'clock; Matins and Sermon 11 a.m.; Children's service 3 p.m.; Evensong and Sermon 7 p.m. Preacher, Rev G. H. Andrews.

St. Mark's

Boleskine Road. Rev. J. W. Flinton, Vicar. Easter Day: Holy Eucharist at 8 a.m.; Litany, Holy Eucharist and Sermon at 11 a.m., preacher Rev. and Hon. T. R. Heneage; Festival Evensong and Sermon at 7 p.m. The Vicar will preach on "The Saviour's Easter Greeting," "Every parishioner shall communicate at the least three times in the year, of which Easter to be one."—Extract from the Prayer Book.

Pemberton Memorial Chapel

There will be a celebration of Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Easter Morning, in the Memorial Chapel. Church people residing in the neighborhood, as also patients, nurses, and members of the staff, cordially invited to this service.

ROMAN CATHOLIC

St. Andrew's Cathedral

Corner of Blanchard and View Streets; the Right Rev. Alexander MacDonald, D.D., Bishop of Victoria. Rev. Joseph Leterme, Rev. Donald A. MacDonald, and Rev. Adam F. Silver. Masses: Sundays; Low Mass, with five minute sermon at 8 and 9 a.m.; High Mass, with sermon, at 10:30. Sermon Vespers, Benedictions of the Blessed Sacrament at 7 p.m.; Holy days of obligation: Low Mass at 6:30, 8, and 8; High Mass at 10:30 a.m.; Rosary and Benediction at 7:30 p.m. Week days: Low Mass at 7 and 8 a.m.; confessions are heard on the eve of all feast days, every Saturday and every Thursday before the first Friday of the month; in the afternoons from 4 until 6 o'clock and in the evening from 7 until 9. Baptisms are performed Sunday afternoons at 3 o'clock. Easter Sunday: Low Mass at 6 and 9 a.m.; Pontifical Hight Mass 10:30 a.m., preacher, the Bishop of Victoria. Benediction 7 p.m. Special music at all services.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL

Church of Our Lord

Corner of Humboldt and Blanchard Streets. 11 a.m., 3 p.m., 7 p.m. Easter Sunday services with special anthems and hymns. Rev. T. W. Gladstone will preach at the morning and evening services, at both of which the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. Morning subject, "The Spiritual Results of the Resurrection;" Evening, "The Events of the First Easter." At 3 p.m. a David Livingstone Memorial Service will be held. Addresses by the Rector and Mr. R. S. Day. Appropriate hymns by the children of the Sunday School.

PRESBYTERIAN

First

Pandora Avenue. Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., Minister. Easter Sunday: The Minister will preach at both services. 11 a.m., Children's service, subject, "An Easter Message for Boys and Girls." 7:30 p.m., Service of Song; an Easter Sacred Cantata, "The Crucifier." Bible Class, 12:15; Sunday School, 2:30. Prayer Meeting Thursday at 8 p.m.

St. Andrew's

Corner Douglas and Broughton Streets. Services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Rev. Dr. Campbell will officiate at both services. Strangers heartily welcome. The musical selections are as follows: Morning: Organ, "La Resurrezione," Handel; Psalm 24; Anthem, "Awake Up My Glory," Barnby; Hymns, 53, 91, 62; Solo "The Resurrection Morn," Miss L. Blakeway, Rodney; Organ, "Festival March," Bruno-Huhn. Evening: Organ Recital at 7 p.m., on "Grand Choeur in G.," Faulkes; (b) "Easter Dawn," Ashmall; (c) "Alla Marcia," Holloway; (d) "Cavatina," Wheeldon; (e) "Alleluia to the Father" (Mount of Olives) Beethoven. Evening service, 7:30. Anthem, "King of Kings," Sinper; Psalm 57; Solo, "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth," Handel. Mrs. Codd; Hymn 39; Solo, "Hosanna," Granier. Mr. Dunford; Hymn 87; Anthem, "As it Began to Dawn," Vincent; Hymn 51; Recitation and Air, "Behold I Tell You a Mystery," "The Trumpet Shall Sound," Handel, Mr. Codd. Hymn 816; Anthem, "The Strife is O'er," Bruce-Steane; Organ, "Festal Processional March," Ashmall.

St. Columba

Hulton Street, Oak Bay. Rev. R. A. Macconnell, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunady School at 2:30 p.m.; Young People's meeting at 3:30 p.m. Congregational Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. There will be sung at the Sunday services: "Christ Our Passover," by F. Schilling; "Praise to the Father," by Gounod; "Man of Sorrows," by W. H. Jude. "God Shall Wipe Away All Tears From Thine Eyes."

Knox

Stanley Avenue. Rev. Joseph McCoy, Pastor. Sabbath Services, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Special Easter Services. Dr. Logie will sing in the evening. Young People's Bible Class at 10 a.m. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 3:45 p.m. Prayer service on Thursday at 8 p.m. Young People's meeting on Monday at 8 p.m.

METHODIST

Metropolitan

Corner of Pandora Avenue and Quadra Street. Pastor, Rev. C. T. Scott, B.A., D. D. Deaconess, Miss Eva B. Elliott. Organist, Mr. Edward Parsons; Choir Leader, Mr. G. A. Downard. Services: 10 a.m., Class meetings; 10 a.m., Service for the Juniors; 11 a.m., Public Worship, conducted by the Pastor, subject, "Connecting Ties With the Resurrection Fact." Anthem, "Who Shall Roll Away the Stone?" (Torrance), quartette; Miss Sherritt, Mrs. Teckner, Misses Leity and Palmer; Anthem, "Oh Come Let Us Sing," (Myles Foster), bass solo, Mr. W. J. Dawson. 7:30 p.m., Sunday School. 7:15 p.m., Organ Recital; 7:30 p.m., Public Worship conducted by the Pastor, subject, "Modern Manifestations of the Risen Lord." Tenor solo, (Messiah); Recit., "Thy Rebuke Hath Broken My Heart;" Arioso, "Behold and See if There Be Any Sorrow;" Recit., "He Was Cut off Out of the Land of the Living;" Solo, "But thou Didst Not Leave His Soul in Hell," Mr. W. R. Francis; Chorus, "Lift Up Your Heads, O Ye Gates," (Messiah); Soprano solo (Cantata, "Daughter of Jairus"), "My Hope Is in the Everlasting," (Stainer), Mrs. E. Parsons. Anthem, "Awake Thou That Sleepest," Stainer; Hallelujah Chorus (Messiah).

Centennial

Gorge Road. Easter Sunday evening: Anthems, "They Have Taken Away My Lord," Stainer; "Christ Is Risen," Gadsby; "Day of Wonder and Gladness," Schneeker. Solos by Miss Gillespie, Miss L. Palmer, Miss B. Palmer, Messrs. Bryant, Ross, and Sedgeman.

Belmont Avenue

Rev. B. H. Balderston, B.A., Pastor. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3:30 p.m. The Pastor will preach in the morning, the subject being "The Resurrection." A Song Service will be held in the evening. Epworth League, Monday evening. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

James Bay

Rev. John Robson, B.A., Pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Morning subject, "The Results of the Resurrection." Music: Solo, "Christ Our Passover," Goss; Solo by Mrs. Thompson, "There is a Green Hill Far Away," Gounod. Evening subject, "Treatment Accorded the Christ;" Anthem, "Christ Is Risen," Elvey; Solo, "Open the Gates," J. E. Knapp. Monday at 8 p.m., Epworth League, missionary meeting. Wednesday, 7 p.m., Boy Scouts. Thursday at 8 p.m., Prayer meeting. Friday at 7 p.m., Junior League. All are welcomed.

BAPTIST

First

Temporary building corner Yates and Quadra Streets. Rev. John B. Warnicker, B.A. Special Easter services throughout the day. Morning Sermon, "The Risen Christ." In the evening the fourth of the series of sermons on the "Tragedies of the Bible," entitled "The Tragedy of Haman, or the Relentless Hand of Fate." Sunday School and Bible Classes at 2:30 p.m. Prayer service Thursday at 8 p.m., conducted by the Pastor. Music as follows: Morning: Vocal solo, Mrs. P. Taylor, Anthem, "Hallelujah!" Evening: Vocal solo, Mrs. W. Greigson; Anthem, "Sun of My Soul;" and solo with chorus.

Emmanuel

Corner Fernwood Road and Gladstone Avenue, Fernwood car terminus. Easter services. Rev. William Stevenson will preach: Morning, 11 o'clock, "The Message of Easter." Evening, 7:30 o'clock, "What Was Real in the Resurrection of Christ?" Afternoon at 3:30, a Special Easter service of the Sunday School. Monday, Young People's Union, Junior at 7 p.m., Senior at 8 p.m. Thursday, annual meeting of Church, 8 p.m. Strangers welcome, all seats free. Music for Sunday morning: Hymns, 86, "Our God Our Help," 129; "Jesus Christ is Risen;" Anthem, "O Saviour of the World;" Hymn 760, "God Who Made the Daisies," 136, "Jesus Lives." Evening: Hymn 1, "All People," 437, "In Heavenly Love Abiding;" Anthems, "Sing O Sing," and "Christ Is Risen;" Hymns, 407, "A Heaven of Perfect Peace," 143, "Jesus, Joy of Loving Hearts."

Douglas Street

(Car terminus.) Special Easter service will be conducted by the Pastor, Rev. H. F. Thorpe, today at 11 and 7 o'clock. The sermons will be on appropriate topics. The choir will render anthems at both services. The evening service will be largely musical. School and Bible Classes at 2:45 p.m. On Wednesday, sale of work, opened at 3 o'clock by Mrs. William Grant. A cordial invitation is extended to visitors and residents to all the services.

Tabernacle

Fairfield Road, between Cook Street and Linden Avenue. Morning service 11 o'clock; evening service 7:30. Rev. Robert Cameron, D.D., Pastor. Morning Sermon, "Was Christ Really Raised From the Dead?" Evening subject, "Is Christ the Same After His Resurrection?" Rev. Mr. Collins will have charge of the singing, and Mrs. Tapscott will sing "I know That My Redeemer Lives," at the evening service. Baptism at the close of the service in the evening. Sunday School and Bible Classes at 2:30 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL

First

Corner of Blanchard Street and Pandora Avenue. Rev. Hermon A. Carson, B.A., Pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock, subject, "Why I Believe in the Immortality of the Soul." Evening service, 7:30 o'clock, subject, "The Master's Easter Greetings." The evening service will be largely musical, the choir rendering a number of anthems from the Cantata "Christ and His Soldiers." At 2:30 p.m., Sunday School and Men's Class for Women; and Men's Own Bible Class; "A place for everyone." At 5:30 p.m., Fellowship Tea, all men invited. Monday at 8 p.m., devotional meeting, Young People's Society. Wednesday, 7:30 p.m., Troops 7 and 8, Boy Scouts. Wednesday, 2:30 p.m., sewing meeting of the Ladies' Aid at the church. There will also be an important business meeting at which all members are requested to be present. Thursday, 8 p.m., meeting for Prayer and Praise. Friday, 7:30 p.m., Girl Guides. Friday, 8 p.m., choir practice.

LUTHERAN

Grace (English)

Corner Blanchard and Queen's Avenue. D. J. O. Weatherill, Pastor. Sunday School 10 a.m.; Service with Holy Communion 11 a.m., subject of Sermon, "The Significance of Easter." Children's service at 7:30 p.m., with special music and short address by the Pastor.

St. Paul's

Corner of Princess Avenue and Chambers Street, Fernwood car line. Rev. Otto G. M. Gerbich, Pastor. Easter services as follows: Preparatory service for Holy Communion, 10:30 a.m.; German service and Holy Communion, 11 a.m.; Sunday School, 2:30 p.m.; English service and Holy Communion, 7:30 p.m.

MISCELLANEOUS

First Church of Christ, Scientist, 935 Pandora Avenue. Services are held on Sundays at 11 a.m. Subject for Sunday, March 23, "Matter." Testimonial meeting every Wednesday at 8 p.m.

Christians gathered to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ meet in Victoria Hall, 1415 Blanchard Street, near Pandora Avenue, as follows: Sunday 11 a.m., Breaking of Bread; 3 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., Gospel Meeting. Tuesday, 8 p.m., Bible reading. Friday, 8 p.m., Prayer meeting.

The Salvation Army Citadel, Broad Street. Public services as follows: Monday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sunday: 7 a.m., Knee Drill; 11 a.m., Holiness Meeting; 2 p.m., Sunday School; 3 p.m., Praise Meeting; 7 p.m., Salvation Meeting. Easter Sunday, Sunrise March at 6:30 a.m. Ensign Macdonald's subject at 11 a.m., "The Risen Christ." Mrs. Macdonald's subject at 7:30 p.m., "Is Christianity Opposed to Progress?"

Progressive Thought meeting in the Princess Theatre on Yates Street, at 8 p.m. Dr. T. W. Butler will speak on "The New Age, its Glories and Revelations." Wednesday evening meeting in the Unitarian Hall, 1230 Government Street, subject, "Astrological Study of Marriage and Business Associates."

First Unitarian Church, 1230 Government Street. Service Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Preacher Franklin Baker, subject, "The Crucifixion and Resurrection of Jesus."

The Psychic Research Society hold their Sunday evening services in the A.O.F. Hall, Broad Street, at 8 o'clock. Mrs. M. Perkins will lecture. Messages at the close. The Children's Progressive Lyceum meets at 2:30 p.m.

Society of Friends, Friends' Hall, Courtney Street, opposite Alexandra Club. The public are cordially invited to services as follows: Sundays, March 23 and 30, meetings for Worship at 11 a.m.; Gospel meetings at 7 p.m. Arthur and Eliza F. Dann, ministering Friends from England, will be present at all above meetings. Wednesday, March 27, at 7:45 p.m., Arthur Dann will give a special address on "What is Quakerism?"

Victoria Christadelphian Ecclesia, Pythian Castle Hall, North Park Street. Sunday School 10 a.m.; meeting for breaking bread and exhortation, 11 a.m.; Bible address 7:30 p.m., subject of address, "The Gospel of the Kingdom, as Proclaimed by Christ and His Apostles."

The Theosophical Society will meet on Sunday at 3 p.m. at 1203-06 Langley Street, opposite Courthouse. Subject, "The Evolution of Consciousness, or Christ, the First Fruits." All welcome. An enquirers' class is held every Friday at 8 p.m.

WE WANT YOUR LISTINGS

HOMESITES

These buys, located in the most popular residential sections of Victoria, are choice.

Waterfrontage, Shoal Bay—Fine beach, etc. size 50 x 210. Property such as this will be very valuable before long. Price, on easy terms, **$2,850**

Foul Bay, Hollywood Crescent and Wildwood Ave.—Size 57 x 107. This is one of the finest lots in this desirable district. Terms: One-third cash, 6, 12, 18 months. Price **$3,000**

Oak Bay, Monterey Ave.—Choice, level lot, 55 x 110, fenced. The biggest snap on the street. Easy terms arranged. Price **$1,750**

Oak Bay, Dunlevy St.—Right on the car line, size 50 x 120. There's big money in this one. Terms over 18 months. Price **$1,700**

Oak Bay, Olympia Ave.—Beautiful lot, covered with oaks, close to car and sea. Price for cash, **$1,875**
On easy terms **$1,800**

OPEN EVENINGS

Mitchell Innes Limited.

809 Government Street Opposite Post Office

Phone 862

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Mount Tolmie Victoria, B. C.

Warden, R. V. Harvey, M.A. Headmaster, J. C. Barnacle, Esq.
Easter term begins January 8. For prospectus, apply to The Bursar.

JOIN Y. M. C. A. NOW!

"Get One" Campaign

Gymnasium, Swimming Pool, Educational Classes, Bible Classes, Comfortable Living Rooms, Reading and Recreation Rooms.

Fees—First year, $12.00; succeeding years, $10.00.

JOIN DURING MARCH

Boeckh's Painters' Brushes

—for paint, varnish, kalsomine, glue, whitewash, stencil, marking, tar, dusting; also BOECKH'S sash tools, etc.

THEY ARE

Honest in value
Reasonable in price
Attractive in finish
Artistic in design
Superior in quality

We also carry Stable Brooms, House Brooms, Scrubbing Brushes and Feather Dusters, and when you have painting to do, see that you get "M.L." PAINTS.

Hickman-Tye Hardware Co.

LIMITED

544-546 Yates Street

Store Phone 59 Office

PEMBERTON ROAD—Beautiful lot, nicely treed, 78 x 140. Price, on easy terms $7800

FAIRFIELD ESTATE—Brook Street, 70 x 120. Price, on easy terms $3600

CORNER of Cook and Oscar, 60 x 120. Price, on easy terms $7000

NORTH PARK ST.—Running through to Grant, 50x137. Price, with terms over 2 years $4500

Foul Bay Road—209 x 142, south of Oak Bay Avenue; nicely treed and well situated for building. Price $10,500; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited

922 GOVERNMENT STREET PHONE 125

View Street Specials

60 x 120, only one hundred and twenty feet east of Douglas Street. Price, per front foot $1350

60 x 120, being the fifth lot east of Blanchard Street, and small cottage producing low rent. Price, per front foot, on easy terms $500

60 x 120, corner of Vancouver Street and new brick building occupied as a garage; well rented on a short lease. Price per front foot, on good terms $666

P. R. BROWN

Phone 1076 Member Victoria Real Estate Exchange 1112 Broad Street. P. O. Box 428

Have You a Copy

Of the Plan of

Douglas Industrial Subdivision

With 600 feet frontage on Douglas, just outside the mile circle. There are 52 lots in the subdivision. More than one-quarter is already sold.

The PRICES are LESS THAN HALF that of similar property.

The terms extend over 3 years. Only 15 per cent cash is required.

See us this morning about these

Lots at $2,350 to $2,800

PEMBERTON & SON

Our Shares Are Dividend Earning

Send for a prospectus today and get in at the dollar price.

Canadian Loan & Mercantile Company, Limited

(Authorized Capital, $250,000) Offices: 207-208-209 Union Bank Building, Victoria, B. C. Phone 3243

Home Building Loans Insurance Real Estate

Open Saturday Afternoons

North Hampshire Road

New bungalow with garage on ¼-acre lot, nicely treed; drawing room, dining room, hall, 2 bedrooms, dressing room, servants' room, kitchen, pantry, bath, full basement, furnace. A complete and comfortable home.

PRICE $5,600

Paul Edmonds

Phone 262 201 Jones Bldg.

Blanchard Street SNAP

Lot, improved with two buildings, just off the new Court House site. Revenue producing, and a great bargain at

$15,000—ON TERMS

BURDETTE PICK-UP, ONLY $310 PER FRONT FOOT

Lot 65x127 just off Blanchard Street. This is a genuine money-maker.

Before investing in property close to this new centre, investigate our list. What is good—we have it.

The Benson Land Co., Ltd.

Associated with

Leonard, Reid & Company

420-1-2 Pemberton Bldg. Phones: 221 and 345

CHOICE OAK BAY LOTS

Beach Drive and Dundas—75 x 110 ..... $3,500
Beach Drive, near Dundas—75 x 120 ..... $3,400
Burdick Ave., near Uplands Road—100 x 120 ..... $4,000

These all have a good view and are below value

Heath & Chaney

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Sayward Block Phone 2964

Apartment House and Home Sites

Cambridge St.—50x104' $3000
Cook St.—122x118 ..... $4000
Crescent Rd.—50x140 ..... $2000
Charlton St.—100x140 ..... $2300
Hamiota St.—50x135 ..... $1575
Longbranch and Deal St.—Corner, 120x111 ..... $6700
Moss St.—50x120 ..... $2500
Quadra St.—Close in, 270x180 $30,000
Cook St.—Close in, 114x120, $14,000
Menzies St.—207x202 ..... $28,000

CHAS. F. CAMPBELL

Phone 3474 1007 Government—Suite 4

Comox

The SIX THOUSAND acres we own in this ideal district in large and small acreages, cleared and uncleared, sea and river frontages, is the pick of the land with the best of transportation facilities assured very shortly.

WE ARE NOW BUSY

Running around with new arrivals. The $500 reward we offered to anyone proving that there was a better spot on Vancouver Island for the farmer or manufacturer has not been claimed or disputed.

Call at our Victoria office for information, but better still, pay us a visit.

BRITISH COLUMBIA INVESTMENTS, LTD.

FARM LANDS SPECIALISTS

Courtenay, V. I., B. C.

PHONE 36.

KINGSTON STREET JAMES BAY

One Block From Parliament Buildings

PRICE $5,250

Terms to arrange

A. von Girsewald

P. O. Box 900 Corner Fort and Quadra Phone 2926

Member Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Buy a Homesite With a View

Glen Avenue, Gonzales—Lot, 60 x 115, overlooking the city and Straits. $350 cash, balance over 27 months $1,250

Glen Avenue—Adjoining the above lot, 60 x 110. $400 cash $1,350

Cowan Avenue, Oak Bay—One of the nicest lots on the street. 50 x 163 ..... $2,000

Maplewood Road—Near Cook Street and with sweeping view, three large lots, on easy terms, for $1,600

Shoal Bay—Near Sunrise Avenue, lot, 84 x 175, nicely treed, well protected, grand view. $1,000 cash. Price $4,000

Exclusive Agents:

Brubaker & Meharey

Phone 3308 Merchants' Bank Building

Bargains in Lots

Two Large Lots, 50x181, on Lurline close to Burnside carline; for the two $1600

Three Lots with 150 feet frontage on St. Anne street, Oak Bay, with view of sea. $1750 will handle, balance 6, 12, 18, 24 months. Price $5400

Four Lots, close to Burnside carline, 114 on Harriett and 218 on Maddock. One-third cash, balance to suit. Price $6300

Grogan & Crook

Phone 1865

128 Pemberton Building

OWN A VIEW LOT IN

Highlands

Ideal Residential Suburb

Prairie people are particularly delighted with the prospect, and inquiries are increasing daily.

Highlands looks right out over Cadboro Bay. You get the full panoramic view of the Straits. Deep, rich soil. Prices TODAY possess the best investment value in Victoria.

Note, $850 and Up

On Very Easy Terms

Benson & Winslow

Phone 2151

1202 Douglas Street

Oak Bay

Beach Drive—Beautiful site for a home, with 145 feet frontage. On terms $10,000

H. S. LOTT & CO.

118 Pemberton Block

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Forbes St.—One lot; terms arranged. Price ... $1350

Corner Haultain and Avebury—One lot; terms arranged. Price $1700

Bay Street, near Fernwood—One lot; ¼ cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Price $2400

Corner Haultain and Victor—One lot; one-third cash, balance 6, 12, 18 months. Price $1800

Connaught St., Victoria—One lot; terms arranged. Price $1500

Newman & Sweeney

Corner Pandora and Broad Sts.

Burdette Avenue

Lot 60 x 120, close to Douglas Street. Terms, $7500 cash; balance 1, 2 and 3 years. Price $30,000

EMPIRE REALTY COMPANY VICTORIA B.C.

641 Fort Street

General Agents British Crown Assurance Co., of London, England

Mr. Invester

ACREAGE—Adjoins tram station; panoramic view, finest soil. Ideal for subdivision or agricultural purposes. Snap price and easiest terms.

Investigate, and you will agree this property is "it."

Wendell Shaw & Co.

232 Pemberton Bldg.

Phone 4447

THE TIME HAS ARRIVED TO BUY IN

Port Angeles

Only good, desirable properties handled. I have some good bargains. See me before buying.

B. S. ODDY

1014 Broad St., Pemberton Block

Established 1890

Victoria Carnival Week, August 4 to 9, 1913.

Farm Near Edmonton, Alberta

640 ACRES

All under cultivation. Good water; fenced; 250 acres ready for crops. Within ¾ mile from town, on main line of C. N. R., and near Edmonton. Value of stock and implements $5700

PRICE, $25,600

One-fourth cash, balance arranged. Would accept Victoria real estate as part payment.

T. H. HORNE

Corner Johnson and Broad Streets Phone 727

George M. Watt

Real Estate.

Room 8, Promis Blk., 1006 Govt. St. P. O. Box 819. Phone 2210.

DALLAS-LINDEN AVENUE

Fine Residence Site, Choice Corner, 53 x 121

This is a corner that cannot be surpassed either for a residential or apartment site. Situate on a corner of Victoria's finest avenue and fronting on an esplanade, the sea-view from which cannot be equalled anywhere. Some of Victoria's finest residences are here, and this is one of the few good sites left.

PRICE $6,250

One-third cash, 6, 12, 18

SNAP

PANDORA STREET

Close to Fort Street, splendid building lot, 55x105, with shack. For immediate sale, price, $1650. Terms easy.

Dalby & Lawson

Exclusive Agents

913 Fort Street

Choice Acreage Metchosin

100 acres, 25 cleared, very little rock. About 10 miles from Victoria.

PRICE, $27,500

$7,500 cash, balance to arrange.

Apartment Site

½ acre in extent; highest part of town; best residential district $25,000

A. Toller & Co.

604 Yates Street

BURDETTE AVENUE

Lot 60 x 120, close to Douglas Street. $7000 cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years. Per front foot $500

R. H. DUCE

Member of Victoria Real Estate Exchange

1242 Douglas St., Belmont Blk. Phone 304—Open Evenings

A. D. Malet & Co.

403-4 Central Bldg.

Real Estate and Investments. Mortgages and Insurance.

CLONMEEN

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

Investigate our blocks of land in this subdivision.

The sizes range from 4 to 21 acres each.

The prices of these blocks are low, thereby affording excellent opportunities to the purchasers.

Call and get a descriptive circular containing plan, description of each lot and price list.

R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Phone 30 — 620 Fort Street — Est. 1890

SMALL HOUSES ON EASY TERMS

Clover Ave.—5 rooms, $650 cash; Price $4700
Wildwood Ave.—6 rooms, $750 cash, Price $5750
Wildwood Ave.—5 rooms, $500 cash, Price $4500
Robertson and Beach—4 rooms, $1350 cash, Price $4000
Beachwood Ave.—5 rooms, $750 cash, Price $4500
Slater St.—5 rooms, $800 cash, Price is $3800
Wilmer St.—5 rooms, $750 cash, Price $4750
Bank St.—5 rooms, $500 cash, Price only $3500

Western Lands Limited

1201 BROAD ST., CORNER OF VIEW

Branch Office, North Douglas Street and Boleskin Road

Small Prices

Rose Street—Two lots, each **$900**

These adjoin lots selling at $1,400 each.

Albina St., close to Burnside car—One lot **$850**

Oliver St., close to Burnside School—One lot **$1,800**

P. R. FLEMING

634 View Street, Phone 2307

Choice Lots

BURNS ST., close to Oak Bay Ave.—45x128 ..... **$1,750**
LINKLEAS AVE.—50x110. Below market **$1,650**
EMPIRE ST, between Bay and Haultain—48x125 .. **$1,900**
McKENZIE ST—55x141; large lot **$3,150**

One-Third Cash, Balance 6, 12, 18 Months

SHAW REAL ESTATE CO.

302 Pemberton Building

PARKSVILLE

REAL ESTATE

HICKEY & THWAITES

Parksville, V. I.

A Crisp Snap

Lot on corner of Dunlevy and Seaview Sts. All in garden and fruit trees. Worth $1,800.

Price $1650

A. W. Bridgman

1007 Government Street
Phone 86

CHOICE CITY PROPERTY

CADBORO BAY—Waterfront, one acre, gentle, grassy slope to sandy beach and small bay; fine spring on property. This is an ideal homesite, or would subdivide to advantage. Price only $8,000

NEWPORT AVENUE—Lot 29, Block 2, 50x110; splendid lot, nicely treed and well surrounded. Price, on easy terms $1,800

McNEIL AVENUE—Three lots, each 60x180, between Boundary Road and Laneel Street. Each, $1,800, or would sell en bloc at, each $1,750

HALL & FLOYER

Agreements For Sale Discounted
Members Victoria Stock Exchange
Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange
Douglas and View Streets
Don't Forget our New Telephone Numbers—4770 and 4771

Kings Road and Victor, double corner, **$3000**

Victor Street, one lot **$1250**

Scott Street, one lot **$1250**

Bay Street, one lot **$1500**

Shakespeare Street, six lots, each **$1200**

Grant & Lineham

Money to Loan — 1603 Douglas St.

Fire Insurance Written

VINING STREET

5-roomed house; fruit trees and garden; lot 50 x 136; rents for $20.00 per month. $600 cash, balance over three years. Price **$4000**

ARTHUR COLES

Rents Collected
Estates Managed
1205 Broad Street

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agent
Life and Accident Insurance

Mortgages and Loans Arranged
Phone 65

FOR SALE

A corner lot on Government Street with good brick building all rented. This is an excellent investment and when present leases run out two years hence, rents will more than double.

A. W. JONES, LTD.

Members of the Victoria Real Estate Exchange
1002 Broad Street — Victoria, B. C.

See Our Large Ad. on Page 8

THE GRIFFITH CO.

Real Estate and Investments—Insurance
Rooms 101-106 Hibben-Bone Bldg., Victoria, B. C. — Phone 1462

MR. WORKING MAN

Here's your chance to own your home.

We have a splendid 5-room, fully modern bungalow of latest design, situated on extra large lot, in high location, close to car line. Price $4,000. About $400 cash, balance $30 per month.

"For Houses of Every Description, See Us"

You'll be satisfied if you buy from

BALLANTINE, JENKINSON & CO.

709 Fort Street — Phone 3415

MONEY

We have some money available for purchase of first-class agreements of sale, or loan on inside property.

Heisterman, Forman & Co.

1210 Broad Street — Established 1864

JUST OFF COOK ST.

Oxford Street—50 x 158. A fine, level, grassy lot. Price .. **$2,350**
One-third cash, 6, 12 and 18 months

Enough said. Everyone who knows the prices of lots in this locality will have to admit that this is a snap.

C. S. WHITING

Member Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Phone 1400 — 502 Broughton Street — P. O. Box 590

We Have the Following Amounts to Loan on Approved Security at Current Rates of Interest:

$500 $1000 $1000 $2000 $2100 $3000 $5000 $6000

Call and ask us for particulars of our new subdivision on CAREY ROAD, close to new Saanich car line. Only a very limited number of half-acre lots, on terms, one-fifth cash, balance over four years.

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE

1206 Government Street — Phone 491

A Money Maker

GRANDVIEW

Cadboro Bay is destined to become the premier homesite district of Victoria city.

It has all the attractive features that go to make such a district without any of the objectionable features. We would recommend that you take enough of your time to investigate.

Grandview is the ideal homesite of this district, and although having the superiority of location, yet we have the lowest prices.

Prices on these homesites are so low that they are sure to be advanced.

BUY NOW BEFORE THE ADVANCE

50 feet frontage, $150 to $200 cash, balance 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months.

We shall be pleased to show you this property.

ADAMS & DILL

Phone R3479
1875 Oak Bay Avenue

Oak Bay Home

Six rooms, full size basement, furnace, exceptionally well finished throughout. The lot is very large and nicely treed. Price **$6,000**
Terms: $1,000 cash, balance $50 a month, including interest.

EAGEL & LINEHAM

212 Union Bank Building — Phone 4630

Hillside Avenue, close to Cedar Hill Road, 4-roomed modern bungalow. Lot 60x125 feet. First payment and terms to be arranged. Price **$5000**

Fred Patton & Co.

Phone L4161 or 3393 — 318 Sayward Block

Gordon Head

Five Acres on Gordon Head Rd., close to Arbutus and Feltham Rds. Small house and partly cleared. Per acre, on long and easy terms **$1750**

R. B. PUNNETT

Rooms 607, 608 and 609 Sayward Block

Phone 1119 — P. O. Box 785

MONTEREY AVE. SOUTH

Lot 3, Block 1, level and dry, 55 x 110. Price **$1,650**
Terms: One-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months

McNEIL STREET

Two lots, facing up Monterey Ave., level and dry, with oak trees. Price, each **$1,600**
Terms: One-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months

Gordon Burdick

620 Broughton St., Pemberton Bldg. Phone 2066

St. Charles Street

Nine-roomed house with lot 121 x 132; good terms. Price **$8000**

City Land Co., Limited

Phone 1675—120 Pemberton Building

W. T. WILLIAMS — A. JOHNS — S. C. THOMSON

BEST BUYS

Humbolt and Burdette

30 ft. on Humboldt, with 42 ft. on Burdette, average depth 128 ft. Easy terms. Price is **$30,000**

Beacon Hill Park

Apartment site. Most ideal site in the city, five minutes from post office. 164 ft. on Heywood, 66 ft. on Rupert, and 164 ft. fronting the park. Easy terms. Price **$25,000**

Beacon Hill Park

Apartment site, 92x156 ft. to a good lane. This property fronts on Douglas, facing the park, with a beautiful and uninterrupted view of the sea. Is only half a block from the car. Easy terms. Price is **$13,000**

I can offer these properties at the above tempting prices for a quick sale. Agents are specially invited to make comparisons as to prices asked for surrounding properties.

Charles G. Guy

1007 Government Street
Phone 2967

The Vancouver Island Twin Cities

Of

Port Alberni

And

Alberni

Are situated in the centre of an enormously rich country, 50 x 200 miles long, with a fresh-water opening to the ocean and harbor.

It is announced that the Monteagle will land there this Summer.

LISTINGS WANTED

ALBERNI INVESTMENTS LIMITED

212 Sayward Bldg. — Phone 2444

New Car Line

Haultain Street

Double Corner, Haultain and Cecil, 100 x 110. Price **$3800**

Corner Haultain and Avebury, 129 x 50. Price **$2350**

Haultain Street, next to Shelbourne Street. Price .....

McPherson & F...

616 View Street — Phone ...

ADV...

LOOK HERE

129 feet on Haultain Street, by 50 feet on Avebury Street, is good buying at **$2350**

Terms, 1-3 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

INSURANCE WRITTEN

Cameron Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.

Phone 3760 — 618 Trounce Ave.

What Everyone Wants

A PERFECT HOME AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO BUY IT —HERE ARE BOTH

A 10-roomed finely built and absolutely modern house in the best district on two full sized, nicely treed lots (three may be obtained) with 100 feet frontage. The inside of the house is artistically and conveniently finished, the rooms are large and spacious, more especially the reception room; there is also a Chinaman's room and a garage in the basement. The house is supplied with gas from its own plant and heated by radiators and fireplaces. Price only ..$16,000 Terms Satisfactorily Arranged.

Bell & Marshall

306 JONES BLOCK

Phone 1743 — Res. 1427

JAPAN'S ADVANCE IN TRADE OF THE PACIFIC

Gradually Forcing Her Way Into a Possible Monopoly—Views of Prominent Australian Observer.

Mr. G. C. Wade, leader of the Liberal party, recently returned to Sydney, Australia from the Philipines, China, Singapore and Japan. The common feature in the Eastern countries, said Mr. Wade in an interview, which at once impressed the visitor from Australia was the great congestion of population. The great proportion of these people were engaged in agricultural pursuits, which necessitated continuous toil, long hours during the greater part of the year and small returns when the harvest accounts are worked out. Wages were low and such things as millionaires were practically unknown. Among the native population £1 went quite as far as £3 or £4 in Australia. It shocked one's sense of decency to hear that laborers were paid something like the equivalent of 10d per day, but it should be borne in mind that the cost of keeping that man and his family would be about £30 a year.

Mr. Wade remarked on the fact that Japan was gradually forcing her way into a possible monopoly of the trade of the Pacific. Her mercantile marine had enormously increased of late years and shipping enterprise was heavily subsidized by a paternal government. The influence of Japan wes severely undermining Great Britain's share in the China trade and was severely competing with English companies in the Indian trade. Her cotton industry had shown wonderful expansion in the last few years and the figures for the last twelve months showed that Japan had to a great extent superseded Great Britain in the importation of cotton goods of the Philipines. Japan now completely supplies the Philipines' wants in respect of coal and traded with Hongkong and Singapore, which ports a few years ago were almost entirely supplied from the coal mines of Australia. The only avenues of trade now open to the Commonwealth seemed to be in primary products, such as meat, butter, wheat and flour. Whilst there were possibilities for Australia, there were competitors in all the eastern countries who could not be treated lightly, and it was only by up-to-date methods that we could hope to increase the volume of business or to maintain a permanent trade.

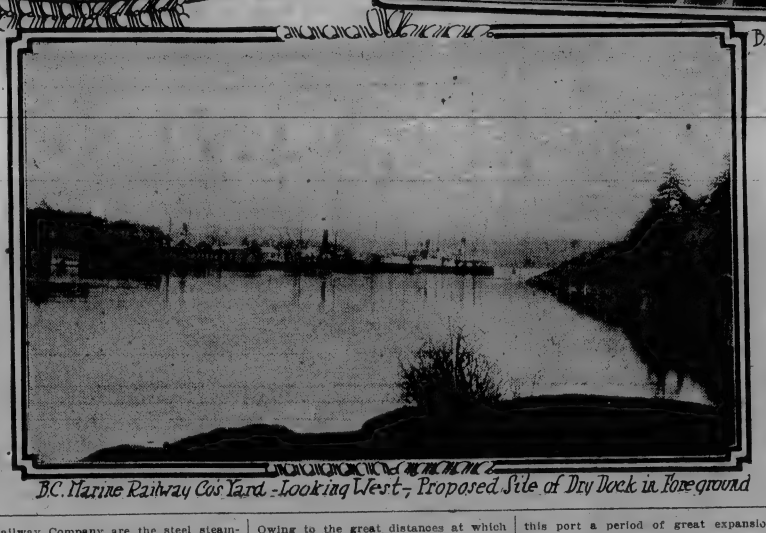
Mr. Wade noticed very keen feeling in Japan in regard to what was called the policy of the Commonwealth of excluding Japanese from our shores. There was much misunderstanding on this subjcet among even the most reasonably-minded men, who seemed to feel that their national dignity had been attacked in a tender spot. He thought he was correct in saying that the resentment shown was more at the method adopted by certain people in Australia, such as contemptuous allusions to Japan and the Japanese nation, rather than to the actual policy of a white Australia. He did not find any marked indications of a desire to take possession of any part of this continent. The country was now feeling the effect of the recent war, and the people were inclined to protest against the heavy burden of taxation, and there was a strong body of opinion now in existence, and growing, which was desirous of calling a halt in military expansion and devoting time to commercial pursuits and reduce taxation. One thing to impress the stranger was the intense belief in the power of Japan, the unswerving loyalty of the people to the Mikado, and the conviction that Japan was destined to occupy a still more important position among the nations of the world.

Look for Security in Real Estate—The security is the first point to consider in buying vacant or unimproved real estate. One should buy as close to the heart of any great city as possible. Any property you invest in should answer the following questions: First, the property should be within the city limits, to quickly get the benefits of improvements, sidewalks, paved streets, etc.; second, close to a carline; third, not at inflated value, but at first low prices from a title holder; fourth, located in the path of a growing city, where you are sure the population will extend to and pass clear around you; then your property will be in keen demand by others. Good soil is very essential; for many a dollar you will save by a few pleasant hours spent in the garden. There is no property on the market today that answers these questions better than Hillside Addition. There are about 30 lots at $1,000 each, near Hillside Ave. carline, on the 1¾ circle. The terms are 1-8 cash and the balance on easy terms over 2½ years. The sole agent for this property is A. D. Malet & Company, suites 403-404 Central Building, Victoria, B. C. Their office will be open Easter Monday until 1 p.m.

Port Facilities Shown at Both City of Victoria and at Esquimalt

S.S. Salvor Towing Oil Ship Roma into B.C. Marine Railway Co's Yard

B.C. Marine Railway Co's Yard



B.C. Marine Railway Co's Yard.—Looking West.—Proposed Site of Dry Dock in Foreground

UPBUILDING OF A GREAT PORT

Continued From Page 1

bor accommodation at Victoria is now well under way; and when it is mentioned in passing that the total expenditure will involve an ultimate outlay of upwards of $4,000,000, it will be admitted that the scheme is on very comprehensive lines.

For all practical purposes, the harbors of Victoria and Esquimalt are one. But the latter is at present at an apparent disadvantage in that it is situated some little distance from the commercial section, and because of that fact, does not furnish the dockage facilities which are essential to this city. But here, as in everything else, the law of compensation is at work, and a little examination shows that Esquimalt occupies a position of exceptional promise, not only from its natural advantages as a port, but because it posseses the foundations of what will undoubtedly prove one of the most important shipbuilding industries in the Dominion of Canada.

It will come somewhat in the nature of a revelation even to Victorians who assume to be well-informed as to local conditions to learn the actual facts relative to the present position of affairs at Esquimalt in connection with the business of the B. C. Marine Railway Company. A Colonist reporter yesterday paid a visit of inspection to the works and plant of the company and learned, for instance, that a staff of from 500 to 600 men are constantly at work. The whole scene is one of great activity and animation.

B. C. Marine Railway Co.

Established in 1893 by Messrs. Bullen Bros., the B. C. Marine Railway Company has through many "lean" years and under adverse conditions, which might well have dismayed men of less mettle, stuck bravely to the work of laying the foundations of a shipbuilding industry on the British Pacific Coast; and one has only to use one's eyes and to hear from the lips of the men in charge of the works at present something of the extent of the plant and the scope of the undertaking, to realize that here in our midst there is already in existence not only a very considerable commercial enterprise, but an undertaking which gives every promise of developing into a great national industry.

The Marine Railway is capable of docking vessels up to 330 feet in length. There are in addition two building slips capable of holding craft up to 700 feet in length; and there is ample room for more expansion as business develops. The plant is most complete in the sense that there is everything here which has to do with the building and repairing of ships. There are machine and boiler shops, iron and brass founderies, carpenter, joiner, blacksmith, coppersmith and plate shops, painters' shop and a woodturning shop in all its branches. There are complete plants for electric welding, also oxyo-acetylene welding and cutting and a complete up-to-date pneumatic and hydraulic plant. There are shear legs capable of lifting weights up to ninety tons. There are three wharves, and jetties and piers, capable of berthing the largest ocean liners. There is a cofferdam also, which was originally built to replace the stern frame of the steamship Moana of the Canadian-Australian Steamship Company some six years ago. This cofferdam is capable of lifting the bow or stern of a ship for repair purposes up to 10,000 tons capacity.

Fine Business Record.

Amongst a few of the vessels which have been built by the B. C. Marine Railway Company are the steel steamers Princess Maquinna (now approaching completion) and Nanoose, for the C. P. R.; the twin-screw steamer Lillooet and the quarantine tender Madre for the Dominion Government. There were also constructed the steamers Princess Royal and Princess Beatrice for the C. P. R. This company has also effected very extensive repair jobes. Notable amongst jobs of this class was the work of repairing H. M. S. Amphion and H. M. S. Flora. The latter it will be remembered ran ashore on Village Point and suffered most serious damage, which necessitated practically the renewal of the whole bottom. When the Flora was docked by the Admiralty for inspection it was at first thought it would be necessary to send experts from England to effect the repairs. However, the contract was eventually given to the B. C. Marine Railway Company and the work was carried through with the greatest satisfaction in a much shorter time than was anticipated. The company as a consequence received a most congratulatory letter from the Admiralty, complimenting them on the efficiency and dispatch which had been shown.

The general efficiency of the fine plant possessed by the company has been a great factor in drawing business from every port on the Pacific Coast; and with the proposed additions to the existing facilities of a modern and up-to-date dry dock, the possibilities of increased business are hard to realize.

The port of Esquimalt also possesses in the B. C. Salvage Company an asset of decided value. This company, whose fame is known in every port washed by the waters of the Pacific, was established in 1900. The plant at present consists of the steamship Salvor, the ocean-going tug Wm. Jolliffe, the steamer Maude, the barge Isabel and two shallow-draft barges, equipped with heavy lifting gear.

Salvor a Floating Salvage Base.

The Salvor, being the principal vessel employed, is equipped with the most modern salvage plant. Her pumping capacity, for instance, is 10,000 tons per hour. She is equipped with a powerful wireless telegraphy plant. There are steam and gasoline pumps, anchors and chains for heaving off gear, pneumatic tools, air compressors which enable five divers to work at one time, air being supplied either by hand or steam; punching and shaving machinos. Owing to the great distances at which this vessel is compelled to work, her radius being some 6,000 miles of coast line, she is self-contained, she hereself forming her own base. The crew consists of deck officers, engineers, divers and skilled seamen—sixty in all.

As an illustration of her capabilities, it may be mentioned that the Salvor has recently returned from Panama, where she executed successfully one of the most difficult and strenuous jobs in the history of salvage work. Possessing at this port facilities of this sort is a great safeguard to the interests of the owners and underwriters; and it has also a material effect in reducing the premiums which have yearly to be paid to the underwriters of the vessels operating in these waters. These salvage vessels are available at a moment's notice, night or day. The Salvor has to her credit eminent success in difficult operations numbering no less than eighty.

Aside from dockage accommodation at the port of Victoria the existing facilities which are essential to the maintenance of supremacy are capable of expansion in three specific particulars—a large drydock of the most modern type, capable of accommodating the largest steamship afloat, increased shipbuilding capacity and coal bunkers. And it is reassuring to be told that in each of these directions the outlook is most promising for some concrete results.

Drydock; Shipbuilding; Coal Bunkers.

In regard to the drydock, it is well known that a local company has had the project in hand for some time, the site being a magnificent natural one at Lang's Cove, Esquimalt Harbor. The scheme for the erection of this big dock has, it is understood, matured to the point where only details have to be arranged; and with the completion of this huge national enterprise the position of this port as a factor in the shipping of the North Pacific will have been immeasurably increased.

Colonist readers will remember also that only recently the shipbuilding interests of the Dominion had a very favorable reception at the hands of the Federal Government to representations looking to more generous treatment for this industry which is struggling against great odds—odds which it is universally admitted are unfair and which are easily capable of removal. The belief is held in well-informed circles that very shortly the handicap complained of will have been removed; and then there will be ushered in at this port a period of great expansion in the shipbuilding industry.

In regard to the feasibility of the establishment of coal bunkers, it has long been argued by the "men who go down to the sea in ships, and who are therefore competent to express an authoritative opinion, that nothing could better be calculated to enhance the importance of this port than the establishment of the facilities mentioned. It need only be mentioned that the coal on Vancouver Island is far superior for steam-producing purposes than that at Sound ports to have understood the importance of this matter. As matters stand at present this is the situation. Masters of all the shipping plying to Sound ports would infinitely prefer loading their bunkers with Vancouver Island coal. Some of them do, indeed, insist upon doing so; but in order to get this superior fuel a long detour from the Sound to Ladysmith, Nanaimo, or Comox is necessary. In very many instances this side trip, which occupies considerable time, and additional expense in pilotage dues, are sufficient to deter the owners from taking on Island coal. But with bunkers established at Esquimalt, the proximity of that harbor to their route would bring about an entire change in the situation. That the establishment of coal bunkers here cannot be long delayed is admitted on all sides.

Foremost Port in All Canada.

Victoria is the foremost port in all Canada. This sounds like a rather large statement but the statistics prove that it is correct. The total for the month of December, 1912, was 845 vessels with a tonnage of 665,261 tons of foreign and coast-wise shipping. Take the figures for the nine months of the fiscal year. They are as follows:

Foreign—	Vessels.	Tonnage.
In	1,525	1,465,974
Out	1,401	1,482,704
Total	2,926	2,948,678
Coastwise—		
In	2,698	1,938,536
Out	2,855	1,767,852
Total	5,553	3,706,188

The figures for three-quarters of the year are close on the heels of the whole previous fiscal year, and when a comparison is made with so modern a date as the twelve months from April 1, 1909, to March 31, 1910, it will be seen that the record has been far surpassed. For the latter complete year, which itself was far in advance of any former year, the grand total showed 7,254 vessels and 4,826,769 tons. It is also a fact that Victoria's port business exceeds that of any port on the North Pacific.

Big Foreign Trade.

The foreign steamship arrivals and departures of Victoria as shown in the returns published October 18, 1912, showed a total of 1,957 vessels of 1,929,911 tons, in addition to 3,780 coastwise arrivals and departures of 2,519,266 tons, a total of 5,747 vessels of 4,449,177 tons—exceed in number those of all the United States ports of the Pacific Coast.

The foreign trade of Victoria during the first six months of last year exceeded that of San Francisco for the first seven months of the year by 749,974 tons. The figures published by the United States customs for the first seven months show the foreign trade of San Francisco as: Arrivals, 522,851 tons; departures, 617,086, a total of 1,179,937, as compared with 1,929,911 tons for the six months at Victoria.

In fact, the tonnage in and out in the foreign trade alone at Victoria is over a third of the total tonnage at all United States ports on the North Pacific. The returns for the first seven months of last year for the North Pacific ports of entry in the San Francisco, Portland and Puget Sound customs districts show: Arrivals, 2,690,716; departures, 2,793,010; a total of 5,483,726 tons.

The returns for Seattle, Tacoma, Port Townsend and all other Puget Sound ports are collected in the returns of the Puget Sound district, the total for the first seven months of last year showing the combined ports of the Puget Sound as having: Entries, 1,524,027 tons; clearances, 1,638,534 tons, a total for the whole district for seven months of 3,162,861 tons. In the Portland-Astoria districts the arrivals totaled 69,055 tons, and departures 137,466 tons, a total of 206,521 tons, less than a ninth of the total of Victoria's foreign shipping for six months.

The Comparisons.

The comparisons which follows are illuminative:

Entered—	Six Months.
Victoria	967,537 tons.
	Seven Months.
San Francisco	522,851 tons.
Puget Sound ports	544,827 tons.
Portland-Astoria	69,055 tons.
Cleared—	Six Months.
Victoria	962,374 tons.
Puget Sound ports	1,638,534 tons.
Portland-Astoria	137,466 tons.

The increases made at the United States ports are smaller than these made here within the past few years. In 1909-10 the number of foreign arrivals was 995 for the whole year, with tonnage of 1,235,534 tons, and departures 988, with tonnage of 1,376,968 tons. In the space of three years these figures have more than doubled, as indicated by the returns for six months, approximating the total for the whole year of 1909-10. The total number of ships in and out and tonnage for the years shows plainly the advances made, as follows:

	Vessels.	Tons.
1909-10	7,254	4,826,729
1910-11	8,475	5,673,697
1911-12	9,776	7,207,274
Last six months	5,747	4,449,177

With larger steamers being added shortly by the regular lines plying here, notably the R. M. S. Empresses of Russia and Asia, steamer Niagara, Ixion, of the Blue Funnel, and other similar vessels, and the coming of new lines, including the Danish East Asiatic from Copenhagen, and others in pros-

Continued on Page 15, Col. 5.

WONDERS OF DEEP SHOWN IN PARIS

Prince Albert Among the Lecturers at Finest Oceanographic Museum in World—Devotes Time to Study.

PARIS, March 22.—Parisians are the most lecture-going people in the world, and the lectures which are the sensation of Paris this month are those which deal with the mysteries of the sea.

Paris has now the finest and best-equipped oceanographic museum in the world. Here, in a most magnificent lecture hall, addresses on the deep sea and its inhabitants are now riveting the attention of studious and fascinated audiences. The lectures are usually at 9 o'clock in the evening. Two hours before they begin there is not a place to be had. There is no such thing as standing room, for when all the seats are occupied no more people are allowed to enter the hall. The lectures are free.

The magic lantern and the cinematograph are pressed into the lecturer's service and seats are arranged in semi-circles and so raised that all can see. The lecturers are mostly from the Sorbonne, but the most popular lecturer of them all is Prince Albert of Monaco, who just now is one of the idols of Paris. Whenever this princely oceanographist is announced for a lecture, the poorer holders of tickets seel their right of admission for a handsome price. And the demand is enormous.

The museum is situated near the Odeon Theatre, in the neighborhood of the schools and in the very heart of the Latin quarter. The founder of it and of its sister institution at Monte Carlo is Prince Albert, who has devoted his whole life to the study of oceanography. For the study of the sea he has fitted out two yachts; he has lectured in all the great capitals of Europe; he has interested governments; he has established two great museums and he has conquered the depths of the ocean.

At first France was slow, for some inexplicable reason, to take up oceanography. Thanks to the perseverance and generosity of the Prince, she has fitted out several ships for oceanographic studies. The last time Prince Albert gave a course of lectures here, former President Loubet and many members of the government occupied places on the platform.

Prince Albert's donation in money toward the Oceanographic Museum in Paris is the princely sum of $800,000. He gives this generous gift in recognition of the hospitality with which France, and especially Paris, receives all thinkers. Large as is this gift, it is small in comparison with the other things for which the Paris museum is indebted to the Prince of Monaco, and for which he has drawn freely upon his unrivaled collection at Monte Carlo.

At the peril of his life Prince Albert has persevered for more than a quarter of a century until he has at length succeeded in giving samples of the life that exists in all sea depths—even as far below the surface of the ocean as 18,000 feet.

TOM THUMB REPUBLIC IS NEWEST COUNTRY

Although Latest Addition Is Made It Is Tiniest—Recently Came Into Existence.

LONDON—March 17.—The newest of all European countries is far and away the tiniest. Its name is Mount Athos, and it only came into existence a week or two ago, when the ambassadors of the Powers decided that, however else the Balkan question is settlement, Mount Athos is to be an independent holy republic.

It is a mountain twice as high as Ben Nevis, near Salonike, and is certainly unique among the countries of Europe in the fact that no woman has set foot in it for five centuries. When, some years ago, the queen of Roumania announced her intention of visiting it, the rulers of the holy mountain threatened to commit suicide if she persisted.

The new republic, which has a little seacoast of its own, holds another record. It is the only state in Europe whose national income is obtained solely by selling crucifixes, rosaries, amulets and similar holy objects. As Mount Athos contains 21 monasteries, the export is quite a large one.

The least known of the other pocket countries of Europe is San Marino, in the heart of Italy. It also is a mountain, surrounded on three sides by perpendicular cliffs. It possesses nearly 100 castles with an army of about one man to each castle. The last time San Marino was at war was when one general and 23 men solemnly marched off to assist Napoleon, who received them with full military honors.

A little principality in Austria, Liechtenstein, has nominally been at war with Prussia ever since 1866. At any rate, peace has never been made.

Frederick Laycock, an old-timer of the Kootenay District, has been appointed collector of customs at Prince

A.D. MALET & C. REAL ESTATE

You Will Eventually Buy a Lot

In HILLSIDE ADDITION, Inside the City Limits, 3 Blocks From the Carline

WHY NOT NOW At First Prices. $1000 Per Lot; Terms, One-Eighth One-Quarter Cash—Balance Over Two and a [illegible]

A. D. MALET & COMPANY

Suite 403-4 Central Building

KARLUK ARRIVES HERE TO OUTFIT

Arctic Vessel Steams Into Esquimalt Harbor After Six Days' Passage From Golden Gate.

NAVAL AUTHORITIES TAKE OVER VESSEL

Stefansson Expects to Reach Banks Land in August—Leaves Victoria for North in June.

Unheralded and without official welcome, the Arctic steam whaler Karluk, in which the explorer Stefansson contemplates making his voyage to regions within the Arctic Circle, after a rough passage up the Coast from San Francisco, arrived in Esquimalt Harbor early on Saturday morning, and Captain Pedersen, her commander, is now awaiting official instructions from Ottawa as to the course he is to pursue in outfitting the vessel for her three years' cruise in exploration work in the Far North.

The outfitting of the vessel will be taken in hand by the Naval Department, and until the staunch whaler is ready to sail, early in June, she will be berthed alongside the cruiser Rainbow at the Esquimalt wharf. At present she is tied up at the Government buoy, but it is understood that she will be shifted over to the wharf on Monday, when the work of outfitting her will be started in earnest.

Six Days Coming North

The Karluk was six days steaming up from the Golden Gate, and, although she was buffeted by head seas during the greater part of the run, the average speed maintained was eight knots. Although Captain C. T. Pedersen is practically a stranger to British Columbia inland waters, he brought his vessel safely to anchor without the assistance of a pilot, and was securely moored within the shelter of the harbor before it was officially known that she had arrived. It was even reported in supposedly well informed circles that the Karluk was due many hours after she was berthed alongside the Esquimalt buoy.

Staunchly Built

The Karluk is a trim auxiliary craft of 322 gross and 247 net tons register. She was built in 1884 to the order of the Alaska Commercial Company, of San Francisco, and for the past twenty-two years has been engaged in the whaling trade in Alaskan waters. Her hull, which is said to be as sound as when she was built, is constructed of selected pine, which is in turn sheathed with iron bark. She was purchased by Stefansson on the advice of Captain Pederson, who inspected three vessels at San Francisco last January before deciding that the Karluk was the vessel most adapted for the rough usage she will be subjected to when cruising among the ice-floes in the Arctic. Stefansson engaged Captain Pedersen for a period of four years, and, pending the arrival of the explorer from Europe, he will take his instructions from Dr. R. M. Anderson, second in command of the expedition, who is now in New York purchasing scientific instruments and other equipment that will be needed for observation work in the undiscovered territory in the North.

Spent Years in Arctic

Captain Pedersen, who is a typical seafaring man, is well qualified to have command of a ship making a voyage of this kind to the Arctic. During the greater part of his sea career he has been engaged in the whaling business in Alaskan waters, his last vessel being the Elvira, in which he came south last fall. Captain Pederson frequently came in contact with the explorer Stefansson when the latter was in the Arctic in 1909. In August of that year Stefansson made a trip with Pederson aboard the vessel Challenger to Herschel Island from a point fifty miles distant. Stefansson will be amid familiar surroundings when he boards the whaler Karluk. According to Captain Pedersen, the explorer in August, 1909, took advantage of the offer of Captain Cotter, then in command, to convey him from Herschel Island to Boat Island, which is abreast of Banks Land, in the Emerson Gulf. When seen upon his arrival, Captain Pederson stated that the expedition expected to get away from Esquimalt during the latter part of May or the first week in June, and, after calling at Dutch Harbor, Alaska, for coal, the vessel will be headed for Point Barrow, the most northerly point in Alaska.

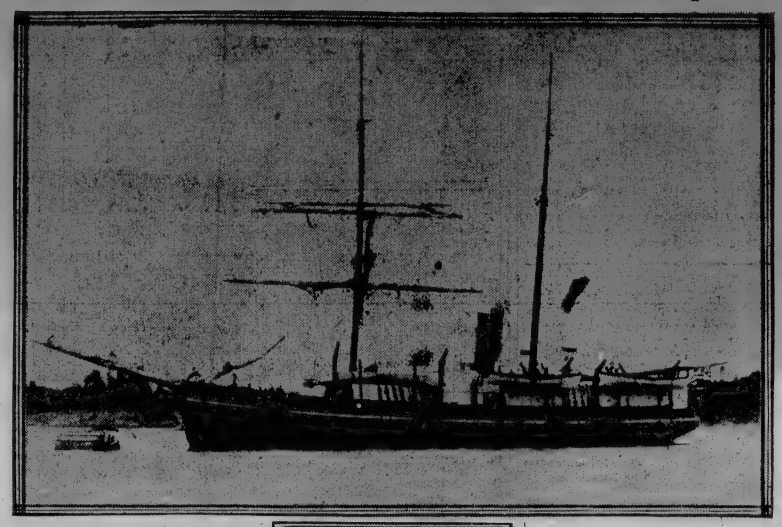
Banks Land, August 15

Stefansson plans to reach Banks Land about August 15, providing the ice has broken up sufficiently to allow the vessel to proceed. The first of three expeditions will be landed on Banks Land, and as soon as Winter headquarters have been established, the Karluk will return to Esquimalt, arriving about October 20. She will lay up here for the Winter, and after loading up with supplies, will again leave for Stefansson's base. The return trip will be repeated the following year unless the explorer changes his plans. The expedition expects to return to civilization in 1916.

Supplies Needed for Trip

In addition to the scientific outfit now being collected by Dr. Stefansson and Dr. Anderson, the Karluk will carry supplies for one year. The same outfit carried North on the first voyage will be duplicated each succeeding year. Approximately 300 tons of supplies will

Arctic Exploration Ship Karluk and Her Captain



CAPT. C. T. PEDERSEN

be taken on before the vessel leaves with the exploration party on board. Fully loaded, she is capable of handling 450 tons. The big item will be coal, 175 tons of fuel being taken from Esquimalt. Requisitions for 100 tons of provisions have been sent in to the Naval Department at Ottawa.

Captain Pedersen is the authority for the following approximate amount of supplies that will be taken North on the initial voyage: flour, 1,000 sacks; pilot, 5 tons; salt beef, 30 barrels; salt pork, 10 barrels; beans, 1 ton; rice, 1 ton; sugar, 3 tons. Smaller shipment will include 20 cases of assorted table foods; 20 cases vegetables; 20 cases of tomatoes, 100 pounds of evaporated onions, 400 pounds of dried potatoes, 50 boxes fresh potatoes, 10 crates of fresh onions; 20 dozen cases of corned beef; 20 dozen cases of roast beef, 20 dozen cases of sausage meat, and 25 cases of condensed milk.

Furs necessary for the cold regions will be secured from the northern natives and made into clothing by the natives with materials taken North by the vessel. To enable him to make extended journeys into the interior Stefansson will take along about 150 Russian dogs. These hardy animals will be purchased when passing through the Bering Straits.

TIDE TABLES OF VICTORIA

March, 1913.

The times at which the tides rise and fall at Victoria and their height are as follows:

Date	Time Ht.	Time Ht.	Time Ht.	Time Ht.
	H. H. FT	H. M. FT	H. M. FT	H. M. FT
16	.....	5.44 9.0	.....	16.17 1.8
17	.....	0.39 8.9	.....	17.09 1.5
18	4.06 8.4	5.03 8.4	7.51 5.6	18.07 1.4
19	3.51 8.0	6.24 7.7	10.39 5.2	18.58 1.5
20	3.32 7.7	7.18 6.8	13.15 5.0	19.38 1.9
21	2.40 7.7	8.08 6.8	13.28 7.9	20.22 2.5
22	2.57 7.8	8.52 6.7	14.36 7.7	21.04 3.4
23	3.16 8.0	9.37 6.7	15.44 7.4	21.48 4.3
24	3.36 8.2	10.23 6.9	16.58 7.2	22.21 5.4
25	3.57 8.3	11.14 7.2	18.26 7.0	23.00 6.3
26	4.17 8.3	12.11 7.5	22.06 7.2	23.10 7.2
27	4.25 8.3	13.09 7.8	.....	.....
28	.....	4.09 8.4	14.06 7.7	.....
29	.....	3.48 8.4	15.02 7.6	.....
30	1.48 8.5	.....	15.57 7.2	.....
31	2.18 8.5	.....	16.51 7.6	.....

The time used is Pacific Standard, for the 120th Meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water.

The height is in feet and tenths of a foot, above the average level of the lowest low water in each month of the year.

Esquimalt—To find the depth of the water on the sill of the drydock at any tide, add 10.0 feet to the height of high water as given above.

UPBUILDING OF A GREAT PORT

Continued From Page 14.

pect, the second half of the present fiscal year will see much larger advances in the monthly returns, and the total for the year will be over 12,000 vessels, exceeding ten million tons.

Coastwise Tonnage.

The coastwise tonnage for the past three years is as follows:

	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
Vessels arriving	2,036	3,103	3,457
Tonnage	1,222,890	1,472,417	1,808,122
Vessels depart	2,635	3,123	3,487
Tonnage	991,327	1,118,529	1,876,301

Tonnage for the past three years is as follows, arriving and departing at the Outer Harbor:

	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
Vessels arriving	995	1,142	1,457
Tonnage	1,236,584	1,322,890	1,874,102
Vessels depart	988	1,107	1,377
Tonnage	1,376,968	1,759,801	1,748,749

Customs Revenue.

The customs revenue for the twelve months ending December, 1912, as given by Custom Collector J. C. Newbery:

	1912.
January	$142,471.53
February	177,271.39
March	199,420.63
April	227,117.17
May	205,529.59
June	192,320.26
July	203,403.01
August	216,525.84
September	243,121.44
October	255,875.05
November	242,661.91
December	213,931.76
Total	$2,519,440.53

Street Car Traffic.

The increase in street car traffic in Victoria during 1912 is illustrative as it shows how the population is increasing. The returns exceed the ten million mark for the first time in the British Columbia Electric Company, Ltd., to be exact the number of passengers carried during the twelve months just ended aggregated in number 10,971,154 compared with 8,227,233 for the previous year and 5,440,999 in 1910 as compared with 1911. The increase this year was 2,743,946 or 34 per cent.

The increase over 1910 was 5,530,155 or no less than 100 per cent, a truly remarkable increase in two years. The year 1913 was also remarkable in that for the time the monthly returns began to run over the mark, both the November and December passenger traffic reaching seven figures. The monthly figures compared with the corresponding months a year ago are given below:

	1912.	1911.
January	849,012	546,029
February	757,310	522,990
March	823,337	584,250
April	813,223	576,742
May	848,937	701,495
June	879,524	689,160
July	976,598	758,694
August	978,289	773,935
September	967,186	776,943
October	887,729	756,824
November	1,021,847	731,755
December	1,068,162	809,109
Total	10,971,154	8,227,233

Civic Growth and Progress.

The following statistics relative to the growth and progress of the city of Victoria, B. C., are compiled from various sources and may be taken as approximately correct. The bank clearings in 1912 reflected the general increase in the material prosperity of the city. The comparative figures for 1911 and 1912, month by month, are as follows:

	1912.	1911.
January	$11,902,519	$9,013,716
February	12,610,627	9,978,931
March	13,246,577	12,358,320
April	14,683,203	11,893,804
May	14,814,154	12,870,525
June	14,775,923	11,631,784
July	17,067,927	11,554,631
August	16,254,589	11,394,981
September	15,276,380	9,652,304
October	17,772,643	11,527,732
November	18,119,381	12,869,885
December	17,030,315	11,753,343
Total	$183,544,238	$136,099,916

Building Permits.

The building permits issued in Victoria during 1912 amounted to the total value which gives an increase of no less than 100 per cent over 1911, showing that the building activity of the city was just doubled.

When reference is made to Victoria the city proper is spoken of. The grand total of Greater Victoria is shown to be $10,666,206 compared with $5,000,000 a year ago; or more than 100 per cent. Figures for the greater city have been compiled as follows:

City proper	$8,182,155
Oak Bay	1,138,051
Saanich	985,000
Esquimalt	361,000
Total	$10,666,206

Comparing of monthly building permit figures for the city proper for the two past years is as follows:

	1912.	1911.
January	$319,885	$151,445
February	1,671,070	132,910
March	801,770	279,915
April	514,850	280,110
May	662,165	280,110
June	617,860	250,800
July	703,840	335,375
August	430,315	429,900
September	374,195	406,206
October	387,315	563,125
November	788,500	676,625
December	726,855	242,350

The Victoria city assessment for the past three years is as follows: 1910, $45,060,000; 1911, $60,007,985; 1912, $85,764,130.

PRINCE RUPERT READY TO SAIL

Grand Trunk Pacific Steamer Will Resume Northern Run Wednesday—Prince George Will Precede Her on Monday.

In view of the heavy passenger traffic offering between Victoria and Prince Rupert, the steamer Prince Rupert, Captain Duncan Mackenzie, of the Grand Trunk Pacific fleet, will re-enter the Northern service a week earlier than the new Summer schedule calls for.

Throughout the Summer months, the crack three-funneled steamers, Prince George and Prince Rupert, will maintain a fast schedule, the former running as far north as Stewart and the latter to Granby Bay. An additional service will be maintained between this port and the Queen Charlotte Islands, the steamers Prince John and Prince Albert taking alternate weekly sailings. In this service the Prince Albert will leave Victoria April 3, and she will be followed by the Prince John, which will shortly be sent south from the G. T. P. northern terminal.

On Wednesday next, at 10 a. m., the Prince Rupert will clear the inner Harbor for Seattle, and will sail northbound, from Victoria, at 10 a. m. on Thursday, for Prince Rupert, not making the run to Granby Bay on this particular voyage.

The big passenger steamer was floated from the Esquimalt drydock yesterday afternoon and brought around to the G. T. P. Docks, where she is now having the finishing touches put to her before leaving northbound.

The steamship Prince George, Captain Donaldson, will reach Victoria early this morning on her voyage from Prince Rupert via Vancouver. She will clear for Seattle at 10 a. m., and will sail again on her northbound trip tomorrow morning. On her next voyage the Prince George will go to Stewart.

COLONIST SHIPPING GUIDE

Ocean Steamships To Arrive

Shidzuoka Maru, from Orient .. March 27
Montenglo, from Orient.....March 30
Marama, from Australia.....April 1
Statesman, from Liverpool.....April 2
Kentra, from New York.....April 2
Canada Maru, from Orient.....April 4
Harpagus, from Australia.....April 9
Tamba Maru, from Orient.....April 10
Titan, from Liverpool.....April 12
Tacoma Maru, from Orient.....April 13
Awa Maru, from Orient.....April 24
Historian, from Liverpool.....April 24
Empress of India, from Orient.....April 27
Makura, from Australia.....April 29
Panama Maru, from Orient.....May 2
Sado Maru, from Orient.....May 8
Protesilaus, from Liverpool.....May 9
Sithonia, from Hamburg.....May 12
Crown of Galicia, from Liverpool...May 15
Yokohama Maru, from Orient*.....May 21
Flintshire, from Europe.....May 27
Niagara, from Australia.....May 27
Arabian, from London.....May 31
Sanuki Maru, from Orient.....June 4
Teucer, from Liverpool.....June 7
Empress of Russia, from Liverpool...June 9
Falls of Orchy, from Europe.....June 11
Shidzuoka Maru, from Orient .....June 18
Civilian, from Liverpool.....June 19
Ajax, from Orient.....June 27
Talthybius, from Liverpool.....July 6
Craftsman, from Liverpool.....July 17
Bellerophon, from Orient.....August 3
Crown of Toledo, from Liverpool....Aug. 7
Monmouthshire, from Europe.....Aug. 12
Empress of Asia, from Liverpool...Aug. 30

To Sail

Inaba Maru, for Orient.....March 25
Chicago Maru, for Orient.....April 1
Shidzuoka Maru, for Orient.....April 8
Canada Maru, for Orient.....April 15
Marama, for Australia.....April 16
Montegle, for Orient.....April 16
Ixion, for Orient.....April 16
Tamba Maru, for Orient.....April 22
Makura, for Australia.....May 14
Titan, for Orient.....May 14
Protesilaus, for Orient.....June 11

Sailed

Cyclops, for Liverpool.....Feb. 19
Makura, for Australia.....Feb. 19
Empress of Japan, for Vancouver ..Feb. 27
Centurion, for Liverpool.....March 3
Seattle Maru, for Orient.....March 3
Zealandia, for Vancouver.....March 4
Yokohama Maru, for Orient .....March 11
Inaba Maru, for Seattle.....March 12
Crown of Seville, for Vancouver..March 13
Mexico Maru, for Orient.....March 18
Zealandia, for Australia.....March 19
Antilochus, for Liverpool.....March 19
Jalon, for Seattle.....March 20
Chicago Maru, for Seattle.....March 20
Empress of Japan, for Orient....March 21

Complaint has been made to the Marine and Fisheries Department that fish of all sizes and varieties are being prevented from entering the Coquahalla River by an elaborate system of nets placed across the mouth of that stream.

The Vancouver school board has decided to employ none but British subjects hereafter on the teaching staff.

Kamloops has struck a tax rate for this year of twenty-one mills in the dollar.

FUNNEL CARRIED AWAY IN STORM

Harrison Company's Liner Wayfarer Limped Back to Liverpool With Stack and Lifeboats Gone.

After travelling hundreds of miles without her funnel, the Harrison liner Wayfarer, considered to be the largest and most modern steamship flying the three-crown houseflag, recently made her way back to Liverpool in a badly crippled condition. The Wayfarer cleared the British Coast heavily laden with cargo for New Orleans and Galveston, and during a terrific storm in the Atlantic, a monster wave smashed two lifeboats and carried away the big stack, together with a number of ventilators. Further snowstorms and heavy head seas were encountered as the disabled steamship made her way back to port, and it was only through careful navigating at the hands of her skipper that the huge vessel was brought safely to port. The Wayfarer carries a crew of 53 men, but none sustained injuries when the stack and ventilators went overboard. The Wayfarer is a vessel of over 9,000 tons register, and is regularly operated by the Harrison line between Liverpool and ports in the Gulf of Mexico.

Although the steamship Statesman, of the Harrison line, is about due to reach San Francisco en route to Victoria from Liverpool, no word has yet been received as to her position by R. P. Rithet, Victoria agent of the steamship concern. She is due to arrive at Victoria early in April.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

(By Government Wireless)

8 a.m.

Point Grey—Clear; calm; 30.

Cape Lazo—Clear; calm; 29.32; 34; sea smooth.

Pachena—Cloudy; calm; 29.52; sea moderate.

Estevan—Clear; calm; 29.56; 25. Spoke Shidzuoka Maru, 2 a.m., position at 6 p.m., 49.38 N., 157.12 W.

Prince Rupert—Clear; N. W., light; 29.81; 28.

Triangle—Overcast; N. W.; 29.16; 34. Spoke S.S. Prince George, 12:20 a.m., in Queen Charlotte Sound; spoke S.S. Empress of Japan, 8:30 p.m., position 49.11 N., 127.15 W.; spoke S.S. Minnesota, 8 p.m., 49.58 N., 140.09 W; spoke S.S. Panama Maru, 51.44 N., 145.23 W.

Tatoosh—Cloudy; N. E, 10 miles; 29.81; 36.

Ikeda—Cloudy; E; 29.64; 20; Chicago abeam, 11:55 p.m., northbound.

Alert Bay—Clear; calm; 29.70; 32; sea smooth.

Dead Tree Point—Overcast; S. E.; sea smooth.

Noon

Point Grey—Cloudy; calm; 42.

Cape Lazo — Cloudy; N. W., 30.05; 44; sea smooth. Spoke S.S. Latouche abeam, 8:30 a.m.; S.S. Prince George through Seymour Narrows, 11 a.m., southbound.

Tatoosh—Cloudy; W., 12 miles; 29.84; 40; sea moderate. Out, S.S. Loop, 10:30 sea smooth.

Pachena—Cloudy; calm; 2940; sea moderate.

Estevan—Clear; calm; 29.60; 40; sea smooth.

Triangle—Cloudy; N.; 29.20; 30; sea smooth. Spoke S.S. Yukon, Queen Charlotte Sound, 11:15 a.m., southbound.

Ikeda—Cloudy; W.; 29.62; 32; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy; S. E.; 29.32; 36; sea smooth. Spoke 11 a.m., S.S. Princess Ena due Prince Rupert, 8 p.m.

Dead Tree Point—Clear; W., light; sea smooth.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.72; 38. In, 11:30, S.S. Queen City, out again at 11:45 a.m.

6 p.m.

Totoosh—Cloudy; W., 10 miles; 29.81; 35. Passed in, tug Lorne, 1:10 p.m.; in, schooner Wasp, 4:15 p.m.; in, steamer Falcon, 4:40 p.m.; out, S.S. Oleum, 5:30 p.m.

Point Grey—Cloudy; calm; 38. Passed in, S.S. Prince George, 5:50 p.m.

Cape Lazo—Clear; calm; 29.74; 38. S.S. Capilano abeam 5.20 p.m., northbound.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; N.; 29.58; 48.

Dead Tree Point—Cloudy; fresh, N.E.

Ikeda—Clear; N.; 29.64; 33; sea moderate.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy; S. E.; 29.86; 33. Passed in, S.S. Princess Ena, 1 p.m.

Pachena Point—Cloudy; calm; 29.46; steamer Spokane, 3:15 p.m., in Millbank Sound, southbound.

MORNING STEAMER for SEATTLE
Via Port Angeles and Port Townsend
Daylight Service
Fast Steel Steamship
"SOL DUC"
Leaves Victoria at 11:00 a.m. Daily Except Sunday, from Canadian Pacific Dock. Returning leaves Seattle Daily Except Sunday at 12:30 a.m.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.
Tel. 456. 1234 Government St.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.
For San Francisco
AND
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
From Victoria, 8 a.m. every Wednesday, S.S. UMATILLA or CITY OF PUEBLA, and 10 a.m. every Friday from Seattle, S.S. PRESIDENT or GOVERNOR.
For Southeastern Alaska, S.S. SPOKANE or CITY OF SEATTLE leaves Seattle Mar. 25, 31, at 9 p.m.
Ocean and rail tickets to New York and all other cities via San Francisco.
Freight and Ticket Offices, 1117 Wharf street.
R. P. RITHET & CO., General Agents.
CLAUDE A. SOLLY, Passenger Agent.
1102 Government Street.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM
Summer Schedule
Effective March 26.
S. S. PRINCE GEORGE—Mondays, 10 a. m. To Vancouver, Prince Rupert and Stewart.
S. S. PRINCE RUPERT—Thursdays, 10 a. m. To Vancouver and Prince Rupert.
TO SEATTLE— WEDNESDAYS AND SUNDAYS, 10 A. M.
S. S. PRINCE JOHN—S. S. PRINCE ALBERT
Effective April 3.
THURSDAYS, 10 P. M.
Direct weekly service to Queen Charlotte Islands, calling at Vancouver, Alert Bay, Hardy Bay, Rivers Inlet and Ocean Falls.
C. F. EARLE, City Pass. and Ticket Agt., Tel. 1242. Office, Wharf Street, rear Post Office
JAS. McARTHUR, Dock and Freight Agt., Tel. 3431.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y CO.
Special Easter Holiday Rates
Fare and One-Fifth for the Round Trip between all points
Selling dates: March 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24. Final return, March 25th.
L. D. CHETHAM, District Passenger Agent
Phone 174

The Union Steamship Co., Ltd.
The Boscowitz Steamship Co., Ltd.
NOTICE
That on and after Tuesday, March 4, the S. S. CAMOSUN
Will sail for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Rivers Inlet, Ocean Falls and Bella Coola, every Tuesday at 11:30 p. m. For further particulars, apply to
JOHN BARNSLEY, Agt.
1003 Government Street.

LOW RATES via Northern Pacific Railway
From all points in Eastern Canada and United States
To VICTORIA
Tickets on sale March 15 to April 15

From New York	$55.00	From Montreal	$52.70
From Boston	55.15	From Quebec	56.00
From Buffalo	47.50	From Winnipeg	30.00
From Toronto	46.05	From Chicago	38.00
From London	46.05	From St. Paul	30.00

NORTHERN PACIFIC YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE
Liberal stop-overs en route. If you are sending for relations or friends let us arrange their trip. Call on or address
E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent, 1234 Government St., Victoria B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Genl. Passenger Agent, Portland, Ore.

Gravel and Sand Pit
We have a gravel and sand pit for sale on the East Saanich Road just opposite Elk Lake. The gravel for the Royal Oak School and other buildings in that district has been supplied from this pit. This should interest any contractors contemplating bidding on the paving of the East Saanich Road.

Security Underwriters Ltd.
Trounce Alley Phone 3231

Boys' or Men's
Night Robes, Pajama Suits, Chintz Quilts, Scotch Rugs, Warm Underwear, Hats, Caps, Gloves.
Arthur Holmes
1314 Broad Street Duck Block

Don't Be Misled
The stamp on every
COWICHAN CREAMERY
Butter
100

BOVRIL

IS CONCENTRATED BEEF

It gives strength and energy.

Take a cup at eleven in the morning, or a dainty BOVRIL sandwich at afternoon tea. A cup of BOVRIL before retiring, insures refreshing sleep.

Have You a Subdivision?

During 1912 we did the advertising for seventy-one subdivisions placed on the local market. At the present time we are handling more real estate advertising than any other advertising agency on the American Continent. This means that we are in a position to give you the most authoritative advertising procurable today. When we advertise a subdivision, we do it according to a fully formulated plan. We can tell you the appropriation required, the exact cost of all publicity, and will be pleased to supply you with a complete sales plan, combining the complete experience gleaned from the former propositions put on the market. Our Copy and Art Departments can greatly facilitate matters for you in any phase of the work. Place your proposition in the hands of The Hutcharm Co. They will assume all the responsibilities and give you an advertising service that will make you proud of their co-operation.

Prove our methods by calling on us or phone 3233 for immediate interview.

The Hutcharm Company

One of the two only advertising agencies west of Winnipeg recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

418-419-420 Central Building Phone 3233

Doctors Use This for Eczema

Dr. Evans, Ex-Commissioner of health, says, "There is almost no relation between skin diseases and the blood." The skin must be cured through the skin. The germs must be washed out, and so salves have long been found worthless. The most advanced physicians of this Province are now agreed on this, and are prescribing a wash of wintergreen, thymol and other ingredients for eczema and all other skin diseases. This Compound is known as **D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema.**

Dr. Holmes, the well-known skin-specialist, writes, "I am convinced that the D. D. D. Prescription is as much a specific for eczema as quinine for malaria. I have been prescribing the D. D. D. remedy for years.

We ourselves vouch for the **D. D. D. Prescription** for eczema and absolutely believe that it will take away the itch the instant you apply it. D. D. D. Soap helps, too. Ask us about it.

C. H. Bowes & Co., Druggists.

Take Time to See This Low-Price, High-Grade Subdivision

Burnside Carline Heights is the last subdivision at these prices and terms on the new Burnside car line. Never again will you be able to buy such lots as these, ONLY 15 MINUTES FROM CITY HALL BY STREET CAR, at from $400 and up, on the absurd terms of just $50 down and $15 a month.

BURNSIDE CARLINE HEIGHTS

This property lies in the district that will attract the greatest amount of attention from now on. The new car line will change the map of suburban Victoria, and those who realize that fact and anticipate it will make the profits. You'll have to hurry to get one of the good remaining lots. We are selling them fast.

This property is located on the new Burnside car line, where values will go higher almost immediately. The prices we are asking now are those which obtained in 1912. They are lower than those asked for property even farther out than ours. Our property is only 15 minutes from City Hall by street car, is two blocks from street car line, and within a stone's throw of church, school, store and post office. The property is exceptionally desirable.

Motors for You at Any Time. Why Not See This Property at Once?

LOTS $400 AND UP—$50 CASH, $15 A MONTH

MAIL THIS TODAY

Agnew & Fadden,
727 Fort Street,
Victoria, B. C.

Without my promising anything please send me full details of your "Burnside Carline Heights" subdivision.

Name .....

Address .....

.....

1-9

AGNEW AND FADDEN

727 Fort Street

Office of A. T. Frampton & Co.

Phone 1655

ENTERTAINMENT FOR SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

Programme Will Consist of Catchiest Ragtime and Other Features at Victoria Theatre

The entertainment to be given at the Victoria Theatre on March 26 and 27 in aid of the Seamen's Institute will consist of some of the catchiest ragtime songs and dances. The scene in the first part is that of a gypsy camp, which particularly lends itself as an effective and artistic setting. The programme will open with a gypsy chorus and solo dance by Miss Bolton, followed by a Highland turn, which should drive the Gaelic portion of the audience into fits of laughter, or fits of rage, it isn't easy to say which. Mr. Robert Horton, as the "Heelandmon," in more or less classic costume, is expected to furnish the amusement. Miss Gladys Gray and partner will then reproduce the English success, "Hitchy Koo," in which the audience is promised something entirely novel. The well-known local baritone, Mr. Harry Davis, follows with a rousing song suitable to the occasion. In "The Policeman's Holiday," Miss Bolton and Miss Phyllis Davis, as two ragamuffins, aided by the latest addition to the municipal police force, have a turn, and the audience is assured of a most entertaining ten minutes. Miss Gladys Gray and Mr. Jessop, with bridesmaids, will then be seen in "The Ragtime Wedding Glide." This tune, like "Hitchy Koo," has been captivating London, and it cannot fail to do less in Victoria when presented by Miss Gray and her partner. The first half of the entertainment then closes with a general chorus.

The second part of the programme will be taken up by a musical extravaganza in two acts entitled "The River Styx, Limited," the caste of which is as follows:

Charon (landlord of the Ferryman's Inn), Mr. Rowland Yatest; boarders: George Washington, Mr. Leonard; Napoleon Bonaparte, Mr. George Julier; Julius Caesar, Mr. R. Horton; Hamlet, Mr. R. N. Hincks; Get-Rick-Quick Wallingford, Mr. F. Reeves; Cleopatra, Mr. B. H. T. Drake, Helen of Troy, Miss Phyllis Davis.

The scene is laid in the bar parlor of the Ferryman's Inn on the banks of the mythical River Styx. Charon, the old ferryman of heathen mythology, whose duty it is to row the shades of the newly-departed across the River Styx, finding that his business is always on the increase, has established an inn for the accommodation of visitors. His great difficulty, however, is to get help to run it, and to replace his stock with new goods. As for various reasons the aforesaid boarders have refused to pay the legal fare, Charon, of course, declines to row them across the river. Nevertheless, as long as they had the money to pay for their board and lodging, he did not mind them running up an account. The arrival of Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford, however, upsets this little arrangement, entirely, as he loses no time in starting a poker game, and, of course, cleans out the bunch. Charon thereupon decides that, as they haven't any money, they must be made to work for their living, and he sets them all kinds of chores to do. Washington, being already qualified, had to chop the wood. Napoleon, instead of wiping out dynasties, has to wipe up dishes. Hamlet is bootboy. Julius Caesar is housemaid. Cleopatra is cook and Helen serves behind the bar. Wallingford is not so easy to deal with, and causes all kinds of trouble, his great idea being to get Charon to turn his business into a limited liability company, and puts a very attractive scheme before him. Charon, knowing Wallingford's record, is scared he's going to get left, although he cannot see the nigger in the woodpile.

The dignified positions once held by the various characters in their earthly life are a sad handicap to them in carrying out their different duties. The odd situations, the terrible fangle they all get into, and Wallingford's cute solution of the diffifulty will, it is hoped, provide the audience with plenty of amusement.

ROBBERS OBTAIN LOOT

Ernest C. Foulds, Tramway Conductor, Victim of Footpads on Good Friday Morning

Held up by three men who, after commanding him to be silent on pain of death, dragged him into a small clump of bushes, and, after choking him so that he could not call out and scarcely breathe, went through his pockets, Ernest C. Foulds, conductor on the B.C. Electric Company's lines here, was robbed about 1 o'clock on Friday morning of about $17 in small change and a watch and chain.

The hold-up occurred as Foulds was en route to his home after completing work. He was passing north along Douglas Street opposite the Woodworkers' when he was seized from behind, choked and tripped up by three men, who, he believes, were masked. One of them pointed a knife at him while the three pulled him through the bushes and, throwing him down on his face, bound his hands behind his back. Approaching footsteps on the sidewalk, scared the robbers, who suddenly left Foulds on the ground and ran away, two going across an empty field immediately nearby, and the third down Douglas Street in a southerly direction.

Foulds lay some minutes before he recovered his breath. He got up, but could not loosen his hands. He went across to the Woodworkers, and attempted to open the door, his idea being to get to a telephone, but no one was about, and accordingly he started towards town to the police station. He did not shout or raise any outcry. On his way he met some fellow tramway employees, who cut his bonds. They returned to the scene of the robbery, and a search disclosed Fould's cap and conductor's pauch. As soon as the matter was reported to the police a round-up of a number of rough characters was made. Three men who lived near the scene of the hold-up, and who have been doing nothing for the past few weeks, were arrested on Friday evening. Two of these answered the somewhat indefinite description given by Foules of his assailants, but Foules and the police were forced to dismiss them, but they expressed their willingness to leave the city immediately.

Poisonous Candy

WINNIPEG, March 22.—Following the eating of highly-colored confectionery, commonly known as mixed candy, three children of Hamilton Rodgers, a wealthy pioneer farmer of Kellier, Sask., George, aged seven, Fred, aged five, and Charles aged two and a half, died today. The candy was purchased in a grocery store at Jasmin, Sask., west of Kellier, on Friday. The children were taken violently ill that day, and passed away during the evening; two died within an hour of convulsions, which affected them while carrying in wood. The stomachs and some of the candy were sent to the Government analyst at Regina for examination.

SAURAUPHOLUS IS BOOSTING ALBERTA

Pre-historic Monster Named After This Province—It's Costly Getting Relic

BROOKS, Jan. 10.—When it will cost a total of three throusand dollars to take the petrified remains of one saurauphoius from the Red Deer River bed, north of Brooks, to New York, and set it up in the museum of natural history there, it can be seen that the total value of the remains of pre-historic ages, which Barnum Brown is uncovering, will amount to a considerable sum of money. This saurauphoius is a new one in the biological world and was named by Mr. Brown. Its name means, literally, crested lizard, and it is the first specimen to be found in the world.

Alberta comes in for some glory from Barnum Brown's researches, for a carniverous lizard's remains were found that has been named Albertasaur, the only specimen of this kind in the captivity of a museum. The indefatigable geologist is coming back to Alberta for other specimens.

The work of getting these skeletons of stone is tremendous They are not led away by the long, bony noses, as some people think, but days, weeks and even months are spent in carefully chipping away the pieces of adhering rock and packing the remains in boxes. It is a tiresome, tedious job, and the greatest care has to be exercised.

FIT-REFORM

We were showing a young fellow a Suit yesterday—one of the new "English" models. He put on the coat and saw himself as others see him, in the mirror.

The first thing he said was, "It's a bird."

It took only $25 of his wealth, and he went out with a smile of satisfaction on his countenance and "the bird" under his arm.

Our Suits at $18, $20, $25 and $35 certainly eclipse anything in Suit making we've ever seen at the price.

ALLEN & CO.

Corner Yates and Broad

This Is a Snap

7-ROOM NEW HOUSE

All modern conveniences, on full sized lot on Prior Street. Lots on this street worth $2,000. $1500 cash, balance arranged. Price **$4750**

LOTS AT THE GORGE

The cheapest property in the city.

TILLICUM ROAD—Double corner, 120x102, for .. **$3300**

TILLICUM ROAD—Splendid high lot, 44x102 ..... **$1200**

TILLICUM ROAD—Fine lot, 40x102 ..... **$1100**

CORNER MADDOCK AND ALBINA STREETS—53 x 120. A snap at **$1100**

SEATON ROAD—Close to Burnside car; 2 lots, 50 x 129. Price **$1050**

AUSTIN AVENUE, the Gorge —55 x 195 ..... **$1000**

KER AVENUE—Close to Tillicum Road, 50 x 122, high and dry **$925**

PORTAGE AVENUE—Looking down Holland Road, 50x120 ..... **$1150**

Terms arranged on all these.

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

City Brokerage

HOMES OUR SPECIALTY

Does Our Oil Supply Come From Bodies of Pre-Historic Lizard-Like Beasts?

Giant Diplodocus, 100 Feet Long, Whose Carcass Contained Oil Enough to Fill a Tank Car

Oil Is Fat Boiled Out of Big Lizards and Vegetation

Strange theory advanced by scientists, who assert that petroleum deposits are immense reservoirs of fat boiled out of ancient Saurin carcases by the terrific heat of a world cataclysm

When beasts as big as freight trains roamed the earth. Swallowed by earth, they were rendered into oil by terrific heat. Nowadays we pump fat of ancient lizards from unknown reservoirs.

No one living knows for a certainty how oil or gas has been formed. Many men, in various countries, for a number of decades, have spent much time and effort in the attempt to solve the problem.

The organic theory, which is the theory adopted by the working geologists, teaches that oil and gas are formed by the slow and long-continued distillation of animals and plants which lived in the pre-historic oceans and were buried in the mud and ooze of the ocean bottoms. Marsh gas, the lowest member of the hydrocarbon series, is now being formed in this manner in bogs and swamps, and along the borders of streams. According to the organic theory, the sea weeds, mussels, corals, sponges, and all the uncounted multitudes of low forms of animal and vegetable life which swarmed the long-gone pre-historic seas and were buried under the sand, mud and ooze, which turned into rock, contributed of their vital parts to form the oil and gas which we are today using, and which has become the most necessary and valuable commodity in the commercial world.

The Macedonian cry of today is "Where, oh where, can we get more oil and get it quick?" The users of gasoline see the prices mounting and the supply of visible high-grade gasoline gradually diminishing; so it naturally behooves us, one and all, to do everything in our power to open up any likely deposits that exist in this Western country.

The editor of the B. C. Oil News is editing an independent journal for the purpose of interesting capital to develop deposits, which he believes exist in this Province, and to help this good work along, send for a sample copy and ask your friends to do the same.

The editor has made a constant and practical study of Southern Alberta and Southeastern British Columbia during the past five years, often accompanied on his trips by noted geologists and practical oil men from many of the oil fields of the world, and he has found that oil does exist under favorable conditions for its accumulation in paying quantities in the Sage Creek district, Southeastern corner of this Province. And he has found through authentic sources that American oil men and American railroads acting on the advice of experts, are securing lands in this new district as fast as it is possible to do so. There is already one operating company on the ground and five or six more to go in during the present year.

Send for a sample copy of the B. C. Oil News and learn what is going on. Room 502, Union Bank Building.

B.C. OIL NEWS

P.O. DRAWER 1540 VICTORIA, B.C.

Published Monthly Subscription, $1.00 per Year

AT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Continued From Page 1

Sentiments are Mutual

"We have no surer evidence of the mutuality of sentiment which exists on this Coast from North to South, than the efforts which have been made to establish universities and schools of learning of all kinds similar in nature and with the common object of preparing our young men and women for the responsibilities of life, and for a destiny which, if not common, is at least parallel, and equally worthy of the best traditions of the two people. California, Washington and Oregon have admirable seats of learning of which they may feel proud. British Columbia, although possessing excellent public and high schools, has deferred, up to the present time, the establishment of a Provincial University; although for several years past we have been steadily preparing the way for such an institution.

"Next year we hope to see it open its doors to the world, and able to compare, ultimately, in efficiency and appointments, with the oldest and best universities on the continent. I am well aware that it takes time to acquire, so to speak, the atmosphere which belong to a Yale or a Harvard, or an Oxford and a Cambridge—hallowed as these institutions are by the traditions of years—but apart from this, I think I may say that we shall in a very few years have a British Columbian University which will measure up to the standard of these older seats of learning in the usefulness of the curriculum and the calibre of its professoriate.

University Richly Endowed

"Our university has been endowed with two million acres of public lands, and will, I trust, be liberally subsidied from year to year. The buildings are being erected at Point Grey, near the City of Vancouver, and the campus of 384 acres will occupy a beautiful and commanding position overlooking the Gulf of Georgia, which witnessed the historic meeting of the ships of Captain Vancouver and of the Spaniards, a dozen decades ago. We propose to make this institution as good as the best—in beauty of situation, accommodation, appointments and scholarship.

"California, in university work, as in many other forms of development, has led us by some years; but we in British Columbia have lately, that is to say, within the past decade, assumed a wonderful activity, and perhaps no other part of the Pacific Coast is experiencing so rapid a growth at the present time as our Province.

Quotes from Novel

"I noted in one of E. F. Benson's novels the following passage:

"'There are certain plants which apparently lie dormant, as far as outward observation can go, for months or even years together, and then suddenly grow with incredible swiftness, putting forth leaf, bud and blossom with a rapidity that is almost uncanny. Some invisible storage of force must certainly have been taking place during the prolonged dormancy: the root-fibre has prospered and accumulated vitality out of the ken of human eye, transforming the fertile elements into itself and the visible result is the constellation of sudden blossom.'

"I think I might usefully apply this passage to illustrate conditions in British Columbia—the present phenomenal development consequent upon a protracted period of dormancy. We have imbibed the spirit of the West and are in common with yourselves assimilating those energies which have made you a wonderful, may I say a distinct, type of the American people.

"What one is very pleased to observe is that the civic and educational evolution of the Pacific Coast has proceeded without undue utilitarianism, or allowing the pursuit of wealth to become the main objective. In the older cities, more particularly, the evidences of culture and refinement everywhere abound. One cannot but note the taste exhibited in the prevailing types of architecture, as well in the homes of the people as in the public buildings, with their splendid parks and boulevards.

Many Public Libraries

"There are many public libraries of note, perhaps the most remarkable being the one associated with the California University. The press has attained a high standard, and there are many institutions for the advancement of science and the public weal. Our type of public men has been moulded by these influences, and strengthened, may I say, by the beneficent climate and and ideal environment of ocean, mountain and plain.

"Bearing in mind the conditions and characteristics which apply equally to the population North as well as South of the international boundary line, I would discuss the university as an institution, and indicate shortly my views as to the manner in which it may be made most useful and beneficial. Confucius is credited with saying that an educated man was one who, if confided with an important mission by his Government went and performed the duties pertaining to it to the entire satisfaction of his superiors and in the best interests of the country.

"This definition might serve to represent what I have in mind as to the standard of efficiency and usefulness which should result from a training intended to fit us for some definite calling and develop character sufficient for the faithful performance of duties.

Functions Best Discharged

"I consider the functions of a university best discharged when the student is fitted to conduct the practical business of life with skill and efficiency I do not for a moment decry the cultural worth of an academic training, or attempt to assess the value of any form of education by the earning capacity produced by the individual; but I do say that a university that does no more than impart purely academic scholarship has fallen short of the standard of what such an institution should endeavor to do, for those who are entrusted to its care.

"Speaking as one with university experience, and as the result of much observation and reflection, I am of opinion that the majority of young men and women who graduate between the ages of 18 and 25, have no definite aim in life, and are not specially fitted, by reason of their training, to grapple with the practical problems of life. This is a matter of common knowledge among business men, and in the opinion of an increasing number of all classes it is a condition which calls for a revision of methods. I do not speak critically or censoriously, or with special reference to any particular university.

Ability to Do Things.

"You will remember when Alcibiades came to Socrates seeking after knowledge, he was told the ability to do things was the measure of all true knowledge; and that education was the best which taught the utilities, qualified man to cope with the realties of life, and furnished the solution of the practical problems arising therein; and the world today is getting back to the principle so enunciated two thousand years ago.

"There was a long period in the world's history in which, in the schools, the real spirit of the ancient Greek and Roman teachings was obscured in an academic display of classical learning. No one would wish at this day to destroy the wonderfully pure concepts of Greek thought, of which truth in the abstract was the substratum; but one finds that an absolutely practical aim pervades all the teachings of the Greek philosophers for the benefit of the people in their daily life. The works of these philosophers abound in wisdom and that is why they have survived to this day. Generations of scholars since the Greek age have, however, studied them as we study a painting, or any great work of art, without seeking to apply the lessons conveyed.

Fetish of Erudition.

"They became a fetish of erudition rather than rules of life. Hence the classics came to be taught in all institutions of learning as models of diction, as styles of expression peculiar to gentlemen and scholars. They were disciplinary rather than useful, in the same sense that the higher mathematics were for a long time taught, and as higher mathematics come to be a part of every curriculum. They were supposed to have a special value in training the mind how to think, rather than what to think, and in conducing to purity of diction and the effective expression of thought. They were instruments of culture rather than food for thought.

"In this way Latin came to be the language in which all the scholars of Europe wrote their books, and in which many erudite men conversed. It was necessary to be a Latin linguist in those days when all text-books and treatises were written in that language; just as in earlier times the cultured people of Rome used the Greek language for their compositions, and as French is now the language of Court circles and of diplomacy.

Generations Academically Trained

"For generations back, as only the wealthier classes—those destined for the state, the church, or one of the learned professions, were academically trained, mainly as I have said, in the

Continued on Page 18, Col. 1

Money in "Altadena" Lots
$10 Easter Eggs

On Monday morning a small tin box containing an order for a ten-dollar gold piece will be placed on one lot out of every three at Altadena, and will be the absolute property of the finder, the only condition being that the orders must be found after 10 o'clock Monday morning, and the finder shall give his or her name and address. The orders will be cashed on the ground, but no person shall be entitled to more than one, and no one connected with the office is eligible. This method has been adopted to attract people to this beautiful subdivision, the owners feeling confident that to see is to purchase. Altadena is situate on the Wilkinson Road on the 3½-mile circle. Every lot is high, dry and free from rock, and the B. C. Electric station is less than five minutes' walk from the property. The prices range from $600 to $700 each; ¼ cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Don't fail to join the "Altadena" Egg Party on Easter Monday; your time will be well spent, and you may be one of the lucky ones. At any rate, you will see one of the most beautiful subdivisions on the market. Salesmen with plans will be on the ground from 10 o'clock until 4. All are invited.

Three autos will run to the property from Trounce Alley, Broad Street end. First car leaves at 9:30

BRITISH CANADIAN HOME BUILDERS LIMITED

312-315 Sayward Bldg.

Phone 1030

Authorized Capital . . $500,000
Subscribed $125,000
ERNEST KENNEDY, Man. Dir.

VERMONT PARK

TERMS: One-eighth cash, balance in equal payments in one, two, three, four, five, six and seven years. Interest at seven per cent, payable half-yearly.

Ten per cent discount allowed for all cash at time of purchase.

Here Is the Opportunity to Secure an Acre or Two of Fine Land—Free of Rock

Particularly Adapted for Strawberry Culture

By-law to pave road past property has been carried and work commences this Spring.

Note Terms

Fine Soil **Grand View** **Paved Road** **Easy Terms**

Our Automobiles at Your Service

GILLESPIE, HART & TODD, Ltd.

GENERAL BOOTH SAYS HE MUST TAKE RISKS

Dealing With Questions of the White Slave Traffic He Declares He Is Threatened With Disaster.

LONDON, March 22.—General Bramwell Booth has appointed a special department of the Salvation Army to deal with matters arising from the white slave traffic. This agency will be of an international character, and is to be organized by Colonel Unsworth, an experienced officer who has seen service in the Army in many countries. Under him will be an officer with a knowledge of languages and a committee will be in charge to direct those engaged in the work. One of the objects of the General is to provide a central bureau of information on the subject, both at home and abroad, and to assist friends of the movement in other countries to secure full advantage of legal enactments already in force there, and to get these strengthened, as far as possible, where this is necessary.

"I have been threatened if we go forward on these lines," said the General to a representative of The Westminster Gazette, "but I do not see why that should hold us back. In any work for humanity we must take risks, and I am prepared to face the threats of those who oppose us. We have to recognize that this traffic is highly organized, and that it brings great profit to those engaged in it, but the enormities practised on women and young girls by being entrapped into the most demoralizing situations are such that we must do everything that is possible to assist in their protection.

"The Army has taken a large share in emigration work, but we recognize the dangers attending the transfer of women from one country to another. This fact has been brought home to us in many ways. A large ship, with only a limited supply of stewards and stewardesses, and these heavily worked, provides opportunities for men of a certain type which often leads to disastrous results. In view of the information we have obtained we shall arrange a regular corps of traveling officers on emigrant ships, so that every vessel of this kind will have one such officer on board. The authorities cannot act without information, and it is sometimes impossible for them to obtain facts enabling them to move. But we believe that if we are able to supply data showing that undesirable persons are using the ships for the purpose of the traffic that they will support the steps we are taking."

General Booth mentioned instances of the methods of those who are carrying on the traffic in Cairo, Asia Minor and elsewhere. The agents obtain girls on various pretences, apparently quite innocent, and then convey them to various places where a hideous market in women is possible.

The General also indicated a noted spot on the Continent under British rule where things exist in this connection which are a disgrace to the nation. He refused to state particulars at the present time for the reason that he is preparing a case to present to the authorities.

AT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Continued from Page 17

due almost wholly to the fact that he has had to work out his own problems and thus developed his faculties in a way that no amount of college coaching would have done. Some of these self-made men bemoan the lack of early schooling such as their children are able to enjoy under more opulent circumstances, reasoning that if success has been attained under such conditions how much greater would the measure of that success have been with the advantage of a university career; whereas the probability is that most of these men would never have achieved success in their lines had they been college trained.

"It is a significant fact that nearly all the great successes in the United States and my own country, Canada—I mean men who in the various departments of commerce and industry, have done things of which we feel very proud—never got beyond the public schools of the country before starting to hew out a career for themselves. I am not holding up success in life in a worldly sense as the goal to be attained, but simply wish to emphasize the fact that there is a cultural and educative value in all effort to work successfully along any line of achievement, which is a factor that should not be overlooked in university work.

Conclusions Suggested.

"I would, with your permission, suggest some conclusions from these premises which might tend to modify theories and methods of education at present in vogue. In some cases a university degree stands for an educational qualification which does not exist, a degree which has been acquired perfunctorily—either for the possession of the degree itself, or as a matter of course.

"In some cases a degree is not acquired because of its educational value, but because it is a valuable asset for teaching or professional work, or confers social standing. If an educational course were voluntary, the result of vocational adaptibility, of the pure love of acquiring knowledge, of intellectual temperament, we should find every graduate continuing in the line of study for which his academical course was merely preparatory—but the reverse is usually the case. Actual experience goes to show that outside of those who qualify for teachers, or of some of the professions, not 5 per cent of the graduates pursue, in after life, the studies of school. Does this not indicate a failure in the system which would seem to call for a remedy?

Should Develop Individuality

"Our universities, I submit, should aim less to arrive at a uniform standard for their students than to develop individuality; to encourage vocational aspirations; to specialize rather than to generalize; to hold up definite purpose and usefulness in a career as the object of training rather than the sharpening of wits by a theoretical emery process; that finding out and doing things for oneself is infinitely more educative in effect than accepting the conclusions of others.

"I am convinced from my reading and observation that this view is rapidly gaining ground, and even now to a great extent I find that at the convention of teachers and educationists the problem most discussed is how the obvious failure of so much educational effort is to be averted in future. Fifty years ago, free and universal education was regarded by reformers as affording a solution of most social problems. But these problems have multiplied, and the remedy still waits.

"No educational reform would bring about perfect conditions; but it should be capable of doing much in that direction. It does not involve the implication that there is any less appreciation of cultural values or love of the classics and studies in history and philosophy, or that there is any deterioration of intellectual fibre. It would indicate, however, that the net results of the average university system may not be fulfilling the claims made for it—not fitting men and women for the duties of practical life, nor increasing the degree of social efficiency.

World Paying Tolls

"The world is paying an immense sum annually for educational facilities. Is is getting the best results for the outlay? The highest aim of man, if that could be realized, is not to sit and read or write learned books, but to do something useful; to provide for his own wants and the wants of those depending upon him, and, if possible, add to the sum of things which the world wants. Take the entire Pacific Slope, with its yet only budding energies, and investigate its wonderful resources of lands, timber, fisheries, minerals and water powers. Is there not in the development of these inexhaustible resources the widest field for the energies of our best university graduates, with a practical and intimate knowledge of the requirements in a thousand different directions?

"I would further submit that the division arbitrarily made by educationists of studies into "liberal" or "general" and the "special" or "technical," is scarcely warrantable. Why should a distinction be made between studies embracing language, history, mathematics, science, and, to a great extent, poetry, music, sculpture and painting, on the one hand; and, on the other hand, studies of a more technical character intended to qualify for one of the professions or other practical pursuit or purpose? The reason for such a distinction is hard to find, because there is no form of knowledge, whether utilitarian or not, which has not a cultural effect, and there are no studies of a general character which should not bear upon something specific.

"I would say that all knowledge which is not useful is useless. These "liberal" or "general" studies were regarded by educationists as the necessary foundation for the subsequent studies intended to qualify for a professional career, although unnecessary as preparatory for commercial pursuits, or to practice a trade as an artisan, and years were spent inacquiring a liberal education as preliminary to a professional or technical training. I have suggested that the problems we have in our daily lives demand no less intellectual and practical training than the classics, an inordinate value was attached to school accomplishments, as compared with all others; and, to some extent, we have inherited similar views. For ages simple-minded and uneducated persons attributed all greatness, wealth and power, to the result of education. We sometimes forget the opinion of Socrates that the man who can work intelligently and well, though he never saw the inside of a university, may in the true sense be far better educated than a man with a brilliant college career who has much knowledge in the abstract but can do nothing practical or useful.

"I do not under-estimate the pleasures of intellectual occupations and pursuits, nor the value of the classics as a factor in education; but we do not realize sufficiently that all useful callings carry with them problems, the solving of which requires the keenest brain, the highest intellectual qualifications. The banker, the railway manager the engineer, the merchant, the farmer, the skilled mechanic—each must employ high mental faculties in order to achieve success, and the exercise of those faculties is educative in the highes degree.

To Solve Problems.

"Education consists in solving problems, from the highest to the lowest, by the exercise of brain power, and no one is educated in the true sense who does not mentally follow all the processes of the solution for himself, and grasp the entire meaning and purport of each step taken. Therefore, much of the curriculum of the ordinary student of the university is futile, because it is accepted by him as the conclusions of some one else, and is not absorbed by a process of mental effort on his own part.

"The North American Indian, by his silent communion with nature, developed an eloquence and poetry of expression that is wonderful. Not only so, but he acquired a marvelous knowledge of forest and plain which has excited the admiration of all students of Indian character.

"We know how the Deerslayer in Cooper's Leatherstocking series constantly eulogises the genius of the Indian developed by the cultivation of his powers of observation whereby without compass he found his way through the dense forest, or over the trackless prairie; and with what wisdom an instinct he judged of a hundred and one things which were hidden to the unimitiated and uneducated white man. Should we deprecate the cult of the Indian because it is not our cult, or tion of the various schools of thought ancient and modern.

"Who will say that the men who have been pre-eminent in developing the industries of this continent, who have been instrumental in establishing its gigantic railroad systems—the majority of whom have lacked college training—have had less mentality than those famous as scholars. In the general appraisement of the two types of men, we might pertinently ask who is the greater—the man who painted the landscape or the man who made it? The estimate of each depends upon the amount of intelligence and skill that was exercised—quite apart from traditional appraisement of cultural value.

"It is true the one may lack some of the finesse begotten of scholarship, but, on the other hand, he possesses something—a power of doing and creating—which could never be evolved in a university. The man of scholarly attainments is perhaps too prone to disparage the man who practices the utilities and gives form to technical and professional skill—the man of social efficiency.

"As I have pointed out, undue importance was perhaps attached in the past generations to the classics, especially to Latin, which then was the medium of exchange of thought among educated men. Logic and metaphysics were an integral part of every college curriculum. The study of ancient philosophies and schools of thought was also much in evidence. These no longer have the same predominence.

Will Bring Clear Thought

"While the study of the higher mathematics is as important as ever, it is no longer considered as essential in the solution of those practical problems that confront us in modern civilized life. Having acquired the fundamentals, the careful study of any problem will bring clear thinking. Lord Bacon protested that the rigid tenets of the old schools, based on the Aristotelian philosophy, had shackel the minds of scholars for over a thousand years, and we are still shackled to some extent by the traditions of the past in respect to the respective values of training.

"When I use the word 'university,' I use it in the popular sense. I am aware that a university is essentially a degree-conferring institution and may have no tangible existence in the way of buildings. There have been various definitions of a university even in the popular sense. One writer in a recent issue of The Education Review says:

University's Primary Purpose

"'The primary purpose of the university is to provide the championship of scholars for scholars at a time when sufficient maturity has been reached to make the joy of the intellectual life intense and productive. If I may borrow the charming phrase from a colleague of mine, I should say that a university is a company of scholars in which those who have discovered the mind, make full, profitable and productive use of their discovery.

"'A university is an institution where students adequately trained by previous study of the liberal arts and sciences are led into special fields of learning and research by teachers of high excellence and originality, and whereby the agency of libraries, museums, laboratories and publications, knowledge is conserved, advanced and disseminated. Teaching is only one function of a university and perhaps the smallest one.'

"Viewed in this light there is little danger of utilitarianism destroying its usefulness or killing its influence. A university is a place where each student should be permitted to pursue, and have the facilities for pursuing, any line of study or investigation for which he has an adaptability or a liking. The pursuit of one particular line of study does not necessarily exclude or diminish the love for other studies. Some one has defined education as the knowing all about something and a little about everything.

Should be Encouraged.

"A student is usually interested in more subjects than one, and I think that students should be encouraged to proceed on lines of vocational and selective studies, as being the best means of developing individuality. The university should provide for all shades of thought and lines of educational development, aiming at efficiency in particular callings, so that the results may be practical and useful to all students. If a student specializes he will not necessarily neglect all other studies. While one student may devote special attention to literature, others would turn to art, antiquarian research, philosophy, natural science, or other study.

"The development of lines of special culture depends less upon a fixed programme than upon the liberties of preference. A student takes the most interest and makes the most progress in a study for which he has a natural liking. One only masters a profession, or a vocational calling, by actually engaging in the work, and the sooner reasonably he engages in it, the more plastic and impressionable is his mind and the better his chances for success therein.

"You cannot learn farming, or electricity, or mechanical engineering, or mining, in school. You may familiarize yourself with the underlying principles which will materially aid you in actual practice, but you must acquire a practical knowledge of farming, on the farm yourself, and of electricity in electrical workshops.

To Shape Courses.

"So I would say, shape your university courses by the practical requirements of the time in which we live. Adapt educational methods to existing social conditions.

"All that is great, all that is good, all that is useful, will survive. All that is useless, all that is fusting and mere pedantry will grow obsolete. With regard to the criticisms that are fairly due to the university of the past centuries—while not unmindful or unappreciative of the glorious traditions of the seats of learning and their great influence directly and indirectly upon the thought of the world; it might perhaps be fair to say that in the olden universities, and in the culture engendered thereby, there was too much pedantry blended with genuine scholarship to the detriment of free intellectual development.

"Universities have not always appraised the social and utilitarian wants of their day. As a result pure forms of culture have been raised to inordinate heights, and the useful and practical suppressed.

"Commercial and professional circles of the United States and Canada are demanding vocational schools, and this should inform the higher institutions of learning as to the trend of present day requirements.

Where Schools Stop.

"An eminent educationist of your country points out that 'our elementary schools stop exactly where a definite vocation begins.' He urges the establishment of other schools of various sorts which shall aim at preparing good citizens through their efficiency and joy in work. To my mind the universities of this country should be the continuation schools for this great purpose.

"The subject to which I have addressed myself today is one that the Government of British Columbia, sponsors for our new Provincial University, have become especially interested in. For our men and women, and yours as well, our section of the continent offers a large and varied field for the exploitation of mankind's most efficient activities; and we cherish the determination that the work of our institution will not only produce a finished scholarship, but also endow its students with such practical knowledge and experience as will enable them to enter that field with skill and efficiency.

"There is the strong desire, too, that it may be said in years to come, that the Provincial University is not only a powerful educational factor in our community, but has also grown to be an important part of our entire state and economic fabric."

$725—Walter Street, north of Gorge; cleared, no rock. Exceptional buy; usual terms.

$1050—Albany, inside 1½ mile circle; block from Burnside, 46x130; good lot. Usual terms.

$1400—Belmont, between Bay and Haultain, ½ block from new car line; for two days only.

$3300—New 4-roomed bungalow, $500 below market, on 1-mile circle. Furnace, cement basement, electric light, bath, large veranda. Partly furnished. Must sell this week; owner leaving city. Easy terms.

$4750—For quick sale, best buy in district, one block from Willows and Oak Bay cars; new and modern; six rooms, piped, built-in buffet; good basement. See this Monday.

Coast Builders and Brokers

306 Union Bank Building
Phone 2828

ACREAGE BARGAINS

QUAMICHAN LAKE

20 acres of first-class land; no rock, partly cleared and only 100 yards from the lake. This property commands a magnificent view, and is excellent buying on very easy terms at, per acre **$200**

Gordon Head

WATERFRONTAGE

5 acres in beautiful orchard, no rock. Price, per acre **$2,500**

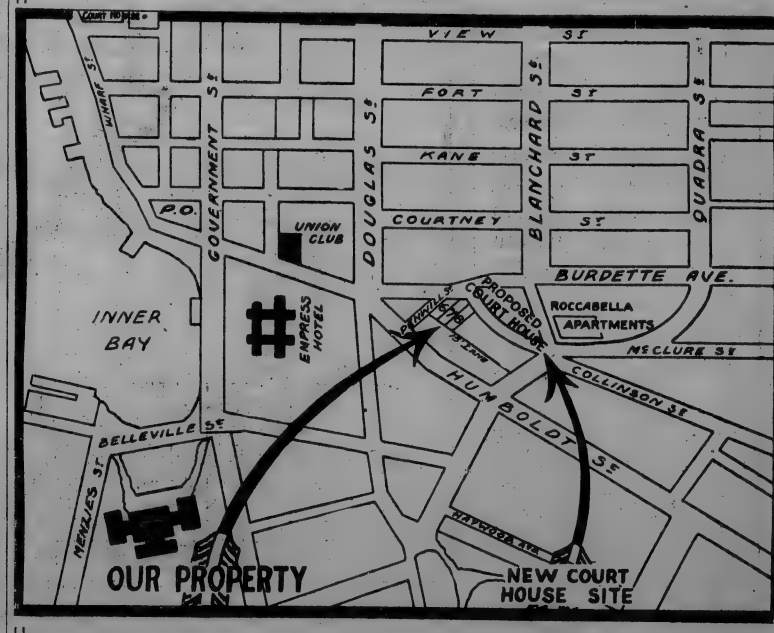
1-4 Cash, Balance 1, 2 and 3 Years

Allen & Son

Over Northern Crown Bank
Phone 1650

Finest Apartment House Site on Market for Quick Action at Low Figure

Three frontages and a lane, with a total of approximately 12,390 square feet, directly opposite the approved site for the new Courthouse. The seal of quality has been placed on this district. It will be the high-class apartment house district of Victoria, and only immediate action will insure such profits as are now possible.



This property commands a magnificent view of city, harbor, distant straits and mountains. It is central and convenient, equally good for fine hotel or up-to-date apartments. Courthouse and gounds will be opposite; new Roccabella Apartments, costing $300,000; the Empress Hotel; the new Union Club, the Parliament Buildings—all these are in the immediate neighborhood. Expenditure on new Courthouse will exceed $1,000,000.

Property takes in Lots 6, 7 and 8, forming the junction of Penwell, Burdette and Collinson Streets, with a lane at rear.

This Splendid Site May Be Bought Now for Only $48,000 (en bloc)

ON VERY EASY TERMS, MADE TO SUIT

COMMUNICATE AT ONCE WITH

F. J. Hart & Co.
Limited

Spring Toppers For Men

THE woolens of wonderful weaves, that go into these spring toppers, come from the most famous mills in the world.

Brain-trained shapers of cloth then mould them into the perfectly fitting garments that the best dressed men in every town and city in Canada are wearing this spring.

Some double breasted styles, Chesterfields, button through, and slightly flaring skirt effect. Close conforming natural shoulders—light weights in black and gray Oxford, Cheviots, Vicuna cloths, and tweed mixtures.

$25 to $50

THE COMMONWEALTH

Sole Agency for Hobberlin Tailoring

To submit to a headache is to waste energy, time and comfort. To stop it at once simply take

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers

CORFIELD FARM

COWICHAN BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND

The well-known and highly picturesque Corfield farm is situated at the junction of the Cowichan Station and Cowichan Bay Roads, and runs South to the sea. It is within one mile of Cowichan Bay wharf and one and a half miles of Cowichan and Koksilah stations, and can be reached by rail in two and a half hours from Victoria. The main Island Highway passes through the centre of the farm, which is within two hours of Victoria by motor. Cowichan Wharf is a pleasant run by launch from Victoria.

This magnificent estate of 321 acres has been divided in two, and one half, consisting of the present dairy farm of roughly 150 acres, will be sold either en bloc or in three portions, the balance, which includes three orchards containing 489 fruit trees of apple, pear, plum and cherry, and a spacious park of maple and other magnificent trees, through which the South branch of the Koksilah flows, has been subdivided into some twenty holdings ranging from one to ten acres apiece, and carefully planned so as to ensure privacy, beautiful natural surroundings, large shade trees and access to the river to the holders of each portion, as each purchaser will have the option of purchasing a boathouse site with fifteen feet frontage on the river.

With only four exceptions all holdings offered for sale front onto the Island Highway.

At the extreme Southeast of the property a narrow strip has been divided into small lots for summer cottages, which are, besides, specially adapted to the requirements of sportsmen who may wish to avail themselves of the salmon fishing in the Bay.

The land offered for sale is mostly virgin land of the finest quality, and there is not a rock anywhere. A glance at the farm land under cultivation will make the possibilities apparent in a moment.

The climate during most months of the year is perfection, rather warmer than Victoria in the Summer, with an entire absence of cold winds.

Telephone connection is laid throughout the district, and provisions ordered from Duncan by this medium are delivered by motor.

At the wharf, one mile distant, there is an up-to-date boathouse and repair shop, where either launches or motors can be attended to and where gasoline is supplied.

From a sportman's point of view this locality is particularly attractive. The trout fishing in the Cowichan is known to all anglers, and the Bay offers good salmon fishing from early in July until late in the Fall. For shooting, the islands of the Gulf are easily reached by launch from the wharf, and the Cowichan District is well supplied with pheasant; and grouse, quail, duck and snipe are well represented. Blue grouse and deer can be obtained within a few miles.

The South Cowichan Tennis Club have eight good courts on this property, and members who reside close at hand can enjoy this pastime to the full.

The Koksilah Golf Club is within one and a half miles, and the course is being improved and a Country Club established.

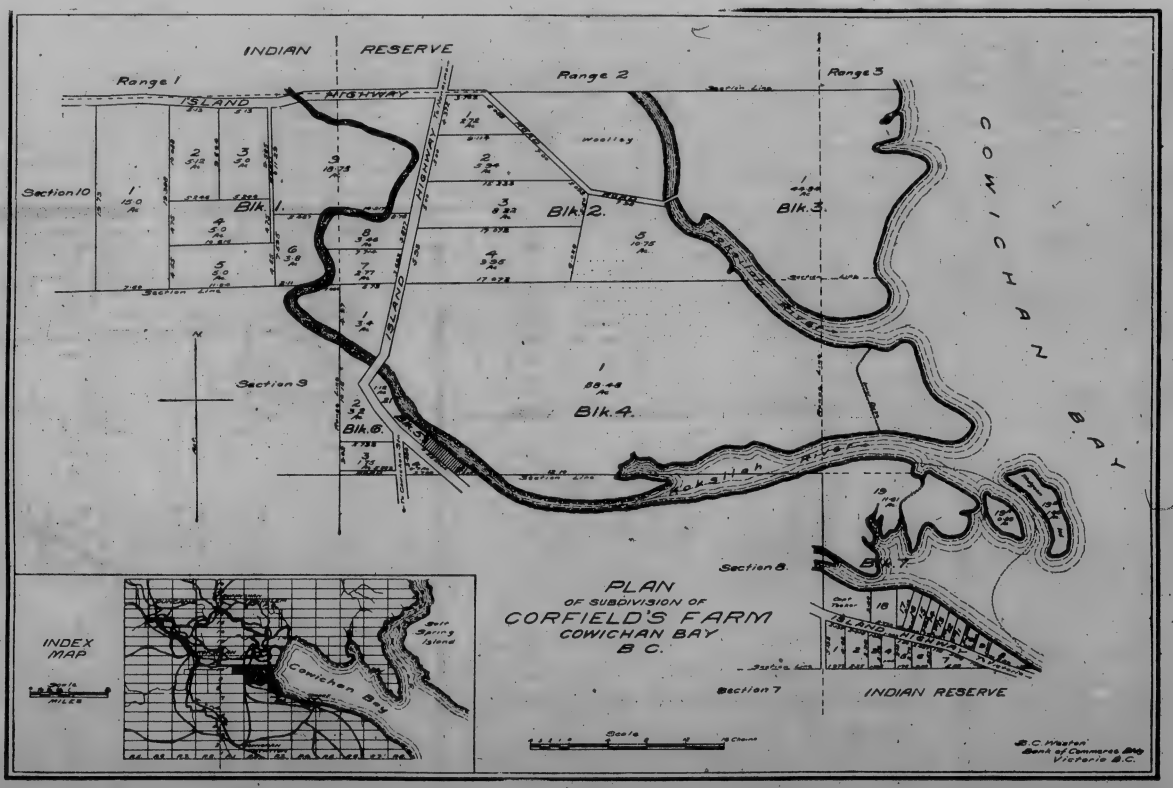
Original Prices

BLOCK 1

Lot 1—..... Reserved
Lot 2—5.12 acres .. **$3,250**
Lot 3—5 acres ... **$3,250**
Lot 4—5 acres **$3,250**
Lot 5—5 acres ... Reserved
Lot 6—3.80 acres .. **$3,250**
Lot 7—2.77 acres .. **$2,750**
Lot 8—3.46 acres .. **$4,000**
Lot 9—..... Reserved

BLOCK 2

Lot 1—2.72 acres .. **$3,000**
Lot 2—5.94 acres, Reserved
Lot 3—8.22 acres .. **$8,250**
Lot 4—9.95 acres, **$13,000**
Lot 5 and Blocks 3 and 4, 144 acres **$78,000**



Original Prices

BLOCK 5

Lots 1-20—Each..... **$100**

BLOCK 6

Lot 1—3.40 acres .. **$3,000**
Lot 2—3.20 acres, Reserved
Lot 3—1.75 acres .. **$1,250**
Lot 4— .70 acres **$600**

BLOCK 7

Lots 1-17—Each, from $400 to **$600**
Lots 18, 19, 19a, 19b, in all **$5,000**

Terms: Mostly quarter cash, 1, 2 and 3 years

REPORT ON BLOCK 1

Lots 1 to 5 contain five acres each and are lightly timbered with maple, cedar and pine trees. The land is level and open, and in Summer is as picturesque as an English park. The soil is a deep, rich loam.

Lots 6, 7 and 8 range from two and three-quarters to three and a half acres apiece and are traversed by the South fork of the Koksilah River, which renders them additionally attractive. The two latter also have the advantage of possessing bearing orchards.

REPORT ON BLOCK 2

Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 are ideally situated in a grove of unusually large maples, which cannot be equaled in the neighborhood. With the exception of No. 1, these lots each possess a portion of meadow land, and Lot 4 contains in addition, a bearing orchard of 267 apple trees, consisting of Northern Spy, Ben Davis, Baldwin and Golden Russett.

These lots afford excellent building sites, with an uninterrupted view towards the Bay. The soil is as rich as upon any part of the Estate.

LOT 5, BLOCK 2, AND BLOCKS 3 AND 4

The home farm consists of 144 acres of first class, fully dyked agricultural lands, which have been kept in a high state of cultivation for many years past, Mr. Corfield having lived there for 35 years.

The house, consisting of ten rooms, prettily situated on the river bank, is lit by acetylene, and the farm has a water right of six inches of spring water from the adjacent section.

The South branch and main Koksilah River run through the property. The former passes the house and is navigable for small craft at most stages of the tide.

The farm includes three large barns, 45 x 132, 60 x 132, and 54 x 150 respectively, and all necessary buildings, such as carriage house, dairy, wood sheds, etc.

It also includes an orchard of 36 apple, 14 pear, 1 plum and 2 cherry trees, tennis court, kitchen garden and flower garden.

All agricultural implements go with the farm, which include thresher, binder, steam cutter, etc., wagons, steam cream separator, etc.

The stock will be sold independently of the farm, and consists roughly of the following: 19 horses, including 4 brood mares, 3 geldings and 2 pure bred Clydesdale Studs; a herd of about 100 pure bred and registered Holstein and Jersey cattle, which includes some 40 heifers; a flock of 70 sheep; 6 mature pigs and 38 young; 500 White Leghorn, Plymouth Rock, White Orpington, Rhode Island Red chickens, 36 ducks and 50 geese.

This farm, it is safe to say without fear of contradiction, is one of the finest, if not the finest, on Vancouver Island, and produces enormous crops.

The annual cost of keeping the dykes in good repair has been calculated by the owner to be in the neighborhood of $50.

A small parcel of about 11 acres at the extreme Eastern boundary has been left uncultivated for the past few years owing to a break in the dyke. A cross dyke was built, but the break can easily be mended and the land again brought into a proper state of cultivation.

Every acre of land, with the above exception, and allowing for several small sloughs, is rich, deep soil, and capable of producing feed for a large herd.

REPORT ON BLOCK 5

Lots 1 to 20 have been reserved as boathouse sites for the purchasers. They have each fifteen feet frontage on the Island Highway and a similar frontage on the river.

REPORT ON BLOCK 6

Lots 1 and 2 have ample frontage on the river, which affords good, safe anchorage for small craft at all stages of the tide. Lot 1 contains an orchard of 74 apple trees. Lot 2 has a small field on the lower land and runs up to a bench which has an exceptionally good site for a residence, with a commanding view, and cedar, maple and other attractive trees.

Lots 3 and 4 are on bench land and possess good views of the Bay and delta lands.

REPORT ON BLOCK 7

Lots 1 to 17 are especially adapted to the needs of those desiring Summer cottages adjacent to the Bay. The opportunities for indulging in the salmon fishing and aquatic amusements of the sea are unlimited. Ten of these lots have frontage on the water, and all front on to the Island Highway.

Lot 18 contains over fifteen acres, mostly delta land and small islands, with one acre of higher land fronting on the Main Road. This would make an ideal shooting preserve, being the haunt of snipe and ducks of all kinds.

In conclusion, attention must be drawn to the fact that Indian Reserves monopolize almost all the other desirable residential sites on the Bay, making property of this kind, which embraces proximity to the river and sea, and gives easy access to all manner of sports and games, extremely rare.

An interesting Illustrated Pamphlet, giving the fullest particulars of the various properties and quoting the prices, will be sent on application to either the address below or Corfield, B.C.

TREVOR FOOTE, Agent

7 Bridgman Building **Telephone 4877** **1007 Government Street Victoria, B. C.**

BEES STEP ALL OVER TACOMANS

Youthful Robert Steele Pitched Three Innings in Winning Style—Troeh Has Honor of Batting First Homer.

Victoria's Northwestern Leaguers and aspirants stepped all over the semi-pro gentlemen from Tacoma at the ball yard, yesterday afternoon, winning 11 to 2 in a seven-inning contest. The game was shortened up to allow the Olympics time to catch the 4:30 boat home.

In milder weather than they were favored with on Friday, although at that it could hardly be called baseball weather, the Bees were able to put up a class of ball that would compare favorably with average league variety. There was a fair crowd of fans present and they got their money's worth.

Two batteries were used by Victoria. "Foxy" Kaufman dished up an assortment of his "dope" balls for four periods with Chief Hauser behind the bat and, by way of a change, Bobby Steele, the ex-Beacon Hill moundsman, finished up by burning across some fast ones, Troeh doing the backstopping. "Kaufy" did not try very hard and the Tacomans annexed their two runs while he was in the box.

Steele Starred

Steele, on the other hand, was out to make a showing and he did it, no doubt about that. In three sessions ten batsmen faced the youthful portsider, four were struck out and not a safe hit was registered. Bobby's big following of friends were excessively tickled by his starry performance. Of course he was not against Class B. leaguers, which detracts something from the worth of his work as a basis of passing judgment, but the speed and control he showed went some way towards helping Robert to a permanent place in this company.

Scoring in Second

There was nothing doing in the run getting business until the second inning, when Brottom, of Tacoma, punched a healthy three-bagger into right field and came home on Starkell's single to left. Starkell retired the side by trying to stretch his hit into a double. That put the visitors one to the good and the Bees got mad. In the last of the third they fell on Mr. Wog, the Tacoma twirler, and picked off three safeties, a double by Brooks and singles by Hauser and Rawlings. Helped by an error by the Olympic third sacker, a walk for Daniels, a stolen base by Hauser and a long sacrifice fly by Fred Weed, these served to net the home team four runs. The first of the fourth saw Kaufman in a careless mood and he grooved the Horsehide for Brown, Reid and Grant, the result being one run and three hits. Victoria was cut down in one, two, three order. Then Steele went out to the slab and held the Tacomans helpless, while the Bees proceeded to batter Wog's offerings hard. In the fifth Steele popped out, Daniels was safe on the right fielder's miss of a fly ball, Rawlings bingled safely and Brooks struck out, making the situation two down and two on. "Old Reliable" Frederick Weed lined a screamer to the centre field fence and Rawlings and Daniels crossed the pan. The slaughter was heavy again in the sixth. Hap Morse kicked the ball into action by working Wog for free transportation and Lamb got a scratch hit.

First Home Run

Catcher Troeh caused a sensation by lifting one over the fence, the first home run of the season, and Daniels followed with a clean double. Errors put Rawlings on the paths and scored him and Daniels. Brooks walked, and the only double play of the game, Brown to Brottom, killed Victoria off.

In the team that represented Victoria yesterday was seen what may be almost the regular Bee line-up. Bert Lamb has been playing in snappy fashion, but it is hardly likely that he will beat Burrell out of the job at third, and there are a couple of changes in the outfield. Daniels is making a strong bid for a place in the outfield. He didn't have much to do yesterday, but what he had was well done. The hardest position to say anything about with any certainty appears to be that behind the bat. Hauser, Grindle and Troeh have all been showing class, and there are Meek and Shea also to be taken into consideration. It can positively be said, though, that unless Meek shows a big improvement over his work on the receiving end of the battery he will not do much catching. Some of the newcomers, Lamb and Morse for instance, have been looming up prominently and it is just possible that there may be some switching about in the team as the "wise" fans have it figured out.

Yesterday's Score

Tacoma—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
B. Grant, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0	1
Baker, l.f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, s.s.	3	1	2	4	2	0
Read, c.f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
G. Grant, 2b.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Brottom, 1b.	3	1	1	7	0	0
Starkell, r.f.	3	0	1	1	0	1
Heale, c.	3	0	0	4	3	1
Wog, p.	1	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	25	2	6	*15	9	4

*Victoria didn't bat in seventh inning.

Victoria—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, c.f.	3	3	1	0	1	0
Rawlings, s.s.	4	3	2	3	0	0
Brooks, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0	1
Weed, r.f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Delmas, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Morse, l.f.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Lamb, 3b.	3	2	1	0	1	0
Hauser, c.	2	1	1	3	1	0
Troeh, c.	1	1	1	4	1	0
Kaufman, p.	1	0	0	0	4	0
Steele, p.	2	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	27	11	10	21	11	1

Runs by innings:

Tacoma	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—		2
Victoria	0	0	4	0	2	5	x	—		11

Sacrifice fly, Weed. Home run, Troeh. Three base hit, Brottom. Two base hits, Brooks, Daniels. Stolen bases, Hauser, Weed. Double play, Brown to Brottom. Innings pitched by Kaufman 4, runs off him 4, hits off him 4, struck out by Kaufman 1, bases on balls off him 2, hit by pitched ball, by Kaufman 1. Innings pitched by Wog 3, runs off him 7, hits off him 6, struck out by Wog 3, bases on balls 2. Hit by pitched ball, Wog by Steele. Time, 1:25. Umpire, Ed Gleason.

Friday's Game

On Friday the Bees beat the Tacomans 9 to 5. The weather was too cold for good baseball and a lot of fumbling was done. The score:

Tacoma—	A.B.	H.	R.	P.O.	A.	E.
B. Grant, 3b.	5	3	1	4	2	0
Baker, r.f.	5	1	0	0	0	0
Brown, s.s.	3	0	1	2	1	0
Reid, c.f.	4	1	0	0	0	0
D. Grant, 1b.	4	1	1	6	0	0
Heale, l.f.	4	0	1	2	0	1
Martin, 2b.	3	1	0	2	2	0
Brottom, c.	2	0	1	5	0	3
Nelson, p.	4	0	0	0	9	1
Totals	34	7	5	24	14	5

Victoria—	A.B.	H.	R.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, c.f.	2	1	1	2	0	0
Steppe, c.f.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Rawlings, s.s.	2	1	1	1	2	1
Brooks, 1b.	5	0	2	11	1	1
Weed, r.f.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Delmas, 2b.	5	1	1	0	5	1
Burrell, 3b.	3	1	1	1	1	1
Lamb, 3b.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Morse, l.f.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Grindle, c.	1	0	0	2	1	0
Hauser, c.	1	0	0	2	1	0
Troeh, c.	1	0	0	7	0	0
Smith, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
McQuarry, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kantlehner, p.	1	0	0	0	7	0
Totals	32	7	9	*26	20	4

*B. Grant out in first inning for not touching bag.

Score by innings:

Tacoma	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	—5
Victoria	2	1	3	0	0	1	0	2	x	—9

Batteries—Tacoma: Nelson, Brottam. Victoria: Smith, McQuarry, Kantlehner; Grindle, Hauser, Troeh.

Stolen bases, Rawlings, B. Grant, D. Grant, Brottom. Sacrifice bunts, Rawlings, Grindle. Sacrifice fly, Brottom. Two base hits, B. Grant, Baker, Daniels, Weed, Delmas. Innings pitched, Smith 3, McQuarry 3, Kantlehner 3; base hits, off Smith 6, off McQuarry 1; strike-outs, Nelson 6, Kantlehner 7, Smith 1, McQuarry 1; bases on balls, by Nelson 6, by McQuarry 2, by Kantlehner 1. Passed Balls, Brottam 2. Time, 2 hours 5 mins. Umpire, Gleason.

Two Bees teams will play at the ball park on Monday afternoon, starting at 2:30. One team will be composed almost entirely of last season's men. Manager Mike Lynch says the contest will be much better than those against the Tacoma semi-professional players. In this connection, Eddie Gleason rises to remark that the same umpire will officiate.

Pitchers Shulz and Narveson arrived yesterday afternoon, and will be seen in action tomorrow. Pitcher Smith has gone over to Seattle for a day or so to look after his wife, who is ill.

Infielder Delmas is not rounding into form as quickly as some of the other players, but that was to be expected, for the former Oaklander is no juvenile.

Only two or three of the Bees are missing now, and with milder weather to help along the training, there should be some developments by the end of the week, which will give the fans a line on the probable team for the league season.

VARIED ATTRACTIONS AT ARENA FRIDAY

Lester Patrick having agreed to give half the receipts of next Friday night's skating session—the last evening session of the season, as the rink closes Saturday afternoon—towards the Summer Carnival, the Carnival committee has decided to diversify and augment the sport at the Arena on that occasion in such a way that an extra big crowd should be attracted.

The feature will probably be a hockey match, a team of ladies versus a team of men. A musical programme, including a number of songs by prominent local vocalists, will also be arranged.

OLD COUNTRY FOOTBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games in English and Scottish Soccer Leagues —Villa Is Beaten

LONDON, Eng., March 22.—The following are the results of the league football games played this afternoon:

First Division—Blackburn Rovers 7, Oldham Athletic 1; Derby County 2, Newcastle United 1; Everton 3, Woolwich Arsenal 0; Manchester United 4, Aston Villa 0; Middlesborough 4, Bolton 0; Notts County 3, Liverpool 0; Sheffield Wednesday 3, Chelsea 2; Sunderland 1, Manchester City 0; Tottenham Hotspur-Sheffield United postponed; West Bromwich 1, Bradford City 1.

Second Division—Barnsley 1, Preston North End 1; Birmingham 2, Notts Forest 0; Blackpool 1, Bristol City 1; Bradford 4, Stockport County 2; Bury 1, Hull City 0; Fulham 4, Burnley 2; Grimsby Town 0, Glossop 0; Huddersfield Town 5, Lincoln City 1; Wolverhampton Wanderers 1, Leicester Fosse 1; Leeds City 3, Clapton Orient 1.

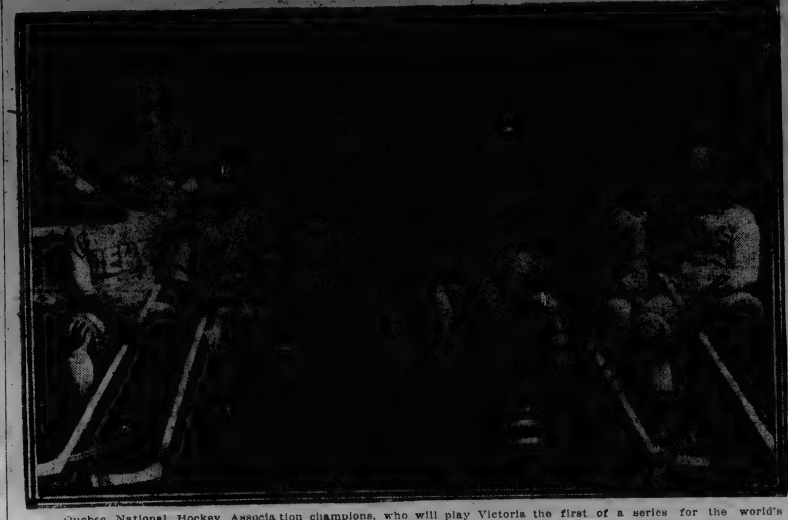
Southern League—Queen's Park Rangers 0, West Ham United 1; Brentford 0, Exeter City 1; Gillingham 3, Coventry City 0; Northampton 1, Brighton and Hove Albion 0; Norwich City 1, Watford 1; Southampton 1, Crystal Palace 0; Stoke 0, Plymouth Argyle 2; Reading 1, Merthyr Town 0; Millwall Athletic 2, Portsmouth 0; Bristol Rovers 1, Swindon Town 4.

Scottish League—Glasgow Rangers 2, Partick Thistle 0; Celtic 1, Falkirk 2; Hearts of Midlothian 4, Dundee 3; Airdrieonians 4, Hamilton Academicals 1; Queen's Park 1, Kilmarnock 1; Raith Rovers 3, Motherwell 10; Morton 3, Clyde 0.

Private Wireless Barred

BERLIN, March 20.—The first private wireless telegraph station in Germany has just been erected at Halle. It belongs to a watch and clock factory there, and is designed to receive time signals sent out by the big government station at Norddeich. The army and navy authorities in German foresaw from the beginning the dangers and embarrassment, above all, from a military point of view, resulting from the indiscriminate construction of private stations, which was so well illustrated in the United States at the time of the Titanic disaster, and with the aid of the

Stanley Cupholders Will Be in Victoria Today



Quebec National Hockey Association champions, who will play Victoria the first of a series for the world's title at the rink tomorrow night. The Quebecs arrived in Vancouver yesterday afternoon. Reading from left to right, back row—Beland, trainer; Creighton, Rooney, Jeff Malone, M. J. Quinn, manager. Front row—T. Smith, R. Crawford, Paddy Moran, Joe Malone, captain; Joe Hall, Marks and Mummery.

BOWLERS ASKED TO SEND IN THEIR NAMES

Notification is made that all bowlers wishing to enter the bowling congress to be held in Vancouver April 7 to 12, can give in their names at once to the manager of the Arcade Bowling Alleys. A series of twelve elimination games will be rolled, starting tomorrow. The entrance fee charged for these games will help pay the expenses of the bowlers who are selected to go to Vancouver. The Arcade Club plans to send two teams, and a subscription is being taken up amongst the business men of the city to go towards financing the trip. Already several commercial houses have contributed handsomely. Ladies are invited to attend these games.

Native Sons vs. Old Country

Outclassing their opponents throughout the entire match, the Native Sons, represented in the various Intermediate teams of the Island League, defeated the Old Country players in the same division by the decisive score of four goals to none in an interesting match at the North Ward Park on Good Friday. A fairly good number of spectators witnessed the encounter.

IN 'VARSITY SPORTS KELLY TIES RECORD

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 22.—The University of Southern California track and field team defeated the University of California team this afternoon by a score of 67 to 55.

Fred Kelly, of the University of California, the Olympic champion high-hurdler, tied the world's record for the 120-yard high hurdles of 15 1-5 seconds, held by Kranzline, of Pennsylvania University; Shaw, Dartmouth, and Edwards, of California. The record was made under the supervision of local A. A. U. officials.

Baseball Game

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., March 22.—Washington Americans, 8; University of Virginia, 1.

NORTH WARDS STILL IN LEAD

Wests Are Also Winners in Yesterday's Island Soccer—Garrison Victorious in Last Senior League Contest.

Intermediate Soccer.

North Wards 4, Empress 1.
Victoria Wests 3, Y. M. C. A. 0.

League Standing.

	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
North Wards	5	0	1	11
Victoria Wests	4	0	2	9
Empires	3	3	0	6
Empress	2	3	0	4
Y. M. C. A.	0	5	2	2

The North Wards and Victoria Wests were winners in the two Intermediate games of the Island Series yesterday afternoon, maintaining their relative positions at the head of the League with the addition of two points each. The Fifth Regiment having been expelled from the League, Empires did not participate in the contests yesterday. Even at this, they stand well up at third place and are likely to get into the rank of the possible champions before the season reaches its end.

The result of the last scheduled game of the senior league came in the nature of a surprise to all followers of soccer. That Garrison should win from the Wests was in itself unlooked for, but that they should win by such an overwhelming score as 3 to 0 was not to be accounted for by ordinary reasons. It is only a partial explanation to say that the Wests had not their regular team in the field, Garrison being also without some of their experienced players. At all events the Garrison raised themselves two points in the League standing.

North Wards vs. Empress.

Scoring four goals in the first half, and holding their opponents down in the second, to one, the North Wards defeated the Empress team, in the Second Division match of the Island League at North Ward Park yesterday afternoon. This victory gives the Wards a total of eleven points, and adds considerably to the chances in their favor as winners of the championship, although a surmise at this time as to the outcome of the series, is perhaps too early.

In the first half of yesterday's game, the Wards were too much for their opponents in every point. The latter seemed to be able to block the attacks of the Blueshirts well enough, but that was all the far they could go. Having hold of the ball they did not pass with sufficient accuracy, or rather they lacked formation to make any passing effective. The result was that play was rarely in the Wards' half of the field, while the Empress goal was as seldom out of danger. It was inevitable that with this superiority, the Wards sooner or later would score. Hike, who has in the last few games, been playing out in the field, and has now reached the position of centre forward, a place, by the way, which he filld with much ability in the Junior League, fully justified his removal to the front rank by scoring all four goals for his team. The first tally was obtained by this versatile player from a neat dribble past the opposing backs to the goal mouth, from which point it was a simple matter to place the ball past the goal keeper. The succeeding goals were much like the first one, none being scored from a long shot, but from effective work close to the goal. A strong wind helped the Wards to keep their territory as free from invasion as they did in this half.

The game in the second half presented a different appearance from that of the preceding period.

Probably the wind had something to do with it, and possibly the Wards were somewhat played out after their exertions in the first half, but, whatever the reason, it was apparent that they would not repeat, nor even approach, their performance of the initial period in respect to getting goals. The Empress players put up a far better game than they had done, and not long after the resumption of play after half-time, Fairclough, receiving the ball from the Wards' goalkeeper, who had cleared out of a rush following a corner kick, sent the ball back to goal. The custodian missed the ball through his hands, and sent it over his head into the goal.

No further score was made in the period.

The teams:

North Wards—Goal, P. Humber; backs, H. Ord and J. Ord; halves, Mensies, N. Ord and Mesher; forwards, Thomas, McKinnon, Pike, Hopkins and J. Y. Cummings.

Empress—Goal, C. Fletcher; backs, Falconer and D. Fletcher; halves, Marshall, Lomas and Idiens; forwards, Oddy, Fleming, Fairclough, Scarf and Holt.

Referee, J. Ferris.

Victoria Wests vs. Y. M. C. A.

The intermediate game between Victoria Wests and Y. M. C. A. at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon was won by the former by the score of 3 to 0. In the opening exchanges of the first half honors were evenly divided between the two teams, and it was impossible to judge as to what the probable outcome of the contest would be. When, however, the Wests were given a penalty and succeeded in converting it, the Y. M. C. A. representatives seemed to lose heart; their playing fell off noticeably, and, although they rallied at times, it was evident that they had no confidence in themselves.

The second half was more one-sided than the first, Wests obtaining two goals, both of which were scored by Muir, centre forward. Y. M. C. A. were not able to get one goal against their opponents.

For the winners, Muir, Carmichael and Plump played well. Lynn and Warnicker, on the Y. M. C. A. defence lines, did good work. Stott showed up well on the forward line.

The teams were:

Victoria Wests—Hewitt; Young and Stewart; Baker, Ross and Brown; Plump, Creed, Muir, Dixon and Carmichael.

Y. M. C. A.—McArthur; Lynn and J. Main; Peachey, W. Main and Bulmer; Stott, McKay, Warnicker, Colis and Erickson. Reserves, Hodges and McNeil.

Referee, J. R. Allen.

Wests vs. Garrison

The final scheduled match in the senior Island League between Victoria Wests and Garrison, which the latter won yesterday at Beacon Hill by the score of 3 to 0, was not taken seriously by the champions. As a result, they turned out with three junior players on their line up, and the appearance of the game and quality of play displayed was correspondingly below the mark. Credit must, however, be given to Garrison, who played a hard, efficient game throughout, showing that they had good material in them, and vindicating their attitude in asking the league to order this match to be played.

Chapman scored for Garrison. The Soldiers' forwards played a good game, and often puzzled Whyte and McDonald, the latter having taken Prevost's place. Robertson, in goal for the Wests, was not in his usual form, the previous day's work in Vancouver possibly having taken some of the energy out of him.

The Victoria Wests' team was as follows: Goal, Robertson; backs, Whyte and McDonald; halves, Hardie, Petticrew and Stewart; forwards, Baker, S. Okell, Okell, Sherrett and J. Sherrett.

S. P. C. A. cases of cruelty, phone Inspector Russell, 1931. Secretary's phone L1732.

HOCKEY TEAMS READY FOR FRAY

Quebec Stanley Cupholders Arrive—Will Meet Victoria for World's Title at Arena Rink Tomorrow Night.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 22.—The Quebec hockey team, champions of the world and holders of the Stanley Cup, arrived from the East on the delayed Imperial Limited today and, after spending a few hours in the city, left on the night boat for Victoria, where they will meet the Coast hockey champions in the first of a series of three games for the world's title Monday night. Lester Patrick, manager of the Victoria team, met the Easterners upon their arrival and accompanied them to Victoria tonight. During their stay in Victoria the champions will be quartered at the Westholme Hotel.

The Eastern party includes M. J. Quinn manager, P. Moran and wife, J. Malone, H. Mummery, Joe Hall and wife, Tommy Smith, R. Crawford, Jeff Malone, Dave Beland, W. Creighton, Jack Marks, P. J. Kaine (secretary), George Gale, Charles Frammont, L. Macwilliam, A. Nadeau, J. Fallardeau.

Manager Mike Quinn and Joe Malone, captain of the champions, were callers at The News-Advertiser office tonight. They expressed themselves as delighted with their Western jaunt and, although feeling tired, they were satisfied that the team would be returned a winner in the approaching series. The Quebecs embarked at New York last Sunday and broke their journey at Brandon, where a practice was held. The Prairie City is the home town of Hall, Mummery and Creighton, all members of the world's champion team, and the citizens extended a royal welcome to the boys. Manager Quinn stated that six-man hockey was a big success in the N. H. A. and that there was no doubt that this game would be adopted wherever the professional game is played. He said that, while some of the Eastern clubs had lost money as a result of the war with the Western magnates, the game was just as popular as ever and that next season would be a winner. He admitted that the Patricks had scored heavily in the war this season.

The first game at Victoria will be played under the seven-men system and the second with six men a side.

It was announced yesterday that the Victoria champions were in fine shape for the game with Quebec tomorrow night. Dunderdale will be in his usual place at centre and Walter Smaill will play left wing. Jimmy Gardner will be one of the officials. Here is how the teams will take the ice:

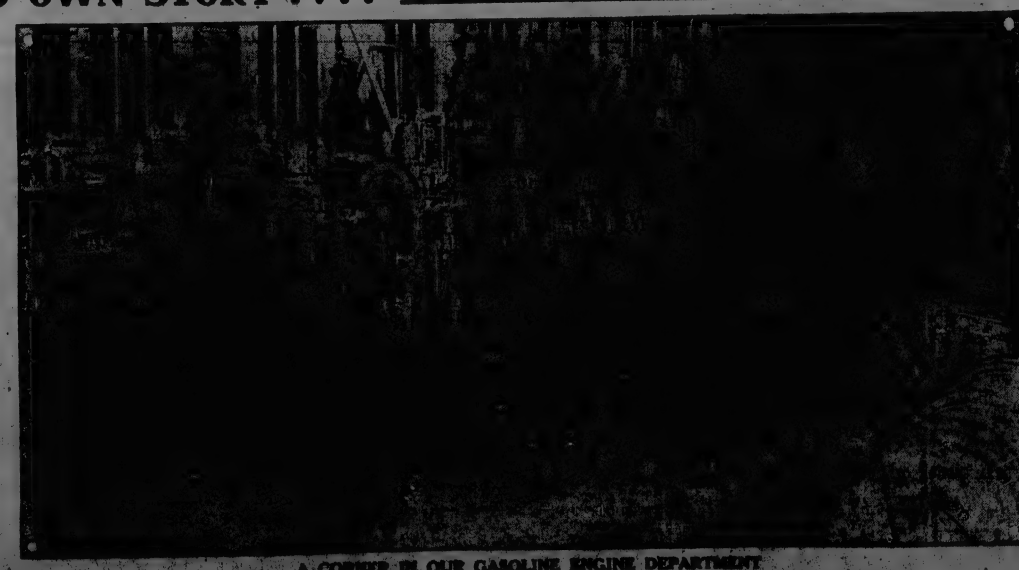
Victoria	Position	Quebec
Lindsay	Goal	Moran
Prodgers	Point	Mummery
L. Patrick	Cover	Joe Hall
Foulis	Rover	*
Dunderdale	Centre	J. Malone
Rowe	Right Wing	Tom Smith
Smaill	Left Wing	J. Marks

*As the Quebecs will have to use seven men tomorrow, it is possible that the lineup given above, which is the one that won them the N. H. A. championship, will be changed about. Either Crawford or Creighton will be the seventh man.

Thomas Unkoboat is lying at the point of death in the railway emergency hospital at Tulameen City; his injuries having been received at the hands of a highwayman who robbed him of seven dollars.

THIS PICTURE TELLS ITS OWN STORY....

READY TO SHIP



A CORNER IN OUR GASOLINE ENGINE DEPARTMENT

All these engines have been sold during the past two weeks. We are working our Gasoline Department continupusly to keep pace with the demand for the "YALE GASOLINE ENGINE."

THE SCHAAKE MACHINE WORKS

MANY PRETENDERS TO ALBANIA THRONE

Odd Assortment of Princes and Descendants of the Rulers of the Past—Harald Comes to Front.

BELGRADE, March 22.—Tumultous Albania is suffering from a plague of pretenders. That any man should want to rule in Albania is a puzzle in itself; but in fact there are about ten Europeans with "legitimate, indefeasible" claims to be Albania's rightful king, in addition to which there are about ten persons more who have no claims, but have very much better prospects.

The second class consists of princely younger sons of reigning sovereigns, all of them respectable, talented and dull, with nothing at all in common with Albania. The first class consists of hitherto obscure, but picturesque personages with weird names and secular pedigrees who all swear they are descended from some prince brigand, or patriot in Albania's bloody past.

The most likely of the uninteresting respectable candidates is Prince Harald, younger brother of King Christian of Denmark. Harald is a brother of another brand new sovereign, King Haakon of Norway; and he is married to a princess of Schleswig-Holstein. He is a brother-in-law of August Wilhelm, the Kaiser's third son.

In Picturesque Class

The most interesting of the picturesque class of candidates are the descendants of Skanderberg. George Castriot or Skanderberg was Albania's fifteenth century ruler and defender. Until a few years ago no one knew that he had left any descendants. But now that the Albanian question has grown acute, descendants have sprung up in thick crops.

The most active is Prince Juan Aladro Kastriota, a black-eyed, good-looking Spaniard, a genuine aristocrat, who once represented Spain at the Hague. Prince Juan first preferred his claims to the Albanian throne in 1902. He proved that he is descended from Skanderberg's daughter. He let fly batches of proclamations at the Albanians, begging them to foster their native culture (which they haven't got) and not to worry about religion (which they don't). In those days an Albanian committee was sitting in Rome, pretending to run Albanian interests, but in reality, running Italian. The committee adopted Prince Juan as the rightful claimant to Albania's then non-existent throne.

Last November, when the Turks were beaten and it became plain that Albania wanted a king, the Albanians said what a nice thing it is to have a man who is descended from Skanderberg's daughter! But at this moment there arose two gentlement from Naples who poured cold water on the Prince Juan enthusiasm by announcing that they are descended from Skanderberg's son.

Have Strongest Claim

On the legitimist principle, these two Neapolitans have the strongest claim to the Albanian throne. They are Giovanni Castrieta Skanderbeck, Marquis of Auletta, and his cousin, Filippo, Baron di Fossaceca. Which has the best right is doubtful. Both are descendants of Ferdinando Castriota Skanderbeck, whom a whole mass of historical evidence and and family records brings back to the great Skanderberg. The two cousins Skanderbeck have issued a statement proclaiming they they are the rightful heirs. They declare they are too sure of their position to push their claims, but they also do not intend to renounce them. They add that Prince Juan Aladro Kastriota, the Spanish grandee, has no claims at all.

Next in importance to the Skanderberg posterity come various claimants from the families of Paleologi and Ghika. The Ghikas are a Roumanian family of Albanian origin which ruled on the Danube for many years and produced half a dozen famous hospodars and statesmen. They originated in Koprili. If no west European royalty becomes King of Albania, a Ghika will probably be chosen. However, they will first have to overcome the opposition of the great Paleologi, descendants of the once omnipotent Emperors of the East.

Two Paleologi are in the field. The most important is Prince Nicholas Nemanic Paleologos Ducas Angelos Commenos. The Prince lives in a modest house in the Rue de Chiajo in Naples. He issues a circular in which he says that all Italian genealogists admit him to be the direct posterity and legitimate heir of the Emperors of the East, who in 1453 lost Constantinople to the Turks, and with Constantinople lost their suzerainty over Albania and Epirus. The Prince appeals to the powers to accept him as the rightful heir of the Emperor Constantine XI., "who lost all in the defence of the Christian faith and of the freedom of the peoples of the Orient."

The Prince is reckoning without his rival Colonel Martyn Andreyevitch Paleolog of the Eighteenth Russian regiment of Chasseurs, who declared that it is he who is the rightful King of Albania. The Colonel is an honest, penniless soldier, who lost an ear at Liao Yang. He proves beyond doubt to the Russian press that he is the only genuine Paleogos on the male side alive.

That is not the last claimant. Sali Beg, a Moslem notable of Herzegovina, has a better and more recent claim than anyone. He is a direct descendant of Ali Pasha of Janina, Byron's friend. Of Ali Pasha's reality as an Albanian chief there is no doubt. He bossed Albania for six and fifty years, and with it bossed Epirus, Thessaly and part of Macedonia.

Motor Boats in War

LONDON, March 22.—The Admiralty is inquiring of motor boat owners round the coast whether they would be prepared to form an auxiliary motor boat reserve for service during war. It is pointed out that there are many ways in which motor boats could serve as auxiliaries to the fleet. They would be extremely valuable for scouting and for carrying messages. The authorities are now in communication with the leading motor boat clubs, and it is expected that some scheme for carrying out the idea will soon be arranged.

The Men Who Lead the Easter Parade
Are Those Who Have Chosen a Master Tailor

There's no question about the fact that the man who is well dressed—knows that he is dressed in good style—feels at ease, no matter where he goes.

Choose a suit of "Proper Clothes" or the famous "T. & D. Clothes for Men" and you will know what perfect clothes satisfaction is. They are made of the world's best materials, embody all the newest ideas in design and are made by the most skilful tailors in America.

Some exceptionally strong lines at $20.00, $25.00, $30.00 and $35.00.

"You'll Like Our Clothes" —Rgd.

FITZPATRICK & O'CONNELL

1017-1019 Government Street, South of Fort

"THE MODERN ELECTRIC SHOP"

Designers of Electric Fixtures

While we at all times carry in stock very complete lines of the most up-to-date and exclusive Electric Fixtures, our designer is prepared to submit free of charge, **drawings of original ideas which perhaps, would more particularly suit your individual requirement.**

We should be glad to be favored with a phone order to call upon you at your convenience.

Creech-Hughes Electric Co.

1103 DOUGLAS STREET, NEXT CORNER FORT. PHONE 466.

Now Paying Dividends

CANADIAN LOAN & MERCANTILE COMPANY LTD.

Authorized Capital, $250,000

Divided into 250,000 shares of $1.00 each par value and non-assessable, of which the remainder of the first issue of 50,000 shares are now offered to the public at par.

A FEW SHARES

In the above Company are now offered at $1.00, and will give purchasers a safe and sound investment, with a good return by way of dividends and future enhanced value of stock.

THE COMPANY

Is organized by business men of British Columbia to carry on a Home Building, Loan, Insurance and General Real Estate Business, and its head office has been located at Victoria, B.C.

FEATURES

That must appeal to the investing public is the fact that there is NO PROMOTION STOCK, every director and official of the Company paying $1.00 for their shares, the same as the general public is asked to do now. Furthermore, the Company has its own

FISCAL AGENCY

Thereby saving exorbitant commissions and leakages on the selling of its shares, and at the same time being able to arrange for the repurchase of shares at any moment, should any shareholder wish to relinquish his holdings.

THE WELFARE OF THE SHAREHOLDERS

Is the first thought of the Company, and, with this end in view, it is carried along on safe and economical lines.

AN INVESTIGATION

Into the workings of the Company will interest you and show you where large profits will accrue. Send for a prospectus and learn to the full extent our plan of operation.

PAYMENTS

On shares can be made in either way, as follows: All cash, or one-third cash, balance 6, 12, 18 and 24 months; or one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months; or 10 per cent. cash and 5 per cent. per month. Thus on this latter plan:

$10.00	cash and	$5.00 a month buys	100 shares
$25.00	cash and	$12.50 a month buys	250 shares
$50.00	cash and	$25.00 a month buys	500 shares
$100.00	cash and	$50.00 a month buys	1000 shares

REMEMBER

Now is the time to invest, for only a few remaining shares of the first issue will be sold at $1.00, after which they will go to a premium. Enter a Company when it starts on the first stages of its career and you obtain the benefit of future enhanced values of stock and derive profit from the outset. There is nothing like getting in on the ground floor. These shares are now dividend bearing. The first issue is nearly sold out, so if you want to get in at the dollar price, you must apply immediately. It will mean a 10 per cent profit to you almost right away.

DIVIDENDS

The Company paid a dividend last quarter at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and in all probability the next quarter's dividend will be at the rate of 10 per cent per annum.

DO YOU WANT

To participate in these regular quarterly dividends and have an income?

Prospectus Sent to Any Address on Application

The Mercantile General Agency, Ltd.

Selling Agents for

Canadian Loan & Mercantile Co., Ltd.

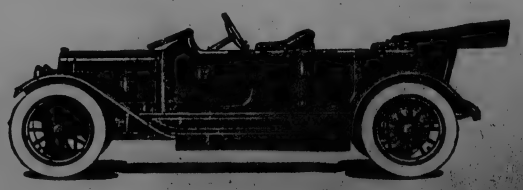
Head Offices: 207, 208, 209 Union Bank Building, Corner View and Government Streets

Phone 3243 GEO. ABBOTT, Managing Director Victoria, B.C.

Branch Offices at Vancouver, Hollyburn, Newport

A Notable Arrival in Victoria

The Mighty Michigan



A LUXURIOUS CAR AT THE POPULAR PRICE OF $2,500

Further particulars later. Call, write or phone for catalogues and our folder giving 37 reasons why you should buy a Michigan.

Armstrong's Garage

Corner of Gordon and Courtney Streets

FULL OF QUALITY
NOBLEMEN
CIGARS

REASONS—"STRONG" AND "FORCIBLE"

"But I have reasons strong and forcible."
—HENRY VI, ACT 1, Sc. 2.

In trying a case against a Hindoo Fortune-Teller, a London magistrate recently remarked: "Man loves a mystery, and likes it "FOREIGN" and "EXPENSIVE." The same truth applies to the Cigar smoker. Many smokers are "hypnotized" by the word "imported"—they think a Cigar is better because it is foreign and expensive. The

DAVIS'
"Nobleman" Cigar
2 FOR 25¢

Is equal to the highest grade imported brands, yet "NOBLEMEN" saves the smoker 50 per cent. These are reasons "strong" and "forcible" in favor of "NOBLEMEN." Many inferior Cigars masquerade under the title "imported," but the "NOBLEMEN" Cigar is always "full of quality."

"NOBLEMEN" size, 2-for-a-quarter
"CONCHA FINA" size, 3 for 25c

S. Davis & Sons, Limited
MONTREAL
Makers of the famous "PERFECTION" 3-for-a-quarter Cigar.

BEAVER BOARD RACINE HINGES READING LOCKS

Artistic, Durable and Economical Walls and Ceilings Can Be Made of
BEAVER BOARD

It is made entirely of selected woods, reduced to fibrous form and pressed into panels of uniform thickness, with pebbled surface that allows wide scope to decoration with flat oil-paint in tinting, stenciling, hand-painting, etc.

BEAVER BOARD keeps out heat and cold, deadens sound, retards fire, resists strains and vibrations, is quickly and easily put up, costs less than lath and plaster, does not crack or deteriorate, is valuable for a thousand building, remodeling or household uses.

We can furnish sizes to meet your needs, with full information and directions.

APPLY TO
The B. C. Hardware Co.
Phone 82 825 Fort Street

JAPALAC BAPCO PAINT LORAIN RANGES

CLARA BUTT IS COMING!
WITH KENNERLY RUMFORD
VICTORIA THEATRE, Friday, April 11
Madame Butt's first American tour is one continuous triumph—great crowds and demonstrations everywhere.—Mail Orders Now Received.

Established 1908
"Advertising Is to Business What Steam Is to Machinery"

Our Business Is to Get More Business for You

We devote ourselves exclusively to the following lines of publicity:

NEWSPAPERS
WEEKLIES
SHOW CARDS
CLOTH SIGNS
BIRD'S-EYE MAPS
MULTIGRAPH LETTERS
CIRCULARS
ADDRESSING
MAILING
PAMPHLETS

Since our establishment in 1908, we have made the closest study of RETAIL MERCHANTS' ADVERTISING.

The retailer who is under the impression that a small ad. does not pay is the man we want to meet, for we can prove that his impression is wrong.

Our system of circularizing (by letters which cannot be detected from typewriting) all classes of buyers is worthy of the attention of every man, woman or firm, no matter what line of business either one may be following.

The Newton Advertising Agency
Suite 403 Times Building — Victoria Art Co. — Phone 1913 Box 849

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY COLONIST

HOW AIRSHIP SCORES OVER THE AEROPLANE

Charge Made Against German Ownership of Dirigibles Disputed by Miltary Expert of London Standard.

LONDON, March 22.—The military expert of The Standard says, "The theory generally put forward that the mysterious airships which have been scarring the British are German is being disputed on the ground that it would be impossible for any dirigible to crow from Germany unobserved if it arrived over the English coast as early as 9 or 10 p.m. To get there at that hour the vessel would have to start in the daylight and it is contended that somebody would be certain to see and report its flight.

Suppose that the vessel in question is a new Zeppelin and that it starts from Heligoland. The distance between that island and Grimsby is just over 300 miles. It is known that the ship can make 60 miles an hour under favorable conditions and with the east winds that have prevailed of late they would be very favorable. It would be possible, then, for the vessel to make Grimsby in five hours. Starting at 4 p. m., it would be over the English coast at nine and the first hour or hour and a quarter of the journey would be made in daylight. But it would be the grey, fog-impregnated daylight of a Winter's day. The vessel would shoot up into it silently and quickly and in a moment or two would merge its own grey shape into its grey surroundings and become invisible to anyone on earth.

Superiority Over Aeroplane

That is where the airship scores over the aeroplane; it can sail fearlessly in the dark and the fog. Delicate instruments show the altitude at which the ship is moving, the compass gives the direction and the air contains no obstacles to navigation like the sea, no uncharted rocks, no shifting sands, and air currents have no terrors for the huge and powerful Zeppelins. There will be drift, of course, but it may be that the navigators of the Zeppelins possess instruments which enable them to make allowance for that as they go along. In any case the course kept would be so straight as to bring the ship within a mile or two of her destination and a flash of the searchlight would tell the navigating officer where he was. It is highly probable that in the course of their experimental voyages the German airmen have charted the currents of the North Sea and learned exactly what allowance to make for drift.

Question of Ability

Regarding the question of ability to keep the air, that is a simple matter for a Zeppelin. A non-stop flight of over thirteen hours and over 1,000 miles has been officially recorded, but that is certainly not the best that the Zeppelins have done; the German Government does not tell its secrets to the world. It would be well within the mark to say that a Zeppelin could remain in the air, at a pinch, for four days and nights, but it is unlikely that she would be able to manoeuvre during the whole of that time.

If we took the case of a Zeppelin starting from Cologne, say, for Dover, it would be still easier to account for its movements being unobserved. The distance between the places mentioned is 240 miles, or a matter of four hours' sailing. At this time of the year the whole of the journey could be made between nightfall and 9:30 p. m. To reach Portsmouth from Cologne another two hours would be necessary.

CRYSTAL THEATRE
Vaudeville and Picture Programme, Monday and Tuesday

The Three Musical Saxons—A Day at a Military Post; Trexeda and Hall, Singing, Dancing and Character Changes; The Shaughraun, three-reel Irish feature; Mr. and Mrs. Mott, Mellies comedy.

MAJESTIC THEATRE
Programme—Monday and Tuesday

"Chains of an Oath"—Special Feature. "His Enemy"—A Very Interesting Picture. "A Gambler's Heart"—A Gripping Story of the West. "Look Not Upon the Wine"—Farce Comedy. "A Queer Elopement"—A Riot of Mirth.

PRINCESS THEATRE
Corner Blanchard and Yates Streets
THE WILLIAMS STOCK CO.
Week Commencing Monday, March 24.
THE GREAT PLAY
THE HYPNOTIC
Man of Mystery
Prices, 10c, 20c and 30c. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 10c and 20c.
Curtain 8:15 evenings; matinees, 2:45.
Reserved seats on sale
DEAN & HISCOCKS,
Corner Broad and Yates

THE
Annual Dance
OF THE
VICTORIA NURSES' CLUB
Will be held at the ALEXANDRA CLUB
MARCH 26

LINENS AND SILKS
Arrived from the Orient large assortment of Chinese and Japanese silk goods of every description, such as grass linen and silk hose, etc. Call and see our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Prices reasonable.
QUONG MAN FUNG & CO.,
1118 Government Street

RALLA SINGH & UNRAM SINGH,
1020 Douglas Phone 4630

Corner Hillside and Graham, 126 ft. on Hillside, 96.6 deep. Price $20,000; 1/3 cash. 6, 12, 18 and 24.
Corner Bay and Cook, 64x100.
Corner Hillside and Graham, 126x148. [illegible]; easy terms.

Empress

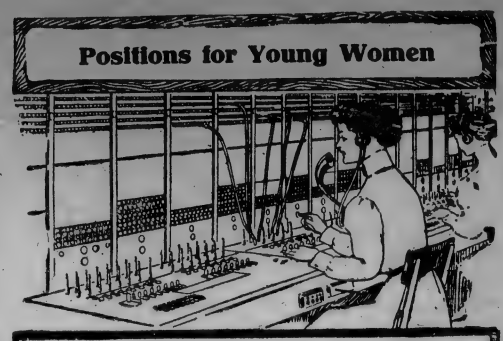
WHERE EVERYBODY GOES
BEST VAUDEVILLE IN THE WORLD AND THE PRICE 15 & 25¢

Next Week's Attractions
A spectacular Aerial Novelty
THE AEROPLANE LADIES
Three Daring Beauties
Special Added Feature. Welcome Return of the Empress Favorites
John—KENNEY & HOLLIS—Frank
The Original College Boys
The Incomparable Melody Men
THE CABARET TRIO
(Devere, Herman and Stone)
AGNES HAYNE
Eccentric Character Comedienne
First Vaudeville Appearance of the Famous Australian Bush-Whip Marvels
William—THE WAYTES—Marion

Victoria Theatre
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 26 AND 27
Grand Vaudeville Entertainment
In aid of the Connaught Seamen's Institute
Held under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild
Prices, $1.00, 75c and 50c
Seats on sale March 24

Co-Operative Contract Company, Ltd.
Make Loans at 5 Per Cent Interest | Offer a 20 Per Cent Investment
Under a Profit-Sharing Contract Plan
FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION
Home Office, 512 Sayward Building Victoria, B. C.

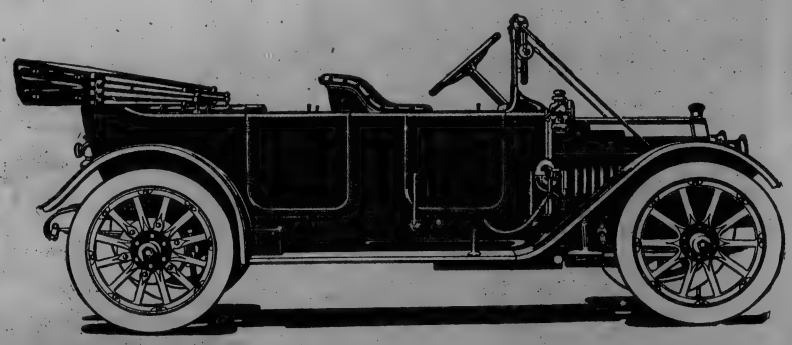
Positions for Young Women



Owing to the constant growth of our business, permanent positions, affording opportunities for rapid advancement, are open for young women.

Apply to Traffic Department, B. C. Telephone Company, Blanchard and Johnson Streets.

British Columbia Telephone Company, Ltd.
Victoria, B. C.



The Inviting Chalmers "Thirty-Six"

Inviting because it simply appears good and right. Some houses are that way—the ones you know are right, without knowing just why.

The wide door invites you to step in, the deep cushions to sit down, the big steering wheel to drive.

Just keep your seat—don't get out in the street again. The control of this car is centred on the cowled dash.

Push a button and the Chalmers cranks itself. Chalmers air pressure starter does it—best starter made, because simplest, most economical, quickest acting, most reliable under all conditions.

Chalmers was the first car to have a dependable starter. Chalmers "Thirty-Six" gave a trade name to the year 1912. That year goes down in automobile history as "Self-Starter year." Chalmers cars set fashions.

Just move a lever and the carburetor is adjusted.

CHALMERS MOTOR CO. Detroit, Mich. U.S.A.
This monogram stands for all you can ask in a motor car

Turn a switch and the electric lights are on.

The levers and pedals and wheel are just where you want them. In fact, all the "controls" of the Chalmers are right to your hand—most of them artistically grouped on the stylishly cowled dash.

And, by the way, that's another big automobile improvement the Chalmers had first—the cowled dash. Compare this one feature with the same on other cars—see if the Chalmers isn't better done.

Rims are demountable. Tires may be inflated from the compressed air tank—no pumping. Others ask you to pay extra for this feature.

In view of all these good points, a Chalmers "Thirty-Six" is particularly inviting because of its price—only $2750 for a fully equipped up-to-the-minute motor car of A1 goodness. Always on view at our showrooms.

Wood Motor Company, Limited
VICTORIA, B. C.
740 Broughton Street — Phone 4900—Private Exchange
1681 Rockland Avenue — Phone [illegible]

You Can Buy Now for $100 to $2,000 Per Lot of 30x110 to 30x100

TERMS: Quarter Cash, Balance Over Three Years

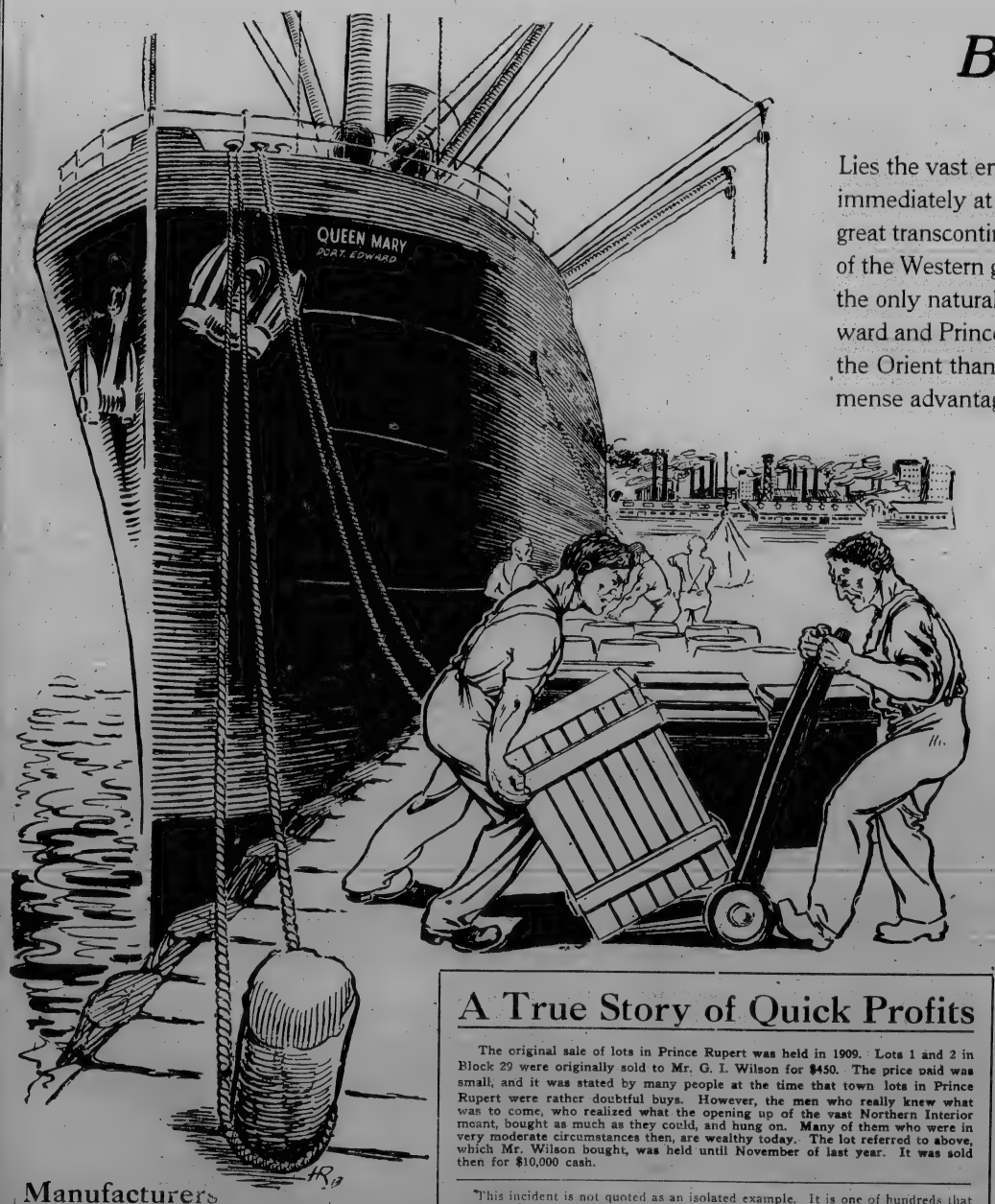
Port Edward, B.C.

Prince Rupert's Industrial Annex

First Sale of Lots Begins March 25th

Supplies the waterfront industrial sites that are needed to accommodate the industrial development of Prince Rupert that is now at hand. Situated on the mainland, a short distance from Prince Rupert and on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific, Port Edward possesses the finest natural harbor on the Pacific Coast, with seven times the docking capacity of Prince Rupert per unit waterfront, and with a townsite that affords excellent natural advantages of grade. Port Edward has been laid out by experts to fulfil the requirements of an industrial annex according to the most efficient methods known.

Port Edward, with Prince Rupert, possesses every natural advantage to be found in the best-equipped harbor cities of the world and offers facilities for the development of modern industries beyond the facilities offered by any other centre on the entire Pacific Coast.



Back of Port Edward and Prince Rupert

Lies the vast empire of the North Pacific, undeveloped as yet, but with development immediately at hand, to follow the imminent opening of the Grand Trunk Pacific. This great transcontinental, possessing the lowest grade in existence, will haul the lion's share of the Western grain shipments of Canada for the Panama Canal route. Besides being the only natural distributing points for the tremendous, rich area of the North, Port Edward and Prince Rupert are 483 miles closer to Yokohama and the great entry ports of the Orient than the next closest Pacific port of North America. This gives them an immense advantage in the great and growing Oriental trade.

Port Edward

Possesses the waterfront industrial sites that Prince Rupert cannot supply. One big company---the Prince Rupert Hydro-Electric --- which controls the power and light situation, has already selected Port Edward as its site and is installing its plant and wharves. Negotiations are under way on behalf of other large enterprises for sites at Port Edward. Port Edward's identity as a great industrial centre is established. It is beyond all surmise or probability.

Read the References

To profits made at Prince Rupert. Grasp the meaning of this tremendous development. Realize that you have the opportunity of a lifetime before you in this first sale of Port Edward lots. The prices are low and the terms very easy. Don't make up your mind one way or the other now. Send for the complete literature. Get all the facts AND THEN ACT WITHOUT DELAY.

A True Story of Quick Profits

The original sale of lots in Prince Rupert was held in 1909. Lots 1 and 2 in Block 29 were originally sold to Mr. G. I. Wilson for $450. The price paid was small, and it was stated by many people at the time that town lots in Prince Rupert were rather doubtful buys. However, the men who really knew what was to come, who realized what the opening up of the vast Northern Interior meant, bought as much as they could, and hung on. Many of them who were in very moderate circumstances then, are wealthy today. The lot referred to above, which Mr. Wilson bought, was held until November of last year. It was sold then for $10,000 cash.

This incident is not quoted as an isolated example. It is one of hundreds that can be referred to. Six hundred per cent on the investment was not an unusual profit for original purchasers in Prince Rupert.

Port Edward Offers Practically the Same Opportunity as Prince Rupert Offered in 1909. Are You Going to Let It Pass?

Manufacturers
Send for Folder "B"— It's Worth While

HALL & FLOYER

Corner View and Douglas Streets

Office Open Evenings **Or Address** **Phone 4770**

HARRISON, GAMBLE & CO., Prince Rupert, B. C.

CUT AND MAIL THIS NOW—TODAY

An Interesting Page of House-Furnishing News

Do Your Curtains Make or Mar Your Room?

THE choice of curtains is very important when you consider that they either make or mar your room. Some rooms require a neat lacy design, while other rooms a well-covered, heavier pattern. Then again lace curtains for some windows would be quite out of place, but the American Bungalow Scrims would be very suitable. Whatever style of window you wish to drape you will find our stocks are complete and full of suggestions.

Space will only permit our quoting a few of our special lines.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, 45 and 50 inches wide, in neat lacy patterns with scalloped edges; white and cream; a curtain that will launder and wear well. Suitable for any style of window. Price, per pair.....75c

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long, all finished with lockstitched edges, beautiful lacy patterns, some with a handsome border and plain in the centre. These curtains come in white, cream and ecru. Special showing at, per pair $2.50

Nottingham Lace Nets, in large scroll, square and block designs, also dainty vine and figured patterns, both in the heavy and fine makes, all 50 inches wide, very strong and durable, in white, cream and ecru. At, per yard.....45c

Madras Muslins, 50 inches wide. Some of these muslins are made with the plain edge, others with scalloped edges, very dainty, lacy patterns, suitable for all styles of windows. In white and cream. At, per yard 35c

Madras Muslins, good Scotch Madras muslin, 36 and 45 inches wide, finished with lockstitch edges, dainty designs, both in the natural color, also in white, suitable for bungalow or bedroom curtains and draperies of any kind. At, per yard 25c

American Bungalow Scrims, made with fancy borders and figured centres; reversible patterns, in a large assortment of colorings to choose from. At, per yard 15c

American Bungalow Scrims, in all the new and artistic designs. Some with plain centres and fancy borders, in all the leading colorings of creams, ecru, greens, browns, blues and pinks. A very strong, serviceable scrim, suitable for all kinds of windows. Special showing at, per yard 25c

Table Covers, heavy quality Tapestry Table Covers, all reversible and fringed all around. A large assortment of designs and colorings, in red, greens, etc. Size 2 yards square. At, each $1.75

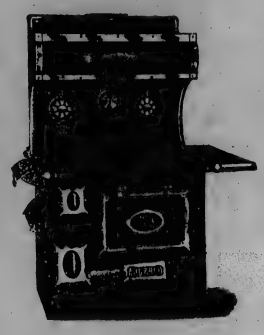
The "Diamond"

The Steel Range That Represents Big Value for Little Money

THE best range that money and experience has been able to produce for the price asked. It embodies the very latest range principles and improvements together with the greatest durability and economy.

Has the plain nickel and clean square lines of the Arcadian.

The same roomy and free-drawing flues.



Note the height in the oven—a good inch more than usual.

Note the sensible size and good hinges to the fire box.

All these are important items for you to consider when buying a range.

Come and see our large stock and let us point out the many advantages of the "Diamond."

Our experienced staff is at your service.

No. 15 Range and Hot Warming Closet $35.00

No. 17 Range and Hot Warming Closet $37.00

No. 19 Range and Hot Warming Closet $40.00

(Water Front or Coil extra)

Delivered and set up in your house within limits of city free of charge.

Write for Booklet—Free. Third Floor

New and Effective Furniture Coverings

WE hold a very choice selection of Art Tapestries, Velours, Cretonnes and Chintzs, suitable for curtains, valances, furniture coverings, window hangings, loose covers, etc.; in various widths and prices.

Shadow Cretonnes. A new showing of handsome American Shadow Cretonnes, in all the dainty two-tone patterns of rose, pink blue and gold. A very suitable cretonne for bedrooms and also for slip covers for furniture. A good heavy quality, 36 inches wide. At, per yard 50c

American Art Ticking, 36 inches wide, in shadow effects, also in rows and stripes. A very pleasing ticking for furniture covering, also for curtains and drapery making. Per yard.....35c

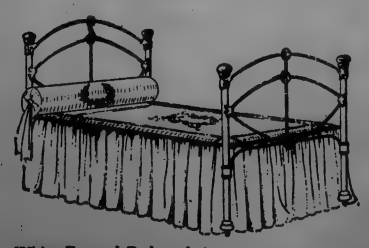
Low-Priced Dressers That Will Endure a Hard Test

HERE are two very strong lines that we are confident will give you entire satisfaction. They are made of well seasoned lumber, the construction is sound, and the finish is first class.

Even the inexperienced furniture buyer will see at a glance that these are values well above the average. Visit the showrooms and let the furniture tell its own story to you.

At $13.75 we are offering a very fine line of golden oak finished dressers. They are finished with a large British beveled plate mirror, have roomy drawers and have neat brass pulls. One of the best lines we have ever offered at the price.

At $9.75 there is another good line made on similar lines to the above.



An Attractive Display of Reasonably Priced Bedsteads

White Enamel Bedsteads in an endless variety, from $22.50 to **$2.90**

Brass Bedsteads of reliable make and finish, from $69.00 to...**$13.50**

Spring Mattress, to fit all bedsteads, in various qualities, from...**$2.00**

Our Special All-Felt Mattress, in a good art tick. Full size.....**$6.90**

Feather Pillows, the pair from $1.25 to.....**$6.00**

David Spencer Ltd.

WE cordially invite you to stroll through and inspect our large showrooms and view this immense assemblage of Furniture at your leisure; there will be no importunity on the part of our staff to press you to purchase. Those wishing to furnish a shack, bungalow rooming-house or hotel will find that Spencer's Ltd. can do it with soundly constructed, well finished goods at most economical prices.

Convincing Values in Carpets and Linoleums

WHAT we say of clothes in relation to a man we may often apply to carpets in relation to a house. To judge a man one has oftimes little else than clothes appearance to go by. To judge a house one may take the carpets as a fairly accurate indicator.

So Carpets Are Important

We never had a finer selection than these Spring goods. The greatest care has been exercised by our buyer only to bring together the very best of the newest designs and colorings, and we invite you to come and inspect them.

Axminster Squares. A very large assortment of Axminster Squares have just arrived from the English manufacturers. Such an assortment we have never shown before. They are in self-toned, Oriental, floral and all-over effects. They are all woven in one piece from the best of materials, deep, rich pile. Size 9 x 12 feet **$42.50**

Eastern Squares. A very large assortment of these very popular, good-wearing squares. These squares are made of the finest of yarn, very fine in texture and very silky in appearance. They come in all sizes, 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in., in a good selection of colorings, and will suit any room. Price **$37.50**

Wilton Squares. A large selection of small size Wilton Squares in all the leading effects and colors; made from the best quality of wool; very rich and silky in appearance. Size 6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft.; suitable for dens, halls or small rooms..**$13.50**

Brussels Squares, size 3 x 3½ yards. A large assterwoven borders, plain and figured centres. Size 9 x 12. Each **$20.00**

Brussels Squares, size 3 x 3½ yards. A arlge assortment in a good heavy quality, beautifully designed and richly colored. A carpet that will give good satisfaction. Each **$17.50**

Brussels Squares, we are showing a large assortment, in the smaller sizes, suitable for small rooms, bedrooms, dens or dining-rooms; a choice selection of colorings and designs. Size 9 x 9. Each **$15.00**

Brussels Squares in small size, 2¼ x 3 yards. An artistic square, and very useful for halls, dens or small rooms. We have a large assortment and a full range of colors and designs. A splendid wearing carpet. Each **$11.50**

Tapestry Carpet Squares made with interwoven borders and one seam down the centre. A choice range of patterns and colorings to select from. Sizes 3 x 3½. Each, from.....**$8.50**

Moravian Reversible Squares, woven all in one piece, in artistic designs and colors, to represent Smyrna rugs. They give every satisfaction both in wear and appearance. Prices range from.....**$3.75**

Tapestry Rugs, 27 x 54, made in a good heavy quality. A large assortment of designs and colors to choose from. Price **$1.10**

Axminster Hearth Rugs

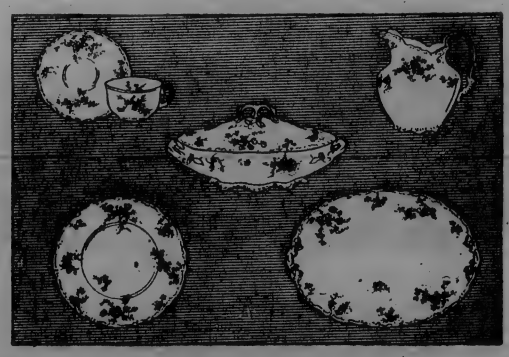
In heavy qualities, in colorings and designs to match all carpets, at prices from $11.75 to **$2.25**

Linoleums

We are showing in this important department a very extensive range of Cork and Inlaid Linoleums, heavily printed and well seasoned, in all the newest designs and colorings, direct from the leading manufacturers.

Printed Linoleums, per square yard, 65c to..**45c**

Inlaid Linoleums, per square yard, $1.25 to..**85c**



The Open Stock Dinner or Tea Sets Are Worthy of Your Consideration

IT is a hard matter to keep a set of Semi-Porcelain complete for any length of time; accidents will happen, and then the set is spoiled. This means that at just the time when you want the set to look its best, odd pieces have to appear at the table.

With the open stock patterns, this anoyance is avoided because the pieces are so easily replaced, and at a small cost, too. The common idea that the open stock patterns are of an inferior order is a great mistake and those who inspect this line will be satisfied that they are as good as most people can desire them to be.

These lines were made specially for us by Messrs. Johnson Bros., of Hanley, England. It is made of the best English semi-porcelain, has a white body and neat gold edges and fancy floral patterns.

Small Tea Plates, per dozen **85c**
Large Tea Plates, per dozen **$1.00**
Dessert Plates, per dozen **$1.25**
Breakfast Plates, per dozen **$1.50**
Meat Plates, per dozen **$1.90**
Soup Plates, per dozen **$1.50**
Fruit Plates, per dozen **75c**
Egg Cups, per dozen **$1.20**
Teacups and Saucers, per dozen.....**$2.00**
Bouillon Cups, per dozen **$3.50**
Platters, 8-inch, each.....**25c**
Platters, 9-inch, each.....**35c**
Platters, 10-inch, each.....**50c**
Platters, 12-inch, each.....**75c**
Platters, 14-inch, each.....**$1.00**
4-Piece Soup Tureen $4.75
4-Piece Sauce Tureen $1.25
Sauce Boats 25c
Tompots 75c
Covered Sugar Boxes 35c
Cream Jugs 25c
Pickle Trays 25c
7-inch Scallop Bowl 25c
8-inch Scallop Bowl 35c
Covered Butter Dishes 75c
Full 97-Piece Dinner Sets from.....$6.90
40-Piece Tea Sets from.....$3.90

In open stock patterns—pink with three gold lines, celeste blue with three gold lines, and white with gold.

Many Dollars Saved by Purchasing Your Bedding and Linens From Spencer's

BUYING in a large way and dealing direct with the manufacturers, and thus saving the wholesalers' profits, we are able to give exceptional value in Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Towels, Table Linens, etc. Don't judge the quality by the prices quoted here; you must see the goods to appreciate their true value.

$3.75 Buys a Pair of Blankets at Spencer's honestly worth $4.25, made up from the best Canadian wool.

$5.75 Buys an All-Wool Blanket of high-grade quality.

Grecian Quilts always look neat. Easily laundered; the kind that will stand lots of hard wear. In three sizes—
¾ bed size, at, each, $1.50 and **$1.35**
Full size at, each **$1.65**
Extra large size at, each **$1.75**

Marseilles Quilts in a fine weave with various neat floral designs with border all round, in extra sizes to fit your large beds. A quilt that usually sells for $3.25. Our special price **$2.75**

White Cotton Sheets, ready for immediate use, neatly hemmed; size 2 yards x 2½ yards. Just the size for your large beds. Regular $1.85 value. Our price **$1.50**

Hemstitched Sheets, our best quality sheets, finished with a 2½-inch hem. Full size. Regular $3.00 value. Our price, a pair **$2.50**

Towels

Honeycomb Towels, commonly known as barbers' towels, come in two sizes. Have red borders and figured edges. Per dozen, $1.00 and **60c**

Huckaback and Turkish Towels. A close weave, very absorbent, and a large size. Special price, each **15c**

Huckaback Towels. A large size, neatly hemmed, and a quality that will stand hard wear. An excellent face towel. Special price **25c**

Turkish Towels, either white or colored, the product of some of the best English mills; a generous size and an excellent quality. A thick and heavy towel that is very absorbent. Special **25c**

Turkish Bath Towels. Your choice from either white or the colored style. They are a good bath towel and come with either figured or plain hems. Price, each **50c**

Linen Towels in the large bathroom size. Just the thing to make your flesh tingle with an invigorating rub. They come in two qualities at, each, 40c. .**50c**

Linens

Bleached and Unbleached Table Damask, suitable for everyday use. In pretty damask designs. Specially priced at, per yard, 50c, 45c and.....**35c**

Higher Grade Table Damask in effective designs, a very fine weave. A serviceable quality at a moderate price. Specially priced at, per yard, $1.00, 85c, 75c and **65c**

Hemmed Tablecloths, all ready for immediate use. Various pretty designs and qualities, at special prices, each $2.50, $2.00, $1.50 and **$1.00**

Dining-Room Buffets and Sideboards in a Fine Assortment of Styles

IT'S just possible that you need a sideboard or buffet to make your dining-room complete. Here's your opportunity. We never had a better selection. Scores have been unpacked during the past few weeks, and we are confident that you will agree with us when we say "that the values are better than ever."

Stylish Sideboard, nicely made and finished in surfaced oak. Double door compartment at the bottom, and 2 drawers. Beveled mirror in back measures 24 x 14 inches, and there are three shelves. Special value at **$17.75**

Handsome Sideboard, made of nicely figured oak, in beautiful golden finish. Double door compartment at the bottom, large linen drawer, and two small plate drawers. Large beveled mirror in top portion. Special value at **$29.75**

Extension Tables of Reliable Make

THE Extension-Table trade is quite a business in itself, the manufacture requiring special attention through every process. A good table should be perfect in every respect. We make a specialty of this branch of our business and buy only from manufacturers of repute and whose goods can be relied upon to give entire satisfaction. Our range of tables comprise every style in fumed oak, golden oak and Early English finish, at prices from $7.75 to $50.00.

Special Values in Low-Priced Couches

HERE are just three good values we are offering in low-priced Couches, suitable for everyday use; well made and neatly finished.

Covered in imitation leather or tapestry at **$4.25**
Covered in green velour at **$4.90**
Covered in imitation leather or velour finished with fringe, at..**$7.90**
A better quality at **$12.75**

Morris Chairs

OUR stock of Morris Chairs represents nearly every style and quality made, from the cheaper grade in imitation leather, which sells at $5.90, to the luxurious make in real leather at $35.00.

Special Values, upholstered in velour, at **$7.50**
Imitation Spanish Leather at $13.50

Luxurious Easy Chairs

Easy Chairs that not only look inviting, but are as comfortable as they look, and built to give you long service. This is the style of chair that you will find in a great variety of shapes and sizes in our rooms. Some are made on metal frames, others [illegible] and all are upholstered with sanitary materials.

See these special lines—

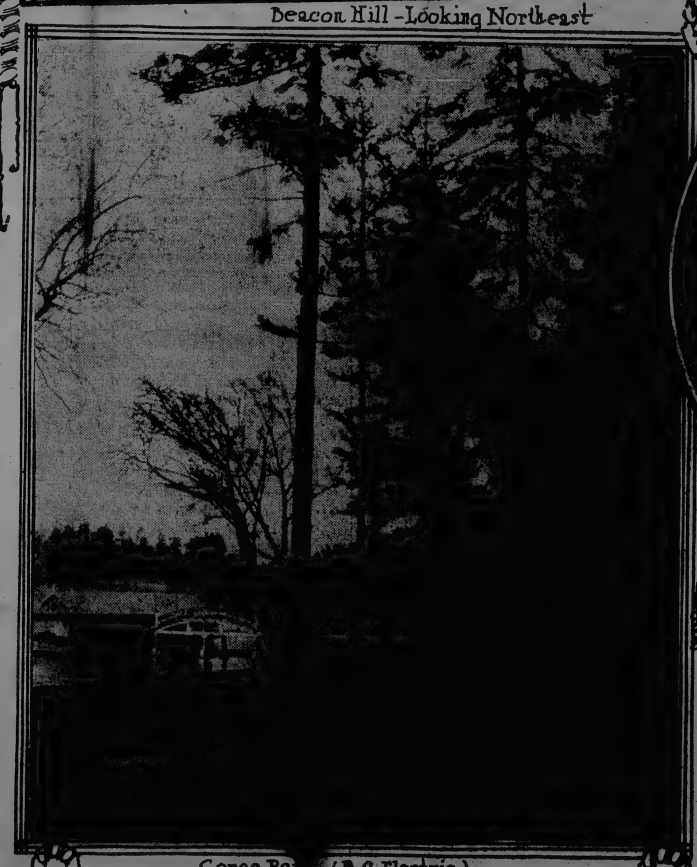
Upholstered in imitation leather at .....
Upholstered in real leather at .....

Sunday The Daily Colonist. Magazine

Victoria's Parks and Playgrounds

Beacon Hill—Looking Northeast

Beacon Hill



Gorge Pa[illegible] (B.C. Electric)

Stadacona Park

Oak Bay (B.C. Electric)

WITH the advent of Spring, "the Call of Outdoors" becomes so insistent as to direct attention once again to what Victoria has to offer in the way of open spaces where health and pleasure seekers may disport themselves. With the rapid expansion in every direction, and the building up of vacant areas within the boundaries of the city proper, the important part which public parks play in the life of the community is coming to be more clearly realized and appreciated. On this page there are reproductions of photographs showing what parks Victoria possesses. It is very generally conceded that the present needs of the city are well supplied. Included in the views is one of Stadacona Park an area of land located near the junction of Pandora Avenue and Fort Street which the city has just secured by purchase from Major Dupont. While this land has not yet been developed for the purposes

Mrs. Barnes' Easter

ACROSS the little country churchyard, waste and forlorn after the neglect of Winter, a tall, shabbily dressed woman with sad, refined face and dark, melancholy eyes, made her way to a remote corner, bearing in her hands a magnificent bunch of glowing geranium blossoms which she was about to place upon a little mound at her feet, when a young, smartly dressed woman, breathless from hurrying, came hastily to her side.

"Oh, Mrs. Barnes," she said, "won't you give me those lovely flowers? We've been decorating the church for Easter—tomorrow, you know—and we need more flowers, and yours are just what we want. My brother and his wife, and my sister Jeanette and a friend, are going to motor over from town and we want the church to look especially nice."

She bent toward the elder woman with a little gesture of supplication and smiled ingratiatingly.

Mrs. Barnes shook her head. "I'm sorry, but today is my little Nettie's birthday, and in all the years she has lain there," indicating the little mound, "I have never failed to put flowers on her grave on her birthday, and I see no reason why I should make an exception now."

"But this is Easter, you know; the day when the Saviour rose from the dead, and—" she paused, and with a little unaccustomed reverence creeping into her somewhat flippant manner, she quoted, "and become the first-fruits of them that slept."

"Just what do you mean by that?" asked Mrs. Barnes coldly.

"Oh, I mean that Christ triumphed over death. That because He rose from the dead our beloved dead," her voice sank almost to a whisper and tears sprang to her eyes, "will also rise and we may expect to meet them in a happier land."

"I used to believe things like that too," returned Mrs. Barnes indifferently.

"Oh, don't stop believing. You'll meet your little girl again if you only believe and trust. Was she your only child?" she asked after a pause.

"I had a boy from whom I have not heard for twelve years. He was sixteen when he went away and for months he wrote regularly; then all at once he stopped and I believe he is dead. I know he is or he never would have ceased to write. All that's left to me in the whole world is that little grave." Her voice faltered and she turned abruptly from her companion and walked away; then paused as the other spoke.

"Oh, I hope that Easter may bring something good to you; some of its peace and joy," she added earnestly, lingering a moment, hoping for more than the perfunctory "thank you" with which Mrs. Barnes answered her. Then with a hasty good-bye, she went back to the church.

Left alone, Mrs. Barnes laid down the flowers and began to gather up the twigs and litter that had accumulated during the winter; then taking the flowers she heaped them at the head of the grave against the little white marble stone that she had toiled and stinted herself of the necessities of life to purchase that she might be able thus to mark the resting place of her little daughter.

"I may just as well stay awhile with Nettie," she thought, seating herself beside the grave. "There's nothing particular to do and no one to miss me."

The setting sun poured a flood of glory across the valley, making golden paths across the bare, brown earth, and turning the tiny lake, with its border of dark, sombre evergreens, into a sheet of molten gold.

"A sea of glass mingled with fire." Somewhere she had heard such an expression. Possibly it was in the Bible. She rather thought it was. In connection with it she remembered vaguely that there was something about those who had gained "a victory over the beast" and such had harps in their hands and they sang glad songs.

Was there some such place, then, as Mrs. Ashmore seemed to think, where dwelt the loved and lost. Where the pure in heart saw God? If so, her little Nettie was there. Sweet, pure little Nettie, who had fallen a victim to the hardships and privations that were the result of her father's appetite for strong drink.

Sad and bitter were the bereaved mother's memories of the man who, impelled by his consuming thirst, squandered his own meagre earnings and such of hers as he could get hold of to satisfy his craving. Disgusted and heart-sick her boy, Ned, had left home, sending his mother, from time to time, most of his earnings. One of his remittances fell into the hands of the father, who hastened with it to a saloon. On his return to his home, dazed and stupefied by drink, he fell into a disused cellar, where, with a broken leg and many bruises, he lay for many hours in the fierce downpour of an autumn rain.

From a sense of duty his wife nursed him faithfully, but the exposure resulted in pneumonia, and soon there came a day when she stood beside an open grave into which the first snowflakes of winter were falling, and heard the sound of clods upon a coffin lid and listened dully to the words, "Earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust," and turned away with a feeling of relief when the service was over and hurried home to do, without effect, all that her means and skill could do to save her little girl; but when the Spring came with its blooming flowers and singing birds, Nettie was there no longer and the mother's home was desolate and her heart wrung with grief.

The years went by, and tonight, still uncomforted, she sat beside all that was left of the children she had so deeply loved.

For some little time she had been dimly conscious of the sound of music within the church where some one was evidently practicing the Easter anthems. Unconsciously it soothed and comforted her, and by and by, after a little silence the words and music of an old familiar hymn floated out upon the evening air:

Low in the grave He lay, Jesus my Saviour,
Waiting the coming day, Jesus my Lord.
Up from the grave He arose, with a mighty
triumph o'er His foes.
He arose triumphant from its dark domain,
And He ever liveth with His saints to reign.
He arose. Hallelujah, Christ arose.

"Death could not keep his prey,
He broke the bars away."

Tears were dropping down her cheeks before the hymn was finished and she listened eagerly to the last lingering notes.

Maybe after all death was not the end. Maybe after all there was a glorified life beyond the grave where the worthy walked in white. Perhaps Mrs. Ashmore, whom she had covertly despised as being shallow and flippant, was right.

Encouraged by her softer mood, unaccustomed memories of brighter times came thronging back. Memories of a happy home and a husband who was loving and tender before the demon drink gained the mastery over him.

Her thoughts dwelt on the last days when, away from constant temptation, he had been bitterly repentant; but, calloused by suffering and the memory of many broken promises, she had listened to his pleas for forgiveness with ill-concealed impatience. Perhaps had she been more patient, less disdainful, he might never had fallen so low.

She turned suddenly and looked at the neglected grave beside her. No stone marked it. No flowers lay upon it. Always the conviction that he had driven away her boy and caused the death of the little girl had hardened her heart toward him. Now she turned impulsively, and taking part of the flowers she laid them upon the hitherto uncared for mound.

Long since the sun had set. The stars appeared, and now a chill wind stirred the branches of the tall pine that stood, a stately, solemn sentinel, near by.

Stiff and cold she arose and went to the little shabby cottage, which was home, and lay down to sleep, her thoughts still occupied by the triumphant words and music of that dear old hymn.

When she awoke in the morning a flood of sunshine streamed into the room and she arose and dressed, remembering it was Easter morning.

The night before she had resolved to go to church, but this morning she shrank from the prospect of seeing so many well-dressed people, and meeting their careless or curious glances.

She would love to hear the Easter music and to see sweet, gentle Jeanette Murray, Mrs. Ashmore's sister, who had been so kindly considerate of her the few times they had chanced to meet, and whom, she thought, bore a faint resemblance to Nettie.

She realized also that her clothes were neither new nor fashionable, but, nevertheless, she decided at last to go early and take a seat well back so that at the conclusion of the service she could slip out quickly and unobserved.

Mrs. Barnes had been in her place some time when Mrs. Ashmore and her friends entered and her eyes rested with approval upon Jeanette Murray's pure, refined face, so different, she thought, from Mrs. Ashmore's. Then her eyes strayed to the rest of the party: John Murray, thin and dark; his wife, fair and plump; and a man, well-dressed and prosperous looking. Evidently this was the "friend" to whom Mrs. Ashmore had referred.

His back was toward her, but there was something vaguely familiar about him. He reminded her of some one; and then, she almost smiled at the absurdity of it, she thought of her brother Ben, long dead, who had had the same tall, straight figure and poise of the head.

In spite of herself her thoughts and eyes turned again and again to the young man, and she became obsessed with a desire to see his face, so that instead of hurrying out when the service was ended, she remained in the pew, and one and another came and spoke so cordially and professed themselves so glad to see her that her heart warmed and her stiff, repellant manner visibly softened.

All this time Mrs. Ashmore and her party lingered, speaking to many, introducing the stranger and seeming to loiter unreasonably.

At last they were near and Mrs. Ashmore and her sister came forward and shook hands, and then for the first time Mrs. Barnes saw the stranger's face and she felt as if she were turning to ice as he turned and looked at her, his face visibly whitening as he gazed.

Dimly as in a dream Mrs. Ashmore mentioned his name, and added laughingly, "Why, I declare, your names are the same. I never thought of it before," and the man suddenly leaned forward and grasped her hand, saying in a hushed, choked voice, "Mother, mother, can it be possible?"

"Is it—can it be my Ned?" she whispered.

"See here," at last broke in Mrs. Ashmore, wiping her tear-filled eyes, "go home with your mother, Mr. Barnes, and in an hour or two we'll send the car over after you and you'll both come back and spend the afternoon with us," and as this seemed the most sensible arrangement it was done.

After an hour spent in reminiscenses and explanations, they concluded that a letter, may be more than one, had been lost; then a stray copy of a newspaper had fallen into Ned's hands, in which his sister Nettie's death had been reported, accompanied by the statement that Mrs. Barnes had died some weeks previously.

Shocked and grief-stricken, Ned had appealed to a man recently come from a place not far from Ned's old home, who remembered, vaguely, that he had heard of the death of some one. He believed it was Ned's mother.

The boy had already received the offer of a better position some distance away, to which he went immediately, leaving no address, as he thought there was no longer any one who would write to him.

"If I had only come home before or written to make sure," he said sorrowfully, "but I'll try to make it up to you, mother. I can give you a comfortable home, and I'm sure you'll like my wife."

"Are you married, Ned?" she asked, much surprised.

"Not yet; but I'm going to marry Jeanette Murray soon. I met her in Vancouver two years ago, and when she came home it was to get ready to be married. I think we can make you happy, mother."

"Having you alive and well and prosperous is all the happiness I ask for; but only think, Ned, suppose I had decided to remain at home this morning!"—Beth Porter Sherwood, in Westminster Magazine.

THE IRON ORES OF CALIFORNIA

The iron ores of the Pacific Coast have until recently received but little attention. Numerous deposits have been known to exist, but they have generally been regarded as too far from centres of consumption and fuel supplies to be worked at a profit, and too small to warrant the expense of erecting furnaces within easy reach. The deposits at Minaret, Madera county, Cal., are said to be among the largest in California, and perhaps in the West. They occur on the summits of the Sierra Nevada. Probably next in size, but of greater commercial importance, are the Eagle Mountain deposits, in Riverside county, Cal.

The United States Geological Survey has just published as Bulletin 503 a report on the iron ore deposits of the Eagle Mountain, by E. C. Hardner. The examination and mapping of these deposits from the first detailed investigation of iron ores of California made by the Federal survey, and are a continuation of similar investigations in the Iron Springs District, in Southwestern Utah, made several years ago.

The Eagle Mountain range is one of a large number of bare ranges of rocky mountains in the Mojave and Colorado deserts. The higher peaks of the Eagle Mountains rise about 4,000 feet above sea level, and the edge of the desert that surrounds the range on the west, north and east averages about 1,500 feet above sea level.

The principal iron ores of the Eagle Mountains occur on the north limb of the dome in a chain of discontinuous deposits, six and a half miles long, trending across the summit of the range in a northwesterly direction. They extend three miles west of the summit, and three and a half miles east. The ore-bearing zone reaches in places a width of 4,000 feet, but individual ore deposits do not exceed 500 feet in width. A moderate estimate of the total quantity of mixed ore and gangue material available in the deposits now exposed, assuming that they extend several hundred feet down, is about 75,000,000 tons. Of this quantity about four-fifths is assumed to be ore, most of it of very high grade.

No iron ore has been mined in the district, the principal obstacle to the establishment of the iron industry in Southern California being the absence of fuel. The nearest deposits of coking coal are in Colorado, the lignites and bituminous coals of Washington and Oregon being unsuitable for this purpose. It seems, likely, however, that before many years extensive mining operations will be started in the Alaskan coal fields, and then large quantities of coking coal will be shipped to Pacific Coast ports, thus making possible the establishing of blast furnaces and steel plants.

Kindly Gent—"What is your name, my boy?" Hotel Page Boy—"They call me Billiard Cue, sir." Kindly Gent—"What ever for?" Hotel Page Boy—"Because I work so much better with a good tip."

Fifteen Years a Dancer

FASHION in the dance has altered amazingly during the last half-century, as the protests against "decadent dancing" in our correspondence columns abundantly testify, writes The London Daily Telegraph's book reviewer. Taglioni is not more distant from Miss Letty Lind than Miss Lind, in turn, is distant from Madame Pavlova; and, whatever the decline in the taste of the ball room, it can hardly be disputed that stage-dancing has enormously advanced, both in imagination and in grace, since the days of our parents' boyhood." And among those who have made history with their feet, few dancers in our own generation will be more gratefully remembered than Miss Loie Fuller, who here gives a pleasant and unaffected volume of recollections to the public. Miss Fuller was, perhaps, the first of modern dancers to recognize the value of light and color, no less than the importance of the arms, in the poetry of motion. Recollection of her art take the form of kaleidoscopic visions of fluttering fire and fiery vapor against a background of impenetrable darkness. Employing limelight as it had never been employed before in the ballet, and gaining an impression of endless motion from the adroit manipulation of floating gauze, Miss Loie Fuller was by turns a butterfly, an orchid, a flame of fire, and an ascending angel, bewitching the eye and enchanting the imagination. She has left her mark upon the history of the dance, and will long be remembered as one of the most brilliant and fanciful performers in an age of unusual fancy and brilliancy.

THE MAKING OF A DANCER

The recollections, here gathered into a volume, are not, perhaps, very important or memorable. M. Anatole France, who introduces the book to the world, speaks of their author in terms of enthusiastic eulogy; she is something, he suggests, much more than a mere "danseuse."

"I have been unable (he says) to resist the pleasure of recalling my first meeting with this extraordinary and delightful woman. What a rare chance! You admire, afar off, as in a vision, an airy figure, comparable in grace to those dancers whom one sees on Pompeian wall paintings, moving in their light draperies. Some day you discover once again this apparition in real life, softened in color and hidden under those thicker robes with which mortals cover themselves, and you will perceive that she is a person of good mind and good heart, a soul somewhat inclined to mysticism, to philosophy, to religion, a very deep, a very cheerful, and a very noble soul."

But it is the essence of the artist to be true to her own art, and it is no spirit of captious criticism that we confess to the opinion that Miss Fuller has expressed herself to more effect upon the stage than in the pages of a book. Nevertheless, her record is simple and persuasive enough, and what it tells us about the genesis of her own particular method of dancing is likely to be of considerable interest to all who have enjoyed her exquisite performances in the past. Miss Fuller began her stage-life at a very tender age. Born in the bar of a tavern in Fullersbourg, in the United States, she protests that she caught a cold at the moment of her birth, from which she has never since recovered. But the histrionic talent was warm in her heart, and, at the age of 2½ she was found reciting aloud to a company of free-thinkers in the Chicago Progressive Lyceum! As soon as she was old enough to go upon the stage, she made friends for herself of the audience, and her performance as what used to be called "a singing chambermaid" were highly successful in the American provinces. It was entirely by accident that she discovered the serpentine dance with which her name is now everywhere associated. She was playing in a hypnotic comedy, and, wearing a dress too long for her, she lifted the skirt in her hands, as she performed certain strange, hypnotic movements around her supposed victim. In a moment the audience supplied her with an inspiration. "Look," they cried; "it's a butterfly! It's an orchid!" Such was the beginning of Miss Loie Fuller's terpsichorean art. A few hours later she experimented in the development of the idea.

"I had brought my robe home to sew up a little tear. . . . I leaped from the bed and arrayed only in my night-gown, I put the garment on, and looked at myself in a large glass, to make sure of what I had done the evening before.

"The mirror was placed just opposite the windows. The long yellow curtains were drawn, and through them the sun shed into the room an amber light, which enveloped me completely and illumined my gown, giving a translucent effect. Golden reflections played in the folds of the sparkling silk, and in this light my body was vaguely revealed in shadowy contour. This was a moment of intense emotion. Unconsciously I realized that I was in the presence of a great discovery, one which was destined to open the path which I have since followed.

"Gently, almost religiously, I set the silk in motion, and I saw that I had obtained undulations of a character hertofore unknown. I had created a new dance."

STRUGGLES TOWARD SUCCESS

Of course, the theatrical managers were afraid of the novelty at first, and it took some time to find a manager with courage to give Miss Fuller her chance. Once attempted, however, the "serpentine dance" caught on like wildfire, and when it appeared in New York its success was tremendous. Here is Miss Fuller's own account of the debut:

"There I was able for the first time to realize my dances just as I had conceived them; with darkness in the house and colored lights on the stage. The house packed, and the audience positively enthusiastic. I danced my first, my second, my third. When I had finished the whole house was standing up.

"Among the spectators was one of my oldest friends Marshall P. Wilder, the little American humorist. He recognized me, and called my name in such a way that everybody could hear it, for they had neglected to put it on the programme! When the audience discovered that the new dancer was its old favorite comedian, the little soubrette of a former day, it gave her an ovation such as, I suppose, never another human being has received.

"They called out, 'Three cheers for the butterfly! Three cheers for the orchid, the cloud, the butterfly! Three cheers!' And the enthusiasm passed all bounds. The applause resounded in my ears like the ringing of bells."

Of the theory and spirit of her art our author does not tell much, nor is that to be wondered over. The dancer's duty is to dance, and not to theorize. The following passage, however, gives some idea of the temperamental abandonment of the true ballerina, and is not without genuine interpretative significance:

"In the dance—and there ought to be a word better adapted to the thing—the human body should, despite conventional limitations, express all the sensations or emotions that it experiences. The human body is ready to express, and it would express if it were at liberty to do so, all sensations just as the body of an animal. Ignoring conventions, following only my instinct, I am able to translate the sensations we have all felt without suspecting that they could be expressed. We all know that in the powerful emotions of joy, sorrow, and horror, or despair, the body expresses the emotion it has received from the mind. The mind serves as a medium, and causes these sensations to be caught up by the body. In fact, the body responds to those sensations to such an extent sometimes that, especially when the shock is violent, life is suspended, or even leaves the body altogether."

CELEBRITIES AT HOME

The second half of the book is devoted to personal recollections of well-known people with whom Miss Fuller has been acquainted, and contains, perhaps, more evidence of the author's genius for friendship than of any subtle sense of character. Here, for instance, is a little portrait of Alexandre Dumas:

"Among the important men whom I have met few have exercised upon me a charm such as that of Dumas. At first a little cold, almost stiff in manner, he became, on further acquaintance, exquisitely affable, and of a gallantry suggestive of the fine manners of the old days. At first his words continued obscure to me, but gradually, as I became familiar with the French language, I fell under the irresistible charm of his conversation, with its beautifully logical and rounded phrases, enamelled as it was with sparkling flashes of wit. Dumas had practically two voices, two styles of speech; one which he employed in ordinary circumstances, as in asking certain questions, or in giving orders; the other the one in which he discussed a subject that greatly interested him. Very tall, with a somewhat dreamy look, he would survey you for a long time, whilst deep in his eyes there gleamed a light of profound and intelligent goodwill."

And here a pleasant anecdote of the Roumanian Royal family:

"At Bucharest Princess Marie of Roumania had sent all her children to see me at a matinee. The Royal box was occupied by a chattering and noisy little regiment of princes, princesses and their friends. When my turn came to go on, the lights were turned down, and, in the silence that ensued, one could hear distinctly, coming from the Royal box, the words:

"Hush. Keep quiet."

"Then, when I appeared:

"Oh, it is a butterfly!"

"All this was said in a very [illegible]
Then I recognized the voice of the princesses, the one who is now [illegible] her grandmother, the late Queen [illegible] a tone of the utmost contempt:

"You don't know what you're talking about. It's an orchid."

[illegible]
was of [illegible]
don't"
has a [illegible]
[illegible]

Literature Music Art

DAYS TO REMEMBER

To all the loyal hearts who long
To keep our English Empire whole!
To all our noble sons, the strong
New England of the Southern Pole!
To England under India's skies!
To those dark millions of her realm!
To Canada, whom we love and prize,
Whatever statesman holds the helm!
Hands all round!
God the traitor's hope confound!
To this great name of England drink, my friends,
And all our glorious Empire, round and round!

—Tennyson.

Dates from "The Empire Day by Day"

March 23rd, 1752—Halifax, Canada, "Gazette" established.
March 23rd, 1848—Antigua created a Crown Colony.
March 23rd, 1854—Lord Milner born.
March 24th, 1387—Flemish fleet of 100 sail defeated by English; 80 captured.
March 24th, 1843—Hyderabad captured by English.
March 25th, 1807—Abolition of Slave Trade by Britain.
March 26th, 1902—Cecil Rhodes died.
March 27th, 1802—By Treaty of Amiens England retained Ceylon and Trinidad.
March 28th, 1854—Crimean War declared.
March 29th, 1849—Punjab annexed to British dominions.
March 29th, 1867—Act of Confederation of Canada passed.
March 29th, 1867—British North America Act passed.

1807, ABOLITION OF SLAVE TRADE BY BRITAIN

(John Richard Green, LL.D.)

The attention, the sympathy of Englishmen had been drawn across distant seas to a race utterly strange to them, and the peasant of Cornwall or Cumberland had learned how to thrill at the suffering of a peasant of Bengal. And even while the trial was going on a yet wider extension of English sympathy made itself felt. The hero-seamen of Elizabeth had not blushed to make gain out of kidnapping negroes and selling them into slavery. One of the profits which England bought by the triumphs of Marlborough was a right to a monopoly of the slave trade between Africa and the Spanish dominions; and it was England that had planted slavery in her American colonies and her West India Islands. Half the wealth of Liverpool in fact was drawn from the traffic of its merchants in human flesh. The horrors and iniquity of the trade, the ruin and degradation of Africa which it brought about, the oppression of the negro himself, had till now moved no pity among Englishmen. But as the spirit of humanity told on the people this apathy suddenly disappeared. Philanthropy allied itself with the new religious movement in an attack on the slave trade. At the close of the American war its evils began to be felt so widely and deeply that the question forced itself into politics. "After a conversation in the open air at the root of an old tree, just above the steep descent into the Vale of Keston," with the younger Pitt, his friend, William Wilberforce, whose position as a representative of the evangelical party gave weight to his advocacy of such a cause, resolved to bring in a bill for the abolition of the slave trade. The bill which he brought forward in 1788 fell before the opposition of the Liverpool slave merchants and the general indifference of the House of Commons. But the movement gathered fresh strength in the country every year; in spite of the absorption of England in the struggle with the French Revolution, it succeeded at last in forcing on Parliament the abolition of the traffic in slaves; and this abolition was followed a few years later by the abolition of slavery itself.

1854, CRIMEAN WAR DECLARED

The one European war which we fought in the nineteenth century was the "Crimean War." England and France fought Russia, on behalf of Turkey in 1854-6. The Turkish State was believed to be crumbling and certainly the Turks were real barbarians who governed their provinces very badly; and, being Mohammedans, they denied all justice to their Christian subjects. Russia claimed to protect these subjects, but every one knew that she only did this in order to swallow as much of the Turkish Empire as she could. All other powers dreaded Russia, a half-barbarous state of vast size, and full of very brave, if very stupid soldiers. Some people think that the cunning Frenchmen led England by the nose into this war,, and that it was no business of ours. It was fought in the peninsula of the Crimea, on the northern coast of the Black Sea. There were some terrible battles, those of Alma, of Balaclava, of Inkermann, in the autumn of 1854, then the war settled into a long siege of Sebastopol, during an awful Winter, in which the sufferings of our army in the trenches before the city were terrible. In the end Russia had to own herself beaten, and Turkey, whom people called the "Sick Man of Europe," was propped up again. Though many of his other provinces have revolted from him, he is still alive, and now even in a fair way to recover his health and to govern more decently than before.

Fletcher and Kipling.

RAMBLING THOUGHTS

No one of us stands alone. Each one of us is part of the world structure; so far as we are strong we strengthen the structure, so far as we are weak, the structure is weakened. The rest of mankind acts as a prop for each individual, each individual is one of the props of mankind.

It takes us a few moments to grasp this fact in its full significance. This truth alone is sufficient to give us reason to weigh carefully our every word and act before we cast them forth to help mould the destiny of the universe.

No one is great enough to be independant of the rest of mankind. No one dare say and believe "I am a law unto myself." We are all so interdependent, that our slightest act affects for good or bad countless individuals.

"Cast forth thy Act, thy Word into the everliving, everworking Universe; it is a seed-grain that cannot die; unnoticed today it will be found flourishing as a Banyan-grove after a thousand years."

Those of us whose life is made up of the doing of little things get discouraged now and then at what seems to us to be the emptiness of our existence. In our youth we are all alike. We set out to find the golden cup at the end of the rainbow, and as we grow older, and the morning of life is done, we watch with wistful eyes and aching hearts the rainbow itself vanish. The great things we planned to do—what have we accomplished to bring their reality about. You had your little motherless brother and sisters to look after; you had to fill a man's place before your school days were half over; you loved somebody and married, and increasing family cares have crowded out every hope towards other effort than making money enough to provide the necessities of life.

Do you remember that last year at college? What a lot of eager, hopeful aspirants to fame were all the members of the class to which you belonged! Not one of you, but as a matter of course expected to make your bright and shining mark in the world, and as far as you were concerned, although you did not make a particularly brilliant showing then, at heart you believed you were capable of wonderful accomplishment. Do you remember the young girl that easily led you all in higher mathematics and languages and who wrote such marvelous essays, that she was asked frequently to read her papers at faculty meetings? She was so dignified, so graceful and gracious, holding herself just enough aloof to make you all stand in awe of her. What a brilliant future everyone predicted for her. What became of her anyway? Oh, yes, you do know, you heard the other day. She is living somewhere on the prairies, married, with several children. Her husband? He is not a distinguished man, not even a rich man. He was a promising young fellow, but very wild. She married him to reform him. Indeed she did reform him too, and they are entirely happy, though their circle of friends and acquaintances is a small one. Then there was that young man whose first name was Calvin—you remember him—keen-eyed, quick-witted, with an unfailing good-humor, the tallest and the strongest fellow in the school, a marvel as a student and a sportsman. We all know what became of him. He went down to South Africa with the contingent, and he never came back. His young life was ended before it had fairly begun. There were Somers, and Lawson and Davis, all very promising chaps. Somers is a doctor somewhere, you don't know anything about the others. And of all that class, of all the energetic, ambitious young men and women, there is only one among them who has earned the smallest degree of fame. He is Herman Phillips, the dullest boy that pushed his way through college. He writes poetry now, good poetry too, and remarkable animal stories for the magazines.

There is a certain little woman of my acquaintance, whom all the real things of life seem to have passed by, that is "the real things" as the world weighs them. She has never married, never distinguished herself in clubwork, or in any of the many walks open to women. She has spent fifty odd years purely in the service of her relatives' children, not for any pecuniary benefit that she derives therefrom, as she has her own means, but simply because she believes that loving them as she does, she can best serve them. She is intensely religious, and her religious views are those of the people of a hundred years ago, she thinks that the present war in the Balkans is the preliminary of the final struggle which the Bible tells us is to take place before the end of all things. But she is the happiest, cheeriest person imaginable, with a lovely faith and much wisdom. Scarcely a day passes that she does not say in my hearing, "Everything is worth while when we remember we are building for Eternity."

Our lives are small lives, yours and mine, but if we could only look ahead, ten, twenty, thirty or more years, and see the fruition of the tiny seeds of patience, and self-sacrifice, and honest effort that we are planting now day by day, our hearts and our eyes would be gladdened to rejoicing by the beauty of the blooming.

No good deed, however small, is lost. Even the sowing of a bed with crocus or daffodil bulbs in your small garden in the Autumn, will make a golden delight of blossoms in the early days of Spring, which will open the heart, and bring a smile to the eyes of the most casual passer-by.

MUSICAL NOTES

Those who heard Claude Cunningham when he and Madame Rider-Kelsey sang at the theatre a month or more ago, may be interested to read what he has to say in regard to Western people, among whom he particularly mentions Victoria:

I have just returned from a ten-thousand mile tour covering eight weeks and including twenty-two concerts, all of which was fascinating and eventful. The Pacific Coast concerts were particularly interesting. While this was the first joint recital tour of the Far West that I have made with Mme. Rider-Kelsey I have been out there three times before; but I never visit those parts without a renewed feeling of strangeness, and this time the feeling was stronger than ever. I feel as though I were in a foreign country and the people impress one not as Americans but as Westerners—a people who have lived long enough in a sufficiently isolated world to create a distinct type.

The real Westerner is as distinct from his fellow American as the Englishman. Even the architecture bears their individual stamp. In addition to his interesting indigenous qualities he is sharp-witted, aggressive, progressive, has a fine sense of honor and a much larger measure of culture than he is generally credited with. Their appreciation of the fine arts is manifested everywhere, and their musical taste is much higher than that found in much of the territory this side of the Rocky Mountains, I assure you. I visited some private and public art galleries that surprised me and heard some of the best amateur music I have ever heard anywhere in the world.

They have been a very commercial people, have made a great deal of money, have had their "eat-drink-and-be-merry" days, and, enabled as they are by their vast wealth to accomplish the things most worth while in life, have settled down to a solid course of pursuit that makes them a tremendous force in our national advancement. They made me more proud of my country.

THE WESTERN WOMAN

As for the women—well, they are simply delicious, although I ought to add that that is a subject that I am really not competent to speak upon. The Western women are all suffragettes, of course, but they are delightfully feminine, nevertheless, and they are different. That same distinctiveness obtains even more markedly in the women than in the men. The thing that stands out most is the fact that one finds himself feeling strange among them and rather expects them to begin at any time to speak another tongue. It is not from any lack of cordiality, for they are as hospitable as the Southerners, but the keen observer can see that deep down in their consciousness, or at least in their sub-consciousness, there is a sense of that difference too. The great stretches of mountain and plateaux and the vast desert between us and them have wrought their natural and inevitable work, and it is a most interesting one. While I was out there I could not but wonder whether those mountains and deserts would ever permit us to grow together, instead of continuing this individual development. If they do not they will gradually render us more and more unlike.

For many years the Far West has had all of the great musical artists that Europe has sent us, but they frankly admit a lack of acquaintances with the American artists. They know the American artists by reputation, but have heard very few, for the simple reason that the Eastern manager is so busy sending the high-priced foreigner out there who can take as much money at one sweep as possible and just as many of that class as the field will stand, that until very recently there has been nothing left for the native artist. Very few American singers, for instance, have made a complete tour of the Pacific Coast, and the few who have been there have been good artists; but with an exception or two they have been possessors of poor voices; so that, as one Western musician expressed it to me, they have come to believe that the American singer has brains but no voice. They are still in that sane frame of mind in which they expect music to be beautiful, and, therefore, a singer to be able to produce a beautiful tone. Mme. Rider-Kelsey was an especial delight to them in that respect.

EGGS WITH WHITE AND YELLOW SHELLS

Of course, New York is a more esthetic city than San Francisco, for instance, and the statement is established by the fact that the New Yorker is willing to pay from five to ten cents a dozen more for white eggs than for those that have yellow shells. The intrinsic value of the white-shelled egg is no greater than that of its yellow brother but the latter is not so pleasing to the sense of sight. And then, too, white is emblematic of our purity, which is a point not to be overlooked. In things esthetic we reflect all the rays of the spectrum. The Westerner would never be so prodigal or hypersensitive.

It is a great pleasure to sing to the people of the Far West, for they show a fine, discriminating appreciation of the best music and have a superior concept of what singing ought to be. Portland, for example, is called "the Boston of the West," but why Portland should thus take off her hat to Boston is more than I can understand. Boston has age, traditions and institutions, but Portland has the people, native, untrammelled intellect, and a refined attitude toward life that is scarcely surpassed anywhere. In Tacoma, Spokane and Victoria in the Northwest, and Los Angeles and Santa Barbara in the South (I mention these cities especially although there were others) I met with surprising culture and refinement. Easterners have always regarded the Far West as a purely commercial territory, and many still speak of it as "wild and wooly," but one can no longer do so with justice. They stand for progress, not only commercially but along esthetic lines. This is proved by their attitude toward the opera and concert. They enjoy opera, but they have taken the stand that the orchestra, choral concert and recital will accomplish more for the promotion of interest in things truly musical than any other forms of musical entertainment. They believe that the primarily sensuous appeal of the opera is certain to thwart the influence of the intellectual element in the music presented.

Ysaye—When Eugene Ysaye stood up at the Sunday Philharmonic in Carnegie Hall and played his Vivaldi concerto, with Frank Sealy at the organ and a big orchestra answering the violin's every phrase, it was no wonder, writes W. B. Chase, in The New York Evening Sun, that the crowd enjoyed itself hugely in the presence of their majestic dialogue. Ysaye with his flowing locks, and Mr. Sealy with his already flown, were found comparing notes during intermission. They were born the same year, they discovered, though the Belgian's hair is still as dark as that of his own son.

Farrar—Geraldine Farrar was thirty-one years old on Friday, February 28.

THE SIERRA MADRE IN CALIFORNIA

The steep path meets a cooler air
High o'er the canyon's narrow shade;
Now by the breeze the pines are swayed,
And round their feet the brake is fair.

With strong delight the forest hailed
The breeze; more sweetly sings the brook,
As dripping from some stony nook
It seeks the plain in purple veiled.

When down the highest crags the glow
Is drawn, a sea with misty waves
Touched by the awakening glory laves
The isles of granite far below.

There glints the blue in farthest west,
At eve the fog rolls up the hills,
And as each highland vale it fills,
The sun-parched cedars weep refreshed!

—R. J. BILLINGHURST.

THE FAITH OF THE NATIONS

Praise the Lord all ye nations. Praise Him all ye people.

For His merciful kindness is great toward us and the truth of the Lord endureth forever. Praise ye the Lord.

PROVERBS XVIII.

Through desire a man, having separated himself, seeketh and intermeddleth with all wisdom.

A fool hath no delight in understanding, but that his heart may discover itself.

When the wicked cometh then cometh also contempt, and with ignominy reproof.

The words of man's mouth are as deep waters, and the wellspring of wisdom as a flowing brook.

It is not good to accept the person of the wicked, to overthrow the righteous in judgment.

A fool's lips enter into contention and his mouth calleth for strokes.

A fool's mouth is his destruction and his lips are the snare of his soul.

The words of a tale-bearer are as wounds and they go down into the innermost parts of the belly.

He also that is slothful in his work is brother to him that is a great waster.

The name of the Lord is a strong tower, the righteous runneth into it and he is safe.

He that answereth a matter before he heareth it, it is folly and shame unto him.

The spirit of a man can sustain his infirmity, but a wounded spirit who can bear.

A brother offended is harder to be won than a strong city; and their contentions are like the bars of a castle.

FROM THE KORAN

In the Name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

This Koran is a manifesto to man and a guidance, and a warning to the God-fearing.

And be not fainthearted and be not sorrowful: For ye shall gain the upper hand if ye be believers.

If a wound hath befallen you, a wound like it hath already befallen others. We alternate these days of successes and reverses among men, that God may know those who have believed, and that He may take martyrs from among you—but God loveth not the wrongful doers.

And that God may test those who believe and destroy the infidels.

Thought ye that ye should enter Paradise ere God had taken knowledge of those among you who did valiantly, and of those who steadfastly endure?

Mohammed is no more than an apostle; other apostles have already passed away before him; if he die therefor, or be slain will ye return to idolatry. He who turneth to idolatry shall not injure God at all; And God will certainly reward the thankful.

FROM THE TALMUD. THE TEACHINGS OF THE RABBIS

The sages of the academy in Kabnah expressed their regard for all human beings, learned and unlearned in this manner:

"I am a creature of God and so is my neighbor. He may prefer to labor in the country; I prefer a calling in the city. I rise early for my personal benefit; he rises early to advance his own interests. As he does not seek to supplant me I should be careful to do naught to injure him in his business. Shall I imagine that I am nearer to God because my profession advances the cause of learning and his does not? No. Whether we accomplish much good or little good, the Almighty will reward us according to our intentions."

"Let him also be affable and disposed to foster kindly feelings toward all people. By so doing he will gain for himself the love of the Creator and his creatures.

FROM THE GOSPEL OF BUDDHA

The Tathagata does not seek salvation in austerities, but for that reason you must not think he indulges in worldly pleasures, nor does he live in abundance. The Tathagata has found the middle path.

Neither abstinence from fish or flesh, nor going naked, nor shaving the head, nor wearing matted hair, nor dressing in a rough garment, nor covering oneself with dirt, nor sacrificing to Ani, will cleanse a man who is not free from delusions.

Reading Vedas, making offerings to priests, or sacrifices to the gods, self-mortification by heat or cold, and many such penances performed for the sake of immortality, these do not cleanse the man who is not free from delusions.

Anger, drunkenness, obstinacy, bigotry, deception, envy, self-praise, disparaging others, superciliousness, and evil intentions constitute uncleanness, not verily eating the flesh.

Let me teach you O bhikshus the middle path, which keeps aloof from both extremes. By suffering the emaciated devotee produces confusion and sickly thoughts in his mind. Mortification is not conducive even to worldly knowledge; how much less to a triumph over the senses.

He who fills his lamp with water will not dispel the darkness, and he who tries to light a fire with rotten wood will fail.

Mortifications are painful, vain and [illegible] less. And how can anyone be free [illegible] by leading a wretched life if he does not succeed in quenching the fires of [illegible]

All mortification is [illegible] remains, so long as [illegible] worldly or [illegible] whom all are [illegible] lust, he [illegible] vanity [illegible] attains [illegible] and [illegible]

An Hour with the Editor

TALES OF ANCIENT CIVILIZATION

STORIES OF OLD ROME

When the people knew that Cariolanus meant to stand for the consulship, they were inclined to forget their hard feelings for the Patricians to the extent of favoring him. Whatever his faults, in their eyes, and indeed in all eyes, he was one of the most valiant soldiers in Rome. During the campaign he went about as was the custom wearing his toga without a tunic under it (by dressing in this fashion candidates were supposed to show their humility), and because of the scars from his countless wounds, which this lack of covering displayed, everyone was the more inclined to honor him. But when the day of election came, Cariolanus arrived at the forum in a state of great pomp and magnificence, with a train of Patricians following him, and paying him almost as much homage as they would render a king. Furthermore, he bore himself in a very haughty manner, not noticing the crowd of people at all, addressing himself only to his Patrician friends, and creating a most unfavorable impression among the Plebians, whose feelings were very easily swayed in regard to people. So the vote was taken, and to the amazement of Cariolanus and the Patricians, the brave old soldier was rejected.

Great was the indignation of Cariolanus' friends, and Cariolanus himself showed his anger very plainly. He felt that to elect him consul would only have been to give him his dues, and he saw in the result of the election only another instance of the injustice and unreasonableness of the Plebians.

Now, it will be remembered that Rome was in the throes of a threatened famine, as all the men had been away fighting in the last war, and the fields had been left untilled, and what harvest had been stored against a rainy day had mostly been stolen by thieving bands of the enemy. Shortly after the election, and while crowds of people still thronged the streets arguing about the result, ships arrived with a present of corn from Syracuse. At once a spirit of cheerfulness pervaded the people, who believed that this timely gift would tide them over until their own fields would yield the newly-planted grain. A council was immediately held, and everyone flocked to the senate-house, to await the decision of those in authority. Most of the senators were in favor of lowering the market-price at once; others thought the best thing to be done was to make a free gift to the poor people from the bounty sent by the friendly king. Then Cariolanus stood up, and addressed the assembly. They would make a great mistake, he told them if they tried further to win the favor of the people by gifts. They had propitiated them far too often as it was, and had helped to bring about the belief, that without the goodwill and the assistance of the Plebians Rome could not exist at all. "Grant them no more concessions," he advised proudly. "Let them go hungry until they are willing to sue to us, and to come to any terms we desire to make. We have only the welfare of our country at heart, while they have merely their own aggrandizement, at the expense of humbling the Patricians." All of his friends, listening to him, were convinced of the truth of what he said, and one by one, the senators seemed to be coming to his way of thinking, when the tribunes, having heard all they desired, ran out of the building, and spread the report of what was being said within, to the waiting thousands.

In a very little while the orderly crowds had turned into a maddened mob. They would not listen to reason. They rushed at the doors of the senate-house and would have forced their way in, had not the tribunes, growing afraid of their violence, assured them that the whole blame lay with Cariolanus. They thereupon sent their messengers to him, demanding that he appear before them and defend himself. The great Roman soldier received the Plebians' representatives in contemptuous silence. So they came themselves with the Aediles, or overseers of the market, and flocking round him laid hold of him to drag him away by force. But Cariolanus, though he had grown old, had not lost his strength nor his agility, and with his friends, the young Patricians, he made a very fierce fight, and severely beat the Aediles who had dared to touch him, and routed the great crowd of people.

The day following the streets were crowded again, and one and all demanded that Cariolanus should be brought to trial. There was murmuring against the government too, and the senators who had dared to uphold this proud old Patrician. Those in authority becoming alarmed, and fearing that argument would soon lead to fighting, tried to conciliate the people. They promised that the corn should be distributed at an equal price to one and all, and that Cariolanus should be brought to answer for attempting to overthrow the government; for not obeying the summons when called to account by the people; for the blows and affronts to the Aediles.

So Cariolanus came, as was supposed, to make his apologies, and try to clear himself of the accusations. The vast crowd in the forum watched the tall, old man, as he proudly mounted the steps and turned to address them. But there was nothing submissive in his mien, nothing in the least apologetic in his words. Instead, he dared to stand there, before a hostile throng and upbraid them for their perfidy, their ingratitude. He laughed at the threats they had made him, he defied them to harm him. And at last, the people, thoroughly exasperated, refused to listen to another word from him. They shouted imprecations against him, and Sicinius, the most violent of the tribunes, stood up and declared that Cariolanus should die for the words he had uttered; that he and the people would seize him and throw him from the Tarpeian Rock. So, once again, the incensed throng fell upon Cariolanus, and once again, the Patricians rallied to the rescue, with the result that there was a bitter conflict, and some blood shed. Finally Sicinius, at the instigation of the least extreme faction, declared that the people would be satisfied if Cariolanus should be brought to trial in three days' time. The Patricians consented to the truce, and the crowds went home.

(To be Continued)

THE STORY OF FRANCE

Louis XI., son and successor of Charles VII., was a man of widely divergent characteristics. He was personally courageous, and this was perhaps the only quality he possessed worthy of kingship. He was a strange compound of indolence and restlessness. He was at times complaisant and at others domineering. He interfered with everything, but carried nothing to completion. He was personally very attractive, but so vain of his ability to talk that he almost always overdid his part in negotiations. He endeavored to make himself the centre of everything, so that his contemporaries nick-named him "The Universal Spider." He was at times amiable and at others vindictive. His first step on receiving the crown was to dismiss from office the men, who had been the trusted advisers of his father, and by whose wisdom the kingdom had been kept intact. Nevertheless, the progress of events, or, if it may be so termed, the evolution of history, is more potent than any individual, and beneath the disturbances of the reign of Louis, and apparently unknown to the king or any one else at the time, there was going on a movement that was to result in the complete overthrow of ancient feudalism as it had been established by Charlemagne, and the exaltation of the kingly office.

The most powerful vassal of France at this time, and one of the finest examples of manhood which adorned this period of the world's history, was Philip the Good, sometimes called the Hardy, Duke of Burgundy. He was of the French royal family, and represented the third line of dukes. The name Burgundy has meant in the course of history so many different things that a very brief outline of its history may be of interest. Young students are apt to be confused by the apparent discrepancy between the many references to it, which appear in the annals of France. Even Guizot, whose monumental work is so replete with details, does not appear to have thought it necessary to explain that Burgundy did not always mean the same thing. Originally Burgundy was an independent Germanic kingdom, situated in the central part of what is now Prussia. It gradually extended its territories westward until it occupied both banks of the Rhine, probably yielding up its original possessions to some of the other peoples who pressed upon it from the East. It put up a stout resistance to the Huns under Attila, but about a hundred years later was overrun by the Franks and incorporated into the Gallic kingdom of Charlemagne. Three hundred years later it asserted its independence, and for two centuries was one of the most powerful states in Europe. Then it fell under the control of the German emperor, but was almost immediately broken up into fragments, which one after another came under the dominion of the French kings. Speaking generally, the Burgundy of that time may be said to have included the territory on both sides of the Rhine from Flanders on the north to Switzerland on the south the dukes even asserting a lordship over Flanders and claiming certain indefinite rights in the region of the Alps. The dukedom was revived in all its splendor by Philip the Good, and it at times overshadowed the kingship. Philip's son and successor, known as Charles the Bold, was one of the greatest soldiers of his time, a far more able man than his contemporary, King Louis XI. Nevertheless, with him the greatness of the duchy died.

Philip was friendly to the claims of the English king to the crown of France, and there is little doubt that if the English could have agreed upon who was their rightful king, the two crowns would have been united. But the Wars of the Roses were then at their height, and the reigning sovereigns of England were in no position to take advantage of the distracted condition existing in France. The dukes of Berry and Britanny, who were near relatives of King Louis, were disposed to minimize his authority as the suzerain lord, but, unfortunately for their own designs, they were rivals to each other, and Louis was able to play off one against the other. There were frequent civil wars, and the whole country was in a state of distraction for many years, but the outcome of it all was that the great vassals found themselves shorn of their power. Charles the Bold of Bungundy was the last of the great feudal barons, who, while acknowledging the overlordship of the king of France, were to all intents and purposes independent sovereigns.

As the object of this series of papers is not so much to tell of events themselves as of their effects upon the nation and to set forth the manner of men who lived in past centuries and the rules of conduct which they observed, we shall not enter into the details of the struggle between Louis and the League of the Common Weal, as the rebellious barons called themselves, for the story of one set of battles and sieges is very much like another. Change the names of the participants and places, and one account will do for half a dozen incidents. The story of such battles as Crecy, Poictiers and Agincourt are almost identical. One expedition against the people of Flanders is very much like another. There is no real difference between one siege of Paris and another. But the manners of those days were so different from those of our time that some illustrations may be given of them with advantage. When Charles the Bold was in revolt against Louis the latter was of the opinion that his personal magnetism could win over the former to his views, if he could have a personal interview with him. Accordingly he sent a herald to ask Charles for a safe conduct, if he came to see him. Charles gave the necessary guarantee, and the King set out with a small party to visit the Duke. He was cordially received, and the story goes on to tell how the two were very marked in their demonstrations of good-will towards each other. But Louis had forgotten the very important fact that he had been instrumental in causing the people of Liege to resist the Duke's authority. This came to the ears of Charles, who was naturally very angry. For a time he thought of taking quick revenge upon his guest, but the obligations of chivalry prevailed, and though he placed the King in strict, though not uncomfortable, confinement, he did him no injury. He insisted, however, that Louis should accompany him in his expedition against Liege. When the Duke's forces approached the city, the Liegese saw the banner of the King of France, and were ready to hail him as their deliverer. He had incited them to rebellion, and they naturally expected his assistance. Great was their surprise when Louis led a charge against them, shouting "Hurrah for Burgundy!" When Liege was quieted by Duke Charles, who possessed great skill both in diplomacy and war, Louis asked to be allowed to return to Paris. Permission was granted. He had spent three very anxious weeks as the forced guest of Charles, but luck was on his side, for when they parted, he had the promise of Charles not to interfere in any arrangements he might make with the dukes of Berry and Brittany.

THE WIND

It is to be borne in mind that the atmosphere is as much a part of the earth as is the most solid rock. It is well known that the air can be liquified, and it is also true that it can be solidified. A degree of cold is possible, though highly improbable, that would cause the air to fall like snow and leave the solid globe surrounded by a vacuum. The earth revolves on its axis and around the sun in unresisting space. If this were not the case the air would long ago have been dragged off the suface which would have been worn smooth by the resistance of whatever might fill space. But owing to the absence of any resisting matter in space, the air remains upon the solid surface, subject only to such currents as may arise from local causes, that is causes originating in the earth itself. Some of these causes may be considered briefly.

Undoubtedly one of the reasons why we have winds is the fact that the axis of the earth is not perpendicular to the plane of the earth's orbit. Not being perpendicular, we have the seasons in regular sequence as the result. The temperature at the solid surface of the earth swings pendulum-like through the twelvemonth and a similar swing takes place in the hours of daylight. The consequence of these changes is felt most readily by that part of the globe most readily affected by such variations, namely the atmosphere, the condition of which near the solid surface of the earth is constantly changing. Heat causes the air to expand and therefore to become lighter. Now, as far as is known, the rays of the sun do not warm the air directly, but by radiation from the solid earth surface, or in a less degree from the surface of the water. Air does not appear to be a good conductor of heat, and hence, no matter how warm the lower stratum may become there is always a cold stratum above it. When the lower air is heated by radiation it expands and rises, whereupon cold air from a higher level descends to take its place, and in this movement we have one of the causes of wind.

If the surface of the earth were perfectly uniform the effect of this upward and downward movement of the air would also be uniform. But as the surface is not so, neither are the air movements uniform. Some of the surface is land lying at various altitudes; some of it consists of water; some of it is covered with vegetation; some of it is dry and sterile. These influences combine to make the regularity of air currents impossible. They are checked and diverted; they vary in their strength and permanence, and thus the atmospheric circulation due to the heating of the lower air stratum is inconstant.

Another contributory cause to the production of the winds is the great difference in temperature between polar and equatorial regions, the effect being similar to the circulations between the upper and lower air strata. This movement to and from the Equator is subject to variations which tend to alter its direction as well as to impede it. We have never seen any very satisfactory explanation of calms, which are either confined to small areas for short periods or extend over wide areas for long periods. Of the former there are many examples near Victoria where sometimes a brisk wind will be blowing at the shore line and there will at the same time be a flat calm a few miles out to sea, and not a breath stirring a few miles inland. Since aviation has become a practical art we are learning very much more about atmospheric currents than we did. We are learning that they are much more confined to certain levels than was at one time supposed.

What are known as the trade-winds are of special interest, and they are thus explained. As has just been mentioned there is a constant movement of the cold air from the Poles to the Equator and vice versa. The cold air being the heavier, it keeps near the surface. If the earth did not revolve on its axis the flow of this current would be due south north of the Equator, and due north south of the Equator. But as the earth is revolving, it follows that the surface at the Equator moves faster than at a point away from that imaginary line, just as the outside rim of a wheel revolves faster than the outside of the hub. A point on the Equator is carried at the rate of 17 miles a minute; a point in latitude 60 deg. is carried at the rate of only 8½ miles a minute. Consequently, an air current coming from the Pole is steadily advancing towards a point which is moving with greater velocity than the point it has just left. The air does not keep up with this increasing velocity of the earth's surface but lags behind it, and the result is the southeast trades south of the Equator and the northeast trades north of the Equator, Compensating these winds are those due to the air currents from the Equator to the Poles. These after passing above the trades descend to a lower lever, and as they are proceeding from a zone of rapid revolution to one of slower revolution an effect opposite to that seen in the trades is produced and the air is moving more rapidly than the water or land surface, and hence these counter winds are westerly. It is that belt around the earth where these two currents strive for mastery that sea-faring men call "the Roaring Forties," from the fact that they lie between the parallels of 40 and 50 on either side of the Equator.

OBSTACLES TO FAITH

During the course of last week's reading we came across three papers, which started a train of thought. In one of them the writer was urging a certain course of conduct, because, he said, "We are commanded to do so in Leviticus." In the other the writer endeavored to demonstrate that the sun actually stood still at the command of Joshua. In the third an argument was advanced to prove that the souls of men are kept in a place in the centre of the earth until the time comes when they shall be reunited to their bodies. The line of thought suggested by these articles is to the effect that self-constituted teachers are apt to place obstacles in the way of the acceptance of the fundamental truths of Christianity by insisting upon the acceptance of statements and theories, which have no bearing at all upon Christianity.

Take the reference to the Book of Leviticus, or, as it is called by Jewish writers, "The Book of the Law of the Priests." This is, and purports to be, a collection of laws for the guidance of the Israelitish priesthood, but it contains also many injunctions as to the conduct of persons in their individual character. It is specifically addressed to the Children of Israel. That it contains many rules of conduct which all men ought to follow, may be admitted, but that it was originally intended as a guide to the conduct of mankind cannot be sustained for a moment.

Take the incident of Joshua and the Sun. The writer of the article above mentioned admits that the Hebrew words, translated as they are popularly understood, are open to quite a different construction. He says they were [illegible] only an apostrophe to the Sun and [illegible] we read in modern poetry appeals [illegible] but he adds that to accept the latter version of the original is by implication to limit the omnipotence of the Deity. We venture to think that it is much more reasonable to suggest that Joshua in his hour of victory called upon the Sun and Moon to witness his triumph, than that a merciful God stopped the whole solar system in order that the Israelitish general might have light enough to enable him to kill more people. The story of the standing still of the Sun is not original with the writer of the Book of Joshua, in which it occurs, but is there credited to a lost book known as Jasher. This book is also referred to in the Second Book of Samuel, where it is quoted as authority for the statement that David taught the people the use of the bow. There has naturally been a good deal of speculation as to what the Book of Jasher really was, but scholars are inclined to the opinion that it was a collection of Hebrew minstrelsy, such as all ancient races delighted in. Certainly it has no bearing at all upon the Gospel.

The third article, that which dealt with the supposed resting place of the souls of men, is such a weird and fantastic thing that it is surprising how any intelligent, educated person should think it worth while to argue about it seriously. It is quite true that many persons have sought to explain where the souls of the dead are. It is also true that many ecclesiastical authorities have accepted as true the most fanciful conceptions on this subject, but surely no good purpose can be served by asking reasonable beings to believe things so amazingly grotesque.

A weakness of much religious teaching arises out of the fact that we are asked to make the knowledge of today square with the ignorance of past generations. The human race has learned many things during the last fifteen centuries, and yet many religious teachers would have us accept such explanations of things relating to the creation of the world, the nature of the relations of men to the Creator, the problem of future existence and all such subjects as seemed adequate to people, whose knowledge on nearly every other subject was exceedingly inadequate, and whose opinions as to natural phenomen a were almost always wrong. They even insist that we should interpret the simple teachings of Jesus of Nazareth according to the ideas held by certain Jewish writers, who lived centuries before He did. The result is that the progress of religion is handicapped, and the simple faith which Jesus taught is beclouded so that it cannot be recognized.

It is important to bear in mind that the Gospel is complete in itself. The teachings of the Divine Founder of our religion do not require to be bolstered up by what may be only legends, poems, songs or ceremonial rules of a people, who as a body have refused to accept Christianity. If it were necessary in order to understand His teachings that we should apply the rules laid down in Leviticus, is it not reasonable to assume that in such a discourse as the Sermon on the Mount or in His memorable address to the Disciples after the Last Supper, Jesus would have given some intimation to that effect? If it is necessary to dig into ancient Jewish literature to find the way of salvation, is it not probable that Jesus would have said so, instead of leaving it for Church Fathers centuries after His death to so declare? To ask these questions is not to suggest that the Old Testament may not be read and studied with great profit. Quite the contrary, for there is no more valuable record of human experience, either nationally or individually, than is to be found in its pages. It is full of lessons which persons in the highest and lowest walk of life would be well to study. It lays bare the facts relating to the history of a people in a manner that no other history does. It gives an insight into the mainsprings of human action that is unequalled in all literature. It presents a picture of an immanent Providence such as no other record gives. It voices the sentiments of the soul in a manner that cannot be rivalled. But while these things are true, and while much more of the same kind can be said of this remarkable collection of writings, it is not necessary to accept as literally true every word contained in our version of them. That idea is an invention, devised by persons to whom the Gospel of Jesus seemed too simple, and who sought to make a difficult science out of a few self-evident truths.

And so we say of those, who labor to convince others that they should believe [illegible] statements in regard to ancient Jewish [illegible] in order that they may attain [illegible] blessings that flow [illegible] that they are asking [illegible] the acceptance of [illegible] any independence of [illegible] the Christian [illegible] intellectual [illegible] lighter [illegible] [illegible]

Flowers as an Emblem of Springtime

Composed and read by Gerald H. Cross, of Victoria, before the Highland Horticultural Society of Southern California.

ONE is often asked: What do you consider the most beautiful object on earth. My individual answer to this is—A Flower—no matter of what kind—only—A Flower.

I am not going to treat of all the different kinds, or of one particular flower, for, in a certain sense to me, they are all alike—an embodiment of all grace, fragrance, color and beauty. They are jewels sent from Heaven to brighten and delight the heart of man.

"Forever singing as they shine,
The hand that made them is Divine."

and they are everywhere. There is not a corner on God's green earth where some kind of a flower cannot be found—on the highest mountain tops; in the deepest valleys; on the vast plains; in the still streams, aye, even on the arid desert, where

"The meanest floweret, is as an opening Paradise."

there will be found in evidence a touch of color; a delicate fragrance, to cheer the weary traveler on his way.

Have you ever traveled in strange lands, far from home and loved ones, and suddenly come across a home flower? How glad you are to see it. What fond memories it conjures up, until the tears well up into your eyes with a strange sweet mixture of joy and sadness at beholding the familiar flower once more. No matter where you find it, mountain or valley; desert or stream, it speaks to you of Home and loved ones.

"Ye who listen with credulity to the whisper of fancy, and pursue with eagerness the phantom of Hope, who expect that age will perform the promises of youth, and that the deficiencies of the present day will be supplied by the Morrow."

Who take bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter, and are made cynical by contact with this world's hard usage; who take darkness for light and light for darkness, and have gone out in solitude—are suddenly struck silent at the sight of a simple Home flower—"Live on sweet emblem, not for all the treasure that Earth holds would I trample on thee; for thou speakest to me of Home."

Flowers are also an evidence to us of the unfathomable love of God, more than anything else. The wonderful production from the puny seed; the exquisite blending of the colors; the graceful drooping of the stem; the refreshing green of the leaves; the perfume, that stirred by the breeze steals over the senses, and seems to be the sweet whisper of an Angel's voice; the drop of dew, that glistens among the petals, like a tear from on High, and of greater beauty than the most costly diamond—speaks to us, of the infinite love of Him, who gave us, these—his jewels.

"To be a light unto our feet, and a Lantern unto our path."

In all my experience I have yet to come across an ugly flower, or a man or a woman, who can truthfully say they do not like flowers.

They have been with us from time immemorial, and will endure unto the end.

"Heaven and Earth are full of Thy glory—
Glory be to Thee, O God."

The most valued gift a loved one could present us with—is a flower given with an intent. It will die, of course, but the delicate fragrance of the gift remains for ever. It is a joy, too exquisite to last, and yet, more exquisite when past.

What true lovers do not treasure the flowers that they receive. They press them and treasure them, and though the loved one may pass away, or circumstances tear them asunder, yet, in future years, the sight of the withered blossoms will breathe once more, in their soft fragrance, the sweet words of love spoken long ago. I hear some one say—What a fuss to make about a dead flower! Be it so. It is, in very truth, only a faded flower, but dearer to me, is one of these, than the most precious jewel set in the most costly setting; for the flower has lived and shed its fragrance around a loved one; it has lain on the breast and nestled close to the heart, and it has an individuality about it that nothing can destroy.

The Savious was the "Rose of Sharon" and the "Lily of the Valley," and if He is content to represent His Divine Self as an humble flower how can a poor mortal like myself help loving them.

Has it ever occurred to you what the world would be without a flower? Can you imagine it? No! I think not; it is almost impossible. No color, fragrance, or beauty—nothing. Aye, what would Heaven itself be without flowers? Here, we have an abundance of flowers, but, have you ever been in a huge, crowded city, amongst the poorest of the poor, amongst the most abject of the wretched; the sick and the dying, who have never seen a flower, and seen the poor, weak hands stretched out to grasp a bunch of violets, a piece of sweet smelling wallflower, a rose, a carnation, or whatever it might be, and seen the smile come over the face, lighting it up with a heavenly glory; and the flush of exquisite pain arise upon the pallid brow, at the keen delight of beholding one of God's jewels, perhaps for the first time? How they will lovingly gaze at them, and caress them, and when they are theirs, how they will treasure them, and almost their last earthly look is fixed on them.

Take also, for example, the delight of a little child after it can just toddle, and is taken for a walk into the garden, how eagerly it will reach out to grasp every flower, and joyfully play with them. Baby treads on them, but seems to know—

"As aromatic plants bestow,
No spicy fragrance while they grow,
But crushed or trodden to the ground
Diffuse their balmy sweets around."

and so Baby goes on with tiny feet, diffusing the love of God, so to speak, by its gentle tread.

Flowers have been since all time, and used for all purposes. The sacrifices made to God by the Jews were decorated with flowers. The sacrifices of the heathen are made in the same way. In peace, or war, love or hate; life or death; the flower has been used. In ancient times they took the secret message—their color, variety, and fragrance—all had a meaning. Today they speak in the language of Love only. In Switzerland, the most prized gift that the peasant can give his pretty sweetheart is an Eidelweiss, which is a small, white, starry flower, that is found on the highest peaks, just on the line where snow and earth meet, nestling in its soft mantle of snow. It costs him hard hard toil to obtain this "Angel's Eye" (its meaning) and sometimes his life is lost in the attempt, but should success crown his efforts, he is the proudest man in the world, and no Queen or Empress wears her crown with more grace or pleasure, than the lowly sweetheart of the Swiss peasant wears her Eidelweiss.

The love of flowers is everywhere—the natives of the Hawaiian Islands, that land of flowers, decorate themselves profusely with a flowery wealth of color that is dazzling, the Persian will offer you a bunch of violets, those sweetest of flowers—with the grateful cup of sherbert that he proffers you, as the most delicate compliment he could pay you. In every country, every clime, flowers are used. If we have a friend or a loved one returning to us from a sojourn, we beautify our home with flowers. If we have a dear one leaving us, we give a flower. We use flowers at all our religious festivals. At a christening, baby must have a flower, we weave a garland of orange blossoms for the bride, and at our death, loving hands place around our still form those emblems of love. There are many rich poems and legends concerning flowers which I quote, perhaps the first is the prettiest—told in Palestine, regarding the Red Lily:

This Lily was at one time pure white, and held up its head above all other flowers in the garden. The Saviour one day walked through the garden, and as He passed, every flower lowered its head in homage to Him who made them—all but the Lily, who in conscious pride and beauty, could not condescend to lower its haughty head, even for Him. The Saviour stopped and let His glance of divine compassion rest on the haughty flower, for its pride. It could not stand that look of mild reproof and yet all compassionate love, lower and lower drooped the lovely head, whilst a blush of burning shame diffused itself on its petals, and to this day it stands an evidence of subdued pride, killed by the loving compassionate glance of Him before whom all flowers bent their heads in silent homage.

In the dear land I come from, May is the Spring month of flowers. Then Dame Nature dons her full attire, and England's emblem—the Rose—is resplendent in all its beauty. The Hawthorn glistens with its white and red blossoms, the woods are full of primroses, violets, forget-me-nots, anemones, etc., the cherry and apple orchards are glorious with masses of bloom, and Summer has returned to once more gladden the hearts of all.

I could fill page after page, were I to attempt to describe one-tenth of all the flowers that exist, and the legends and poems that have been written about them. I will, however, relate a few, for they are most beautiful:

A FABLE

"It was mid-Winter in the garden, and no flowers bloomed about the dark beds or lonely paths. Only a few evergreen shrubs bravely faced the cold with drooping leaves, and the bulbs were all waiting underground afraid to show their pretty faces before the sun had told them he was ready. One flower, and one only—the Christmas Rose—shone in its clump of green leaves, as white as the snow that lay in drifts around it, and all the other flowers under the warm earth laughed her to scorn as they cried up from their warm beds: "Oh! foolish Christmas Rose, why do you show your delicate face to the Winter world? You will get your petals frost-bitten, and die of cold. The time of blossoming is not yet come, and there is no room for flowers on the inhospitable earth. We never go where no bright sun shines.

The Christmas Rose bent above the ground where the voices came from, and her voice was low and sweet as the under-ripple of a fast-frozen stream, as it flows under its ice coat. At the sound of it the bulbs and roots that had laughed so loud at its owner suddenly hushed. "Nay, sisters of the Spring, crocus, violet and snow-drop is there no need for flowers, think ye, in a Winter world? True, I cannot give it color such as yours, nor lift gaudy petals like the tulip to the sun. But I, alone, in these dark days, when all around is cheerless, shine in the garden like a star of hope. It is the cold world that needs a comforter most, and to cheer it I brave the winds of Winter and the fetters of the frost."

But the voices of the plants were suddenly hushed, for the mistress of the garden came down the path just then, and all the bulbs and roots heard her say: "Yes, this, the Christmas Rose, is my greatest treasure, for I love it better than all others, since it is a messenger of gladness when no other flower blooms." And she gathered the Christmas Rose and put it in her breast.

LEGEND

A poor girl who had lost every human creature she loved on earth, had a rose tree she was fond of, and every day she found upon it just one bloom, and though she longed to gather the flower for herself, she would not do so, but always placed it before the picture of the Christ. And God saw her do this, as He sees everything; at last, quite suddenly, she died, and when she found herself in Heaven, there were such crowds and crowds of Angels about her that she was quite bewildered and could not find her way. And all at once she saw a pathway edged with roses before her, and one of the Angels said—"these are all of the roses you gave to our Lord on earth, and He has made them into a pathway for you which will lead you straight to those you love." And so with great joy she followed the windings of the path, seeing her roses blooming all the way, and she found all those whom she had loved and lost on earth waiting to welcome her at the end."

WILD FLOWERS

Beautiful children of the woods and fields;
That bloom by mountain streamlets 'mid the heather,
Or into clusters 'neath the hazels gather—
Or where by hoary rocks you make your bields,
And sweetly flourish on through Summer weather—
I love ye all!

Beautiful flowers! to me ye fresher seem
From the Almighty hand that fashion'd all,
Than those that flourish by a garden-wall;
And I can image you, as in a dream,
Fair, modest maidens, nursed in hamlets small—
I love ye all!

Beautiful gems! that on the brow of earth
Are fixed as in a queenly diadem;
Though lowly ye, and most without a name,
Young hearts rejoice to see your buds come forth,
As light erewhile into the world came—
I love ye all!

Beautiful things ye are, where'er ye grow!
The wild red-rose, the speedwell's peeping eyes—
Our own blue-bell, the daisy, that doth rise
Wherever sunbeams fall or winds do blow;
And thousands more, of blessed forms and dyes—
I love ye all!

Beautiful nurslings of the early dew,
Fann'd in your loveliness by every breeze,
And shaded over by green and arching trees;
I often wish'd that I were one of you,
Dwelling afar upon the grassy leas—
I love ye all!

Beautiful children of the glen and dell —
The dingle deep—the moorland stretching wide,
And of the mossy fountain's sedgy side!
Ye o'er my heart have thrown a lovesome spell;
And though the worldling, scorning, may deride—
I love ye all!

To conclude—we have endless variety in this our chosen country, and have them all the year round, and though perhaps they are common to some of us through their familiarity, let me remind you that they are God's jewels, and that not—"even Solomon in all his glory was arrayed like one of these."

Lady Edwina Roberts, Who Has Just Become the Bride of Major Henry Frederick Elliott Lewin, R.F.A.

FOREST FIRE PROTECTION

Coert du Bois, District Forester of the State of California, is working out a wonderful system of forest fire protection in his territory. He describes one part of his organization as follows:

"On one of the heavily timbered forests in Northern California the district rangers have perfected volunteer fire organizations from among the residents of their districts—each volunteer company being assigned a definite area within which it is responsible. For each company there is one chief who receives 40 cents an hour fighting time, one quartermaster and one packer, each paid 35 cents an hour, and from 15 to 30 firemen who are paid 30 cents. Any additional men, not members of the volunteer crews, who are employed on a fire, are paid 25 cents an hour. At the beginning of the fire season each member receives a circular letter from the district ranger, telling him the names, addresses and officers of his company, and the boundary of its fire division, the number of pack horses and saddle horses available at each ranch, the duties of each member on report of a fire, the rates of pay for labor, horses and teams, the location or tool and grub caches, a brief resume of the district fire plan and a statement of the objects of the organization, and the bearing of fire protection on local interests. As the men selected are all small local ranchers, and are all connected on farmer phone lines, these organizations have worked almost automatically. Although 20 or more fires have occurred in the area covered by these volunteer companies, we have never had an opportunity to see how they work in a bad fire because they have never let one get bad.

In sparsely settled localities, highly-organized volunteer help is out of the question, of course. We are meeting such conditions with what we call the stationary patrol. During the peak of the fire season as large a number of short term forest guards are employed as can be squeezed out of the forest allotment. These are stationed at centres of accessibility throughout the ranger district and in every case at a phone. They are given strict orders not to get out of earshot of the phone bell, and never to leave their stations except under orders from the district ranger. Each station is fully equipped with tools, and kept provisioned for two weeks ahead. The entire district is commanded by lookouts, who are in communication with the district ranger.

A lookout locates a fire. He reports it to the district ranger, giving its size, exact whereabouts, and the speed with which it is spreading. The district ranger telephones one or generally two of the nearest guards, who start immediately with two days' grub on their saddles. The ranger then organizes a crew and a commissary to follow the guards and hold them until the lookout, who is watching the progress of the fire, advises him to forward the reserves. In a remarkably large number of instances the first detachment controlled the fire. In one instance where it did not, the excellent team work on the part of lookout, ranger, guards and a hastily drafted volunteer crew put 25 men on a fire line far back in an inaccessible gulch six hours and a half after the first smoke raised, or at midnight. The fire was under control by daylight, and when the men had eaten breakfast they finished the last of the supplies that went out with the crew. The pack train, with a reserve of grub, sent out by the ranger immediately after the men had started, arrived before dinner."

We can never get away from ourselves, our memories and our prospects. How wise, therefore, to live each hour that the memory of it will be pleasant, and pleasant also the prospect of keeping company with the memory forever.

No man has risen to true greatness who has not felt, in some degree, that his life belongs to his race, and that what God gives him he must give for mankind.—Phillips Brooks.

It is easy to be patient and gentle when everybody is treating us kindly. But it is nobler, and shows more fine character, to be patient and gentle when some one is wronging us.

Hogan—'Did Clancy's wife get [illegible] tion."

Grogan—'She did; four [illegible] him."

Omar Khayyam, Poet and Philosopher

(John W. E. Laker)

WHEN old Edward Fitzgerald took up the self-imposed task of translating Omar Khayyam's Rubaiyat he little realized the popularity that this little work would acquire. He looked for neither fame nor fortune, but considered rather, that the beauty of the verses of the Persian Poet would find favor with a few personal friends whose interests were worth exciting, and sufficient to compensate him for any time and trouble he expended. He underrated his theme and his readers, for today this inspired work is perhaps as widely popular amongst readers as any poem ever written. The first edition, which appeared in 1859, contained only seventy-five Quatrains or four line verses. It was published anonymously, for, with a modesty that characterized every action of his life, Fitzgerald refused to allow his name to appear. But his name could not remain long unknown. The poem was printed first at five shillings a copy, but its sale at this price was so uncertain that almost the whole of the two hundred copies that comprised the edition were put into the bargain box of the bookseller at one penny the piece. Rather a big fall from five shillings to a penny, but it saved the Rubaiyat. The edition was quickly exhausted at this price. Perhaps curiosity took many of them away, but the beauties of the Oriental poem could not be denied, and soon found a multitude of readers and inquirers. Speculation as to its origin was rife, and many refused to believe it a translation but rather as as an original in English, disguised by a whim of the author. After the first edition was exhausted, calls were made for it, and in 1868 a second edition was brought out. This was enlarged a little, and altered in some places by improvement, as Fitzgerald considered. This would appear unnecessary to the general reader, who might find all that could be desired in the first edition. The captivating beauties of the poem are impressed upon the mind at the first reading, and it comes somewhat as a disappointment to find the well known lines altered in another edition. Whether for better or worse it does not matter much. It might have been better to have them remain in their original version. How few of us are privileged to read them in the Persian! How fewer still are capable of criticizing the eminent scholar whose learning has been the key by which the Eastern mind has been opened for the Western? who has saved from oblivion perhaps one of the greatest poets.

How much does Omar Kayyam owe to Edward Fitzgerald. In a translation of this character, a literal work is out of the question. The poetic instincts and sympathy of the translator must at least equal those of the author, and if old Omar could visit us again and read in English he might wish for no more staunch or artistic champion than Fitzgerald.

Fitzgerald was quiet, unoffending, making friends with all classes under all conditions, but favoring that cultured portion of the English gentry, the decline of which he considered as an actual and regrettable fact. A disappointing marriage seems to have altered his view of life. Any man or woman of his extreme refinement, intelligence and simple tastes might easily make a mistake in choosing their life partner. Fitzgerald did so. He chose a temperament antagonistic to his own, masterful and unsympathetic. A separation was very soon the inevitable result, and Fitzgerald never wholly recovered from the disappointment.

His reputation as one of the foremost poets of the century is based upon very small records. The whole of his writings would hardly fill a good sized volume, but what they lack in bulk they are fully compensated for by their beauty and sincerity. We are concerned with his translation of the Rubaiyat, however, and more concerned with Omar Khayyam than Fitzgerald.

Omar Khayyam was a Persian, born in Naishapur, about 1060, and died about 1120. Very little is known about his life. His philosophical and atheistic teachings were looked upon with a good amount of suspicion by those who accepted the mystic and extravagant doctrines of the religious enthusiasts of those superstitious times. His ideas were in direct variance with accepted dogma, and that he was to a certain extent ostracized was not under these circumstances a matter to wonder at. It might indeed be by a lucky chance that he died a natural death.

The extreme to which a religious fanatic may go has never been recorded. For a truth, philosophy is a condition to which they do not aspire.

Omar was an astronomer, and here, no doubt, we can find the flame that fired his thoughts, may find the cause of those fervent appeals to the Unknown, those expostulations, those threats even, which he flung at a seemingly unsympathetic guidance. Here, perhaps, he saw the insignificance of man to the infinite universe, and thought it audacious for man to appeal to this mighty cosmos. He doubted even the individuality of the heavens:

And that inverted Bowl we call the Sky,
Whereunder crawling coop'd we live and die,
Lift not your hands to It for help—for it
As impotently moves as you or I.

The name Khayyam means "tentmaker," and he seems to have taken the name from the business that he in early life followed. He alludes in one of his verses to:

Khayyam who stitched the tents of science.

This practice of naming themselves after the business they followed seems to have been the general practice amongst the Persian poets.

Omar showed at an early age that he possessed a keen wit and intelligence, and formed a close friendship with two others of like ability while all three were staying under the same master. Omar acquired notoriety as a peaceful poet and astronomer, but one of the other friends acquired an equal notoriety in quite another branch of endeavor. This was Hassan ben Sabbah, who goes down in history as "The old man of the mountains." This Hassan ben Sabbah founded, in 1090, a notorious band of "Assassins." (Our word "assassin" is derived from this source). They were a military order fired by a religious fanaticism following Mohammedanism, and had as their enemies all the heads of Europe and Asia. The Crusaders, on their journeys to the Holy Land, came constantly into strife with these assassins, and they soon acquired an exceptional and fearful notoriety. One of the innumerable victims of this Hassan ben Sabbah was the third friend of his and Omar's school days. They were routed in 1270, but almost up to the present time bands claiming allegiance to the order still remained.

It must be said of Omar that he never knew what poverty was, and, under these circumstances, it was perhaps easier to follow, as well as preach his philosophy. He was given a position in the government at Naishapur, where a pension was granted him. "Thus he lived," says his biographer, "in winning knowledge of every kind, especially in Astronomy, where he obtained a very high pre-eminence, he obtained great praise for his proficiency in science, and the Sultan showered favors upon him."

His knowledge of Astronomy caused him to be included amongst eight scientists who were appointed by Sultan Malik Shah to revise the calendar, when a computation of time of great accuracy was the result. He makes jocular reference to this in one of his verses:

Ah, but my computations, People say,
Reduced the year to better reckoning?—Nay
'Twas only striking from the Calendar
Unborn To-morrow and dead Yesterday.

Whatever Omar's attainments were it is as a poet with a soul of deepest sympathy for humankind that we know and reverence him. Disappointed and discouraged by the hopeless problem of solving the Why of this life, with a heart full of compassion for the iniquities under which he saw mankind suffering upon every hand, and which he found himself powerless to alleviate, he turned to philosophy and found therein a citadel past which the aggravating pangs of misfortune could not go. He told his discovery to all from a soul full of pity. He has opened a door to happiness that we might do much worse than enter.

Come, fill the Cup, and in the fire of Spring
Your Winter garment of Repentance fling;
The Bird of Time has but a little way
To flutter—and the Bird is on the Wing.

And why not "fill the cup that clears today of past regrets and future fears" for he tells us:

"Whether the Cup with sweet or bitter run,
The Wine of Life keeps oozing drop by drop,
The Leaves of Life keep dropping one by one.

What is this life, he says:

A Moment's halt—a momentary taste
Of Being from the Well amid the Waste—
And Lo—the phantom Caravan has reach'd
The Nothing it set out from—Oh, make haste.

Omar talks a lot about the grape, but it is generally conceded that he talked of it much more than he drank of it, although it must be allowed that the real juice of the grape found favor in Omar's eyes—and lips.

The Grape that can with Logic absolute
The Two-and-Seventy jarring Sects confute;
The Sovereign Alchemist that in a trice
Life's leaden metal into Gold transmute.

It is of course foolish to imagine that intoxication by wine was the poet's theme. Intoxication may be, but with the happiness of loving and living. The allegory makes the poem all the more interesting.

Omar is not always in this happy mood when he criticizes the work of the Unseen, and rebels against the injustice that he sees around him and cannot understand. He blames not man, but man's Maker for his faulty handicraft.

What, from his helpless Creature be repaid
Pure Gold for what He lent him dross—allay'd—
Sue for a debt he never did contract
And cannot answer—on the sorry trade.

The fault is not all to be laid upon the back of suffering humanity he says:

O thou who Man of baser earth didst make
And ev'n with Paradise devise the Snake
For all the Sin wherewith the face of man
Is blackened—Man's forgiveness give—and take.

He can be in a happy mood, too, and starts to be sorry for advocating too freely the advantages of the care free life.

Indeed, indeed, Repentance oft before
I swore—but was I sober when I swore?
And then came Spring and Rose in hand
My thread-bare Penitences apieces tore.

And lastly, full of love and kindness was ever a verse penned that probed deeper into the tragedy of life than this:

Ah Love, could you and I with him conspire
To grasp this sorry Scheme of things entire,
Would not we shatter it to bits—and then
Re-mould it nearer to the Hearts desire.

Poor old Omar is dead this many centuries, the same problems confront us that confronted him, and they seem no nearer solution.

Let us hope that they worry him no longer. Wherever he is he must have found Fitzgerald to thank him for all he did.

Mr. Fusser—"Aren't you nearly ready?"

Mrs. Fusser—"I wish you'd stop asking me that question. I've been telling you for the last hour that I'd be ready in a minute."

"John," said Mrs. Brown at the Zoo, "if those animals were to escape, whom would you save first—me, or the children?" "Me," answered John, without hesitation.

CELLINI AND HIS MASTERPIECE

BENVENUTO CELLINI who has been described as the greatest of Italian artificers in gold during the period of the Renaissance, is best remembered today by his bronze statue of "Perseus," which stands in the Loggia de Lanzi at Florence, and before which the many English and American tourists stand with admiring eyes.

The work was completed by Cellini in 1554, fifteen years before he died, so that it might well be claimed in his case that "he kept the best wine till last." He was then under the patronage of Cosmo di Medici.

Only recently a curious story has been told in connection with the famous statue. Although its authorship has always been known, it does not bear the name of Cellini. But a well-known antiquarian has just discovered a wonderful resemblance between the face on the rear of the helmet and that of the modeller, and it is believed by many that owing to the jealousy of his patron, Cellini dare not affix his name to the statue, so sought this means of establishing his connection with it for all time. Those who have read the autobiography of this extraordinary man, or even a sketch of his life, will be well able to believe this.

In his way he was a characteristic product of his time. He had rare artistic gifts, but he combined with them a violent temper and an obstinate will. He was inordinately vain, and his undoubted courage was impaired by swaggering bravado.

He was a libertine in an age when libertinism was an accepted fact and moral reform associations were not known.

Yet, in his own way, he was intensely religious. When he lay in the dungeons of the Castle of St. Angelo he vowed that if he could see the su nagain he would set off on a pilgrimage to the Holy Sepulchre. Yet when the time came for him to start, a sudden bequest of money turned his thoughts into quite another channel.

Benvenuto Cellini was born at Florence on All Saints' Day, November 1, 1500, the son of Giovanni Cellini. His father wished him to become a musician, and sorely against his own will he practiced the flute for many years. At the age of fifteen, however, he so much wanted to learn the arts of design that his father placed him under the care of Marcone, the goldsmith. But he seems to have been a bit of a martinet, for in his autobiography Cellini says: "I continued to play sometimes through complaisance to my father, either upon the flute or the horn, and I constantly drew tears and deep sighs from him every time he heard me." The latter part of the sentence would seem to imply that the lad had his own revenge. While in Marcone's workshop the boy assaulted a fellow-worker who had insulted his brother, and it was deemed advisable for him to leave Florence for a time. He visited Sienna, Bologna and Piso, where he gained much valuable knowledge of his trade by working in the shops of different goldsmiths.

In 1518 he returned to Florence and began to study the cartoons of Michael Angelo. It was about this time that Torrigiani invited him to accompany him to England, there to enter the service of Henry the Eighth. But Cellini had no love for Torrigiani, because of the latter's hatred of Michael Angelo, and he refused to accompany him, an act which would seem at any rate to lift him out of the ranks of the mercenary.

Instead, he and a friend ran off to Rome, where the future sculptor of Perseus spent two years.

On his return to Florence he made a beautiful marriage girdle for one Raffaello Lapaccini, and roused great envy and malice in the hearts of the elder goldsmiths of the city. There followed a brawl, in which he assaulted a young man and had to flee to Rome disguised as a monk.

The life of Benvenuto Cellini should be divided into three periods. The first period he spent in the service of Popes Clement VII. and Paul III.; the second, in Paris at the Court of France; the third, at Florence under Cosmo Medici. The great masters of the age of the Renaissance were animated by a passionate love of beauty. But in the less elevated natures of the craftsmen who succeeded them, and under conditions of advanced national corruption, this same love of the beautiful was often allowed to degenerate into mere soulless animalism.

Even of Cellini it is claimed that he did not attempt to animate his Perseus or his Ganymede with a vestige either of intellect or moral loveliness.

In 1527, when Rome was besieged by the Constable of Bourbon, Cellini took a valiant part in the protection of the Eternal City, and is said to have himself killed both the Constable and the Prince of Orange.

Some years afterwards he was accused of theft and thrown into the dungeons of the Castle of St. Angelo, where, according to his own story, he saw many wonderful visions, and following upon one of them, drew upon his prison wall a large picture of God surrounded by angels. At the end of 1539 he was released through the solicitations of Francis I. to the Pope. He went to live in France, as the King's goldsmith, and was presented by that monarch with a castle called Le Petit Nesle. While there he restored the castle gate at Fontainebleau and executed a beautiful nymph in bronze for the chateau there, which may be seen in the Louvre today.

He made one of the most serious mistakes in his life by leaving France to enter the service of Cosmo de Medici, who, although he created his masterpiece under his patronage, proved but a hard and niggardly patron. Of this same statue of Perseus it has been claimed by some that it is lacking in simplicity of modeling and breadth of treatment and overwrought in detail. In the Vienna Art Museum there is preserved a salt cellar which is regarded as his masterpiece in goldsmith work—a beautiful thing of embossed gold and enamel with figures of Neptune and Cybele in high relief. Many also believe that his bronze portrait of Bindo Altoviti, which was much admired by Michael Angelo, is a much finer piece of work than the famous statue.

In 1558 Cellini retired into a monastery, received the tonsure and the first ecclesiastical orders. But two years later he shook the dust of the cloisters off his feet, and went back into the world, married, and died at the age of 69, leaving three children.

He was buried in the chapter house of the Church of St. Annunziata, and the usual elaborate funeral oration of the day was pronounced over his remains.

Yet although he was the greatest goldsmith of his time, a skilled medallist and an admirable modeller of statues, few of his many masterpieces are still in existence, and those pieces of plate and armor that bear his name are only in rare cases genuine.

Benvenuto Cellini left behind him an autobiography which not only gives a graphic picture of the life of the author, but is also extremely descriptive of the life of that period.

Field Sports and Outdoor Pastimes

HUNTING AND FISHING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

EXPERIENCES OF A TRIO OF LUCKY SPORTSMEN.

"Well, George, what do you say if we go down to the Beaverfoot this Fall and kill our Winter's meat?"

"That sounds good to me. What shall we go after?"

"There are lots of moose, sheep and goats," I replied, "but I prefer to go after the moose."

"All right, let me know when you are ready in the Fall, and I will get what pack horses we will need and meet you at the crossing with everything in readiness."

For several years I have not hunted moose and I was therefore anxious to have another hunt, and once again partake of a delicious moose steak.

It seemed a long time to wait, but finally the appointed time arrived, and, having finished up my work, I got ready and boarded the train at Field, B. C., on the way picking up my old friend, Billy, who was to be one of the party. When we reached our destination we found George looking very gloomy.

"What's the matter, old chap, been losing all your good money in a poker game?" we asked.

"Worse luck than that," was the melancholy reply. "I can't go on the hunt with you two as I have to leave here tomorrow to be gone for a week."

A substitute, however, offered himself in the person of our friend Charles, and, as he was a fine fellow, and also a first-class man with the horses, we were only too glad to have him go along with us.

That evening we bought our grub, and got the rest of our outfit ready to start on the early train the next morning. Charles was to drive the horses down and meet us at the station. When we reached there the only person in the place was the operator, and when he found out that we were going after moose he showed us where he had shot a moose a few days before from the station platform, the shot being fired from a very ancient .44. Just as the moose had started to cross the track he had shot him in the eye, the first shot killing him instantly. I was just about to ask him if he always aimed for the eye when Billy took me around behind the station and said:

"That fellow always kills the moose by shooting it in the eye."

About four o'clock Charles showed up, and we packed the horses and moved up the valley about three miles to a cabin and camped there over night. The next morning we were up early, and after packing the horses we each took one and started up the valley to the hunting grounds, which were some twenty miles distant. I led an old horse called John, who was over twenty years of age, but still a good packer, though you would not have guessed it by the look of his back. There was room for two pack saddles there. Old John kept us amused all that day. Every little while he would emit a squeal and a grunt and up would go his heels; this would be his signal for a bucking performance of no insignificant character. Notwithstanding his actions, however, I grew rather fond of old John before the hunt was over.

We arrived on the edge of the slough on which we were to camp at about four p.m., and found that the beavers had most of it flooded. Picking out the most likely place we started across. When we got about the middle Charles let out a yell.

"Look boys, see the moose up there!"

When we got sight of him he was coming out of a clump of willows and walking slowly in the same direction in which we were going, and apparently headed for the spot which we had picked out as our camp site. Billy and I started out on the run after him, and when within 400 yards of his mooseship we began to fill the air full of bullets. In the meantime he had stopped to feed, and did not pay any attention to the reports until one of the bullets hit the mud close to his nose. Then he turned round, and, without looking up, kept right on feeding. That wild kind of shooting, however, could not last forever. I took a little more careful aim and succeeded in breaking his front leg, and Billy's next shot hit him high in the shoulders. By this time he was on the move for cover. At this juncture Charles came up and handed him one in the rear just as he was getting out of sight in the woods. We found a few drops of blood where he had disappeared, and Charles took up the trail while Billy and I went back after the horses. Just as we were beginning to doubt that Charles would be able to find him we heard a shot and in about ten minutes another shot, and a few minutes later still another. Then we heard Charles shout to us to bring a knife. I went up and cut the moose's throat. He was a nice, fat, three-year-old, and we considered him a good bag for the first day out. He had been secured not more than a quarter of a mile from camp.

The following morning we started out to locate a small lake that had been discovered by a party a few years previously, and which had been reported to be full of large trout. Billy and Charles started west, and I went east of the divide. In about an hour I came to a small lake in the slough which was covered with ducks. Look as I would however I could not see a fish, so made up my mind it could not be the lake for which we were searching. I kept on going down, and when I came to the bend of the slough I could see what was the gable end of a cabin about a mile off. After a ten minutes' walk I saw my mistake. Instead of a cabin there were three moose standing out in the open having not more than a quarter of a mile from the a sun bath. I watched them for about five minutes, and they seemed to be asleep standing up. I kept close to the edge of the woods after that, and when I came to within five hundred yards of them the bull shook his head and looked around as though he had heard me. I could see that he had a pretty fair head, and decided to try and kill him from where I was. After taking careful aim I fired but he did not move. After I had fired five more shots he was down and out, for I hit him three times in the shoulder, once in the ribs and once in the hip. I stepped out then, and tried to get a photo of the other two, but they were too far away, and when they saw me they started for the woods walking slowly along. I got busy then, and cut off the dead moose's head and partly skinned him, then started for camp with the head. Just as I reached it I met Charles and Billy with a string of fish, and they told me they had found the lake, and that it was alive with big trout. I was glad to hear this, as I did not care to hunt a.y more. That evening Charles said we had better pack the moose to camp the following morning, and if the weather proved fine he would pack the three horses and take what he could to the railroad, and if possible get more horses so that we could take out everything the next trip. He said he would try and make the trip in two days.

The next morning we went down and packed in the moose. That afternoon Billy took his fish line, and said he would try and get a few brook trout down in the beaver meadow. About three o'clock we heard some shooting, and we were pretty sure that Billy was after moose. Not very long afterwards he came in with a big smile ornamenting his face and told us all about it. He had caught all the fish he wanted, and thought he would look around a little while. Going through some alders he heard something grunting out in the open, and when he got to the edge of the slough there was a big bull coming for him, letting out a grunt at every step. He opened up on him at close range, put three bullets into his neck before he stopped, and when he turned put two more through his ribs which laid him low. After waiting a few minutes to be sure he was dead Billy started out to have a look at him. As he got close up to the dead moose he was much surprised to see a couple of hundred feet distant another bull feeding away as if nothing had happened. Near the bull was a cow, and when she saw him she laid back her ears and started for him on the run. Billy, not understanding female tactics very well, took this to be a hostile move, and broke the record in getting back to the shelter of the tall timbers. After things got quieted down somewhat he went out expecting to find her gone, but she was back at her old place again feeding as before. He shouted and whistled but neither the bull nor the cow paid the slightest attention to him. After watching the cow for some time, he went out and cut off the moose's head, a rather hard job when it had to be performed in a foot of water with a hostile moose close by. Just as he started to pack the head to the woods the cow started once more to charge, and Billy was again forced to seek the squirrel's company. He succeeded in getting his trophy at last, however, and great was our elation at having secured a moose each.

The next day Charles started out with the three horses, who were loaded down with all they could carry. That afternoon Billy and I went over to the lake to try our luck. The lake was on top of a hill in the centre of the valley. It was about 200 yards long and 100 yards wide, and was covered with ducks, so Billy tried a few shots at them with an old .22 rifle, but couldn't reach them. I wanted him to try again, but he said he would only strain the old gun shooting so far, and that would never do. We separated here, Billy going up one side of the lake and I up the other. I soon came to a spot that looked likely, and before I got the bait on the hook I could see a big fellow swimming around about a foot under water. After baiting the hook with a chunk of meat the size of a chipmunk I dropped it right over him. There was a rush, and you can guess the rest. The lake seemed to be alive with big trout, and in a short time I heard a yell from Billy, and looking across the lake I could see him trying not to fall in. Suddenly he shouted:

"There goes my silk line."

By this time we had about all we could carry, and we started for camp. Some of the trout were two feet long, and had two very bright stripes of red on their bellies. I had never seen any trout like them before. We stayed in camp all the next day, and a couple of hours after dark Charles came in with three more pack horses, making six in all.

At day light the next morning we sallied for the railroad. We camped at Leanchoil station for a day, and the next day we set out for Field, which had been our starting place. Needless to say we were well pleased with our hunt, and we hope to get back again some time to the little lake with the big trout. —C. H. Deutschman, in Rod and Gun.

TEMPORARY INSANITY

Some of us have had days, or more probably hours, when "they went like mad," but it is a more unusual experience than the beginner will credit. During nearly half a century, a fair proportion of which has been spent in handling a rod, I cannot recall many instances when fresh-water fish displayed any very ostentatious eagerness to annex the fly or bait offered to them. Memory may play me false as to the incidents of the first event of this sort, for I was then an extremely juvenile angler, still in brown Holland frock, with a promise of "knickerbockers next year," contingent on present good behavior. A parent was directing my methods in a branch of sport which he called "whipping for bleak," and thus training me to use a fly rod. The lesson was being given on the Wiltshire Avon, in a mill tail at Staverton, some three miles from Bradford. There were plenty of coarse fish, and perhaps once in two or three years a trout might be caught, but the latter were very rare indeed. We stood on a high-walled bank in full sight of every fish in the water, and my childish efforts could not get the black gnat more than a few yards out. Some bleak had been bold enough to hook themselves. Suddenly a large trout snatched at the fly and was fast. Timely parental assistance prevented a breakage, and, after a period of thrilling hopes and fears, an enterprising mill hand climbed down the wall, and a 2½ lb. trout was landed. The first large fish that the boy had caught, it was, indeed, a proud moment. The instructor, whose rod had hitherto been lying idle, started to fish systematically down the fifty yards of water included between its outlet from the mill and the stone bridge below. Hardly one of his casts failed to capture something. Chub, dace, and bleak would visibly compete for the honor of being landed. No less than three more trout were risen and netted. I verily believe that these were the only trout in that part of the river. Never before had even the existence of so many been suspected. The coarse fish collected before being distributed to the villagers nearly filled a garden basket.

After this a gap of several years before the next big day. Grown to schoolboy size, the writer and three companions, on a blazing hot August morning, took rods and tackle to a tiny tributary, famous for its eels, and it was also intended to put down a number of night lines, baited with dead minnows. The taking up of these would provide occupation for the morrow. We spent an hour or two distributing fifty along half a mile of bank. Then a basket filled by someone who knew schoolboy tastes to a nicety was unpacked. The shade of a big chestnut tree on the bank of the stream was an ideal spot for the repast, and here projecting over the water rested our rods baited with live minnows or worms, according to their owners' theories of "best bait." For some time after lunch the floats did not indicate a bite. A sudden shading of the sun, a growl of thunder, and we ran hard to a linhay not far away. There was about half an hour of pelting rain, then the sun reappeared, and we went back to the chestnut tree. Two rods had disappeared. From the others extended taut lines, and a perch was landed from each. The missing rods were found after some raking with a pole, and two good eels had maue a terrible mess of the tackle. For about two hours there was seldom a moment without a bite, and worm or minnow was taken as soon as it was fairly under water. The fish gradually stopped biting, but the heap of perch on the bank was a big one before the madness of food desire left them.

The nearest nightline was inspected prior to preparations for departure, and, behold! an eel was on it. Eel lines with baits of dead fish are seldom successful during daylight, but on investigations being extended it was found that nearly all that had been laid had either captured an eel or had their baits eaten off. They were reset and visited with high hopes next day, but the fish had become sane once more, and only a single insignificant eel was the total reward of that haul in.

On the Wylye at Codford, about four years later, two of us had a somewhat similar experience. A bright, hot day, the trout were utterly indifferent to any fly cast over them. Then came a warning of thunder, and a retreat to the village inn, where for about two hours we were weather bound. The skies cleared, and we went down to the river again. Fishing wet, as was usual in those days, with two flies (I think a yellow dun and a red spinner) we hooked a fish, or occasionally two, at every cast, and in a couple of hours had twenty brace of trout of ¼ lb. or over, besides more than that number of good sizeable fish returned to the river. They were mostly taken on the red spinner, which was a rather peculiar pattern, a little resembling a rusty palmer, and dressed, I fancy, by Gibbons, of Salisbury. Nearly all of them were well hooked, and but few were lost.

Of the same year I have a shameful recollection that an afterwards revered and reverend and noted oarsman, and myself, both being at that time ornaments, or the reverse, of the school on the Kennet, hastened after Hall to a by-stream, and, with a pliant withy, string, a link of gut, and a rough fly, made on an eel hook with chicken feathers, enjoyed a veritable glut of uneducated big trout, till a valiant keeper disturbed us from our lair in a withy bed. He was a fine runner, too, but youth was on our side, and justice was evaded.

As a young man I had a first-rate half day on the Yore with trout and grayling a few miles from Ripon. A large creel was filled twice. A cast of three flies was used, and even when they were worn out these flies continued to catch fish, although little but the bare hook remained as an attraction. The weather was cloudy after a day or two of light rain.

On the Kennet in the 'nineties during a Mayfly carnival there was heavy thunder rain, and road washings made the water quite unfishable with fly. A friendly miller, meeting us disconsolate on the bank, suggested that we should leave the fly water we were on and adjourn to his mill tail, and try the pool there with a worm till the upper water had cleared. He hinted at barbel, perch, and mighty chub. We had no floats or worm hooks. The best thing was a Mayfly stripped of its dressing. Baited with the products of an old manure heap, the hook was taken before it reached the bottom. The first victim was a 3 lb. chub, and a series of perch of round about a pound came next. Two barbel of 4 lb. and 5 lb., caught a little lower down, made pretty rough work for the fly rod, and dozens of smaller coarse fish filled up gaps. There was never a pause in the sport for about four hours.

There was a lapse of fifteen years before I again encountered mad fish. It was a Whit Monday on a Devon river, which, throughout most of the day, was invaded by veritable hosts of trippers. Not a cloud in the sky, no wind, and the water low and gin clear. I cast a red quill up stream, and let it float towards me over likely spots. No fish were rising, and they ignored my fly until about one o'clock. I stood then on the rocky margin of the river casting very hopelessly into the tail of a pool. Several holiday folk stood prominent on the high bank, which commanded the spot where my fly floated. Those of them belonging to the gentle sex wore white or vividly colored blouses. Nevertheless, I caught my first fish of the day, and, without moving, another, and yet another. The steep bank was ascended, and a move made to a run above where the water was but a few inches deep. The "gallery" became larger, and I grew tired of begging it to keep a little way from the water. A very keen lot, but not versed in the way of fish, they edged continually forward and stood well over the fly. Bless you; it did not seem to matter in the least. Good cast, bad cast; likely place, unlikely place, the results were the same. Fish seized the red quill on the slightest opportunity. A queer thing was that, whereas the trout here usually run five or six to the pound I caught several pounders, and many of ½ lb. and intermediate sizes. More of these monsters were landed during the afternoon than I could capture in a decade of ordinary fishing on this Devon stream. Were these fish really sane on that day? If not, what was the cause of their temporary intellectual aberration?

On most of the other occasions recorded there had been a thunderstorm, and an electric current may have stimulated them. But these Devonian trout rose when there was no visible natural food, and under grotesquely unfavorable conditions of water, weather and surroundings. To follow the erratic reasonings of the mind of an average fish or the titillations of his nerve centres becomes a difficult matter. I give it up.—H. Alwood, in The Field.

THE MISSED STEAK. By Charles Pears

Waiter: "And how did you find the steak, sir?"
Customer: "Oh, quite simple. I lifted up the potato, and there it was."
—The Tatler.

Brusque Customer (in music shop)—bretto 'Mikado.'"
New Assistant—"I'm sorry, sir, we've just

Rt. Hon. Lloyd George

HE wore the clothing prescribed by the conventions of Western civilization. There was nothing uncouth in his appearance or barbarian in his manners. As he sat at the dinner he showed himself able to distinguish between the respective functions of knife and fork. When he spoke, there was no ranting in his tone. He kept his aspirates in their places, and you could search his speech in vain for grammatical solecisms. Yet—it was Lloyd George!

In some Tory circles the orthodox conception of the Chancellor is of a wild man from the mountains. The other day a lady correspondent of a well-known Unionist daily naively confessed the unexpected impression made upon her by a chance meeting with him at luncheon at a golf club. Her experience was like that of an African explorer who suddenly comes upon a white man's camp where he has expected to find a savage tribe. "He is mischievous," reported the lady, "but he does not look it. His manner in a golf club—the only place I have been able to observe it—is charming." Perhaps, after all, what is deplorable in his career may be due not to ingrained wickedness, but to the influence of environment. It may be," the observer charitably concludes, "that he started with the wrong lot, and had his fiery nature turned the wrong way."

THE LLOYD GEORGE LEGEND

The Lloyd George legend that has been constructed by ignorant prejudice reminds one of similar fanciful notions about previous Liberal leaders. The story is told of an old lady who was informed, at a certain royal funeral, that Gladstone had just entered the church. "Dear me," she exclaimed; "I hope he won't make a disturbance." When Joseph Chamberlain first rose to address the House of Commons the contrast between his actual appearance and what had been anticipated struck the occupants of the Conservative benches with astonishment. "Judging from his political speeches," reported Justin McCarthy, in his description of the scene, "they had set him down as a wild Republican, and they expected to see a rough and shaggy man, dressed with an uncouth regard for the ways of society, a sort of Birmingham Orson, who would probably scowl fiercely at his opponents in the House, and would deliver his opinions in tones of thunder. The man who rose to address the House was a pale, slender, delicate-looking and closely shaven personage, very neatly dressed, with short and neatly brushed hair, and wearing a dainty eyeglass constantly fixed in his eye." He looks like a lady's doctor," commented one stout Tory. "Seems like the model of a head clerk at a West End draper's," remarked another.

Those who saw and heard Lloyd George last Friday had a twofold opportunity of gaining an impression of him. The first occasion was the unveiling of a portrait of him, which had been subscribed for by fellow-Welshmen without distinction of party. This pleasing incident drew from the hero of the day a graceful acknowledgment, which was, of course, quite non-controversial. Later in the evening, after a dinner given in his honor at a political club, he was able to let himself go in a speech that sounded the battle-cry for a new campaign and that was recognized the next morning by papers of both parties as marking a new development in Liberal policy.

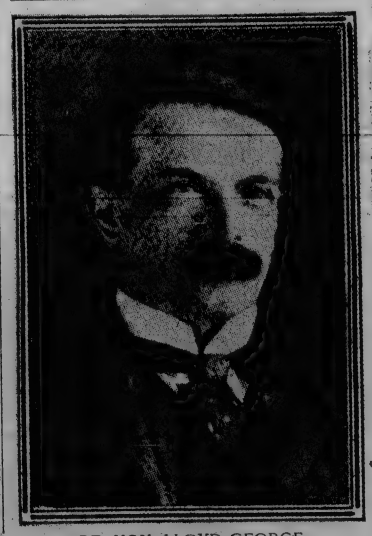
APPRECIATES A JOKE

The speaker who formally unveiled the portrait remarked that for some weeks past the problem, "Where shall we hang Lloyd George?" had occupied the attention of the subscribers. The joke was capped by the Chancellor of the Exchequer himself. He had heard a story about a ceremonial occasion which attracted great crowds in the streets of London not long ago. Somebody said, "I have never seen such a crowd in the streets of London before." "Crowd?" remarked an old Tory, who was standing by: "this is nothing to the crowd you would see if they were hanging Lloyd George."

No one laughs more merrily over these stories than the victim himself. It is to him that we owe the delightful tale of the man who was being presented with a public testimonial for saving some one from drowning. When the recipient was called on to acknowledge the eulogies that had been passed on his brave deed, he replied: "Really, I have done nothing to deserve this reward. I saw the man struggling in the water, and, as no one else was by, I saw he would be drowned if I didn't save him. So I jumped in, swam to him, turned him over to see he wasn't Lloyd George, and then pulled him out."

At the club dinner that followed, Lloyd George's speech was thoroughly characteristic but of necessity there was one weapon in his oratorical equipment that had to remain unused. A gathering of enthusiastic party allies gave him no chance of practicing his skill in retort, which he uses with such deadly effect when interrupted at a public meeting or when engaged in a House of Commons debate. One day, as the Chancellor was addressing the House, Timothy Healy, sitting isolated in his corner seat, interposed the remark, "There are fanatics in every party." "Yes," came the swift reply, "even in a party of one."

But, though there was no opportunity on Friday night for such sword-thrusts, there was ample evidence of the qualities that have made Lloyd George the best loved and the most greatly feared of present-day politicians. First of all came a revelation of the spirit that has animated him through his career. When he first came to London, twenty-five years ago, as "a raw youth," he felt, like most young people, that things generally needed stirring up. "I am still of the same opinion," he continued, and men who hold that view and stick to it, lead strenuous and troublous lives." The life of a fighting politician was not altogether a merry one. "He has to work with arrows whistling round his head, arrows too often



RT. HON. LLOYD GEORGE

steeped in burning and rankling poison. I am not sure that I have not had more of these venom-drenched javelins than any politician on the active list, but I have taken them cheerfully, and I have wasted very little ammunition on those who line the gutters on the enemy's side. A soldier will not worry much even about missiles condemned by the conventions of civilized warfare if he is keen on the fight, proud of the banner waving over him, and devoted to the cause to which he has consecrated his life. And I mean to go on."

Another characteristic touch was the graphic and simple metaphor by which he pictured the present relation of the Liberal party to the House of Lords. The night before the dinner, the Lords had thrown out the Home Rule Bill by an overwhelming majority. This defeat, which a few years ago would have been a fatal blow to the measure, has now aroused scarcely any public notice, owing to the fact that the Parliament Act now makes it possible for a bill, if reaffirmed by the Commons in two successive sessions, to become law in spite of the Lords' opposition.

This is the outright way in which Lloyd George dealt with the hostile vote in the Upper House. "If you chain a dog he is less dangerous, but he is more savage. But there is this satisfaction—he can bark and snarl, but you know he can only bite the length of his chain. It is much longer than I would wish to see it. I hope to see it shorter. But still it is not very long, and we will pass the kennel all right."

DEMOCRATIC SYMPATHIES

But still greater assets than his readiness in repartee or his directness of metaphor are his warmth of democratic sympathies and his close touch with facts. Lloyd George sprang from the people, and he has never forgotten the pit from which he was digged and the rock from which he was hewn. The ineffaceable memory of what it means to struggle for a bare livelihood inspired his old-age pension scheme and his national insurance legislation, and it is now quickening his zeal for the great work of land reform foreshadowed in this speech. He has just conducted by means of skilled investigators, an inquiry into the present conditions of land tenure in England. The outstanding result is the discovery that "this rich country, the richest the world has ever seen, does not provide—I will not say adequate, I will not say sufficient—it does not provide decent—decent—homes for the laborers engaged in an occupation which is vital to its very existence." In the whole speech this utterance will be remembered by the audience if all the rest is forgotten. The sentence began quietly and slowly with no trace of passion, but out of the calm there came suddenly that word "decent," uttered—twice uttered—with an amazing vehemence and smiting tone like a blow between the eyes.—H. W. H. in the New York Evening Post.

MY LOST OPPORTUNITIES

The following sketch, by Stephen Leacock, clipped from the columns of the bright new Montreal Weekly, The Mirror, has a familiar ring which will appeal to many Westerners.

The other day I took a walk with a real estate man. Out in the suburbs he leaned over the wooden fence of an empty lot and waved his hand at it.

"There's a lot," he said, "that we sold last week for half a million dollars."

"Did you really!" I exclaimed.

"Yes," he said, "and do you know that twenty-five years ago you could have picked that up for fifty thousand!"

"What," I said, do you mean to say that I could have had all that beautiful grass and those mullin stalks for fifty thousand dollars?"

"I do."

"You mean that when I was a student at college, feeding on four dollars a week, this opportunity was knocking at the door and I missed it?"

I turned my head away in bitterness as I thought of my own folly. Why had I never happened to walk out this way with fifty thousand dollars in my pocket and buy all this beautiful mud?

The real estate man smiled complacently at my grief.

"I can show you more than that," he said. "Do you see that big stretch of empty ground out there past that last fence?"

"Yes, yes," I said excitedly, "the land with the beautiful tar-paper shack and the withered cedar tree—the one withered tree standing in its lonely isolation and seeming to beckon——"

"Say," he said, "was you ever in the real estate business yourself?"

"No," I answered, "but I have a poetic mind, and I begin to see the poetry, the majesty of real estate."

"Oh, is that it," he answered. "Well, that land out there—it's an acre and a half—was sold yesterday for three million dollars!!"

"For what!"

"For three million dollars, cold."

"Not **cold!**" I said; don't tell me it was cold."

"Yes," went on the real estate man, "and only three years ago you could have come out here and had it for a song!"

"For a song!" I repeated.

Just think of it! And I had missed it! With a voice like mine. If I had known what I know now, I would have come out to that land and sung to it all night. I never knew in the days when I was content with fifteen dollars a week what a hidden gift my voice was. I should have taken up land-singing and made a fortune out of it.

The thought of it saddened me all the way home; and the talk of the real estate man as he went made me feel still worse.

He showed me a church that I could have bought for a hundred thousand and sold now at half a million for a motor garage. If I had started buying churches instead of working on a newspaper, I'd have been rich today.

There was a skating rink I could have bought, and a theatre and a fruit store, a beautiful little one-storey wooden fruit store, right on a corner, with the darlingest Italian in it that you ever saw. There was the cutest little pet of a cow-stable that I could have turned into an apartment store and made a million—at the time when I was studying Greek and forgetting it. Oh! the wasted opportunities of life!

And that evening when I got back to the club and talked about it at dinner to my business friends, I found that I had only heard a small part of it.

Real estate! That's nothing! Why, they told me that fifteen years ago I could have had all sorts of things—trunk line railways, sugar refineries, silver mines—any of them for a song. When I heard it I was half glad I hadn't sung for the land. They told me that there was a time when I could have bought out the Federal Steel Company for twenty million dollars! And I let it go.

The whole Canadian Pacific Railway, they said, was thrown on the market for fifty millions. I left it there writhing, and didn't pick it up. Sheer lack of confidence! I see now why these men get rich. It's their sheer, glorious confidence, that enables them to write out a cheque for fifty million dollars and think nothing of it.

If I wrote a cheque like that, I'd be afraid of going to Sing Sing. But they aren't, and so they get what they deserve.

Forty-five years ago—a man at the club told me this with almost a sob in his voice—either Rockefeller or Carnegie could have been bought clean up for a thousand dollars!

Think of it!

Why didn't my father buy them for me, as pets, for my birthday and let me keep them till I grew up?

If I had my life over again, no school or education for me! Not with all this beautiful mud and these tar-paper shacks and corner lot fruit stores lying round! I'd buy out the whole United States and take a chance, a sporting chance, on the rise in values.

"Brudder Johnson, will you lead us in prayer?"

"Ah's sorry to disappoint de Lord tonight, parson, but Ah has a cold on mah chest."

"I tell you I am glad I went on that trip around the world." "So was everyone else who knew you."

"Der Rosenkavalier"

COVENT Garden Opera House presented a brilliant spectacle on January 27, when Thomas Beecham opened his Winter season with Strauss' famous opera, "Der Rosenkavalier"—the first production in England.

The highest praise one can pay Strauss is to say that the music of "Der Rosenkavalier" has invested broad—and even coarse—farce with the airs and graces—and not a little of the spirit—of comedy. From beginning to end his sense of the theatre never fails him. His descriptive faculties are as pronounced as ever. Where the action quickens or opportunities for caricature, rather than characterization, arise, he is never at a loss for the right figure or phrase. He satirizes every one and everything in turn. He coquettes with Mozart, flirts with young Italy, and addresses violent overtures to

PRINCE FRIEDRICH KARL OF PRUSSIA—GERMANY'S MOST SPORTING PRINCE

The subject of our portrait is the second son of Prince Friedrich Leopold of Prussia. He is nineteen years of age and has distinguished himself at golf, lawn tennis, football, hockey and steeplechasing. Last Autumn he won the open lawn tennis tournament organized by the Grunewald Club, and only last week he steered two winners in the military steeplechases in Eastern Prussia.

the Viennese waltz makers, though he is always careful to sign such addresses with some essentially Straussian kick or harmonic protest. All this borrowing from the past and present relieves him to some extent from having to invent original themes of his own. It is largely a case of old wine in new bottles. Where the melodic line is dependent upon his inner consciousness the same lack of distinction that is characteristic of so much of his work is observable, notwithstanding that it is supported by an illimitable stock of brilliant orchestral flights and fancies.

Of romance, however—and one character at least, that of the Marschallin, is romantically conditioned—there is little—of passion, next to none. Thus the love scenes as a whole hang fire. They contain some charming music, but it is much of a color, and when it does not end where it began, an anti-climax is often the result. When he deals with the alarums and scarums, the hurly-burly of farce, he lays on the paint prodigiously thick, the pursuit of a serving-maid in the second act by a sensually-minded and lubberly retainer being made the occasion of a babel of sound worthy of "Elektra" in its most horrific and frenetic moods.

GLORIFICATION OF DETAIL

The librettist seems to regard the glorification of detail—and not always particularly savory detail—and the multiplication of everything by ten as the quintessence of artistic achievement. Here again Strauss comes to his aid, and by the exercise of sheer genius, which removes interest from the stage to the orchestra, he at least lightens the occasional longueurs we otherwise might experience.

Octavian, a youth, and the Princess von Werdenberg, the wife of a certain field marshal, are engaged in a love scene of a realistically urgent character. The music scarcely supports their actions and declarations, and here some will feel the composer has failed to rise to the occasion, though a beautiful effect is secured by a bird-like accompaniment, that recalls memories of "Siegfried."

Voices are heard outside, and the princess, thinking her husband has returned, urges Octavian to conceal himself. Heavy footsteps—on the bassoon, of course—are next heard, and the excitement increases. The strain of the situation is relieved by the princess recognizing the voice as that of her kinsman, Baron Ochs, and then it is that we hear the first of a number of tuneful Viennese valses in which the score abounds, and which are mainly associated with the sensual propensities of Ochs. He has come to consult the princess in regard to a prospective match with Sophie, the daughter of a lately ennobled parvenu, Faninal. Meanwhile, Octavian has emerged from his hiding place, dressed in woman's clothes, and the baron, whose morals are nothing if not elastic, immediately begins to make advances to one whom he is led to believe is the princess' maid.

A WONDERFUL SCENE

The next situation of note is the arrival of the host of dependants and hangers-on which in those days were the inevitable heritage of all grandes dames—a wonderful scene it is, perhaps the most wonderful in the opera, with its crowd of importunates and sycophants. Amid the medley of sound a trio of orphans beg alms, a flute player starts a long cadenza, a tenor sings an Italian song, a milliner extols her hats, an animal dealer cries his wares, a scandal-monger lets loose his tongue, and with an attorney discusses marriage settlements with the baron, while during all this the princess is receiving the attentions of a hairdresser. Strauss has never displayed his genius for characterization more conspicuously than here. The whole thing is an amazingly complex web of sound, but everything comes through and comes off into the bargain.

The princess before this has suggested that her young cousin, Octavian, should become the baron's rose-bearer—a custom of the period—and the baron, little guessing the identity of his champion, accepts. Subsequently, there is a charming soliloquy, in which the princess begins to recognize that she is no longer in the Spring of life.

What is, musically speaking, the finest moment in the opera comes with the entrance in the second act of Octavian, bearing the silver rose. Numberless extraneous iridescent chords, which suggest the tinkling of crystal prisms—we are reminded here of the flashing jewels of Klytamnestra—accompany music which in its pure and ethereal beauty has not been surpassed by the composer. The effect is bizarre and magical.

UNDOING OF THE PROFLIGATE

The baron subsequently arrives and treats his fiance with brutal freedom. The inevitable happens—Octavian and Sophie fall madly in love. The baron insults Octavian, who, in a rough and tumble, wounds his adversary. Pandemonium reigns, and in consequence we are treated to an orgy worthy of Strauss in his most unbridled mood. Eventually the baron's undoing is the outcome of a carefully laid plot. Octavian decides once more to play the part of a girl and hoist his rival with his own petard. He consequently makes an assignation with the baron, the clandestine meeting place—the anything but private room of an inn, as it turns out—being shown in the next act. There is an introductory fugato, followed by some incidental music, during which the scandal-loving Valzacchi, who has transferred his allegiance to Octavian, secretes various villainous-looking individuals beneath the panels and beneath trap-doors, with a view to frightening the baron out of his wits.

The profligate arrives, and henceforth until his final dismissal there is a veritable riot of light waltz rhythms. The end is easily foreseen. The baron does not cut any time to waste, but on every occasion when his attentions become pressing he is startled by the sudden apparition of heads popping out of trap-doors and other secret hiding places. The hour of his undoing, however, is at hand. Just when things reach the most compromising pass there is a general entrance, and his discomfiture is complete.

Then follows the trio which is the talk of the opera. Musically it reaches a higher plane than anything else in the work, always excepting the silver rose music, with which it does not compare either melodically or in point of color and originality.

THE CASTE

Mme. Siems, as the princess, looked the woman of the world to perfection, and the tired note in her voice gave character to her performance. Octavian is a difficult part, and in a sense an unenviable one. Mme. Eva von der Osten had to look gauche in petticoats, and she was called upon to face the ordeal of man's attire none too romantic, even granting it was old-world attire. She has a splendidly warm and full-bodied voice, and is obviously an actress of exceptional talent. Herr Knupfer is par excellence a farceur. His baron is pure extravaganza, and very amusing it is. He seems to have struck the happy medium between vocalization and declamation with quite extraordinary success, and there were occasions when it was difficult to say when he was speaking to music. Mme. Claire Dux's voice is beautifully placed and it is blended admirably with that of Mme. von der Osten. Herr Beckstein's Valzacchi, as might have been expected, was an excellent bit of character.

Mr. Beecham kept his orchestra splendidly in hand. He resisted the temptation to exploit it at the expense of his singers, and there were times when he sounded a note of poetry which was absent on the stage. He went his own way more than once, but it was always a way in which, æsthetically, there was good reason, even though it may have run counter to tradition.

THEATRES

AGNES KAYNE
at the Empress Theatre this week

WM. H. CRANE AND
LORRAINE FROST
in "The Senator Keeps House"
Victoria Theatre April 7th

MISS MILDRED PAGE, In "Man of Mystery"
With Williams Stock Co.

KENNEY AND HOLLIS at the EMPRESS this week.

VICTORIA'S NEW THEATRE

Promising as the management does, the best attractions on the stage today, Victorians are looking forward with great anticipation to the completion and opening of the new show house next Fall, under the control of Klaw & Erlanger.

With the plays already booked it will be seen at a glance that the new show house will provide this city with a fine line of attractions, most of them New York and London successes —plays that have been tried out and not found wanting.

And then, too, Victoria is to advance from a "one-night stand" to a real city in line of theatricals, and this of itself will be a welcome change and one which will be appreciated in this city.

There will be no more handsome and pretentious theatre on the Pacific Coast, and the prices will be the same as those charged in Seattle, Portland and San Francisco. Ten attractions have been booked of Henry W. Savage, and all theatre-goers know what the Savage attractions are.

In addition to the galaxy which will be furnished by Savage, the following also have been booked, and contracts for the greater number of them are now reposing in the office of the manager of the new theatre:

"Milestones," the great English success, now on in New York; Billie Burke, in "The Mind-the-Paint Girl"; Henry Miller, in "The Rainbow"; Maude Adams, in "Peter Pan"; Otis Skinner, in "Kismet"; "The Garden of Allah"; "Little Boy Blue," a Savage production; David Warfield, in "The Auctioneer" and "The Music Master"; "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine"; Julia Sanderson, in "The Sunshine Girl"; "The Spy"; the Miracle Pictures and the Russian Symphony Orchestra of seventy-five pieces; "The Master Mind"; Robert Hilliard, in "The Argyle Case"; "The Conspiracy"; "Stop Thief"; "The Red Petticoat"; Louis Mann, in "Elevating a Husband"; Frances Starr, in "The Case of Becky"; Rose Stahl, in "Maggie Pepper"; John Drew, in a production to be selected; DeKoven Opera Company, in "Robin Hood" and others; Blanche Ring, in "The Wall Street Girl"; "Ready Money," one of the newest Broadway sensations; David Belasco's "Years of Discretion"; Charles Frohman's "The Governor's Lady"; "Oh, Oh, Delphine," "Count of Luxembourg," "The Little Millionaire," "The Follies of 1913," "A Good Little Devil"; Robert Edeson, Wilton Lackaye and an all-star cast in "Fine Feathers"; "Within the Law"; Mizzie Hajos, in "Such a Little Queen"; Fiske O'Hara, in "The Rose of Kildare"; "The Unwritten Law"; Kitty Gordon, in "The Enchantress"; "Every Woman"; "Fanny's First Play," the new Shaw success; Eddie Foy, in "Over the River"; Carter DeHaven, in "Exceeding the Speed Limit."

This is, of course, not a complete list. All of the first season's bookings will not be on hand until some time in May. These, however, will carry a fair idea of how well Victoria is to be treated because it has been forward enough to build a beautiful playhouse.

The opening attraction for the new theatre will be the greatest and most spectacular musical comedy that has been sent over the road by Werba & Luescher, who leaped to fame three years ago by producing "The Spring Maid," and have since produced every season without scoring a failure.

SHOULD DRAW FULL HOUSE

Coming after Lent, and being quite the most important theatrical event of the week, the entertainment which is to be given at the Victoria Theatre next week under the auspices of the Women's Guild of the Seamen's Institute, should draw full houses both nights of the performance. The entertainment promises to be both amusing and clever, and the majority of the best-known local artists will be heard in the amusing duets and songs, dances and skits, which are to compose the programme. The first part of the programme will consist of a vaudeville performance in which several interesting numbers will be given for the delectation of the queen, while a fortune-teller, prime minister and sybil will each do their share in livening her weary hours. The last half of the programme will consist of an interesting skit written by Mr. Hincks, and entitled 'The River Styx, Ltd.," in which Julius Cæsar, Cleopatra, Hamlet, George Washington, and other interesting personalities of mythology and history will be depicted regardless of anachronism.

DETERMINING FACTOR

The naval supremacy of the British Empire is essential to world-peace today. Only by holding undisputed command of the seas can the commerce of the Empire and the peace of the world continue. In the event of war being forced, a large sea-going fleet, to blockade the enemy's seaport towns, would be required to prevent the hostile fleets from putting to sea to injure either commerce or seaboard. Admiral Lord St. Vincent originated this plan, and proved its efficacy during the last great naval war with France and Spain over a century ago. In these wars every naval port of the enemy holding men-of-war had an English blockading squadron outside, superior in numbers, and, as a result, the enemy's ships could not put to sea without risking defeat, and their ocean commerce was entirely stopped.

In a remarkable series of moving pictures entitled "Our Empire Navy," which will appear again at the Victoria Theatre Monday, matinee and evening, every phase of life in the navy in peace and war is graphically pictured and eloquently explained. "Our Empire Navy" shows us how the navy is trained, first instruction in naval warfare, a cruise on a British battleship, monthly stages in the building of a Dreadnought, the "entente cordiale," the very much discussed "German menace," the navy preparing for war, and the navy actually engaged in war.

AT THE EMPRESS

The very best attractions yet presented at vaudeville houses will be seen at the Empress this week—a bill of diversity, and one which is sure to appeal strongly.

Agnes Kayne, a tall, light young woman, who can twist her face in most any shape desired, will be an attraction at the Empress during the coming week. She is an eccentric comedienne, whose character work has brought her to the front rapidly. Being of an angular figure, tall, lithe and willowy, with large eyes and a sorrowful countenance, she has been equipped by nature with extraordinary natural qualifications for her work. Some of her characters are said to be the most perfect ever attempted by woman. She has been well spoken of in the east, and ought to make a good impression during her visit to this city.

Only ornate adjectives can adequately describe the offering of The Wayles, a pair of Australians, whose work with the bull and stock whip, Boomerang, spear and tomahawk. Probably the greatest exhibition of whip snapping ever presented to the public will be seen at the Empress during the coming week, when William Wayte cuts in two a bit of paper held in the hand of a man just fifty feet away from him. The whip weighs exactly 37 pounds. With another he cuts off the necks of bottles, cracks the fire from a cigarette held between the lips of his assistant, but first striking a match and then extinguishing it. He then lashes the assistant around the bare arms, face and eyes without injury, finishing his remarkable exhibition by firing a revolver by striking the trigger of the pistol held in the hands of his assistant.

Two young comedians who made a tremendous hit over the S. & C. circuit some time ago were John Kenney and Frank Hollis. Because of their popularity with the Empress audiences, they have again been re-booked for another exclusive tour of the circuit, and will be the added feature attraction next week. The offering may be depended upon to furnish no end of laughter and merriment for the fact that both boys are splendid comedians who are constantly replacing old matter with new and up-to-the-minute stuff.

During the past season vaudeville has been deluged with Rathskellar acts, due largely to the popularity of rag-time throughout the country. Lovers of this form of music will receive a good portion during the coming week when the Cabartt Trio make their debut to Empress patrons. Their voices are said to harmonize perfectly, and there is injected in the act no little amount of subtle comedy.

A nerve tingler, said to be distinctly different, will be presented at the Empress next week by the Aeroplane Ladies, three finely proportioned young women doing gymnastic stunts in mid-air. This act was imported by S. & C. for an exclusive tour of the now universally famous vaudeville circuit. The act is said to combine feminine charm with physical strength in a manner both pleasing and interesting. The trio were recently principal features of the New York Hippodrome.

SENSATIONAL MELODRAMA AT THE PRINCESS

In line with all their efforts to secure the latest and best of plays and the ones in vogue in the great centres, the Williams Stock Company will this week present the greatest hypnotic play of the age, "The Man of Mystery." One reads of the marvelous things done by the hypnotists, of its mysterious force being used by the surgeons in the hospitals, and everyone has heard of the great criminal who invoked its aid to enable him to commit his crimes without detection. In this way does the "Man of Mystery" work in this play, and for a long time he secures immunity.

Dr. Leslie, kind-hearted gentleman, takes into his home and heart his niece and nephew, Flossie and Richard Glenwood. The great sensation of the day is the mysterious series of robberies going on. Detectives and police force are alike puzzled, for no clue can be discovered. Finally a detective by the name of Ned Archer is put on the case, and by a little circumstance his attention is directed to Richard Glenwood, and he is almost certain he is the criminal. He obtains entrance to the house in friendly guise, and promptly falls in love with Richard's sister Flossie, who returns his love. Her horror can be imagined when she learns of his suspicions. Every one whom he is forced to take into his confidence simply laughs at him. The polished society man, a favorite with every one, is the last man they would suspect. How he is finally unmasked, and the manner in which he uses his wierdly mysterious power to force others to commit crimes for him makes one of the most absorbing stage stories of the day. The part played by Kate Burke, a confederate, who finally turns against him, shows how the unexpected always plays a part in the lives of great criminals.

The play is in four acts, and has been carefully cast. Miss Page will play the devoted sister Flossie Glenwood, M. Belasco will have the role of the "Man of Mystery," Mr. Howland will appear as the brilliant detective, Kate Burke will be interpreted by Miss Rice, Mr. Ripley will appear as Noah Alott, and Byron Aldenn is to be Dr. Leslie. The others will be as suitably cast as usual.

The special scenery will be notable, especially the famous ballroom scene, and some handsome gowns will be displayed.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN OPERA COMPANY ENDS TOUR

The Messrs. Shubert announce that the long and very successful tour of the Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company was brought to an end in Montreal on March 1. The principals, including De Wolf Hopper, Eugene Cowles, George J. MacFarlane, Arthur Cunningham, Arthur Aldridge, Blanche Duffield, Viola Gillette, Louise Barthel and Kate Condon, have been instructed to report in New York immediately in order to begin rehearsals of the opera which is to be used by the Messrs. Shubert for their annual Spring revival.

The tour of the present Gilbert and Sullivan organization was begun in San Francisco on July 21, 1912, the company traveling direct from New York to San Francisco by special train. During an engagement of three weeks in the city of the Golden Gate the repertoire included "Patience," "Pinafore," "The Pirates of Penzance" and "The Mikado." Since then all the most important Canadian and Western States cities have been visited, and several places hitherto rated only as "one-night stands" were successfully raised to the dignity of two and three-night stops by this organization. This was true of at least five Canadian cities—Victoria, Calgary, Edmonton, Saskatoon nad Regina. In all, more than two hundred and eighty performances were given and over 400,000 persons were delighted by Gilbert and Sullivan revivals.

The third annual tour of the organization, which is to be preserved intact, will begin in August next.

A despatch from New York says that standing room is at a premium at the Fifth Avenue Theatre this week. Whether it is the continuation of Mr. Edison's talking pictures or the general attractiveness of the bill which is drawing the crowds, doesn't make much deal of difference. The crowds are there and the box office is waxing fat.

A PAGE of INTEREST to WOMEN

THE MATRONLY FLAPPER

I am told I have my knife into "flapper-like" matrons, poor middle-aged women, who try to look young.

Why should they not?

Mr. Barrie tells us all the stalls are twenty-nine—twenty-nine is a nice age, neither too ancient or too frivolous.

Our aunts were old-maids at twenty-nine, but now the marriageable age is nearer twenty-nine than twenty.

We have simply put the clock back a little.

To start with, what does "flapping" mean?

Who "flaps" nowadays? "Flappers," so-called, spring full-fledged from the school-room into the world, like Pallas Athene from the brain of Jupiter, armed at all points.

They have ceased to be coy, shy, or awkward—former attributes of the young—they know everything (where they get their knowledge from Heaven only knows!) they have read all the newest and most daring literature, and are fully capable of educating their own Mothers, for whose ideas they display a kindly, patronizing contempt.

Men are the age they feel, women the age they look!

At a time when male-clerks are too old at forty, the British bread-winner resorts to art, and dyes his grey locks; why should women whose sole asset is their looks, flaunt their capless white heads indecently, wear bonnets like Salvation Army lasses, and label themselves old, useless, finished?

Even so, the fashion of late years has rather inclined to grey hairs, and one or two of the leaders of fashion, and recognized beauties, as Lady Ripon, Mme. St. Andre, and Mrs. George Keppel wear their charming white coiffures unadorned.

Women have always risen to the situation. The situation at the present day demands youthfulness—they have become youthful.

The crux of the matter began when the "flapper" affected her mother's dress and appropriated the rich silks, satins and brocades of matrons, deserting the simple beauties of soft muslin—diaphanous tarletan, which previously set off the slim grace and angular lines of the red-elbowed debutante.

This dress ceased to be a distinctive mark of age, and now all women wear the same dress—with a difference.

No older woman can really ever compete with the "flapper," no full-blown rose with the rose-bud, for the latter possesses one great advantage, an immense, an invincible advantage, youth—wonderful, glorious, sacred youth!

She can't help it! She doesn't appreciate it, she even tries to conceal it, but there it is always, like the stars in Heaven, shining, bright, alluring, clear.

Why do older women long for youth, then, and try all manner of wiles to re-capture it?

Because youth means love—means power, success.

What man would like to see his career arrested in the very zenith of its glory?

What woman can endure to lose love?

The young generation is knocking at the door. The woman wishes to retain her love, her husband, her place in Society.

Is man, the source of her anxiety, to blame her?

It is he who has placed youth on a pedestal, and knelt down to worship it. The famous beauty, Mme. Recamier, knew, she said, that her sovereignty was over the day the little chimney-sweeps no longer turned round in the street to look after her.

Balzac, in some of his cleverest novels, has enshrined the trials of the woman of thirty and of forty, but to be correct nowadays, the time must be pushed on from forty to fifty.

There are grandmothers at thirty-six, so perhaps they may be forgiven if they have girlish backs and slender ankles.

It may be a credit to men that they do not remain as young as their wives, but there are some who do try hard to be young.

They dye their hair and their moustachios, wear corsets and immaculate clothes. They are not a bit young really, though they ogle every girl that passes, and fondly imagine themselves irresistible.

The woman who keeps her youth is really young.

She is no sham; she is full of energy and life, and enjoys every hour of the day.

Her skin is soft and supple, her eyes bright, her laugh infectious.

She both makes and keeps her lovers, even if they only be her husband and her children.

For youth conquers the world. Happy they who possess it!

GOWNS AND GOSSIP

My Best Friend:

Now that most of the Winter sales are over, we are on the tiptoe of expectation wondering what the new Spring modes will be like; but in reality there is nowadays a sort of between season which is neither Spring nor Winter, when we seem to cast off some of the austerities of Winter garb, and yet do not quite blossom out into the freshness of Spring-time. An "indication" is all we can hope for yet of the trend of fashion in the near future, much of which is still in embryo. But certain mysterious yet significant "hints" are already noticeable here and there. For instance, a few of the new models show a small edition of a Medici collar coming round the neck to the open front, but the open necks will still prevail, and, if anything, more in a V than ever. These collars are of different fabrics. Some are of the same material as the dress, and others are of clear lace or net. In any case they are wired up into the desired shape, which is a modified variation of the old Medici collar, and, of course, leave the neck bare in front. It is curious how hardened we seem to become. At first the blouses and dresses that were cut down in squares or rounds, with chiffon or lace drawn up clear to the throat, were called "pneumonia blouses," because the very idea of such thin and transparent materials being used, unlined, over the chest seemed like tempting Providence. But now we have not even such diaphanous protection as chiffon or lace, and all our bodices are cut open in front, some to an exaggerated extent, showing our chests, in this Winter weather, till it is a miracle how some of us escape colds and coughs. But in spite of the fact that the prevailing modes are all arranged for open necks, and the cut and form of all bodices follow these lines, it is as well for those who have left their first youth behind them to remember that the throat it is that shows the first sign of—what shall we call it?—fading freshness?—and beware. The sagging line, the double chin, or a stringy look must be covered up, for a throat that is not divinely round and fresh and firm is best hidden, and for this purpose a neat, well-made "fill-in" of clear net, lined with flesh-colored chiffon, or even unlined, is best, the collar high and beautifully drawn up. A faultless shaped collar band is essential, and then the sit and appearance of the whole "fill in" give an excellent finish to the bodice or blouse.

Colors seem still to be in abeyance, though all the tones of yellow are to be noted in certain details of attire, of which I shall have more to say presently. But it is certainly strange that ever since general mourning was worn here when King Edward died, fashion has been all in favor of black, black and white, and darkest blue, and the French mode creators were so struck with the effective and becoming possibilities of these neutral colors that they have been in favor almost ever since, and the habit of wearing them dies hard. Besides which Frenchwomen rarely put on any but quiet colors for the morning or for the street; they keep their more "habille" toilettes for visits, for receptions, or for receiving in their own houses.

But outside the quiet colors there seems to be, as I have already said, a certain leaning towards the various shades of yellow, as in ochre, mandarin, maize, flame and amber. I have seen a Spring dress of ochre cachemire de soie with that little touch of black about it which is so telling, a black satin collar, and a thread of black edging, with ruffles of knife-pleated tulle. Mandarin-yellow of a rich shade is used in evening cloaks, or as a "note" in an otherwise dark hat.

Hats are getting narrow. It seems they will be much narrower soon, and almost brimless. Quiet morning hats are being made now for between-seasons in satin and brocade, since it is too early for straw, and felt and beaver belong rather to the very cold months. I saw one in black satin, and another in black brocade, narrow, with tiny brims and full pouff crowns, a wee circlet of velvet flowers of brilliant colors set on one side of the brim in one case. Another was of black velvet, with a tall osprey placed right in front, and another, worn by a very pretty woman with red-gold hair was of purple satin, in a peak in front, like an early Florentine cap, with a little crushed-up bunch of bright fruit on one side, plums with a blue bloom on them, and yellow peaches, all very small, of course, from which a long, narrow "made-up" feather started. Rosy-cheeked apples and cherries are also seen on some of the new hats, together with tall, curving, upright feathers, which are in some cases replaced by a couple of tall quills made of the same velvet, brocade or satin as the hat. For the Cote d'Azur Panama hats in the present shapes are encircled with a striped or brocaded velvet ribbon, tied loosely on one side, and all-white hats with white patterned veils look very well on the Riviera worn with blue serges.

A neat blue coat and skirt for going abroad seen lately was of a fine serge with a soft surface. It was cut with a little "lift" in the narrow skirt to give it a slightly draped effect, and the coat had a sailor collar, cuffs, and waistband of a sort of pale lime color, a mixture of soft yellow and light leaf green which is hard to describe. Another neat suit for sunnier climes was of pale biscuit color with a narrow reseda stripe, the coat of which had a collar, cuffs, and buttons of reseda velvet, and the skirt was cut up a little on one side, with smaller reseda velvet buttons and button-holes, to be kept closed or open for active exercise.

A HANDSOME EVENING DRESS

Of ruby-colored charmeuse draped with white chiffon and enriched with lace

Tulle bows or jabots of knife-pleated tulle smarten a quiet morning costume, and often a dark blue serge or a black toilette is much improved when worn with a blouse of fuchsia colorings, and fuchsia colorings in the hat. There is a new ribbed soft pique that is going to be used very much for Spring costumes, which moulds and drapes well and is effective, and with a narrow edge of dark fur is most becoming, for fur will still be worn right into the Spring weather on indoor costumes as well as outdoor ones, and especially on some of the tea-gowns and evening dresses. Chinese colorings and embroideries are, if anything, more used than ever. I saw a new model of black charmeuse, the skirt very swathed and draped, the bodice beautifully embroidered with flowers in Chinese colorings, and sashed with a high band of Chinese blue, tied in a bow with long ends at the back.

A beautiful evening dress just arrived is of hyacinth-mauve brocaded velvet gauze, with a shot-gold effect in the groundwork. It is folded round the figure from right to left, and drawn up in an indescribable set of draped folds. The left side is all of tulle in the same shade, with a shower motif of mauvy pearls falling from the shoulder. A rich, glowing dress of wine-colorings is of dark ruby chiffon, arranged over a lining of cyclamen-rose, which throws it up. A broad band of golden and purple and crimson fruit embroidered in the chiffon runs up one side, and falls at the back like a train, whilst a golden rose with depending golden drops is placed against the high waist-line on one side.

Large designs in brocades are still much worn for evening dresses, and a tinsel sheen of silver or gold is decidedly becoming, whilst in choosing a material for the present draped modes one cannot be too careful about getting what is soft enough to fold and drape, and yet rich enough to be effective.

I am, ever yours, M.

ON THE SUBJECT OF SLANG

ITS USE AND ABUSE

That "Englishman" of The Daily Mail who has the distinction of being one of the few Englishmen of the present day who write English, has turned his attention to the subject of Slang.

Apropos of the word "swank" he has written an indictment of slang (which, with our usual looseness of expression, we apply to words which are not slang in the true sense of the word, but of expressions like this "swank," which mean nothing, and come from nowhere.

Few people will question that the language has been enriched by genuine slang.

And this brings us to the definition of the word "slang."

It would be hard to better "An Englishman's" definition of it as a special speech used in certain trades, professions, sports and classes—a speech which, perhaps because of its technicality, abounds in imagery and metaphor.

It is unfortunate that while this genuine slang has declined in popularity, slang expressions have been allowed to encroach on the language to such an extent that even those who despise them for their silliness and inexpressiveness find themselves using them unawares!

True slang!—all those picturesque words that appear to have been invented in the thieve's kitchen, or on the race-course, at games of chance or on the hunting-field, by soldiers on the march or by seamen at the capstan; by street-vendors and hawkers or by dandies and duchesses—generally justifies itself by passing into the language.

Spurious slang, on the other hand, encroaches on the language, as we have said, but never becomes one with it.

It resembles an alien who is never naturalized, and has no interest in the country where he happens to live.

These alien words and expressions are used by everyone for a period. Then they go out of fashion, and are used by no one.

Don't think for a moment that this makes them harmless, they weaken people's powers of expression and give them a thirst for more.

There are people—and many of them—who conduct an entire conversation in a series of foolish catchwords which have not even the merit of being English.

It is really very humiliating that we should be so ready to adopt American slang-words at the moment when America herself has cast them off as demode and begun to patronize a new set.

What is the remedy?

"An Englishman" says the study of the classics, and there is no doubt that even the "small Latin" of Shakespeare ought to have the effect of enriching the average person's vocabulary, and of teaching him to measure words to their duty.

"See what word is fit" is a good rule, the keeping of which would keep out a good deal of silly slang. A little sincerity would also be another cure.

If people would refrain from using expressions just because other people use them!

If they would say, "I don't see any sense in that word, why should I continually have it in my mouth just because two or three years ago it was the popular word in America?"

That may sound a little priggish, but we want a few prigs to combat the reduction of the English language to American patter.

But it occurs to me that by writing the word "patter" I have weakened my argument, and in digging a pit for others I have fallen into it myself!

SOME ECONOMICAL DISHES

GALANTINE OF BEEF

Mince half a pound of lean beef and a quarter of a pound of bacon very finely, put them into a basin with a quarter of a pound of breadcrumbs. Beat up two eggs, mix them into the other ingredients and add seasoning to taste. Roll the mixture into the shape of a roly-poly pudding, tie it in a dry cloth, and boil gently for two hours. When cold press under weights till cold and glaze.

COTTAGE PIE

Mince fine the remains of any cold meat, or one and a half pounds of meat cuttings. Stew the bones for two or three hours, with an onion chopped fine, in as much water as will cover them; season this gravy with pepper, salt and two teaspoonfuls of mushroom ketchup, or one of Worcester sauce; pour it over the meat, which should be placed in a pie-dish; fill up the dish with a thick crust of mashed potatoes. Ornament the top prettily, and bake in a moderate oven till the top is slightly browned.

RICE AND BEEF MOULD

Soak half a cupful of rice until tender, then mix with one cupful of minced cold beef (underdone preferably), also with one fair-sized minced carrot, or two small carrots previously cooked. Season with salt, pepper and grated horse-radish to taste, or else chop one or two forcemeat balls and mix it. Boil all together, in basin or mould, set aside to cool, then turn out and sift bread raspings over the top.

HOW TO MAKE AN OMELET

How few English cooks there are who can really make a good omelet. As a rule the eggs are broken, the whites and yolks beaten separately, flour added and milk, and then, together with chopped parsley, all the ingredients are put into a frying-pan, and left to get brown like a pancake. There is only one way to make a French omelet. This is the recipe:

Take four eggs, break them, drop the yolks and whites into one basin; do not beat, but simply stir them together. Add salt and chopped parsley, with just a suspicion of pepper. Put into a frying-pan into which you have previously put a nice-sized piece of butter, then beat up in the pan with a fork until reasonably set, taking care not to let any portion of the egg get brown. When nicely firm outside, but with the middle still very soft, fold over on either side, and turn on to a hot dish for serving. Like this you will get a first-rate omelet.

GATEAU OF PRUNES

Boil one pound of prunes in one pint of water with three ounces of sugar until quite soft. Take out the stones, crack them, and add the kernels to the prunes with the juice and grated rind of one lemon, a little cochineal, and one ounce of gelatine, previously dissolved in a little water. Boil the mixture for twenty minutes, pour into a pretty mould, and leave until set. When turned out, heap up some whipped cream, or a good boiled custard, and serve with it.

ORANGE TARTLETS

Make some cases of light pastry and bake carefully. When cold, fill with stiff orange jelly or tangerine marmalade. Decorate with roses of whipped cream, and serve on lace d'oylies. An alternative preparation for filling the cases may be made with the pounded boiled rind of an orange, added to the juice, pulp and a little sugar and fresh butter.

BANANA TRIFLE

Ingredients—Six ripe bananas, three-quarters of a pound each of ratafias and macaroons, a jam sandwich, a little sherry, one pint custard, and one gill of whipped cream. Glace cherries, angelica, and a few chopped pistachio nuts for decoration.

Method—Peel the bananas and cut each into four. Cut the jam sandwich into similar pieces. Arrange these and the bananas alternately into a glass dish, then put in a layer of broken ratafias and macaroons. On these pour a little sherry. Then put another layer of fruit and cake, and so on. Pour the custard over the whole and decorate with cream, cherries, angelica and nuts.

CHAT AND COMMENT

Who says Sherlock Holmes is dead? It is stated that round the bases of the telegraph poles at Birmingham, where the wires were cut, feminine footprints were noticed, and it is therefore concluded that the wires were destroyed by women. Marvelous!

It is rather curious to read that "during the Whitsuntide holidays the King and Queen intend to sail round the coast in one of the small Royal yachts. All Royal dignity will be dropped, and they will enjoy a sort of Arabian Nights Entertainment, seeing everything and everybody, and being seen by no one." How's it going to be done?

King Edward was always keenly interested in farming, and one reason for his remarkable popularity was the facility and ability with which he could hob-nob with those interested in agriculture and live stock, and talk on subjects of mutual interest. King George's tastes lie in a different direction, and it remains to be seen whom the Prince of Wales, who is to have a model farm of his own in Cornwall, will take after, in this regard, his father, or his grandfather.

The advice to throw physick to the dogs might not inaptly be followed by other words of wisdom—throw mustard in thy bath! And, by way of postcript, let it be Coleman's. Those who have never tried a Mustard Bath have a joyful experience awaiting them. After hunting, shooting, tennis, or, indeed, any sport in the open, a Mustard Bath is a fine tonic. At all times it soothes the nerves and gives a fillip to the mental and physical powers. A yellow tin should form part of the equipment of every properly-conducted bath-room.

Lady Warwick had, until recently, a shop for the sale of needlework; Lady de Grey also at one time had a share in a fruit and motor car business, while Lady Rhondda and Mrs. Hwfa Williams find interest, and, no doubt, profit, in a laundry company. Then there is Lady Duff-Gordon, who trades under the name of "Lucille," and Lady Allendale who owns a creamery. Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox and Lady Molesworth are interested in fruit bottling and jam making; no doubt there are many others in this case who hide their identity under assumed names.

Young Folks Paper

CURRENT TOPICS

When Victoria has a new court house it will be built on Blanchard Street near the Cathedral and not hidden among the stores and warehouses on Bastion Square. The Government purchased a fine site for a large building last week.

The Conservatives of Victoria, at their annual meeting, sent a message to Hon. Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, declaring that they heartily approve of his action in granting money to built three Dreadnoughts for the British navy.

South Africa is to have a new House of Parliament at Pretoria. It will be finished next Spring, and it is said Prince Arthur of Connaught will open it. The Prince, who is King George's cousin, is filling the place which the Prince of Wales will occupy when he leaves college.

Mr. W. J. Dowler has been suspended by Mayor Morley after serving the people of Victoria as City Clerk for twenty-three years. There have been many mayors in that time, and all except Mr. Morley are ready to testify that Mr. W. J. Dowler has been a very valuable official.

The cold weather of last week was a very unpleasant surprise. It is many years since we had such bitter weather after the middle of March. Snow on the hills and ice on the pavements are not welcome after the daffodils and primroses are in blossom. It is to be hoped that by the time you read this the air will be mild and the sunshine bright.

Pope Pius X. is not very well, and it is thought he will not be strong enough to give the children their First Communion at Easter. This is a part of a great celebration of the festival that the people of Rome love to see. The Pope's sister, a very kind and gentle old lady, died a few weeks ago, and her brother, who is old and feeble, misses her very much.

This week Sir John Jackson, the head of the big English firm that has the contract for building the breakwater, will be in Victoria. He is one of the men who are doing great things in the world. Long after he has gone the harbors in many parts of the world will show his skill in designing and constructing the great works that make them safe. In this new Province there will be much engineering to be done, and Canadian boys should prepare to do their share of it.

If Felix Diaz and President Huerta do not bring peace to Mexico, it will not be because they are afraid of destroying their enemies. It is planned to increase the army to 300,000 men and to import cannon from France. Rebellions must be put down by force, and Madero was neither strong enough nor merciless enough to carry on a successful war. Look back over the history of great rebellions and you will see that those who subdued them often acted with a cruelty which did not seem to be natural to them.

This world of ours is getting very small. When your fathers were at school, they could scarcely tell where Bulgaria, Montenegro or Servia were. Now we are told that unless the war between these countries and Turkey ceases before Winter is over, the part of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railroad between Quebec and Winnipeg may not be finished this year. The war summoned 600 of the workmen home. Canada's railroads are giving work to men from most of the countries of Europe. No doubt other men will come to do this work, but they may not be as strong as the mountaineers of the Balkans.

Victoria boys will, before long, have a chance to see an Arctic explorer and an exploring ship. Dr. Stefansson is coming with his little ship Karluk to Victoria to prepare for his voyage to the islands and icebergs of the Arctic Ocean. He will try to find his way from Behring Sea through the open channels found, some years ago, by the explorer Amundsen, who made his way from Norway to Alaska in 1905. Stefansson has already spent a long time in the Arctic regions. It was he who found the white Eskimos who may have been descended from the Norsemen who came to Greenland with Lief Ericson. Every boy in Victoria ought to see the explorer and his ship.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad has come to the Pacific Coast. Its terminals are in Seattle, but two of the principal officials, who spent a short time in Victoria lately, Mr. George W. Hibbard, general passenger agent, and Mr. Hiland, the vice-president, said that their company would build into British Columbia, and expected to come to Victoria by-and-by. Both were delighted with the beauty of our city and its rapid improvement. They spoke highly, too, of the great wealth of the Province and of Vancouver Island. Both of these men know a great deal about cities and can tell where their railroad is likely to do much business. Railway men have little interest in cities that are poor or do not promise to be large. Mr. Hibbard said that, though it would cost a great deal of money to bridge Seymour Narrows, the gain to Vancouver Island would be still greater.

Hon. Louis Coderre, member for Hochelaga, is Secretary of State. This minister has been accused in Parliament of bribing electors to vote for him both with money and promises of office. The truth of this will be found out in the courts. The men who will swear that they sold their votes or that they voted under the names of other men are a disgrace to Canada. Their word is not to be depended upon. If Hon. Louis Coderre or any other member is proved to have obtained his seat by such means, he will not only lose his office and place in Parliament, but will be disgraced and punished. But such a crime in a member would not be possible if all Canadian electors valued their votes. It is to be hoped that every teacher in every school in this Province is showing boys and girls their duty to their country. No man ought to have a vote unless he uses it to put the best man in Parliament. That man is a traitor who votes for his own profit and not for his country's good. He does more harm than the coward who is afraid to go into the field against a foreign enemy.

This is Easter Sunday, the day we keep in memory of the rising from the dead of Our Lord. Long before the people of Northern Europe became Christians they saw in bursting bud and opening flower the signs of a new life and a proof that death does not conquer. They kept the feast of the Springtime with rejoicing. The Christians preserved several of their customs, and to this day we have painted eggs and flower-adorned churches. But the real keeping is in the solemn service of the churches, where hymns and prayers and the words spoken by the ministers all tell of a life to come which all men must share. When today is over, you will have a week's holiday in which to enjoy yourselves. Children, little and big, are never better than when they are playing. Gladness and joy are their service. No one can be joyful who has left any duty unperformed. The Editor hopes that every one of you may have a happy holiday and that it will strengthen you for the rest of the year's earnest work.

Col. Currie brought back word from Ottawa that the new drill hall was to be a very fine building, and will be a place of recreation for the Fifth Regiment as well as a place in which very hard and earnest work will be done. The Colonel is very proud of his regiment, and the men have shown that they are anxious to be the best gunners in Canada. Victoria is to have a rifle range in Saanich, and this year riflemen from all over the Province will meet in Victoria to shoot for prizes. While he was away, Colonel Currie was made vice-president of the Artillery Association of Canada and a member of the Council of the Dominion Rifle Association. Boys will be interested to learn that Col. Roy, chief commanding officer of the Province, attended the meeting of the Strathcona Trust, to which all the children of our public schools belong, and that Col. Hall saw and heard what the Boy Scouts of Canada are doing. Both these societies were formed in order that boys should grow up to be strong, skilful and brave men, good citizens and, if need be, good soldiers, who will be ready to defend their country and protect those dear to them.

The doctors of New York are allowing Dr. Friedmann to try his tuberculosis cure on some of the sick people who have come to him. The German physician went to Montreal a few days ago to explain his cure, and he has been invited to come to British Columbia. Dr. Friedmann does not pretend that his cure will work quickly. The doctors are watching the patients, and it will not be long before the world will learn whether the treatment is doing good or not. There are so many people on the Atlantic Coast suffering from this lingering illness that it seems almost cruel to talk about a cure unless it is certain that one is found. What we, in this newer province should remember is, that tuberculosis does not attack people who live in the fresh air and the sunlight; if they eat plenty of plain, wholesome food. Even when the tubercles have got into the blood, they can be destroyed at first by living in the fresh air. We must remember that we should not use the dishes or anything which people with consumption have touched with their mouths. Bad teeth ought to be attended to and the mouth kept so clean that the germs cannot find a place to grow in it. All this children can understand as well as the doctors, and every one of you can do a great deal to fight this terrible sickness. How to cure tuberculosis when the tubercles have eaten into the lungs or any of the inward parts of the body is the hard problem Dr. Friedmann is trying to solve. The surgeon can cut out diseased bone or flesh when it can be reached with the knife, but the most skilful surgeon and the wisest doctor will tell you that light and air, pure water, good milk and wholesome food will keep consumption away, and that is far better than trying to cure it.

Every boy wants to be a man. Among the things that a man has a right to do is to choose the legislators who rule the country. That is a freeman's right. There are some people so careless that they will not take the trouble to see that their names are on the voters' list. If you have a father, an uncle or a big brother or cousin living in any faraway part of British Columbia, you ought to write him a little letter and ask him to put his name on the list before April 7, so that he can vote at the next election. It is very important that the very best men shall be chosen to manage the business of this great Province, and it is even more important that the whole country shall be wisely governed. Ever since Magna Charta was signed, British men everywhere have been gaining the right to govern themselves. No good man should allow his right of free choice to be taken from him, much less should he throw it away. How would it do for all the boys in all the schools to play that they are voters and register their names? You elect your captains of teams, and perhaps your teacher would allow you to choose the boys who keep order on the playground or look after the school library or superintend the school garden. Don't forget that you are growing to be men and that a few men must be chosen to rule the whole country.

We do not hear as much as we should in Canada about the celebration of the hundred years of peace between England, Canada and the United States, which is to take place next year. The people of England are planning to buy the old home of the Washington family, Palgrave Manor, which is in the county of Northampton, near the centre of England. This old country place is intended to be a centre for American tourists. Another plan is to build a college in London for the study of the history of the United States of America, as the eldest daughter of England. The professor in charge of the students will be the Hon. James Bryce, who has written a book on the history of government in the United States, and who has done much to make both countries understand each other. The Americans are going to erect a statue of Queen Victoria in Washington, the capital of their country. Thus we see that England is proud of the great man who led the armies of the Thirteen Colonies in their struggle for independence, who wisely ruled the nation and who quietly went to his farm when his country needed him no longer. America, too, loves and reveres the good woman during whose long reign so many quarrels were peacefully settled. Canada has not yet decided what should be done, and yet, more than the Motherland or our great neighbor and cousin to the south, we have profited by the century of peace.

The report of the assassination of King George of Greece in the captured city of Salonika will cause widespread sorrow in the capitals of Europe. King George is the brother of Queen-Mother Alexandra, the widow of King Edward VII. of England. His nephew is King of Denmark and his wife is a Russian princess and cousin of the Czar. His son is married to the sister of the German Emperor William. In Athens there will be great mourning, for King George has a large family. When this paragraph was written there was no news as to how the old King and General met his death. The Turks must hate the man whose army captured their city and who himself undertook to hold the fortress even though the Queen has been herself caring for the sick and wounded. There have been disagreements and jealousy between the Bulgarians and Greeks. And yet, we must not forget that the grief in the royal household had before come to hundreds of thousands of homes throughout the whole of the Balkan peninsula, and the wonder is that none of the princes and kings who are leading the armies have not fallen long ago. War is a terrible thing. "They that take the sword shall perish by the sword," the teacher of love and peace has taught us, and we see in these days that even great virtues cannot save such men as Madero of Mexico or George of Greece from the fierce passions they have helped to rouse. What boy or girl who reads this paragraph can tell how it came about that the King of Greece was not a Greek?

A later dispatch tells us that the murderer of King George was a Greek named Aleko Schinas. He did not appear to be of sound mind, and declared he was against all governments. Many valuable lives have of late years been destroyed by such men as this.

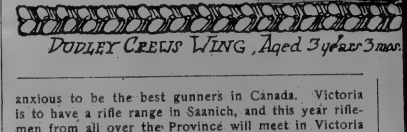
For two weeks little or nothing has been done in the Canadian Parliament. After allowing the bill granting $35,000,000 to Great Britain to build three Dreadnoughts for the navy of the Mother Country to pass its second reading, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberal party have determined to prevent its completion. It is the practice for all the members of the House to consider an important bill clause by clause before it becomes the law of the land. The Liberals declare that the best way to help Great Britain is to build ships in Canada for the defence of the country. Mr. Borden shows that no large ships could be built at once in Canada, and a letter from Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, describes particularly the difficulty of building such big ships. The Conservatives say that the help is needed by England now. To prevent the passing of the bill, the Liberals have been making speeches and the House has been in session every day and night except Sundays. It has now adjourned for the Easter holidays without making much progress with the bill, though, when a division was taken the Government had a large majority. Many people think that there may be an election and the country will be asked to decide what is Canada's duty to herself and to the great Mother Country which has defended and protected her since, from a little strip along the Atlantic Ocean and another bordering the River St. Lawrence, she has grown to a great and united country stretching from ocean to ocean and from the 49th parallel to the North Pole. The statesmen of this fertile land with nearly eight millions of inhabitants, with farms and mines and fisheries and forests of great wealth, with far more territory than many European nations, ought to have wisdom enough to decide this great question without anger or bitterness or misrepresentation.

"Hypocrisy" was defined once as "a sort of skin disease peculiar to the Scribes and Pharisees."

HAPPY HARRIS, AGED 11 MONTHS

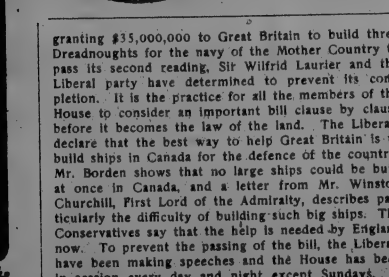
EDWIN RUPERT DEAKIN

IAN EDWIN GIBSON, 2 Years, 5 Months



DUDLEY CRELIS WING, Aged 3 years 3 mos.

MARIE McLEAN, Aged 4 Years 3 Months



HILDA E RIGBY Aged 3 Years

IN PATIENCE

I will not faint, but trust in God,
Who this my lot hath given;
He leads me by the thorny road,
Which is the road to Heaven.
Though sad my day that lasts so long,
At evening I shall have a song;
Though dim my day until the night,
At evening-time there shall be light.

My life is but a working day,
Whose tasks are set aright;
A while at work, a while to play,
And then a quiet night.
And then, please God, a quiet night
Where saints and angels walk in white;
One dreamless sleep from work and sorrow,
But re-awakening on the morrow.

—Christina Rossetti.

THE MAN WHO MIGHT HAVE SAVED GORDON

In a quiet grave in the little desert town of Gelli, twenty miles, north of Khartoum, a man has been laid to rest whose name brings back the tragedy of the Soudan and the death of General Gordon. His name was Zubehr Pasha, one of the most remarkable men in Nineteenth century Egypt. He was descended from a line of rulers of Egypt whose power had declined, and he lived to add to the woes of his native land.

He was born at Khartoum in 1830, and as a young man he wandered into a part of the Soudan known as the Bahr-el-Ghazal, where he mixed with Arab slave-dealers and elephant-hunters. He himself became the greatest slave-dealer in Egypt. With his high birth and great talents he collected a strong force of fighting men about him, made himself ruler of wide domains, with a court like a king's, supported by a well-ordered army and a vast host of slaves. The slaves were his servants; they were also his ready money. He bartered human flesh and blood for wealth, and made the countryside desolate where he led his raids to carry off the people into slavery. All this, which reads like some terrible story from the Old Testament, was happening less than forty years ago.

The Egyptian Government, whose army was beaten by Zubehr's in open battle, thought it wise to treat him as a friend, and when he had gained a great territory from them, he went to Cairo to claim the governorship of the land he had won. He was kept there as a sort of prisoner, and in his absence General Gordon, who was ruler of the Soudan, had to proceed against Zubehr's son, who had risen in rebellion. The son was captured and shot, and in his possession was found a letter from Zubehr urging him to rebel. In consequence of this letter Zubehr was deprived of all his property, and detained at Cairo.

Years passed away, and Gordon left the Soudan, but was sent back in January, 1884, to bring away the Egyptian garrison from Khartoum and leave the Soudan to the forces of the terrible Mahdi, the Arab who had gathered the scattered tribes of the desert into one vast army, which was overrunning the land, slaying all who opposed it.

On landing in Cairo, Gordon met Zubehr by accident, and there was a stormy and intensely dramatic scene between them.

"You killed my son," exclaimed the Arab—"my son, to whom you should have been as a father. You brought my wives and women and children to Khartoum in chains."

This bitter interview impressed Gordon very much. He conceived a liking for the slave-dealer, and urged that Zubehr should be appointed to succeed him as Governor of the Soudan. He praised his energy, ability and daring, and said that in two months Zubehr would have the Mahdi at his mercy, for the Mahdi's best generals were the men who had formerly served Zubehr.

The suggestion caused some excitement, and many cables were exchanged between England and Egypt, and many Cabinet meetings were held. Mr. Gladstone agreed to the appointment, so did Lord Cromer, so did Queen Victoria; but the rest of the Cabinet would not agree, nor would Parliament, and in the end Zubehr was not appointed. He, if any man could, might have saved Gordon from his terrible death at the hands of the Arabs at Khartoum. They would not have disobeyed Zubehr. But it was not to be.

In course of time Zubehr was allowed to return to his property at Gelili, where he passed the last of his days in quietness, forgotten by the world until the news of his death brought back his name to public memory. This man who died forgotten was once the greatest tyrant of the great Soudan, and had he remained in the country he had conquered, he might have marched victorious through the land the Pharaohs ruled.—Little Paper.

A chimney sweep's boy went into a baker's shop for a twopenny loaf, and conceiving it to be small, remarked to the baker that he did not believe it was weight.

"Never mind that," said the man of dough, "you will have the less to carry."

"True," replied the lad, and throwing down half-pence on the counter, left the shop.

called after him that he had not left enough.

"Never mind that," said the pasty man, "you will have the less to carry."

Memoirs of a Great Official's Career

THE House of Commons has many lives. The floor of the House, the big debates, the narrow and exciting divisions, which are the familiar features to the public, form but one of the many phases in its existence, says The London Daily Telegraph.

On an underground floor there is the social life of the dining-rooms, where nightly ladies come to dine with their friends. On a floor upstairs there are daily during most months of the session the Titanic conflicts in Private Bill Committees of the rival railway or water or gas companies. In the smoke-rooms there are the friendly conversations over the soothing cigar, and the cup of coffee of the political foes, who forget their differences in the good fellowship which is the general atmosphere of the House. Beneath the floor of the House there is a vast world like catacombs where engineers arrange the lighting, the supply of fresh air, the judicious mixture of heat in cold weather and ice in warm. And in addition, and beyond all these, is a corps of officials who prepare the measures which are to form the subject of the open battles in the House itself.

FIFTY YEARS' SERVICE

Many of these officials are not known by name; some, even, are not known by sight to the members of the House—even to those who have grown grey there. And few, perhaps, realized that a man with a handsome, a clear-cut, and—up to a short time ago—clean shaven face, was one who had more to do than anybody with the secret machinery, or, it might be said, the factory, from which came daily the raw material that the House itself had by and by to turn into Budgets, Rules of Order or Statutes.

Like so many great officials in the English world this gentleman sought obscurity. He rarely if ever exchanged a word with a member of Parliament outside official circles; he was to be seen beside the Speaker's chair at a certain hour every evening; and frequently he was in the Inner Lobby; but for the most part he spent his hours in an inner room in one of the rabbit-warrens of offices which are scattered all over the building. And yet little or nothing was done in the House in which his work, his advice, were not asked. From Friday of last week the House of Commons will know him no more. He retired on that day for ever; he had completed just his fifty years of service, and although his employment had been extended beyond the ordinary term of service, he found himself no longer able to stick to work, and went away to retirement with his well-earned pension.

COUNSELLOR OF FIVE SPEAKERS

This gentleman was Sir William Gibbons. He was the Principal Clerk of the Public Bill Office and Clerk of the Fees. He comes of a race of House of Commons officials. His father held the same office before him; started at the work in 1816, and held it for half a century. His time overlapped the son's by three years. But for that the two might have been said to have filled the place for a century between them; as a matter of fact, it was ninety-seven years, which is near enough. Coming to the House as a junior clerk in 1863, Sir William Gibbons could boast of having served eight Prime Ministers in the House of Commons.

In the same period he was also the counsellor of five Speakers. And Sir William Gibbons was not merely an acquaintance of these Premiers; he was brought into constant contact with them; he had to advise, to guide, even to warn them. For before any bill is introduced into the House of Commons it has to undergo the most careful supervision by the Public Bill Department. The House of Commons, like the Law Courts, is enmeshed in a whole network of inflexible rules, and woe betide the bill or the Minister who tries to break through any of this century-old network. At any moment he may find himself tripped up by the ever vigilant Opposition or the vigilant stickler for old forms and orthodox procedure.

More than once a great measure, which has excited the hopes of one side and the rage of the other suddenly finds itself brought to an untimely death by the neglect of some of the simplest of these rules. Mr. Balfour had to withdraw a great measure once dealing with redistribution in Ireland on a point of order. Quite recently the hopes of the Suffragists were dashed to the ground because of a mistake in order. No Minister and no measure are safe from this deadly form of peril.

FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

The chief rule, and the most rigid, is associated with finance. In the long struggle between the Crown and the House of Commons finance was the chief point of controversy—of encroachment on the side of the Crown or the nobles, of defence on the part of the Commons. And thus it is that every financial proposal in the House of Commons finds itself even today confronted by one stone wall after another before it can reach the goal.

A bill, for instance, proposed some new provisions about agriculture, about social reform, about the Government of Ireland, or any other subject. At once the Minister in charge of the bill had to come to Sir William Gibbons and he found out for him the right way to go about it, and what were the pitfalls on the way. If in this measure there were but one clause which laid a burden on the public purse, it became necessary to have a Committee of the House with two stages—Committee and report. This gave everyone in the House the fullest opportunity of discussing at any length this proposed impost.

It was, for instance, necessary to propose such a Committee for the Irish Home Rule Bill, because under that measure there were certain financial proposals, and it was in the financial committee on the bill that there took place the famous snap division which shook to the foundations the fortunes of the bill and the very existence of the Government. Furthermore, as an additional safeguard of the public purse, and the absolute and constant control of finance by the Commons, there is the precaution that any financial proposals in a bill are distinguished from the other parts of the bill by being printed in italics.

PITFALLS OF THE LEGISLATOR

These financial provisions are also the obstacle against which the poor unofficial member often has to throw himself in vain. For it is one of the most rigid rules of the House that no unofficial member can propose any demand on the public purse; Ministers alone have the right to make any such proposal. Thus it was that every bill of a private member had first to pass the gauntlet of the trained and vigilant eye of Sir William Gibbons before it was brought before the House of Commons. And if that steady, clear-headed official, with half a century of experience behind him, and a daily experience of legislative proposals, negatived any proposal in such bill, it had to be transformed and put forward in another and more orderly shape.

But these are only a few of the pitfalls for the legislator, official or unofficial. It is one of the rules of the House that no proposal can be admitted into a bill which cannot be defined as coming within the scope of its title and its purpose. If any such proposal be inserted in a bill by a Minister, even though he be backed by the House of Commons, his course is not yet clear. Then it was that the counsel of Sir William Gibbons had to be sought by the Speaker. If his advice were adverse, the Speaker nearly always took it, and, by a decision from the Chair, pronounced the doom of the measure. That, for instance, is why the Speaker the other day put an end to the further existence of the Franchise Bill. For he had to rule that if a million, or seven millions, or eleven millions of new female voters were added to the existing electorate, this would extend the bill beyond its title, and, therefore, would necessitate its withdrawal and the introduction of a new bill, whose title would correspond to its purpose.

BUDGET PROBLEMS

Again, when the Chancellor of the Exchequer introduced his Budget he had to call Sir William Gibbons into consultation, and this experienced official was called on to solve the knotty problems put before him.

When Mr. Lloyd George was preparing his famous Budget he had to ask whether it was possible to claim that the land clauses with the valuation measures attached could be described as a financial proposal such as the Budget was supposed alone to contain. If Mr. Lloyd George had either introduced such clauses without consulting Sir William Gibbons or had acted against his judgment, it would always have been possible, in the very midst of his Budget, for some such vigilant watch-dog of financial proposals and of the Rules of the House as Sir Frederick Banbury to have tripped him up and brought his Budget to an ignominious end; and, perhaps, also, to close his career as a Chancellor of the Exchequer.

These are important duties enough for the Principal Clerk of Public Bills. But they are not all. It is his duty, for instance, to keep as stern a watch over the proceedings of the House of Lords; and if that august assembly ventured to invade the exclusive finance authority of the House of Commons by touching finance it was the duty of Sir William Gibbons to repeat his stern veto to the Speaker, and it became incumbent on the Speaker to assert vigorously the privileges of the House of Commons against the usurpations of the House of Lords.

WHEN LORDS AND COMMONS DISAGREE

Again, when the two Housese are playing battledore and shuttlecock with a measure, the one proposing amendments to the other, it was the duty of Sir William Gibbons to superintend and direct the proceedings of the House of Commons. What happens when the House of Commons refuses to accept amendments introduced by the Lords is to appoint a Committee of its members, who are supposed to draw up a report in which are set forth sweetly but firmly the reasons which compel the Commons to refuse the amendments of the Lords. The Committee, solemnly withdraws from the House to draw up its report; it goes no further than a few yards from the Speaker's chair, does not even sit down, and so it has often been remarked that its return with its full report is suspiciously rapid. The explanation is that Sir William Gibbons had drawn up the report for the Committee, and that their sole duty was to adopt it.

Finally, as Clerk of Fees, Sir William Gibbons had to draw up the list of the expenses of the House of Commons; the salaries, from that of the Speaker to that of the doorkeeper or the attendants; and also to turn the Estimates of the year into the Appropriation Bill, in which they are all brought, as in a ledger from a day-book, together. It was one of his recent duties to look after the £400 a year which the State is now paying for the services of each of its legislators.

FAREWELL TO WESTMINSTER

To all members, to the Minister and the private member, Sir William Gibbons was equally courteous, helpful and sympathetic, seeing that all the rough work was done secundum artem. He had a distinguished University career, and was an athlete in his day. He remained a great walker to a late period of his life.

Even the terrible all-night sittings of the 'eighties, when Parnell and Biggar were turning the Parliamentary machine upside down, and turning also night into day, Sir William, after remaining up till four in the morning, would blithely set forth and walk the long miles between Westminster and his home in Weybridge. But recently he had a severe cold, which shook him; he had to return to the House of Commons with a beard covering the face so long familiar as clean-shaven. He was 72 years of age, and had already consented to have his useful services continued to the State after the average time, so he took his pension and in the afternoon of last Friday when he had finished his fifty years of service almost to the very hour, he shook the dust of Westminster from his feet.

Everybody hopes that he will have many years of life, health, and peace in his country home, with many years of leisure, enriched by the crowding memories of so many great men and great events in a scene in which he played so unobtrusive and yet so momentous a part.

A NON-STARTER. By Wilmot Lunt

"Garn, ye lazy worm; if ye were half a man ye'd 'elp me turn the mangle."
"Well, I may be a worm, but I ain't one wot turns." —The Tatler.

SUNRISE

Slowly faded the stars from sight,
Weary, the moon put out her light,
Slipped away in the garb of night
All in the dawn o' the morning.

Verdant meadow and tree-crowned hill,
Limpid lake and rippling rill,
Waited breathless, strangely still,
All in the lawn o' the morning.

Suddenly, in the East upsprung
Golden bars through the azure swung,
Crimson pennants on high upflung
All in the dawn o' the morning.

Roused from slumber the old earth lay
Smiling to greet the new-born day,
Eager to catch the sun's first ray,
All in the dawn o' the morning.

Music burst from a hundred throats,
Swelled and echoed the joyous notes,
Flashed in the sunlight feathered coats,
All in the dawn o' the morning.

—Georgina Marshall.

The well-known Austrian railway constructor, Ignaz Pallos, was arrested the other day by the Budapesth (Hungary) police on charges of swindling several banks and railway companies of between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000 by selling them forged shares. It is reported that a London company has suffered to the extent of $300,000 or more. Pallos' method was to sell receipts for deposited shares, which, however, were forged reprints of the originals, while the latter had long been pawned or sold by him. Encouraged by his success in this manipulation, he had the same shares again reprinted, and disposed of them, as well as the forged shares of another railway company.

Nephew (just returned from abroad)—"This franc piece, aunt, I got in Paris." Aunt Hepsy—"I wish, nephew, you'd fetched home one of them Latin quarters they talk so much about."

MAN'S POSTURE

At the Royal College of Surgeons, Professor Arthur Keith delivered his second lecture on "Man's Posture and its Evolution." It was not, he maintained, with the evolution of man, but with the appearance of the earliest form of anthropoid ape that the greatest of postural revolutions took place. At that very remote date the main structural and functional modifications were worked out to adapt the body for the upright position. The exact nature of the change could be seen when a comparison was made between the bodies of the gibbon and of the ordinary monkey.

Structural changes which occurred during a postural revolution were comparable with those which took place in the body politic with a change of government. A new directing force came then into operation, but the permanent officials remained in office and accommodated themselves to the new regime. A good example of the truth of this statement, said the lecturer, was to be seen in the structure at the lower part of the trunk. In pronograde, or "tailed," monkeys the abdominal organs were supported chiefly by the lower or ventral wall of the body; but with the change to the orthograde, or upright, posture, the load fell chiefly on those muscles which guarded the hind part of the abdomen. The muscles which guarded this part in pronograde monkeys were also those which moved the tail. It was the muscles of the tail which had been utilized in orthograde animals to form the floor of the abdominal cavity. Professor Keith considered that it was remarkable how economically the change had been carried out. Not a single new muscle or part was introduced, and with a slight change here and there the old structures were made to answer to the new conditions.

A direct result of the evolution of the upright posture was the disappearance of the tail. It was absent from the gibbon and all the higher primates, including man, gorilla, chimpanzee and orang. Although the tail had disappeared at such an early stage in the evolution of the orthograde primates, vestiges of a tail could be seen in all the anthropoids and man. The lecturer stated that children were occasionally born with true tails, and that such an organ always appeared in an early stage of human development. Vestiges of all the muscles of a true tail were familiar to the student of human anatomy. In anthropoids the bony framework of the pelvis was capacious, and the young were born without difficulty. It was well recognized by medical men that similar statements could not be made as regards the same parts in the human pelvis. One was therefore tempted, said Profesor Keith, to inquire why mankind—especially under the elaborate and luxurious conditions of the higher civilization—should so often be the subject of pelvic disablement. When the anthropoid and the human pelvis were compared it was seen that the chief influence which had modified man's pelvis was the specialization of the lower extremities as the only means of progression.

PAYING FOR THE PROGRAMMES

Ever ready to tilt with human idiosyncrasy, serious or frivolous, Life is out with the query why the New York papers are not airing the dislike of the theatre-going public for the new fashion of charging for the printed programmes. Theatre patrons have long borne in silence the annoyance of the pages and pages of advertising which they are forced to handle in order to be informed as to necessary points in the play which they have paid a good price to see. It now appears that they have to pay for the programmes, too. Why not require the diner at table to pay for the menu—perhaps this will come next—or the shopper to buy at each counter a list of the things from which he is to select his purchase? But there is a way out in the present instance. Never go on a first night, and next day clip the cast out from the criticism of the play in your newspaper, paste it on a card, tuck it into your glove, and there you are!

Minister—"So you are going to school now, are you, Bobby?"

Bobby (aged six)—"Yes, sir."

Minister—"Spell kitten for me."

Bobby—"Oh, I'm further advanced than that. Try me on cat."

"Now, Robert, what do you intend to do when you become a man?" asked Aunt Ellen, looking approvingly at her small nephew. "I'm going to be a soldier," replied the small boy promptly, "'Cause then I can fight whenever I want to without being spanked for it."

It's useless to urge me to marry you. When I say no I mean no."

"Always?"

"Invariably."

"And can nothing ever break your determination when once you make up your mind?"

"Absolutely nothing."

"Well, I wouldn't care to marry a girl like that, anyhow."

Unlocking an Empire in British Columbia

During the next four years three transcontinental railways—the Canadian Pacific Railway, Canadian Northern Railway and Grand Trunk Pacific Railway will distribute

One Hundred Million Dollars

in railway construction in British Columbia, in addition to the fifty million to be expended by other railways, such as the Pacific & Great Eastern, now building from Vancouver to Fort George, the Edmonton, Dunvegan & British Columbia, from Edmonton to Fort George, the Kettle River Valley, the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern, all under construction, not to mention other railways projected.

WE OWN FARM LANDS, WATER POWERS, TIMBER LIMITS, TOWNSITES, COAL AREAS, INSIDE BUSINESS PROPERTY, AND CLOSE IN ACREAGE IN THE BEST LOCATIONS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

You can get in on the ground floor by buying direct from the owners.

Natural Resources Security Co. Ltd.

Joint Owners and Sole Agents Fort George Townsite.
Vancouver, Fort George, Edmonton
Call or write
620-624 Vancouver Block
Vancouver, B.C.

Phone 3412
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
LEGITIMATE BUSINESS HANDLED

Vancouver Island Private Inquiry Agency

J. W. WRIGHT, Manager,

309-10-11 Hibben-Bone Bldg., Government St., Victoria

Prepare for the Rainy Days

And protect yourself from colds by having your boots and shoes fitted with substantial

Soles and Heels

That will resist the worst weather that we get. Good uppers deserve to have good soles; it pays to have the best, no matter what the cost may be, but in this case the cost is slight.

I GUARANTEE SATISFACTION because I employ skilful men and use nothing but the best of leather. If in a hurry, that's just the time when I can please you the best.

F. WEST
ELECTRIC SHOE SHOP
646 Fort Street

Used in Canada for over half a century —used in every corner of the world where people suffer from Constipation and its resulting troubles—

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills,

stand higher in public estimation than any others, and their ever-increasing sales prove their merit. Physicians prescribe them.

25c. a box.

HOTEL STEWART
SAN FRANCISCO
Geary Street, above Union Square
European Plan $1.50 a day up
American Plan $3.00 a day up
New steel and brick structure. Every comfort and convenience. A high class hotel at very moderate rates. In the center of theatre and retail district. On car lines transferring to all parts of city. Electric omnibus meets all trains and steamers.
HOTEL STEWART

L. E. JONES
CHIROPODIST
Corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, callosities and others and twenty feet scientifically treated.
507 BIBBEN-BONE BLDG.

NEW ZEALAND HAS A WAR WITH TRUSTS

Mercantile World Exercised by First Prosecutions Made Under Act of 1910—Defendants Fined $5,000 Each.

CHRISTCHURCH, N. Z., March 22.—The mercantile world in New Zealand has been considerably exercised of late by the first prosecution under the Commercial Trusts Act of 1910. A few days ago the chief justice, Sir Robert Stout, delivered his reserved judgment in the case of the Attorney-General of New Zealand vs. the New Zealand Merchants' Association, the Colonial Sugar Refining Company and three other defendants, wholesale firms carrying on business in the Dominion. The chief justice found that each of the five defendants had been guilty of breaches of the Commercial Trusts Act, and that all five defendants had been guilty of conspiring to monopolize the sale of sugar in New Zealand, "contrary to the public interest."

Each defendant was ordered to pay penalties amounting to $5,000, and leave was reserved to the Attorney-General to move for an injunction to restrain the defendants from continuing the course of conduct complained of. The law which has thus been enforced for the first time presents some novel features, and is in many respects different from the New South Wales law, which it was recently sought, but without success, to apply for the repression of the coal monopoly in the Australian Commonwealth.

Grapples With Problems

The law is an attempt to grapple with the difficult industrial problems which have arisen from the aggregation of trade into these composite organizations recently come to be known as trusts, and which are by many regarded as a grave menace. As stated by Sir Robert Stout in his judgment, the question really is: "Is the State to be dominant and to see that such liberty is granted as makes for the liberty of all, or must the state be placed under the control of large industrial organizations?" The Commercial Trusts Act creates a series of offences, which may be grouped as follows:

(1) It is illegal to grant concessions, rebates, discounts, etc., in consideration of exclusive trading or in consideration that the grantee becomes a member of a commercial trust, or undertakes to act in conformity with the directions of a commercial trust with respect to the sale, purchase or supply of any goods.

(2) It is an offence to refuse to sell either absolutely or except upon disadvantageous conditions goods in any person for the reason that such person refuses to restrict his dealing or to become a member of a commercial trust or to act in conformity with the directions of such trust with respect to the sale, purchase or supply of goods.

(3) It is an offence to conspire with any other person to monopolize the demand or supply of any goods, or to control the price of any goods if such monopoly or control is contrary to the public interests.

Try Evading Provisions

As soon as the Act passed into law the various rings, trusts and combines in the Dominion naturally set about devising a means for evading its drastic provisions. This would not be very difficult were not for the concluding clause of the Act. This provides that in any action for the recovery of a penalty under the Act the supreme Court may "admit and accept as sufficient such evidence as it thinks fit," whether such evidence be strictly legal evidence or not. It is further provided that no person shall be excused from answering interrogatories or from producing or discovering documents on the ground that it would tend to criminate him in respect of any offence against the Act. Much indignation has been vented against this bold invasion of the ground principles of the English law of evidence.

In thus removing the protection which the Court always allow to a defendant the Legislature has deliberately armed the officers of the Crown with inquisitorial powers which are irresistible. In the particular case referred to the defendants were compelled to supply all the materials for their undoing, the Crown officers were given a roving commission to inspect without restriction minute books, letter books and every document however confidential, in the possession of the defendants, and their own officers and clerks were called by the Crown and compelled to disclose to the fullest details the business of their employers.

Breaches of Law

The actions of the defendants which have thus been held to be breaches of the law, may be summarized as follows: One of the defendants was the Colonial Sugar Refining Company, a corporation having its headquarters in Sydney. For some years past this company has gradually extended its operations in New Zealand until it has obtained practically a monopoly of the supply of sugar to the Dominion. The company sells in the Dominion about $3,600,000 worth of sugar per annum; the supply of sugar from other sources amounts to only $50,000 worth. The system adopted by the company in order to attain this practically exclusive position was to arrange the merchants and retailers in groups or syndicates, to which it allowed discounts varying in amount with their aggregate purchases, together with a bonus of $2.50 per ton in consideration of a covenant to deal exclusively in the company's sugar. This bonus became obviously illegal on the passing of the Commercial Trusts Act of 1910, and had to be dropped. Shortly after the enactment of the statute there was incorporated the New Zealand Merchants' Association. This is a commercial trust within the meaning of the statute, inasmuch as it is a body having for its objects the controlling of the prices of various classes of goods.

Wholesale Firms Involved

The Merchants' Association comprises practically all the wholesale mercantile firms of standing in the Dominion, with one notable exception, the firm of Fairbairn, Wright & Co. By arrangement between the association and the sugar company the latter promulgated a scale of discounts early in 1911, varying from 1 per cent. on monthly purchases of sugar up to $2,500 to 4½ per cent. on monthly purchases of $12,500 and over. The recalcitrant firm of Fairbairn, Wright & Co. were fully able under this scale to earn the maximum discount, but they adopted the embarassing practice of giving away to their customers the whole of this discount except ½ per cent. Six months later, therefore, at the request of the Merchants' Association, the Sugar Company promulgated a new scale, under which the amount of monthly purchases required to earn the maximum discount was raised from $12,500 to $50,000. The recalcitrant firm still contrived to purchase $50,000 and upwards per month, and still pursued its rebellious policy of giving 4 per cent. of the 4½ per cent. earned to its customers.

At this point the minute books of the Merchants' Association ceased to be written up, and its letter books became suddenly silent on the topic of sugar, "but the president of the Merchants' Association took a trip to Sydney, where the directors of the sugar company reside, and shortly afterwards a further scale was promulgated by the sugar company, the amount of monthly purchases required to earn the maximum discount was now raised from $50,000 to $125,000.

The firm of Fairbairn, Wright & Co. were unable to come up to this limit, and had to content themselves with a discount of 2½ per cent. It is true that no other single firm in New Zealand could approach $125,000 of monthly purchases, but the maximum discounts were nevertheless paid, and in this wise

Payments Made Direct

A leading member of the Merchants' Association was appointed "principal," with eight other members of the association as purchasers. The sugar company supplied sugar to the sub-purchasers in such quantities as they required, but debited the supplies in their ledgers against the account of the principal. Payments were made direct to the sugar company by the sub-purchasers, but were credited when received to the principal. In this way the principal had no difficulty in earning the maximum discount, which was paid to him direct, and by him distributed among members of the association.

The books of the sugar company revealed only that the principal was buying practically all their sugar output and receiving discounts amounting to about $150,000 a year. Such an arrangement was, of course, in form, no infringement of the act, but the effect of it was that any member of the association, however small his monthly purchases, received the maximum discount, while the recalcitrant firm, on purchases ten or twenty times larger in amount, received a discount of about half the rate.

The most seductive offers were made to the recalcitrant firm to join the association. The firm, however, preferred to plough its lonely furrow. Finding itself, however, gradually being squeezed out of the sugar trade, it laid its case before Parliament, and its position has now been vindicated by the result of the prosecutions which were instituted in consequence of its persistent attitude. The "dummy discount" method of evading the act has received a check; the ingenuity of lawyers may devise some more ingenuous and more effective scheme, but the legislature of New Zealand is very much in earnest in this matter, and will amend the act in whatever direction is found necessary.

FRY'S Cocoa—A Gracious Stimulant

Not only is FRY'S a rich and delicious food beverage, but it possesses to the full that mysterious, elusive but very desirable "spirit of cocoa" which scientists call "theobromine," a quickener of the brain and nervous force, with no unpleasant after-effects. Exquisite in aroma, of sure purity, easy of digestion—FRY'S is the result of nearly two centuries' experience in high-grade cocoa making.

Remember "Nothing Will Do But FRY'S"—All Particular Grocers Sell It

Trade Supplied by J. S. FRY & SONS, Ltd., Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver, Victoria

JAPANESE JUDICIAL METHOD

Arbitrary Arrest at Yokohama of Mr. W. A. Wheeler, Arouses Much Adverse Criticism.

The arbitrary arrest at Yokohama of Mr. W. A. Wheeler, the Japan partner of Messrs. Gens, Wheeler & Co., of Leicester, with branches at Calcutta, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Hankau, is dealt with in a communication from Reuter's correspondent at Tokio.

"The business of the firm," says the correspondent, "consists of dealing in hosiery, which is manufactured on a knitting machine sold by the firm and from yarn supplied free by the firm. The hosiery thus produced is bought by the company and exported for sale in England and elsewhere. On the sale of each machine the buyer is instructed in the use of the same and yarn is dealt out to him or her as the case may be.

"In August last the firm opened a branch at Yokohama under the management of Mr. Wheeler. On January 10, as the result of inquiries made by the police authorities, Mr. Wheeler, with his assistant Mr. Stitt, was requested to go to the office of the Public Procurator. After a few questions Mr. Stitt was ordered out of the room. From that day no one has seen Mr. Wheeler and no one of his friends or acquaintances, or even legal advisors, has been permitted to approach him or write to him. Clothes and food have been refused by the authorities and it is to be presumed that he is being treated as an ordinary criminal. His solicitors, Messrs. Co Becker, Gadsby and Nakamura, have been refused admittance to his cell and the only fact known is that he is held incarcerated at Megishi Gaol. [illegible] not been allowed [illegible] legal advice or other [illegible] charge has [illegible] against him."

[illegible] for police action the correspondent says:

"Hitherto it appears that there has been no delay on the part of the firm of Genz, Wheeler & Co., in paying for the knitted goods, and only on two occasions have there been delays in supplying the machines ordered. In the one case this was due to a fire on board the North German Lloyd steamer Princess Alice, whereby a consignment of machines was damaged, and the other owing to one of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha boats carrying a consignment being held up in quarantine. On December 31 every machine ordered had been supplied, and the company was purchasing readily the hosiery manufactured.

"The feeling is very strong in [illegible] British communities here that [illegible] has arrived when British [illegible] Japan should receive [illegible] that they shall no [illegible] price of the Jap[illegible] noteworthy that [illegible] happen to [illegible] example."

SHIRE HORSES ARE GREATLY IN DEMAND

Purebred Animals Now Pull Plow—English Society May Offer Prizes at Colonial Shows.

The progress of the Shire Horse Society has been continuous from its inception in 1878. No breed organization has a better record of steady expansion, and on the eve of its 34th annual show in London its activities are still quickening. The society has proved itself a living force in promoting the breeding of a better type of draught animal. Those who instituted the society a generation ago could not have foreseen the dimensions to which it has grown, with a membership of 5,000 and an influence for good penetrates to the remotest districts south of the Tees and extends into countries abroad.

The idea that the breeding of high-class cart horses was a luxury for the rich has long been exploded. Landowners and men of independent means embarked so energetically upon the pursuit in its early years of organized existence that smaller men were rather overshadowed in the public eye, but the rivalry of the former supplied the stimulus that was needed to establish it upon a proper footing. The ranks of breeders still include a proportion who adopt it less as a source of profit than of pleasure, or as a means of doing good in the district, but the breeding of Shire horses on stud book lines is now essentially the business of the tenant-farmer.

The results of the sale at Tring Park on Friday bear testimony to happy relationship of landowners and farmers in this pursuit. Some of the highest priced animals were bred from mares in working teams that had been mated with sires in the Tring Park or other noted stud, hired by the local club. The support of the owners who give the high prices is still required, but the rent-paying farmer is the backbone of the business.

The large accessions to the number of studs have been mainly breeders who view the pursuit primarily as a sound commercial enterprise. This later development, largely due to the generosity and discretion of the society, has greatly strengthened the position of the pursuit and added to its value. It has consisted almost entirely of the substitution of pure-bred mares for animals of mixed breeding in the working teams. There are not many more studs kept exclusively for exhibition and breeding now than in the nineties of last century; the multiplication has been in animals that combined collar work with their procreative duties, a result which has had a beneficient effect upon the breed and has proved profitable to the breeders.

Registration and Unsoundness

The old English cart horse, from which the modern Shire has been evolved, combined with inherent qualities of weight, substance, and plenty of bone, a tendency to unsoundness. Although distinctive types such as those of Derbyshire and the Fens were not equally prone to transmissable blemishes, none of them were free from a predisposition to one or more of the common ailments. From its earliest days the society has been engaged in a continuous struggle with hereditary diseases. The highest ambition has not yet been reached, but the rate of improvement has proved the wisdom of the course adopted and encourages the belief that complete success is within the bounds of attainment. From an early stage in its career the society has insisted upon a searching veterinary inspection of all animals over one year old that receive a prize from its funds at its own or any other show. Most of the other societies that provide classes for Shires have followed the example and the effect of this united action has been to make breeders careful in their selection of animals, both as to pedigree and individual soundness.

As the fight against unsoundness progressed a desire manifested itself for still more drastic measures. The prohibition of unsound stallions has been discussed at intervals, but although the proposal met with considerable support it was felt that the freedom of the individual should be respected. The confidence reposed in the discretion of breeders was not in the main misplaced. Sires unable to produce a certificate of soundness have been almost banished from the roads. The establishment of local clubs for the co-operative hiring of stallions has done much to bring about their expulsion and to solve the problem of disposing of the horse that combined hereditary blemishes with mediocrity. The high-class sires of uncertain soundness present more difficulty. With the co-operation of the horse-breeding organizations, the Board of Agriculture has instituted a register for stallions certified free from transmissible ailments, and the intervention of the Board in encouraging voluntary discretion has had so auspicious a beginning that there is reason to believe that the need for compulsory measures will speedily disappear.

The Foreign Trade

Hitherto Shire horse breeding has depended for its success upon the home demand. The position, however, is changing, not because of appreciable curtailment of the market for draught animals, but on account of the increase in production. The number of studs contributing to the supplies of colts and fillies is swelling every year. There is no immediate cause for anxiety, but it is felt that fresh markets would be an important factor in encouraging progress and in assuring to breeders an adequate reward for their enterprise. The difficulty is to devise a means for cultivating a demand abroad and still preserve unimpaired the characteristics of the breed. The Shire is acknowledged in other countries to be the weightiest and most powerful of the draught breeds, and if these qualities could be retained without a profusion of hair on the legs and in combination with accelerated speed the development of an export trade would be a simple matter. The chief point in dispute is the amount of "feather." Neither Colonial nor the foreign buyers can be reconciled to this as in any sense a desirable feature, while home breeders regard a profusion of hair as evidence of plenty of bone and muscular development. They contend that the elimination of feather by breeding would involve a serious risk of losing size, weight of limb and body, health and hauling power. At its next meeting the society will have under consideration a proposed means of encouraging the breeding of Shires in North and South America and also in Australasia. The suggestion is that the society should offer prizes to the value of £400 a year for five years at representative shows in those countries. Whether or not this will commend itself to the Council and members it would be difficult to say, but the proposal is welcome as showing recognition in high quarters of the need for doing something to gain a place for the Shire in the open markets of the world.

AERONAUTICS IN CHINA

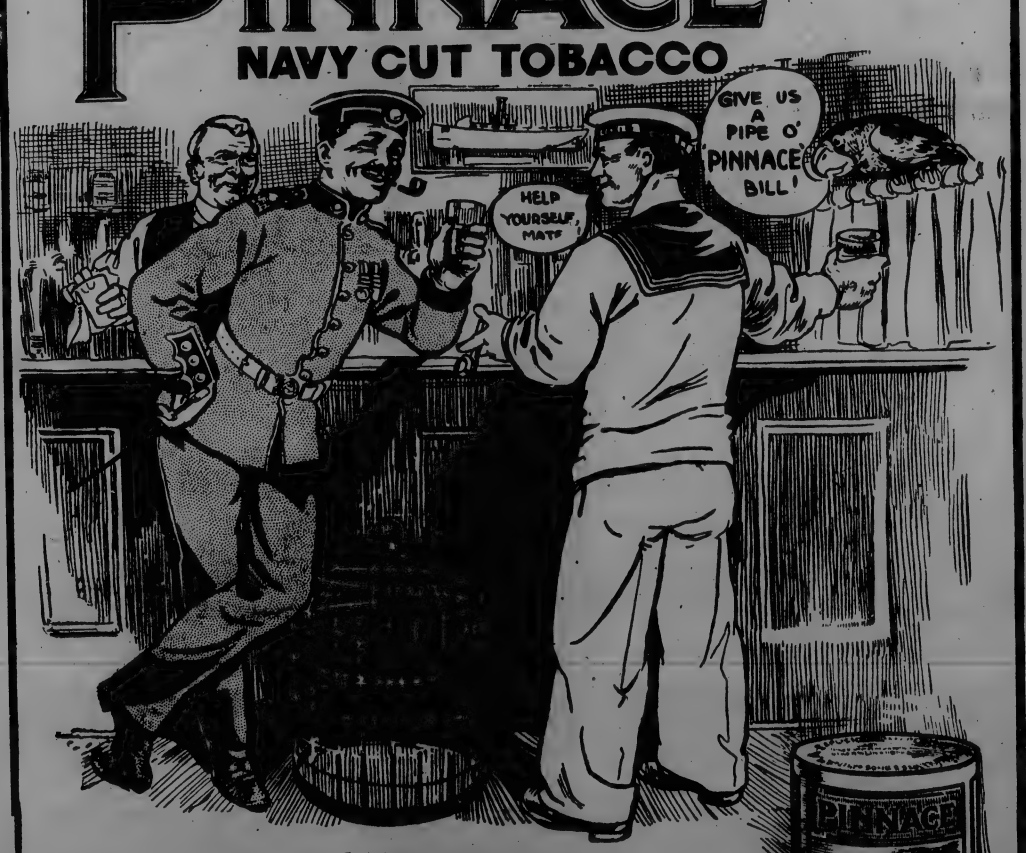
French Military Officer Expected to Make Exhibition Flights in Flowery Kingdom

French military officer, an expert aeronaut, has arrived at Peking with ten aeroplanes, apparently with a view to selling them to the Chinese Department of War. He is expected to give exhibition flights very shortly.

The Chinese General Staff has organized an aeronaut association. Vice-president Li Yuan-hung, who is one of the warmest supporters of the project, said in a recent address, that the study of aeronautics was a demand of the times, and that while in some sections a belief is prevalent that China might with advantage be advised to start a little later in the matter of aeronautic studies in view of the internal conditions, yet there was no reason why she should not organize an association aiming at preliminary investigations as to aeronautical development, so that she might not find herself starting too late in this important field of activity. After a brief reference to the general condition of aeronautics abroad, the Vice-president wound up his address with an expression of his sincere hope that the members of the association would do all in their power for the realisation of its objects.

The C. P. R. tunnel at Rogers Pass will be 28,000 feet long, and take five years to complete, working from both ends. It will lower the summit 540 feet, shorten the line three miles, and cut out 22,000 feet of curvature.

"PINNACE"
NAVY CUT TOBACCO



Letters From a Deep Sea Smoker—

"AN' I 'auls the bird into a pub, and there was a soljer there wot 'ad been in 'Alifax and Vancouver, an' w'en the bird sings out, 'Give us a pipe of PINNACE, Bill,' blest if the soljer doesn't up an' 'and me the tin, which I passes on to the bird, jokin' like.

Then the soljer, 'e says: 'That's the best tobacco wot ever went into Canada, or any other country, from old England.' An' I says, 'I know it, an' the parrot knows it, an' blow me, if the Hadmiral isn't learnin' it too, for 'e was the man wot taught my parrot, 'e comes around to me that frequent for a pipeful.'"

A Long, Cool Outdoor Smoke

3 Strengths—Mild, Medium and Full. 3 Sizes—2, 4 and 8 oz.

"PINNACE"—THE COOLEST OUTDOOR SMOKE.

SOLD THE WORLD OVER.

GET A TIN AND ENJOY IT TO-DAY.

Made by the B.D.V. People, London, England.

F. W. Dimock, Toronto Direct Representative.

Hearing the new Edison

Blue Amberol Records

is more convincing than hearing *about* them

In tone production lies the real test of any record. The Blue Amberol is the clearest, sweetest, most lifelike record that has yet been made.

But it is more. It is practically unbreakable. And it is so sturdy that the results of the thousandth time you play it are as perfect as the first.

Ask your dealer to let you hear them.

Thomas A. Edison, Inc., 100 Lakeside Ave., Orange, N. J., U. S. A.

A COMPLETE LINE OF EDISON PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS WILL BE FOUND AT

Montelius Piano House, Ltd., 1104 Government St. Fletcher Bros., Ltd., 1231 Government Street

Make your Car sure-footed

Men buy Goodyear Non-Skid Treads because they have overcome the faults common to other skid-preventing treads.

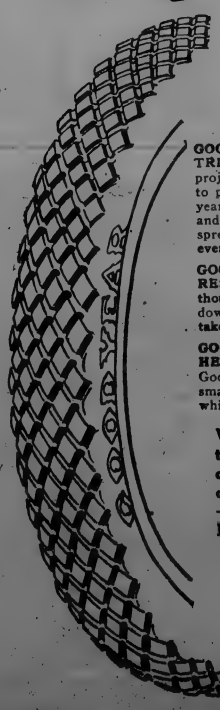
GOODYEAR NON-SKIDS GRIP. This perfect Non-Skid Tread, with its diamond-shaped blocks, its countless angles and edges facing in every direction, gets a *firm grip* of the road and adds much to the *power* and *safety* of the car.

GOODYEAR NON-SKIDS ARE SPRINGY. Heavy bars of rubber or uneven projections make hard, dead tires that jolt the motor and working parts of the car out of adjustment. *Riding* over Goodyear Non-Skids will prove that they are as springy and full of life as plain tires.

Fit all Standard Rims

GOODYEAR

NO-RIM-CUT NON-SKID TIRES



GOODYEAR NON-SKID BLOCKS DISTRIBUTE THE WEIGHT. Widely separated projections of hard rubber have been found to press in and bruise the fabric. The Goodyear diamond-shaped blocks are close together and wide at the base. Under pressure they spread out. The weight of the car is carried evenly over the whole tread.

GOODYEAR NON-SKIDS ARE SKID-RESISTING TO THE END. When, after thousands of miles, the centre blocks wear down, the angles and edges of the side-blocks take up the work.

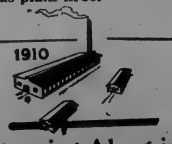
GOODYEAR NON-SKIDS DO NOT OVERHEAT. Most heavy tires heat up quickly. Goodyear Non-Skids are air-cooled. The small blocks are separated by deep air channels which keep the rubber cool.

WHERE can you get another such tread? AND this perfect Non-Skidding comes on a No-Rim-Cut, 10% oversize Tire—the tire that saves 48% —the tire that DOUBLES TIRE MILEAGE.

Do you want to STOP SKIDDING?
Do you want DOUBLE MILEAGE?

Look up the Goodyear Dealer.

1910



Stepping Along in Canada

In the Fall of 1910 we bought out the Durham Rubber Company's Factory at Bowmanville, lock, stock and barrel, and turned it into a Goodyear plant.

That was less than three years ago. Ever since, we have had factory extensions on our own hands. The growth of our Tire sales has called for unusual growth at our factory. These figures tell the story:

Floor space, 1911, 26,000 square feet
Floor space, 1912, 89,000 square feet.
No. of Employees, 1911..... 89
No. of Employees, 1912.....596
In 1911 we made.....37,750 Tires
In 1912 we made.....51,000 Tires
Our present output is 500 tires per day.

When men watch tire mileage so closely, what does this rapid growth signify?

No-Rim-Cut Tires are giving the double mileage. They are saving car owners 48% of tire cost.

153

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada Limited
Head Office, TORONTO

Branches at Victoria, Vancouver, Edmonton, Calgary, Regina, Winnipeg, Brandon, London, Hamilton, Montreal, St. John, Halifax

751 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

All kinds of Rubber Belting, Hose, Packing, Electric and Motor Cycle Tires

BRITONS ARE AROUSED BY WOMEN'S ACTS

Staid London Newspapers Are Advocating Lynch Law or Its Equivalent—Bombs Cause a Change.

LONDON, March 22.—The hand of the suffragette lies heavy on England. Day by day and night by night she puts the fear of woman into the heart of law abiding man. Her outrages have reached such a climax as to drive the most staid London newspapers into advocating lynch law or its equivalent.

The lawlessness of those southern newspapers that have instigated or palliated lynching proceedings in connection with negro crimes has always been held up here as the last word of iniquity. Yet now we have The Pall Mall Gazette—Astor's organ of ultra aristocracy—going one better. Astor's newspaper declares that white women must be punished by the mob.

"These criminals," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "have elected to trade upon the chivalry of the upper and middle classes. It is a calculation based upon a fairly solid foundation. The Englishman of that type will stand a good deal before he allows himself to treat an unscrupulous woman, as she deserves. But patience is not inexhaustible, nor is it uniformly distributed. When once an example of retaliation is set, the spell of the traditional code will be broken and those whom the law fails to protect are certain to adopt retaliation in the long run. That phase of the 'war' declared by the suffragettes would be brief, but it would be decidedly unpleasant."

Lead to Outrages

Without any doubt, this voices the opinion of the average man. The force of such a suggestion and the widespread desire to get even with the property and peace destroying suffragettes are almost bound to lead to outrages upon these female agitators that may be unprecedentedly brutal. The spirit of retaliation is growing out of hand throughout the country. Even the newspapers supporting the Government and, hitherto, advocates of the woman's cause, are urging stern measures. They recognize that the militant suffragettes are endeavoring to terrorize the public.

Heretofore, the outrages on property have been winked at, and the clemency of the officials in releasing from jail "hunger-striking" women has been applauded. Now from all sides, even from those ardent democratic quarters that demand the vote for all men and women over 21 years of age, there comes an insistent cry that those hysterical fanatics be punished to the full extent of the law.

Leading men and women, prominent newspapers and humanitarian societies, who up till now have taken the view that it is better to let a woman out of jail than to feed her forcibly or let her commit suicide by self-starvation, now urge the Government to permit the women to starve to death rather than continue to travesty justice. Very few women, it is pointed out, will carry self-starvation to the extreme limit. "It is difficult," says The London star, "to see how the law can be enforced against the criminals who conspired to place the bombs in the house at Walton Heath."

Bitter Change of Heart

In the last sentence is contained the real reason for this bitter change of heart among those who have so far made it possible for the suffragettes to carry on their campaign of petty outrage. First of all every Englishman has an ingrained terror and dislike of the bomb. It is a weapon which he rarely uses. He connects it with the cowardly assassin of Southern Europe, who is afraid to show himself and does not know how to fight. The frustration of the only bomb plot that ever figured in English history is still a matter of national celebration every fifth of November, when the effigy of Guy Fawkes, who tried to blow up the House of Commons several hundred years ago, is burned with much rejoicing and entire forgetfulness of all the circumstances except that he was a bomb merchant.

The second reason for this swift defection on the part of those who hitherto have supported the suffragettes is that the Walton Heath bombs were put in Lloyd George's house. The Chancellor of the Exchequer is the idol of those who believe in advanced socialist legislation. To attack him is to insult a deity. Just as Lloyd George is most bitterly hated by his political opponents, so he is most ardently worshipped by his followers. An attack upon Asquith's house would have been gravely and sedately reproved. An attack by bomb upon a house which supposedly belonged to Lloyd George has elicited from those very quarters which heretofore have advocated a policy of leniency a howl for vindicative punishment of the militant suffragette. The irony of the situation lies in the fact that Lloyd George is himself an ardent suffragette—but not so ardent as to resign a salary of $25,000 a year because the Prime Minister does not share his views on this question.

The seriousness of the situation can be gathered from the following summary of the principal outrages which have now developed into the bomb stage.

Summary of Outrages

January 18, 1908—Prime Minister's house raided.

February 11, 1908—Fift women arrested after raid on House of Commons.

June 30, 1908—Twenty-nine women arrested outside Parliament.

November 13, 1908—Mr. Birrell, Irish Secretary, Howled down at City Temple.

June 30, 1909—One hundred and twelve women arrested outside Parliament.

November 14, 1909—Winston Church ill assaulted by suffragette with dog whip.

November 28, 1910—Mr. Birrell is mobbed in London.

November 29, 1911—Prime Minister howled down at City Temple.

March 1, 1912—$20,000 damage done bp window smashing in west end of London.

July 12, 1912—Attempt to set fire to Nuneham Park, residence of Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the colonies.

July 12, 1912—Bombs sent to Mr. McKenna, Home Secretary.

July 18, 1912—Hatchet thrown into carriage in which Prime Minister and John Redmond were driving through Dublin; attempt to set fire to Theatre Royal, Dublin, packed with people; Mr. McKenna severely assaulted in Wales.

July 20, 1912—Prime Minister assaulted at Chester.

November 29, 1912—Paraffine placed in mail boxes throughout the country; thousands of letters destroyed.

January 30, 1913—Hundreds of windows broken in west end of London.

February 3, 1913—Raid on jewel room in Tower of London.

February 19, 1913—Bomb exploded in Lloyd George's new house.

February 20, 1913—Kew Gardens tea house set on fire.

In addition to these there have been countless attempts at arson which are almost without doubt due to the suffragettes, such as an attempt to burn down the grandstand at Epsom race track, from which thousands annually watch the famous Derby, and attempts to burn the houses of Mr. Hobhouse, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster and M. J. A. Pease, president of the Board of Education.

ARCHDEACON'S DEATH WILL BE SORELY FELT

Ardent Admirer of His Work Declares His Position Cannot Be Replaced at Early Date

A friend of Archdeacon Pentreath, whose death occurred at Paso Robles, Cal., last Wednesday, says it will be a severe blow to the Church of England on the Mainland, as well as a real personal loss to his many hundreds of friends in all parts of the Province. It was as a worker that the venerable Archdeacon will best be remembered and his admirer pays the following tribute: "He was a man who never spared himself, and, although bent with the burden of strenuous years, spent in the service of his Master, continued uncomplainingly to perform tasks that might have daunted the energies of many a younger man.

"As a preacher, it is asserted, his sermons were distinguished by no flowers of rhetoric, which like their namesakes of the hedge row and the garden, quickly fade from the human memory, but they were sermons to be remembered for their sound practical advice and their sturdy teaching of the faith that had been handed down to him by his Cornishmen ancestors. In appearance and manner strangers might have found the Archdeacon a little brusque.

"There was certainly nothing of the 'drawing-room parson' either about the man or his methods, but as a worker there could never be two opinions about him, and beneath that characteristic manner of his beat a heart that never failed to respond to the many calls made upon him. The death of Archdeacon Pentreath leaves the Church on the Mainland with only a very small handful of men who have worked in this Province for any considerable number of years. During the closing years of the life and episcopate of the late Bishop Dart he was practically the head in all save name of the diocese of New Westminster and in that capacity he did invaluable work in strengthening and building up the church in isolated parts of the vast Mainland diocese and also in establishing new outposts.

"Although born in Canada he never forgot his Cornish parentage, and although he loved the Dominion for the spiritual welfare of the Western portion of which he did so much, there was always a warm corner in his heart for Cornwall and the traditions that have made it famous throughout the English speaking world."

BANK CLEARINGS INCREASE

Total for Canadian Cities Nearly Twelve Millions Greater Than Last Year

TORONTO, March 22.—Canadian bank clearings for the week ending March 20, 1913, as compared with the corresponding period in 1912:

Cities.	1913.	1912.
Montreal	$51,453,566	$45,994,408
Toronto	41,926,542	37,318,794
Winnipeg	24,812,179	25,590,800
Vancouver	11,802,429	11,761,254
Calgary	4,153,866	4,701,026
Ottawa	3,770,138	5,716,744
Edmonton	4,043,582	2,783,315
Victoria	3,713,833	3,260,105
Hamilton	3,021,368	2,745,779
Quebec	2,179,983	2,248,530
Saskatoon	1,770,565	2,032,724
Regina	2,116,870	2,092,534
Halifax	1,766,945	1,916,766
St. John	1,146,341	1,448,948
London	1,869,098	1,468,998
Moose Jaw	1,262,776	1,043,306
Port William	705,315	504327
Lethbridge	561788	526,040
Brandon	495,175	487,018
Brantford	563,442	497,998
Totals	$163,994,791	$15,138,643

HATS AND HAIR DON'T MAKE A GOOD SLEUTH

Famous English Detective Declares Women Cannot Run Their Quarry Down.

LONDON, March 22.—The ever-increasing interest as to woman's proper sphere in business life continues to find fruitful ground for argument in the assertion that women make better detectives than men. Inspector John Sweeney, one of the greatest detectives ever connected with Scotland Yard, who tracked famous criminals, great anarchists and guarded crowned heads and priceless jewels with unvarying success, was asked what he thought about it.

"In my experience of thirty-eight years," said Mr. Sweeney, "I have worked with hundreds of men and a great many women in unraveling cases, and I never found that the cleverest woman has been equal to a man of ordinary ability.

"A man invariably pays more attention to his work than a woman, apart from the fact that he usually knows more about it.

"Women are so frequently thinking about something else—whether their hair is parted straight and whether their hat is at the right angle, or whether their friend will turn up in time for the theatre.

"I know no detective agencies whose opinions are divided as to the relative value of men and women as private investigators. A woman could never take up a case and carry it through in her own way—that is, do the necessary inquiries, observation and following on long journeys. On each occasion when I have engaged a lady detective to follow on long journeys she has always missed her quarry and returned home dejected and crestfallen. Then if she were asked to take up another case at once she would respectfully decline, advancing the excuse that she must have a rest before commencing again. On the other hand, a man would be only too pleased to start at once and put his best foot forward and make sure that he did not miss his quarry again."

THE CITY MARKETS

RETAIL

Feed

Alfalfa Hay, per ton	$23.00
Timothy Hay, per ton	21.00
Barley, per 100 lbs.	1.60
Crushed Barley, per 100 lbs.	1.70
Bran, per 100 lbs.	1.45
Shorts, per 100 lbs.	1.55
Chop Feed, per 100 lbs.	1.50
Corn, per 100 lbs.	1.70
Cracked Corn, per 100 lbs.	1.80
Crushed Oats, per 100 lbs.	1.80
Feed Cornmeal, per 100 lbs.	1.95
Feed Wheat, per 100 lbs.	1.85 2.00@2.35
Oats, per 100 lbs.	1.50
Straw, per bale	.75

Flour

Seal of Alberta	1.85
H. & K. Bread Flour	1.85
Lake of the Woods, bag	1.95
Robin Hood, bag	1.85
Royal Household, bag	1.85
Royal Standard, bag	1.85
Moffat's Best, bag	1.80
Seal of Alberta, bag	1.85
Purity, per bag	1.85
Prairie Pride, per bag	1.75
Snowflake, per bag	1.75
Wild Rose, bag	1.85
Drifted Snow, per sack	1.85

Meats

Beef, per lb.	.18 .25
Broilers, lb.	.40
Fowl	.35
Local Fowls, per lb.	.35
Milk-Fed Chickens, per lb.	.40
Mutton, per lb.	.10@.25
Mutton, Australian, per lb.	.05@.20
Lamb, forequarters, each	$1.50@$2.50
Lamb, hindquarters, each	$2.00@$3.00

Dairy Produce and Eggs

Butter—	
B. C. Butter	.40
Best Dairy, per lb.	.35
Cowichan Creamery, per lb.	.50
New Zealand Butter	.40
Salt Spring Is. Creamery, lb.	.40
Northwestern Creamery, lb.	.40
Cheese, Canadian, per lb.	.23
English Stilton, per lb.	.35
Wisconsin Brick, per lb.	.35
Gorgonzola, per lb.	.50
Roquefort, per lb.	.50
Swiss, per lb.	.50
Camembert, circle brand, lb.	.35
German "Edelweiss," per lb.	.50
Eggs—	
Egg-Laying Contest, per doz.	.30
Local Fresh Eggs, per doz.	.25

Fruit

Apples, per box	1.25 2.25
Lemons, per doz.	.50
Wenatchie Apples, box	2.25 2.75
Bananas, per dozen	.25
Italian Chestnuts, per lb.	.25
Grape Fruit	2@.25 .15
Smyrna Figs, per lb.	.25
Dates, Golden, 2 pkgs.	.25
Dates, Fard, per lb.	.15
Kentish Cob Nuts, per lb.	.25
Cranberries, per qt.	.20
Oranges, per doz.	.35 .50 .60 .75
Walnuts, per lb.	.25 .30

Vegetables

Asparagus, per lb.	.25
Beets, per lb.	.01
Cabbage, new, per lb.	.04
Carrots, per lb.	.02
Cauliflowers, each	.15 .20
Celery, 2 for	.25
Curly Kale, per lb.	.04
Garlic, per lb.	.25
Green Onions, 3 bunches	.10
Hothouse Lettuce	.05
California Tomatoes, per lb.	.25
Fresh Green Peas, per lb.	.20
Potatoes, Ashcroft, per sack	1.50
Early Potatoes, Calif., per lb.	.15
Potatoes, Local, per sack	
Sweet Potatoes, 4 lbs.	.25
Rhubarb, per 2 lbs.	.25
Radishes, 3	.10
Oregon Onions, 8 lbs.	.25
Cucumbers, each	.25

CHICAGO MARKETS

(Furnished by F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	90¾	90⅞	90¼	90⅜
July	89⅝	90⅛	89⅝	90
Sept.	89⅛	89⅜	89⅛	89⅜
Corn—				
May	53	53⅝	53	53⅞
July	54⅛	54⅞	54⅝	54⅝
Sept.	55⅝	55⅞	55⅝	55⅞
Oats—				
May	33½	33⅞	33⅝	33⅞
July	33⅝	33⅞	33⅛	33⅞
Sept.	33½	33⅝	33½	33⅝
Pork—				
May	20.65	20.82	20.65	20.82
July	20.57	20.50	20.35	20.50
Lard—				
May	10.80	11.00	10.80	11.00
July	10.75	10.87	10.77	10.87
Short Ribs—				
May	10.87	11.00	10.80	11.00
July	10.80	10.87	10.77	10.85

Leroy & Wachter

AUCTIONEERS

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

Furniture and Effects

1808 COOK STREET

Thursday, March 27

Particulars Later

Leroy & Wachter — 720 View St.

E. M. Wilson & Co.

BROKERS, STOCKS AND BONDS

714 Pacific Building — Vancouver, B. C.

WE OFFER FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

2000 Shares Buick Oil Co.	@	.10
500 Shares White Island Sulphur Co.	@	2.65
500 Shares Calf Switch Co., Ltd	@	.40
125 British Canadian Home Builders	@	.95
100 Shares Dominion Match Company	@	3.15
30 Shares Bankers Trust Corp. Pref.	@	11.30
25 Shares Bankers Trust Corp. Com.	@	5.00
20 Shares Coquitlam Terminal Co., Ltd. ($48 paid)	@	100.00
55 Shares Ocean Falls Co., Ltd., Pref.	@	55.00
8 Shares Bank of Vancouver	@	70.00
2 Shares Standard Trust & Industrial Co., Ltd. (1 common and 1 preferred), Lot		210.00

List Your Securities With Us

Maynard & Sons

AUCTIONEERS

Instructed by Mrs. J. B. Martin, we will sell at her residence, 1409 Stanley Avenue, on

TUESDAY NEXT

2 P.M.

All her well kept and desirable

Furniture and Effects

Including:

PARLOR: Oak Morris Chair, leather seat; up. Settee, Oak Centre Table, up. Reception Chairs, Oak Rockers, Brass and Onyx Table, Mah. Rocker, Lace Curtains, Portiers, very good Axminster Rug, 9-10x13-1.

DINING-ROOM: Very fine Oak Buffet, Oak Extension Table, set of 6 Oak Dining Chairs, with leather spring seats; Couch, Screen, Heater, Large Mirror, very good Wilton Carpet, Vacuum Cleaner, piece of Linoleum, 9x10; Plated Ware, Chinaware, Glassware, Pictures, etc.

HALL: Hall Carpet, very fine Mah. Overmantel, Oak Table, Rocker Chairs, Stuffed Birds, Ornaments and good Carpet.

THREE BEDROOMS: Very good Oak Bedroom Suite, Hardwood Bedroom Suite, Bed, Spring and Mattress, Bureau, Toilet Ware, Tables, Chairs, Towel Racks, Carpet, Matting Squares, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Pictures, Upstair Hall Carpet.

KITCHEN AND OUTSIDE: 6-hole Acorn Cook Stove, Couch, Kitchen Chairs, Cooking Utensils, Jam Jars, Linoleum, Gas Plate, Lawn Mower, Garden Hose, Stepladder, Bird Cage, and also

10-FOOT LAPSTREAK DINGHY

On view Monday afternoon 2 to 5 o'clock.

Also at 3 o'Clock

This well built 7-room house, with basement, on lot 50x129. Terms of sale on property, one-quarter cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years at 7 per cent.

MAYNARD & SONS — Auctioneers

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly Instructed by Wm. McCullough, Esq., will sell, by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At his Residence, 227 Menzies Street, on

Tuesday, March 25

At 2 o'clock sharp

The whole of his handsome and well kept

Household Furniture and Effects

Including:

Dining Room—Large Oak Ex. Table, 7 leather-seated Oak Dining Room Chairs, very handsome solid Oak Sideboard, small Oak Table, Singer Drop Head Sewing Machine, sundry Glassware and Dishes, Clock, Newspaper Rack, Curtains, Blinds, Heater, Carpet, Pictures, Ornaments, etc.

Drawing Room—First class Piano, by Gerhard Heintzman (nearly new); Mahogany Music Cabinet, very handsome 5-piece Mahogany Parlor Suite, up. in rich brocade; Mahogany Centre Table, Mahogany Flower Stand, elegant Drape Pictures, Lace Curtains, Blinds, Rugs, very handsome Velvet Pile Carpet, 4 pairs of Tapestry Curtains, etc.

Hall—Solid Oak Hall Stand, Oc. Table, Velvet Pile Carpet, etc.

Sitting Room—Good up. Couch, handsome Oak Lady's Writing Desk, Oak Sectional Bookcase, Books, 2 Oc. Tables, 3 Oak Rockers, Pictures, Lace Curtains, Blinds, Ornaments, Heater, Rugs, Carpet, etc.

Kitchen—"Albion" Range, Kitchen Table, Kitchen Chairs, Dishes, Cooking Utensils, Linoleum, etc.

Bedroom 1.—Solid Oak Bedroom Suite, Oak Chiffonier, Wardrobe, Oak Cane-Seated Chair, Oak Rocker, Lace Curtains, Blinds, Carpet, etc.

Bedroom 2.—2 Iron Bedsteads and Mattresses, 2 Bedroom Chairs, Large Chest of Drawers, Oc. Table, Mirror, Lace Curtains, Blinds, Rugs, Carpet, etc.

Outside—Garden Tools, Lawn Mower, 50 ft. new Hose and Sprinkler, Meat Safe, Step Ladder, Wash Tub and Wringer, Ironing Board and other goods too numerous to mention.

The goods will be on view tomorrow, at 2 o'clock.

The Auctioneer — Stewart Williams

Wanted at Once

Men and women to work for us in spare time in their homes. Simple work, good pay. Write for instructions and contract free.

H. GARD, SECRETARY

315 College Street — Toronto, Can.

$10 Easter Eggs at "Altadena"

On Monday a tin box with $10 gold piece will be placed on every third lot, the finder to be the absolute owner.

SECURITY UNDERWRITERS LIMITED — Trounce Alley — Phone 3231

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly Instructed, Will Sell by

Public Auction

At Their Mart, on View Street, on

Thursday, March 27

AT 2 O'CLOCK SHARP

A Quantity of

Household Furniture and Effects

Including:

3 Dinner services, tea set, 3 single iron bedsteads, springs and hair mattresses, 4 chests of drawers, 4 washstands, 3 swing mirrors, Chippendale mirror, drop-leaf table, 3 small tables, oak extension table, Early Victorian sewing table, 2 medicine chests, kitchen cupboard, 2 small cupboards, 2 willow up. chairs, 6 leather-seated. diners, sundry kitchen and bedroom chairs, 3 up. mahogany chairs (Early Victorian), small oak writing desk, brackets, carpets, rugs, feather pillows and bolsters, good tent, iron camp bed complete, quantity of pictures, meat safe, carpet sweeper, 2 bamboo tables, very fine Japanese rug, clothes horse, footstools and other goods too numerous to mention.

The Auctioneer — Stewart Williams

A CORNER IN BARGAINS

Corner Craigflower Road and Burleith—65 x 92 x 93. This is a splendid lot. Price $2,700

Olympia Avenue—6-roomed modern house, garage, conservatory, large veranda, lawn, stone wall. Price $6,500

Saratoga and Oliver Streets—120 x 110, small cottage renting. Two blocks from car. Price $6,500

Humboldt and Blanchard—97.8 x 37.10, revenue producing; right in the centre of development. Price $25,000

Johnson Street—Between Blanchard and Quadra, 60 x 125 to lane. Good revenue. This is a gift. Price $40,000

Good Terms Can Be Arranged

It Will Pay You to Call and See Us

Western Dominion Land & Investment Co., Ltd.

Cor. Fort and Broad — Phone 2470 and 2471

F. W. STEVENSON & CO.

STOCK AND BOND BROKERS

Members Chicago Board of Trade, Victoria Stock Exchange.

103-106 Pemberton Bldg., Cor. Fort and Broad Sts.

ORDERS EXECUTED ON ALL EXCHANGES

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton

Private Wires to Chicago, New York, Boston and Montreal

Union Bank of Canada

Established 1865

Paid-up Capital	$5,000,000.00
Rest	3,300,000.00

293 BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA

SAVINGS DEPARTMENTS AT ALL BRANCHES

BRITISH COLUMBIA BRANCHES

Victoria, Vancouver (seven branches), New Westminster, Prince Rupert, Nanaimo, New Hazelton, Telkwa and Vernon.

A Branch of the Bank has been established at 51 Threadneedle Street, London, England, where Letters of Credit, and Drafts payable at all important points in Canada and the United States can be purchased, and Money Transfers by cable or by letter can be arranged.

Clients of the Bank, when in London, are invited to visit the branch. Information will be furnished on all Canadian business matters.

A. E. CHRISTIE — Manager Victoria Branch

This Magnificent 10-Roomed House

On North Quadra Street for sale.

$11,000

On easy terms. Five bedrooms, nearly one acre of beautifully laid out garden.

The view from the terraces cannot be excelled. This house was designed by S. Maclure, architect, and is considered one of his best efforts.

ORDERS TO VIEW MAY BE OBTAINED FROM

SECURITY UNDERWRITERS LIMITED

TROUNCE ALLEY

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES

One cent a word each insertion, 10 per cent. discount for six or more consecutive insertions—cash with order. No advertisement accepted for less than 25 cents.

Business and Professional Cards—of four lines or under—$1.00 per week.

No advertisement charged on account for less than $2.00. Phone No. 11.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ART GLASS—A. F. Roy, over thirty years' experience in art glass leaded lights for churches, schools and private dwellings. Works and store, 915 Fanoura ave., next to Methodist church. Phone 594.

AT 721 Yates st. you can buy or rent a Duntley Vacuum Cleaner. We also do carpet cleaning. Phone 4618.

A DESIGNER and builder wants to figure on Port Angeles buildings. C. L. Dunn, 708 Quebec st., Victoria.

BAGGAGE DELIVERY—Victoria Transfer Co., Ltd., Tel. 129.

BLUE PRINTING—Electric Blue Print and Map Co. 214 Central bldg., View st.; blue printing, maps, draughting, dealers in surveyors' instruments and drawing office supplies. Phone 1466.

BOOKLOVERS' LIBRARY—Room 201 Campbell bldg., Douglas st. Subscriptions 75 cents per month. Hours 10:30 to 6:30 p.m. Phone 4933.

BOTTLES—All Kinds of bottles wanted; good prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1020 Store st. Phone 1336.

CARPENTER—Specifications, estimates. Bartholomew, 1133 Fort st.

CARPENTERING—Jobbing, alterations a speciality; plans and estimates free; phone 1.3943.

CEMENT and rock work. Phone L4971.

CHIMNEY SWEEP—Lloyd. Phone F2183.

COAL—Hall & Walker, Wellington Collieries coal; Comox anthracite coal; blacksmith's and nut coal specially prepared. Phone 88. 1232 Government.

CRUSHED rock and gravel—Producers' Rock and Gravel Company. Bunkers, Store st., foot of Chatham st. Phone 305. Crushed rock, washed sand and gravel, delivered by teams in bunkers or on scows at quarry and gravel pit at Royal Bay.

DRAYMEN—Victoria Truck and Dray Co., Ltd. Phones 13, 4768, 1793.

DRAYMAN—Joseph Heaney, office at 85 Wharf st. Phone 171.

DRAUGHTSMEN, map compilers and blue printers; city map specialists. Island Blueprint and Map Co., Sayward, blk. Phone 1044.

DRESSMAKING of the highest grade by "London Court Dressmakers"; latest modes just received, also evening, shirt waist and tailored suits, etc. Madame A. M. Watts, 707½ Yates st.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—Wing On, 2017 Douglas. Phone 23.

EXPERT piano and furniture moving, baggage and transfer work; rates reasonable; phone 2662. Island Transfer Co., Ltd.

GRADUATE Optician and Optometrist will give a written guarantee with every pair of glasses fitted by him. Albert Elbert, office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., over Shelton's dry goods store, 732 Yates st.

JUNK—Wanted, scrap brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks, bottles, rubber. Highest prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1020 Store st. Phone 1336.

LACE CURTAINS carefully washed and stretched. Phone R3254.

LACE CURTAINS laundry; special quick service. 809 Caledonia ave., H. Roberts.

LAND clearing undertaken. Apply to The Ducrest Stump Puller & Land Clearing Tools Mfg. Co., 467 Burnside rd., (eastline).

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT—Mr. E. Hobday, F.R.H.S., estates laid out; staff of skilled gardeners; 5 to 10 acres. Phone 1733; offices, 913-14 Jones bldg., Fort st.

LANDSCAPE GARDENER—Jas. Simpson, 611 Superior; phone L3964; expert on fruits, flowers and vegetables; best roses, shrubs and herbaceous plants now ready; lists free; bulbs, berried aucubas and hollies, extra fine; wichurian roses a specialty.

LANDSCAPE and Jobbing Gardener. Tree pruning also; gardens laid out and kept in order. H. Tidbury, greenhouses, 1009 Johnson st. Phone 1776.

LITHOGRAPHING—Lithographing, engraving and embossing. Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your advance agent; our work is unequalled west of Toronto. The Colonist Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd.

LIVERY—Victoria Transfer Co., Ltd. Tel. 129. Best service in the city.

LOANS FREE OF INTEREST—The Victoria Mutual Loan and Building Society, Ltd., give notice that, in consequence of rapidly increasing business, offices have been secured at 317 Central bldg., where applications are received daily; also Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 3229. Next ballot fixed for March 21; join at once in time for same.

OLD mufflers, stoles, cleaned, altered up-to-date sable a week. Phone R314.

PAPERHANGING — H. M. Harris, 812 Caledonia ave. First-class work, estimates furnished. Phone 5004.

POTTERY WARE—Sewer pipe, field tile, ground fire clay, flower pots, etc. B.C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora.

ROCK BLASTING—J. Paul, contractor for rock blasting. Tel. 1821 Quadra st., Victoria, B. C.

SCALP TREATMENT—Dandruff and falling hair; baldness a specialty. Madame Saretta, 214 Hibben blk. Phone 4323.

SHORTHAND thoroughly taught. Pay by the month. Call 891.

SHORTHAND — Shorthand School, 1109 Broad st., Victoria. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, thoroughly taught. Graduates fill good positions. E. A. MacMillan, principal.

STENCIL and Seal Engraving—General engraver and stencil cutter. Geo. Crowther, 816 Wharf st., behind P.O.

STORAGE—The Royal Shorthand; rapid and perfect system based on the world-renowned Pitman's; our school full now, but first vacancy goes to you. Intending pupils apply at once for particulars; the great demand for stenographers from this school proves the principal's claim all pupils after three months; easy monthly payments; individual tuition by English teachers; typewriting, bookkeeping, day and night classes; save time and learn the best; the best is always the cheapest. The Royal Shorthand School, 406-409 Sayward blk. Phone 2601.

SHORTHAND—Daniel's is the most thorough system in existence, come and examine our students. They can write 80 to 100 words per minute after one month's study. Touch typewriting and shorthand complete $50, easy terms. Bookkeeping and rapid calculation. Room 12 Brown blk. Call for particulars.

UPHOLSTERING chairs, couches, slipcovers, window shades, made to order, repairing a specialty. Will call and give estimates. 1944 Oak Bay ave. Phone 4912.

UNDERTAKING—Hanna & Thomson, undertakers. Parlors open day and night; graduate U. S. College of Embalming. Contractors to H. M. Navy. Office phone 498; res. phone 611.

UNDERTAKING—B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co. (Hayward's), 734 Broughton st. Prompt attention; charges reasonable. Phones 2258, 2236, 2237, 2238. Chas. Hayward, president; R. Hayward, secretary; F. Castleton, manager.

WATCHMAKERS and Jewelers — Ives & Teifer, successors to A. Petch, 707 Pandora st.; English watch repairing a specialty; jewelry manufactured and repaired; first-class work guaranteed; prices reasonable.

WE SERVE for engineering work, building, draughtsmanship, design, also repairing of houses, etc., with artistic considerations and low prices. Apply to Japanese civil building engineer, H. K. Sone, 561 Johnson st.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY (Continued)

WINDOW CLEANING—Don't forget to phone L2382, James' Bay Window Cleaning Co., Kelway, 244 Coburg st.

WINDOW CLEANING—You can stand at ease by phoning the International Window Cleaning Co. Estimates given free. Phone R1898.

WINDOW CLEANING—Attention—To secure thoroughness and promptitude, phone L1382. The Island Window Cleaning Co., 731 Princess ave., for window cleaning and janitor work.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR—G. W. Anthony, 407 Jones bldg. Phone 4926.

ARCHITECT—Thomas Hooper, in practice in B.C. for 25 years. Plans and specifications furnished on application. Office New Royal Bank bldg. Phone 927.

ARCHITECT—C. Elwood Watkins, Rooms 1 and 2 Green block, corner Trounce avenue and Broad. Phone 2188; residence phone 4442.

ARCHITECT—H. S. Griffiths, 1006 Government st. Phone 1489.

ARCHITECT—S. B. Birds, A. R. I. B. A., 302 Central bldg., Victoria, B. C. Phone 3982.

B.C. LAND SURVEYOR—H. M. T. Hodgson, Ass. Mem. Inst. of Civil Engineers. Office, Carmen block, Fort Alberni. Phone 87.

CIVIL Engineer—George A. Smith, British Columbia Land Surveyor. Office at Alberni, B.C.

CIVIL Engineers—Green Bros., Burden & Co., civil engineers, Dominion and B. C. land surveyors. 114 Pemberton block, branch offices in Nelson, Fort George and Hazelton, B.C.

CIVIL Engineers—Canavan and Mitchell, offices 227-228 Pemberton block. Tel. 1398. P. O. Box 89. Examinations and reports, irrigation and drainage, hydro-electric development, waterworks, sewerage and sewage disposal.

CIVIL Engineer—Clarence Hoard, member Can. Soc. C. E., member Am. Ry. Engr. Association. Steam, electric, logging, railroads, engineering and construction. Office 401 Pemberton bldg. Phone 984; res. Empress Hotel. Phone 1680.

CONSULTING Engineer—W. G. Winter-burn, M. I. N. A., receives pupils for examination for certificates of efficiency and marine. 516 Bastion square. Phone 1531.

CONSULTING Engineers—William Mahlon Davis, M. Can. Soc. C. E., and M. N. E. W. Association. R. F. Leslie, M. I. C. E., M. Can. Soc. C. E. Offices Chancery Chambers, Victoria, 502-503 Duncan bldg., Vancouver.

DENTIST—W. F. Fraser, D. M. D. Office 732 Yates st., Gareshe block. Office hours: 9:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

LAND SURVEYORS—Gore & McGregor, 1 Ltd., British Columbia Land Surveyors, Civil Engineers. Timber Cruisers, Land Agents. J. F. Templeton, managing director; J. H. McGregor, president; Percy J. Down, secretary-treasurer; P. A. Landry, Northern lands; T. A. Kelley, timber department; Hutchinson & Hutchinson, city and Chancery Chambers, Langley st., Victoria, B.C. P. O. Box 152. Phone 684. McGregor bldg., Third st., S. Fort George, B.C.

MECHANO-THERAPY—D. J. Morrison, M. T. D., doctor of mechano-therapy, osteopathy, physical culture, physical deformities and chronic diseases treated; consultation free. 921 Fort st. Phone 4661.

MEDICAL Electricity, massage, osteopathy. R. H. Barker, from the National Hospital, London Eng., 14 years' practical experience. 913 Fort st. Phone R4738.

SURVEYORS—Swannell & Noakes, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors, Civil Engineers, Agenda bldg., 1004 Government st. P. O. Box 542. Phone 877.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES

ANCIENT Order of Foresters, Court Northern Light, No. 5925, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad st., 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Sec.

LOYAL Orange Association, Premier Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 1610, meets second and fourth Mondays, at the Foresters' Hall, Broad st. J. C. Scott, 1st Worshipful Master; W. C. Warren, 32 Cambridge st., secretary.

SONS of England, B. S. Alexandra Lodge No. 116, meets first and third Wednesdays, K. of P. Hall. H. T. Heller, 115 Richard st., president. Jas. F. Temple, 1053 Burdette st., secretary.

SONS of England, B.S. Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 134, meets second and fourth Tuesdays in O. F. Hall. Richard Trowbridge, president. J. J. Fletcher, secretary. W. H. Trowbridge, 520 Williams street, city.

MUSIC

BAGPIPES—Piper wanted, resident in or near Duncan. Box 2321, Colonist.

MANDOLIN, banjo, piano, taught by Miss Winterburn, 428 Dallas rd. Phone 5331.

MISS Maude Scruby, of London, England, is prepared to arrange to receive pupils in Victoria for violoncello. Address 1080 Melville st., Vancouver.

REQUIRED—Pupils for pianoforte lessons, Terms very reasonable. Apply 1518 Cook st.

VOICE culture, singing, Italian method. Albert German, 1530 Cook st., near Pandora.

TUITION

FAIRFIELD College, day and boarding school for boys. Thorough education in all branches. Commercial subjects, etc. Separate preparatory department. Moderate fees. Pupils may join at any time. For prospectus apply Principal, 134 Howe st.

MADAME Chöllet from Paris, Switzerland, and London, gives private lessons in french and (german, conversation, reading and literature. Classic music. Pupils have passed College of Preceptors examinations. Phone 4661. 1246 Fort st.

PRIVATE SCHOOL will reopen Monday, March 31. Miss Wolfenden, "Arkholme." Phone 3099 Cranmore rd.

PRIVATE lessons given in elocution. Phone L3927.

HELP WANTED—MALE

A DD $15 weekly to your income with few hours' work in spare time mailing or handing circulars to your friends. Large mail order house. Outfit free. Responsible workers wanted everywhere. The Consumers Association, Windsor, Ont.

A FIRST-CLASS sign painter wanted. Apply to G. Myers, the Melrose Co.

APPLICATIONS will be received up to March 21st, for the position of Publicity Commissioner. Applicants to furnish testimonials and state salary required. B.C. Inland Board of Trade, Kamloops, B.C.

BOY with wheel wanted. Apply Hasty Delivery Service, 928 Fisguard st.; wages $35.

BOY WANTED—Apply James Bay Pharmacy.

DO you want a good paying position, where you can't help making money, if you are energetic and of good booster? Call and see me, Martin, 415 Central bldg.

FARM HELP WANTED—Young Britisher, one with some experience preferred. Active Pass Stock Ranch, Galiano Island.

GENTLEMEN'S discarded clothing bought, also tuxedo suits, boots, shoes, valises, etc. Wm. Morris, 609 Yates, upstairs; phone 4810.

LIVE proposition and large commission for experienced solicitor. Call today before 10 a.m. or after 5 p.m., 221 Sayward bldg.

MARRIED couple wanted as indoor servant, valet, gentleman's country house, also couple for country, man to attend to garden, wife as cook. Apply to the Ladies' Agency, 425 Sayward bldg.

HELP WANTED—MALE (Continued)

PAINTERS and paperhangers of this city are on strike for a living wage; stay away till it is settled.

PAINTERS and paperhangers wanted to call at Labor Hall, 731 Johnson st.

SALESMAN, to work evenings, or all time, no canvassing. Apply, 12 to 1, or 5 to 6, 604 Broughton st.

SMART errand boy wanted. Apply The Acme Press, Ltd., 751 View st.

SALESMEN required, not real estate, precious experience not essential although desirable. Good men can earn upwards of $250 per month. Proposition appeals to everyone. Apply 513 Sayward bldg., Victoria.

FARMER seeks partner to share in stock and working of farm of 100 acres at Metchosin. Box 2316, Colonist.

WANTED—A first-class and experienced storekeeper for engineers and general stores in a large factory outside Victoria. Must be steady, reliable, and a good timekeeper. Wages $80 per month. Apply with references and full particulars of past experience to, R. V. Winch & Co., Ltd., 521 Fort st.

WANTED—Smart man to canvass real estate offices. Must know city well. Would prefer one who has been in the real estate business, salary and commission. Apply 504 Central bldg.

WANTED—An experienced stock keeper, with knowledge of manufacturing large basement. Must be a hustler. State particulars of experience, etc. Box 2294 Colonist.

WANTED—Reliable stock and dairy man to take charge of a herd of dairy cows, Saddle Dyne, Duncan P. O.

WANTED—A good milker and teamster; apply Box 2400, Colonist.

WANTED—Contractor to build store, will give contractor two lots provided he builds immediately two houses for himself in the same subdivision; out of town. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

WANTED—Four good boat builders. Apply Hinton Electric Co., Bay st.

WANTED, a boy, Pioneer Coffee & Spice Co., Pembroke st.

WANTED—First-class stock salesman, must be experienced, salary and commission. Apply 208 Union Bank bldg.

WANTED—Several live real estate salesmen to handle first-class subdivision property. Liberal commission. Apply to Mills, 232 Pemberton bldg.

WANTED—Salesman; an exceptional opportunity is offered a man of integrity, ability and energy to form a permanent connection with an established financial institution operating from Victoria to the entire Province. The offer is on a strictly commission basis; communications confidential. Apply for interview to Box 2242, this office.

WANTED at once on ranch, young man who can make himself generally useful and milk a cow. Wages, $16. Apply R. Irwin, Thetis Island, Chemainus, B.C.

WANTED—Several good finishers for boat work. Apply Foreman, Hinton Electric Co.

WANTED—Men and women to learn the barber trade; wages paid while learning; $18 to $35 per week when qualified. We issue the only recognized diploma in the world. Learn a trade and be independent; the most complete college in the West. Call or write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, 846 Main st., Vancouver, B.C.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ALL reliable girls who desire good positions should apply to the Red Cross Employment Bureau, 1011 Government st., near Post Office, where you are treated honorably; we study your best interests for both mistress and maid; several city and country cooks, waitresses, generals, $20 to $40; chambermaids, house, table and parlormaids; young girls as mothers' helps, country cooks-housekeepers also country cook; daily and weekly help furnished. Phone 4257.

A GOOD general servant girl; apply at 3322 Quadra Extension or phone F1826.

A YOUNG girl for afternoons to assist with light housework and care of children. Apply mornings, 1020 Fendergast st., Fairfield Estate.

AT once, required for Cowichan, governess, usual subjects, etc., with music and piano; also two good girls, one generals, for families in country; also three for town; three house parlormaids and two nurses; housemaids, city; wanted, post for lady help, Duncan or Cowichan, domesticated and obliging; wanted post for mother and daughter, as cook and mother's help; a certificated English governess required for country, for reliable, educational and domestic service, 1314 Fort; tel. 447; hours, 3, 7, 4:30, 8.

ALL reliable girls who desire good positions should apply to the Red Cross Employment Bureau, 1011 Government st., near Post Office, where you are treated honorably; we study your best interests for both mistress and maid; several city and country cooks, waitresses, generals, $20 to $40; chambermaids, house, table and parlor maids; young girls as mothers' helps, country cook-housekeeper also country hotel cook; daily and weekly help furnished. Phone 4257.

ALL kinds of reliable help required—Several city and country cooks, general, $30, $35, $40; city and country waitresses, $20; chambermaids, country cook, housekeeper, $30; nurses, nurses, mother's helps, parlormaids, etc., daily, weekly, help furnished. Red Cross Employment Bureau, 1011 Government st., block and half from post office. Phone 4257; hours 9 to 6.

AT the Ladies' Educational, Domestic and Business Agency, assistants in any capacity may be obtained, temporary or permanent. Governesses, stenographers, waitresses, nurses, housekeepers, lady's helps and domestic help always disengaged. Partnerships arranged and businesses transferred. Schools and homes recommended, also apartments, rooms and boarding houses. 425 Sayward bldg. Phone 1488. Office hours 10 a.m. to 6. Mrs. A. Clark, secretary.

CONCERT party (refined) requires services of a soubrette. Box 2287 Colonist.

FEMALE help wanted for general house work. Address, giving age and wages required, to W. Perneyhough, Kokallah Hotel and Post Office.

GOOD cook for country $35 to $40. Also house parlor maid and housemaid cook general for Prince Rupert, $30. General help for Cowichan, $25. Waitress for hotel in town, $20. Two chambermaids, first-class hotel. Cook housekeeper for country, $40. Experienced children's nurse, $30. Kitchen help, $20. Apply to the Ladies' Agency, 425 Sayward bldg.

GRADUATE Nurse wanted—Canadian trained nurse to take complete charge of Private Hospital. Hospital Salary $75. Address Secretary General Hospital, Princeton, B.C.

MAKERS and trimmers wanted at once. Apply Millinery Department, Gordons Ltd.

TWO rooms rent free and firing to couple in return for services of wife in house. Only steady, thrifty couple need apply. P. O. Box 1746 Victoria.

THE Underwood Typewriter Employment Department. When in need of a stenographer or bookkeeper telephone 4798. We please the employer and place competent girls.

WANTED—Skirt hand, for alteration, at once. Apply, Mantle Department, David Spencer, Ltd.

WANTED—A lady to take care of infant, generous terms. Apply by letter to Box 2324 Colonist.

WANTED—Young girl, 16 or 17 years of age, for housework, no children; apply in mornings, 973 St. Patrick st., Oak Bay.

WANTED — Young ladies of fair education and neat appearance to learn telephone operating. Apply in person to office of District Traffic Superintendent, at B. C. Telephone Co., cor. Blanchard and Johnson.

WANTED—General servant for family of two. Call 1538 Davie st., north of Oak Bay ave.

WANTED—General servant, good cook, no upstairs work. Highest wages. Apply Mrs. Dunsford, 1438 Fort st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE (Continued)

WANTED—Lady coat maker, at once. New York Tailor.

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework. Apply Phone, L5460.

WANTED—Salesiady, jewelry store. 547 Johnson st., city.

WANTED—At once skirt and waist makers, also improvers; apply Mrs. Angus, 3rd floor, D. Spencer, Ltd.

WANTED—Man and wife to cook, small crew first-class camp, near city. Good wages to right parties. Aurores Box 2240 Colonist.

WANTED—Energetic lady to demonstrate fine opportunity. Box 2307, Colonist.

WANTED—Saleslades; apply drug department David Spencer, Ltd.

WANTED—A girl to look after children. 1686 Quebec st.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be good plain cook; wages $25 a month; apply Mrs. E. Henderson, Foul Bay Road and Gordon Street, Dean Heights.

WANTED—Everybody everywhere to know we furnish reliable help; just phone your wants, 4257. Red Cross Employment Bureau.

YOUNG girl, English preferred, for general work, family of two, good home. 556 Simcoe st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

A GENTLEMAN of education wishes to find congenial occupation; is ready to help any gentleman or lady who is pressed for assistance; remuneration not important; Box 2317 Colonist.

A YOUNG man, thoroughly experienced, seeks position on farm, chicken farm preferred. Box 2262 Colonist.

A GOOD rough carpenter wants work; $3.25. Box 2186, Colonist.

A FIRST-CLASS modern farmer and dairyman will shortly be ready for re-engagement as foreman or manager. Can feed and fit to get economic results. Moderate wages only required. Wages and accommodation must correspond to work expected. Box 1077, Colonist.

ATTENTION fruitgrowers, all in need of a first-class man to prune or graft fruit or shade trees of all kinds. I have 15 years' experience. Phone call, leave or write J. Krumrie, Hotel Victoria. Phone 480.

CARPENTER—First class mechanic, good worker, wishes a job. Address Box 2446, Colonist.

CHAUFFEUR able to make own repairs; wants position; private preferred. Box 2185 Colonist.

ENGLISHMAN (abstainer) with sound commmercial experience and a competent bookkeeper, seeks employment as confidential clerk, secretary or other position of trust. Box 2248, Colonist.

EXPERIENCED chauffeur mechanic wishes position; best reference; licensed. 2467 Fernwood rd., city.

EXPERIENCED business couple want position in town or country. 823 Seymour st., Vancouver.

ENGLISHMAN, locomotive engine fitter and draughtsman; late of the Great Eastern Railway Works, Stratford, London, England, desires employment on locomotive work. Oil-burning locos a specialty; also narrow gauge steam, and internal combustion, petroleum oil locos, suitable for mines, and industrial work. Apply Nichols, 1010 View st., Victoria, B.C.

EXPERIENCED man used to all kinds of farming and cultivation of vegetables, seeks situation in any capacity; what offers Box 2340, Colonist.

ENGLISHMAN, shortly returning to England, offers his services in any capacity in return for whole or part passage. Box 2381 Colonist.

EXPERIENCED chauffeur wishes position driving car, does own repairs. Box 839 Colonist.

GASOLINE engineer, operator, mechanic, machinist, life experience, desires steady position with launch, automobiles, or stationary plant. Barford, 686 Howe st., Vancouver.

I DO ANYTHING—Cement work, excavating, build shacks, fencing, etc. Jas. Richmond, Mount Tolmie, P.O.

MAN with knowledge of gas and oil engines seeks situation in a motor garage or similar work. Box 2309, Colonist.

MASON wants to figure on stonework. Box 1104, Colonist.

MIDDLEAGED man desires situation as caretaker; used to hotel work; 4th class B. C. certificate. Box XX, Colonist.

REFINED light comedian desires evening engagements. Apply Will Marshall, Gen. Del.

SMART young Englishman wants position as chauffeur, any make of gasoline car, all running repairs, thorough knowledge of electrics and lighting plants' single. Box 2206 Colonist.

TEAMSTER—Young man would like situation in breaking stable, life experience with horses, good teamster, steady and reliable. Box 2309, Colonist.

TWO A1 carpenters want work in country or outskirts of city. Would contract. Box 2405 Colonist.

THOROUGHLY experienced horseman, capable of managing livery barn, sober, reliable, would like position of trust. References given and required. Box 2301 Colonist.

WANTED—A position of trust as secretary or confidential clerk; eleven years' experience of accountancy; will prove my ability; salary to be arranged after. Box 2213, Colonist.

WANTED—Chimneys, brick work, competent man. P. O. Box 985, City.

WANTED—By practical experienced farmer, position on good ranch, married. Box 2217 Colonist.

WANTED—Contractors to know if you want a first-class all around carpenter, dependable under all conditions for in and outside work, I am your man; I would like steady work with the right man. Box 2385, Colonist.

WANTED—Carpenter work by reliable and practical carpenter, just arrived from the States, up to the minute in both inside and outside finishing work; I want work and want it badly. Box 2388, Colonist.

WANTED—Position in sound concern, not real estate, where small capital could be invested. Good references given and required. Box 2180 Colonist.

YOUNG man, 25, stenographer and shorthand writer and general office experience in Victoria wishes situation. Box 2028, Colonist.

YOUNG man, well educated, desires position in office; is thoroughly acquainted with everything connected with shipping; nine years' experience. Box 2246, Colonist.

YOUNG man wants work on mixed or dairy farm; good milker. A. Randall 942 Pandora ave., Victoria, B.C.

YOUNG Scotsman, highly educated, desires position of trust on Coast. Experienced accountant and office manager, at present similarly engaged thriving Saskatchewan city. Excellent references. Box 1015 Colonist.

YOUNG Englishman desires work on fruit ranch; abstainer, suitable and adaptable. Tyler, P. O. Nelson.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

A LADY wishes a position as under housekeeper in an hotel. Box 2311, Colonist.

DAILY work—Thoroughly good, well-trained servant by the day; $30, $35; Highly recommended Scotch woman by the day or week for general housework, also help mornings or afternoons with housework or children. Phone requirements (no charge) to The Ladies' Agency, 425 Sayward bldg.; phone 2488.

ENGLISH girl would like to care for child or light housework from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., near Jubilee Hospital. Box 2121 Colonist.

EXPERIENCED housekeeper requires position; town or country. Box 2111, Colonist.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE (Continued)

LADY, English, desires post as companion help, experienced. 2238 Colonist.

LADY wishing to go to England in May will take charge of invalid or child in return for expenses. Box 2167 Colonist.

LADY requires position as governess to young children. Would go north or into country. Box 2397 Colonist.

LADY stenographer desires position. Five years' experience; two years legal. Good references. Box 2378 Colonist.

LADY wants light housework by day. Foul Bay preferred. Box 2038 Colonist.

MATERNITY home, 1509 Prior st. Reasonable terms and pleasant rooms while waiting; phone L4034.

MIDDLE aged lady wishes position as working housekeeper to a gentleman or charge of a respectable rooming house, or any such place of trust. References if required. Please address Box 2071 Colonist.

MIDDLE aged, educated Englishwoman, pure accent, trained experienced teacher, domesticated, colonial experience, seeks position in school or family. Highest references. Apply Box 2295 Colonist.

NURSE wants room in Fairfield district, in private family, with telephone in the house, convenient to car/line. Particulars can be sent to Box 2436, Colonist.

NURSERY governess, English, very experienced with young children; 12 months' experience in Canada. Box 2358. For further particulars apply to The Ladies' Agency, 425 Sayward Bldg.; phone 2488.

PLAIN sewing done at home. Call or write. 216 Mary st.

TRAINED maternity nurse desires cases. Address 1118 Quadra st; terms moderate; phone 1512.

WANTED—Position as housemaid or useful help, by refined person (without cooking). $25 to $30. Box 2420, Colonist.

WIDOW lady, middle-aged, would undertake light domestic duties in return for good home and small salary. Reply to Mrs. Peters, Box 158, North Battleford, Sask.

YOUNG lady with 5 years' experience in bookkeeping, wishes job work, by day or hour. Terms moderate. Phone R2587.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

A CHEAP lot on Second st., 30x105, no rock, city water, handy to car; just the thing for that small cottage. Mr. Workingman; this is inside the city limits; only $750; $250 cash. National Realty Co., 1232 Government st.

A SPECIAL OFFER—2 choice lots on Empire st., between Haultain and Bay sts., where the movement is; we can deliver title to you for $925 each; these are on the three-quarter mile circle; terms arrange. National Realty Co., 1232 Government st.

A BARGAIN in Sunnyside—Splendid lot, 50x180, with a stonethrow from the new B. C. Electric car line; this is a wonderfully cheap lot; price $775; $225 cash. National Realty Co., 1232 Government st.

A NICE, sloping, grassy lot, 60x120, close to car; 5 cash and well inside the mile and half circle, with good view; snap; price only $1,175; $400 cash. National Realty Co., 1232 Government st.

A JAMES BAY lot near Breakwater, at $2400, $1000 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18. E. White & Sons, 106 Pemberton blk.

A BARGAIN—Corner Ruby and Edgeware rds., 80x125, $2000, ¼ cash, balance 6, 12, and 18 months. J. R. Bowes & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st. Phone 2728.

A GENUINE snap for two days only. North of Gorge on Walter st., cleared, no rock. Usual terms. Price $1,025 each. Builders' and Brokers, 306 Union Bank; phone 2828.

ALBERNI SNAP—5 lots just outside new municipal corporation limits, at $50 each. Cash $10, balance to suit. Phone 2709. Union Real Estate Co.

A SAFE INVESTMENT—Lots with 280 ft. frontage on McClure, facing south, one block from new courthouse site; $75,000, on terms; lots only $260 per foot. Phone 4543 for full particulars at once. H. M. Underhill, 311 Union Bank bldg.

A LOT 100x150 backing on the Golf Links for $600 with 3 year terms. Hawers & Norman; phone 4259.

A BLOCK of four lots, including a corner, 54x115 each; 1 minute from the Oak Bay Park; a snap at $1,600, on terms. Havers & Norman; phone 4259.

ALBANY st., inside 1¼-mile circle, block from Burnside. Cleared, no rock, 46x130; $1050. Coast Builders and Brokers, 306 Union Bank; phone 2828.

A NICE corner lot on Cook st., 54x160 to a lane, planted in young fruit trees, and situated in a district of beautiful new homes. Price $1,500, on terms. J. W. D. York. Phone 3829.

ATTENTION—Only 100 ft. from Shelbourne st., near carline, choice of 2 fine, high lots; price $1000; ¼ cash, balance easy. See A. D. Maiet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

A GOOD agreement of sale for $4000 is offered for discount; phone 4377, Trevor Foote, 7 Bridgman Building.

AN opportunity for a summer home—$75 cash and $10 monthly buys beautiful, large waterfront lot, Gorge district; price $800. Macgregor, 207 Central bldg.; phone 1318.

A SNAP—The corner Hillside av. and Scott st., price $1650; 1-3 cash, the balance spread over 2½ years. See A. D. Maiet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

A REAL fine lot on Scott st., only $1000; ¼ cash, balance very easy. See A. D. Maiet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

A SNAP—Lot on McNair st., $500; Highwood rd., $500; Carlin st., $500; Maplewood rd., 3 lots, corner, $500 each; why pay rent or go long distance out? F. G. Porteous, 707½ Yates st.

A SNAP—Walnut st., near Fernwood; good lot, $1350. See F. G. Porteous, 707½ Yates st.

A NUMBER of choice garden city quarter-acres; $600; $640 and $700. F. G. Porteous, 707½ Yates st.

A DOUBLE CORNER, Amethyst st.; price $1,100; ¼ cash, easy terms. A. D. Maiet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

A LOT, 50x180, commanding magnificent view of Oak Bay, graded street, sidewalks, sewer, water, gas; terms; for immediate sale, $1200; phone 3258.

A SNAP—Fort st. near Moss, 80 feet, only $120 per ft. Monk, Monteith & Co., Ltd., Government st., cor. Broughton.

A BIG snap—Monteith st., Webb's Park, only $1650; 1-3 cash, balance 1 and 2 years. Box 1295, city.

A HOUSE snap, inside 1 mile circle; 5 rooms, new and modern, on lot 40x120; price $4000; $800 cash. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st.; phone 471; open evenings.

A BEAUTIFUL homesite on Oakland Road, price $1550; cash $475, 1 and 2 years. Havers & Norman, 230 Hibben Block.

A RARE opportunity, by Richmond ave. carline, for few days only, large lot 50x189 to lane, $1,600 net, ¼ cash, balance over 2 years, smaller adjoining lots $2,000. Don't miss this. P. O. Box 1134. Phone L1451.

A LOT that cost $750 last June for sale at $750; $250 cash, balance $75 every quarter; Brentnall, 646 Fort st.

A GREAT SNAP—$1x110 on Hillside av., just two blocks from present street car, 4-roomed fully modern house, price $3,500; $1,200 cash, balance $25 per month. City appropriations all complete. Apply on premises, Frank Sydenham, 1489 Myrtle av., Hillside.

AT the Shoal Bay end of St. Patrick st. street gangs of workmen have for some time been engaged on various municipal improvements. Their presence considerably detracted from the natural charm of this spot and many would-be purchasers have passed it over. When the workmen have departed, however, leaving these extremely desirable lots in our hand, you will no longer be able to buy fine half-acre homesite close to the sea for $4500. We are able to offer you at that figure. May we show you? Bowman & Pilkington, 611 Jones bldg. Phone 4293.

A KING building lot on Rockland ave., facing south, between Richmond and Quadra sts., 60x120, price $1,500; ¼ cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Apply owner, 1144 Rockland ave.

A SQUITH st.—Close to Haultain 80x120; price $1,150; third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st.; phone 471; open evenings.

A SNAP—Nice grassy lot, 10 minutes' walk from Douglas st. car line; buy from owner for only $600; cash $200, balance 6, 12 and 18 months; call at 1318 Douglas st.

A LEXANDER ST.—Oak Bay, nice level grassy lot, one-fifth acre, $1,800, very easy terms. Brett Realty and Investment Co., 1232 Government bldg. Phone 4823.

A CREAGE—Near Parson's Bridge, 52 acres partly cultivated, 300 apple trees, good house, barn and water, joins E. & N. Railway; price $500 per acre, easy terms. 140 acres good agricultural land. Government road through property, Otter District; $50 per acre, easy terms. Shawnigan Lake, 200 ft. waterfront by 600 ft. deep, price $20 ft. waterfront by 600 ft. deep, price $3000. Shawnigan Lake, 10 acres, within quarter mile of station; price $150 per acre. Oak Bay Beach, 60x120, olympic axe; price $175 cash. Lot 50x120, corner of Bourchier and Foul Bay rd., nice level lot; price $2500; just off Fort st. car; terms. Bowman & Brown, 1309 Douglas st. Phone 4750.

AMETHYST ST.—$225 cash, balance $50 quarterly; nice lot inside city limits, 40x120; price $775. J. R. Bowes & Co., 643 Fort st.

A CORNER on Cambridge st. close to A Cook st; price $2400; ¼, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30. Cheeseman, 1305 Blanchard st.; phone 2426.

BREAKWATER AREA—Snap! For three days only, 40 feet on west side Montreal street, direct line with the Breakwater, $300; 1-3 cash, balance 1 and 2 years at 7 per cent. Act quickly. Apply Box 2293 Colonist.

BUILDER'S SNAP—Davis st., fine big lot, close to car for $1800. Owner, 1745 Bank st.

BLACKWOOD ST.—We have three nice level lots on this street for $950 each. Cheapest buy in the district. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

BEST moving picture proposition in Victoria. Splendid site. Modern fireproof building already erected. Good cause to approved tenant. Apply J. R. Bowes & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2728.

BEACH DRIVE—Near golf links, 50x200; 39; $2500; cash $550. Owner, Box B.E., Colonist.

BOWKER AVE.—Splendid lot close to the sea, level and grassy, 70x150; price $2650 on easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

BUILDER'S SNAP—A fine corner facing south on Emma st., between Burnside and Gorge rds., 85 feet frontage, would carry two houses nicely. This is a good buy at $2000, ¼ cash, balance 6, 12, 18 or 24 months. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st.; phone 471; open evenings.

BY OWNER—Northeast corner Cook and Pine sts., 60 ft. on Cook st. and 138 ft. on Chapman st. Fine carline, near to centre of city, park and sea; suitable for apartment house or business block. Price $12,500; 1-3 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest. James Smith, P.O. Box 271, Edmonton,

PROPERTY FOR SALE
(Continued)

ISLAND PARK—Oak Bay lot 50 ft. frontage; $250. Cree, Sloane and Brentnall, Pemberton Bldg., 1st Government st.

JAMES BAY—Cheapest buy in James Bay district; fine lot, 50x165, on Niagara st.; this is right next the Outer Wharf and will surely be required for warehouse proposition in the near future; we can deliver plans for a few days at $14,000. No. 62, Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 311 Union Bank Bldg.; phone 4542.

JUBILEE ANNEX—150 feet on Haultain by 115 feet; price $4,700. Lipscombe & Taylor, 514 Sayward bldg. Phone 2899.

KINGSLEY St. and N. Dairy Road, next to Hillside, 120x110; price $2400. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st.; phone 471; open evenings.

KING George's Terrace; some magnificent view lots with an average of 60 feet frontage each; these are good building sites and can be bought for $2200, on 1 and 2 year terms. Rivers & Norman, phone 4259.

KINGSLEY St., close to Shelbourne and Hillside, 41x115; price $650. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st., phone 471; open evenings.

KINGSTON ST.—One lot 60x120, $5250, 1-3 cash, balance 6, 12, and 18 months. Victoria Securities, 10-12 Mahon bldg. 1012 Government st.

KING'S rd. and Blackwood, Southwest corner, 100x100; $7000; one-quarter cash, 6, 12, 18. S. A. Cheeseman, 1305 Blanchard, phone 3426.

LOTS in University Heights are selling at $800. We have some very nice lots close by for $600 each on easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

LOT, 40x178, a few minutes from Hillside car, $1,100; 1-3 cash, balance arranged. Box 3455, Colonist.

LOTS for sale—Donald st., two lots, 50x 125 each, close to Burge; price, on terms, $300 each. Phone 2442.

LOT 14 and 15, $2,050, 1-3 cash, 6, 12, 18. 2-roomed house, new, good lot, in city close to car, $1,500, $400 cash, $15 month. S. B. Sohan Singh Realty Co., 1408 Broad st. Phone 2887.

LOTS FOR BUILDERS—1489; Qu'Appelle st., high and sightly, 4 lots, 50x115 each, on terms, each $1250. 1485; St. Patrick st., Oak Bay, double corner, 120x120, on terms, $4500. 1444: Double corner on Bank st., block from car. Bay st., $2,400, on easy terms. $4100. The Griffith Co., Rooms 101-106 Hibben-Bone bldg.; phone 1462.

LIST your properties with A. von Girsewald, corner Fort and Quadra sts.; P. O. Box 800; we will advertise and sell them.

LEE AV.—Near car line, 60x120, level as a floor, price $1,800, 1-3 cash, 6, 12 and 18 months. Geo. E. Winkler, 420 Sayward block.

LOT in Uplands, 96 feet frontage. Price $2200; $520 cash, balance 1, 2 2 years. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

LARCH St., Oak Bay, lot 52x110 feet; nothing cheaper Oak Bay at $1,400; terms arranged. Overseas Investment Agency, 208 Pemberton Block.

LOTS for sale—Prior st., two lots 51x138 feet each; between Pleasant and Government, commanding one of the finest views in the city, situated on the east side of the street; price on terms of 1-3 cash, 6, 12 and 18 months; will sell one or both. E. C. Realty Co., 215 Central bldg., phone 2443.

MENZIES ST.—Close-in property on the car line is worth $400 per foot at least. I have a lot 60x90 which I will sell at $75 per front foot; price $4500; $1500 cash; balance in 9, 15 and 21 months. Phone 262.

MOSS ST.—Large lot with 50-ft. frontage, facing east, within a quarter of a block of the sea; this is exceptionally fine lot, and a client who is living in the States has authorized us to deliver it at $650 cash and the balance in one payment two years from date, with interest at 7 per cent; payable quarterly; no payment on the principal after the $650 is paid for 2 years; you cannot beat this for investment. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 311 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4542.—No. 153.

MONTEREY Ave. north, Oak Bay, lot 50x120 feet, cleared; a fine buy at $2500. Overseas Investment Agency, 208 Pemberton Block.

MOSS ST.—Close to Oxford, 2 lots, 50x 110; price $2500. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates st.; phone 471; open evenings.

MUST be sold at once, at a sacrifice, some residential lots in Port Angeles, right close in, from $200 up, on easy terms. Mettler, Reehling, 22 Green blk. 1216 Broad.

MICHIGAN St.—Block 67, 60 ft. frontage $5500; Brentnall, 645 Fort st.

MOSS ST.—Near Faithful, 50x120; $2,500; easy terms. Anderson & Jubb, Room 7, Green blk., Broad st.; open Monday 10 to 12 a. m.

MONEY-MAKER—Lot 10, corner Linklea and McNeill, 50x115; this is a snap; price $2,300; terms. Bungalow Construction Co., Ltd., 738 Fort st.

MT. TOLMIE—Lot, $600; cleared; no rock; high and dry; ¼ cash, balance $10 per month. 640 Mayfield P. O.

NEAR new courthouse site—About one-half acre for $50,000; terms; a great bargain. Benson Land Co., Ltd., 421 Pemberton bldg.

NEAR new courthouse site—Burdette st., $650 per front foot; terms. Benson Land Co., Ltd., 421 Pemberton bldg.

NEAR new courthouse site—Two lots away, one lot with two small houses renting for $40 per month, $15,000; terms. Benson Land Co., Ltd., 421 Pemberton bldg.

OAKLANDS Road, 100x110, cleared $3000; cash $800, 1 and 2 years. Havers & Norman, 220 Hibben Block.

OAK BAY AV.—Near junction, lot 57x130 for $10,000; ¼ cash, balance easy. J. B. Watson Realty Co.; phone 4629.

ONLY one lot, Hillside av., 65 ft. frontage on this artery st.; quick sale price, $1400; ¼ cash, balance arrange over 2 years. See A. D. Malet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

OBED AV.—Gorge, nice, high, building lot, 51x128, close to Tillicum rd.; only $1650, on terms. Macgregor, 207 Central bldg.; phone 1818.

ONE and half mile circle, 1 lot 50x200; price $1200; $200 cash. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates St.; phone 471; open evenings.

OAK Bay, opposite Hotel; magnificent apartment house site facing sea on good corner; 180 feet Saratoga by 110 feet Deal, $20,000. Overseas Investment Agency 208 Pemberton Block.

ON the corner of Victoria av. there is a beautiful building site, 50x113, at $1,800; this is a snap. R. H. Duce, 1113 Douglas st.; phone 304.

OAK BAY—Snap, Cookman st., 42x100, facing south, sewer and water, for only $1470, usual terms. Adjoining 50-foot lots are held at $2000 to $2500. Lipscombe & Taylor, 514 Sayward bldg. Phone 2899.

OAK Bay; 2 lots on Larch St., near Golf Links, $1225 each. Overseas Investment Agency, 208 Pemberton blk.

PORT ANGELES-VICTORIA—The future Calais and Dover of the Pacific. 8 level Port Angeles lots, some gently hills and swamp, 25x140, one block off Main st., and mile circle. The eight for $1500; $300 down, $9 monthly. Box 2385 Colonist. Owner in city.

PORT ANGELES—A bunch of lots at $295 apiece. If taken by the half block at great reduction. Good terms. They are 33⅓ below the market price. We will explain. Sec Mettler-Reehling, 1216 Broad, 22 Green blk.

QUADRA ST. CORNER—⅛ of a mile S. from city hall, fine lot, and dry, no rock, 100x120; $3,150; cheap; any reasonable terms. Anderson & Jubb, Room 7, Green blk., Broad st.; open Monday 10 to 12 a. m.

QUEENS AVE.—Lot 18, size 30x128; $1400. Khalsa Realty; phone 1582.

RICHMOND PARK—Nice level grassy lot; beautiful house site; very cheap at $1550 on easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

ROBERTS ST.—For sale, lot 17, block 2, R. V. & M. 150, price $1,850 net; easy terms; Pacific av., lot 12, block 4, 48x125, price $1,250, easy terms. Hotel Nils Cigar Store; agents please copy.

RICHMOND Park, 72x125, for quick sale, $1,450. 806 Yates. Phone 4882.

SHAKESPEARE ST.—50x130, between Bay and Haultain; $1250. Esquimalt Development Co., 5-6 Kent blk., Esquimalt.

RICHMOND PARK—Beautifully treed lot 80 fronting on two streets. Big snap at $1850 on easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

SCOTT ST.—Lot 6, between Haultain and Bay, east side, 50x110, no rock; $1,050; third cash. Anderson & Jubb, Room 7, Green blk., Broad st.; open Monday 10 to 12 a. m.

SUPERIOR ST.—Block 66, lot 60 ft. frontage $6000; apply P. O. Box 1009.

SNAP on Finlayson st., 50x120; $1250. Esquimalt Development Co.

SHELBOURNE St. car line, double corner, 100x161; will give long terms, with small cash payment. Box 2381, Colonist.

SHELBOURNE St., close to King's Road, 40x174; price $1100; Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates St.; phone 471; open evenings.

SHELBOURNE St., close to Hillside, 50x 110; price $1050. Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates St.; phone 471; open evenings.

ST. DAVID ST.—South of Saratoga, 2 lots 99x117; $3900; 1-3 cash. Box 2422.

SUMMER soon and lots near the water will be in demand. We can deliver one or more at exceptionally low prices. They will cost more next month's time. See us now. R. V. Winch & Co., Ltd., 521 Fort st. Phone 148.

STEVENSON PLACE—49x107; $800 ¼ cash; this is an easy $200 profit in this. Anderson & Jubb, Room 7, Green blk., Broad st.; open Monday 10 to 12 a. m.

SEVERAL fine lots near Hillside av., 1¼ mile circle; price $650; only $100 cash. See A. D. Malet & Co., 403-404 Central bldg.

SUPERIOR ST.—Lot 1910, 60x141; $6800, terms. 308 Hibben-Bone bldg.

SOUTH HAZELTON—Have you bought in G.T.P. official townsite of South Hazelton? If not, why not? Call and get descriptive booklet, close to Burge; price, on terms, $300 each. Phone 2442.

SNAP—9 miles from town, with about 300 feet lake frontage, house, stables, chicken houses, etc., situated on main road; price only $4,500. Cambrey Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., 618 Trounce av.; phone 3760.

TO Real Estate Agents. A recent advertisement in Colonist that lots 71, 72, and 73, Cadboro Bay Subdivision, had been sold, did not apply to lots 11, 12 and 13 immediately behind Esquimalt City Hall site. Those lots are for sale on the market. Price for the three $6,500, ¼ cash, rest 6, 12 and 18 months, 7 per cent interest. There is a road on three sides and the City Hall site form the boundary on the fourth side. Victoria Subdivision Co., Ltd., 614-615 Central bldg.

TRENT ST.—50x140 to 40-ft. lane, high and dry, close to Fort st. car. This is really cheap at $1,300. Lipscombe & Taylor, 514 Sayward bldg. Phone 2899.

TWO house agreements for sale; will discount $3650 at 20 per cent. P. O. Box 1115.

VALUABLE double corner, King's and Quadra, owner must sell. Exclusive agents, F. W. Archer & Co., 1414 Government st.; phone 798.

VICTORIA ave.—Large lot, close to Cowan ave.; can deliver on terms for $1900. B. C. Realty Co., 315 Central bldg.

WHERE are the best buys in Victoria? Individual lots Victoria West; we have lots in Victoria West in all prices, easiest terms; there is nothing to equal these for any of the part of the city as a small or medium sized investment. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

WATERFRONT LOT—Cadboro Bay Park, 50x558, beautifully treed; water, for quick sale, $2500; 1-3 cash, balance 1 and 2 years. Owner, 136 Wildwood ave., Foul Bay.

WHARFAGE—66x264 feet of waterfrontage on Nanaimo Harbor, adjoining property of B. C. Electric station; this is rare at $160, or $10,500; $2500 will handle; small wharf, etc., also 6 roomed house with property; a genuine snap; 10 min. ride, 20 minutes from Post Office; owner Box 2662, Nanaimo.

WALTER AVE.—Gorge, nice high building lot, only $800, on terms. Macgregor, 207 Central bldg.; phone 1818.

WELL below market, 70x120 on Front st., with a magnificent view. See R. V. Winch & Co., Ltd., 521 Fort st.

WATERFRONT lot at Cadboro Bay, 50x 180 Beautifully treed. Price $2800; one-third, 6, 12, 18. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

WORKING MEN—Your last chance to make a home in Victoria on easy terms, minimum lots, 50x120, price $315, cash, $65 cash, $10 monthly; get in and buy; only 20 left; which are $200 cheaper than any around. Apply E. Walford, Room 416 Central blk.

WE have money for the purchase of first class agreements for sale on city or Oak Bay property. Yeoman & Pilkington, phone 4282.

WALTER AV.—Gorge, splendid, high lot, 50x120, from Tillicum rd.; only $800; terms; only $1000. Macgregor, 207 Central bldg.; phone 1818.

WATERFRONTAGE on Langford Lake, 81 x 300 x 81, for $850. A very handsome reduction will be made for all cash. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

WESTALL ST.—Half block from Hillside, fine level lot, 40x132, only $525, $275 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. J. R. Bowes & Co., 643 Fort st.

WALTER AVE.—Near Robert, 51x128, $800. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

7 GOOD, large lots, Tolmie av., off Quadra st., $5,600. Apply Owner, Box 694, Victoria Post Office.

36 LOTS at Cadboro Bay, will sell en bloc or divided up; fine level lot, close to car and close to hotel. Can you beat this? Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

$50 CASH and $15 per month, fine high, level lot, 50x142, close to Hillside car, Burnside carline, 15 minutes from centre of city. Agnew and Fadden, 737 Fort st.; phone 1858.

$1050, ON easy terms, takes a ¼-acre lot, close to Burnside; partly cultivated, fine trees, white street, sidewalk, city water, electric light, ideal location, waterfront rights; only $10 cash, $10 next payment. Thomas Bros., 303 Hibben-Bone bldg.

ACREAGE FOR SALE

AT COWICHAN—10 acres, practically all cleared and slashed, one mile from Cowichan station, 6-roomed house, barn, three chicken houses, brooding house, granary, never failing well. Price $5000. Cambrey Major & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

A MAGNIFICENT ranch of 25 acres, only five minutes from Keating station, 20 acres cleared and under cultivation. Two acres under cultivation, 500 apple, pear and cherry trees, 1¼ acres of strawberries, also a quantity of raspberries and other fruits. Large barns, chicken houses, wired runs, good water from two wells. New 5-roomed house and 3-roomed cottage. Price, including horse, cow, buggy, rig, etc., only $26,000, well below value. This must be seen by those looking for an ideal ranch. Apply to Beckett Major & Co. Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

A CREAGE—Port Angeles, 10 acres, $90 per acre; 4½ miles from centre of business district, next to finest ranch in Clallam C ounty to be traversed by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. P. Railway. This is a snap and must be sold at once. R. W. Bell, Room 5, Brown blk., Broad st.

A CREAGE at Keatings—$5 acres, close to B. C. Electric station, all cleared and part in orchard, 8-roomed modern house, garage, pump engine, well and Chinaman's shack and barns, excellent view. Price $17,000, on very easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

A CREAGE AT SAANICH—25 acres, two cleared, just off West Saanich rd. Price $200 per acre, very easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

AN ideal fishing and shooting lodge, with ample frontage on a lake teeming with trout, in the highly desirable Highland District, only 9 miles from Victoria and accessible by two good roads. Very comfortable 5 roomed house, stabling and barns, 2½ acres under cultivation. 144 acres at only $100 per acre on easy terms. Tel. 4478, Bevoir Foote, 7 Bridgeman bldg., 1607 Government st.

A BEAUTY spot, 85 acres in Happy Valley, 5 mile circle Victoria, adjoins railway, house and buildings, good water; price $400 an acre. Owner A. Cosh, Happy Valley, Victoria, B.C.

A BIG BARGAIN—165 acres, partly cleared, half-mile waterfront, good beach, fine bay, Vancouver Island, first-class soil, no rock; this is the cheapest property in the vicinity. For full particulars and price, apply to Bank of Montreal, Victoria, B.C.

A CREAGE at "Smithers," the G. T. P. divisional point, Bulkley Valley; see us immediately for subdivision properties and good 5 roomed house, 5 years experience. Fred Heal, 421 Pemberton bldg.

A SMALL block of land, 4½ acres in a townsite of Port Angeles; only $800; must have money. Mettler-Reehling Co., 22 Green blk.

BUY a home by sea, away from the "maddening crowd"; three lots, about 5 acres each, alder bottom with sea frontage, 40 miles by hours from Victoria; $150 each cash for quick sale. Write Box 746, Colonist.

BARGAINS in acreage—One to five acres lying just a few hundred yards from railway station, within city limits $350 per acre up; terms 20 per cent cash, balance 10 per cent every six months; rich soil; good water supply. Sooke district is as highly productive; by all odds the cheapest accessible acreage near Victoria; great proposed development nearby. Leach and Reid & Co., 421 Pemberton blog.; open evenings.

CAMPING GROUNDS—Where will you camp this Summer? How would you like to camp on a large, 5-acre lot, close to Victoria, in a park-like wood; 10 minutes' walk from a station, strictly private location; we have only one large lot left, almost two acres in each piece; price $1,500 each, but you will have to be quick to get such sizes as these. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

COLWOOD ACREAGE—Close to station; 10-acre blocks at $325 per acre; Esquimalt water main passes property; easy terms. No. 16. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 311 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4542.

CADBORO BAY—Ten and one half acres of three-year-old fruit in Cadboro Bay well situated, magnificent location and splendid garage, view, large modern 6-room house, 5 rooms and ½ waterfront, and boathouse. This magnificent property will be sacrificed for a quick sale at $2,000 an acre, one-fifth cash and the balance over five years. For full particulars apply to "B," P. O. Box 1013, Victoria, B. C.

EIGHTEEN acres at Keatings, all tile drained, 1000 bearing fruit trees, apples, plums and also strawberries and other fruits, 6-roomed modern house, barn, chicken houses, and several outbuildings. Telephone at house and daily mail delivery. Price $21,000. Beckett Major & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

ESQUIMALT acreage—50 acres at only $62.50 per acre. This is close to the main rd. and is only about 8 miles from the city of Victoria. Cambrey Investment and Securities Co., Ltd.; phone 3760. 618 Trounce avenue.

FOR SALE—9 acres, $2,500, corner tract on Sooke rd., block from C.N.R., Laton Park station. Owner at 621 Sayward block.

FOR SALE—Cheap, house, 7 rooms, stable, etc., with 22 acres; house, all rooms, outbuildings, etc., with 19 acres. Both houses are new, with water laid on, and good scarifontake. Box X 1, Colonist.

FOR SUBDIVISION—10 acres within 20 minutes walk from Post Office, city of Nanaimo. Property adjoining and beyond this has been sub-divided and sold. Buildings are first-class, including dwelling and large chicken runs. Price is $20,000 $6,000 will handle, balance spread over a term of three years. British Columbia Securities, Ltd., Dominion Trust bldg., Nanaimo, B.C.

FOR RANCHES—Fruit and poultry farms, improved and unimproved acreage. Get in touch with us, we have the best selection. Beckett Major & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

FOUR miles out on the Wilkinson rd., over seven acres and 10-roomed house, but half a mile from the railway; this is extraordinarily cheap at $7,500. Apply to Beckett Major & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

FOR SALE—Two miles from Duncan, on Island highway, good house, 8 rooms, bathroom, cold water, outbuildings, fruit trees, flower garden, 16½ acres land, about 11 acres under cultivation, balance stumped and in bush; price $9000; open to subdivision; apply Captain Sunderland, P. O. Duncan, B.C.

FOR sale, by owner, five acres close in, not far from car, nicely treed; choice for subdivision. Phone F. 2, 2.

FOR a safe investment—We have 10 acres, including house, barn and outhouses; some fruit trees, on main road; price $4,000. Victoria Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., phone 3760, 618 Trounce avenue.

LIST your properties with A. von Girsewald, corner Fort and Quadra sts.; P. O. Box 800; we will advertise and sell them.

MUDGE ISLAND—7 miles from Nanaimo and within 500 yards of Government pier. Steamers on the Islands run call three times a week. Property consists of 20 acres with over ¼ mile of waterfront, twenty (20) acres is in crop and there is a small orchard, dwelling and chicken runs. This is for quick disposal on account of winding up an estate and is a great bargain. Price $5,000. $2,000 will handle, balance spread over a term of 2 years. Dominion Trust bldg., Nanaimo, B.C.

PORT ANGELES—20 acres in Sec. 30; $25 per acre; $200 cash. Thompson Realty Co., Green blk.

POULTRY Ranch, Cowichan, 9.84 acres, one mile from Cowichan station. Cleared acres under plough, 3 acres partly cleared, remainder very light clearing; 5 poultry houses, accommodation for 700 or 800 birds; 2 incubators; 700 laying hens; large shack with incubator room; below house water in cement, sitting room, bathroom and kitchen; half mile from tennis club and 2½ miles from golf club; price $7000; Dalton Shaw Co., 206 Union Bank Building; phone 4459.

SHAWNIGAN ACREAGE—We have a number of small acreage blocks for sale at very reasonable prices; uncleared, half cleared, prices from $75 per acre up; good terms. Kinsley Wait, McCallum bldg., Douglas st.; phone 3309.

SALT SPRING ISLAND—40 acres, all good land, part improved, $50 per acre; $700 cash, balance easy. Oliphant & Shaw, 203 Central bldg.

SAANICH ACREAGE—2½ acres blocks on Keatings Cross rd. and West Saanich rd., $500 per acre, on terms. Oliphant and Shaw, 203 Central bldg.

SITUATED on the Sooke River, close to the Sooke hotel, 100 acres of splendid land; C. N. R. runs through property; a several hundred dollars under market value. Cambrey Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., 618 Trounce av.; phone 3760.

SOUTH Saanich—Fruit farm, 10 miles from Victoria, 22 acres, 12 acres bearing orchard, beautiful soil and situation. Modern house, barns and outbuildings, everything complete; this is a first-class proposition for the right man. Apply owner, George Stewart, Keatings P. O., B. C.

SAANICH—Keatings Cross Road, five acres, two cleared, $100 per acre; good terms. Oliphant & Shaw, 203 Central Bldg.

SPLENDID PROPOSITION—45 acres of the finest land on the Saanich Peninsula, near Keatings station, 20 acres cleared and in cultivation. Good house, barns, etc. Price $25,000, terms arrange. Jenkinson & Colby, 605 Sayward bldg.; phone 3605.

THREE and one-half acres within mile circle, $12,000. 1-3, 6, 12, 18. Splendid Subdivision. R. A. Grimmond Realty, Phone 4282.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE—2½ acres on Kensington, facing lake, $850, $150 cash, balance easy. W. A. Blake, Phone L4215.

TEN acres at Cowichan, one mile from station, 1½ acres in clover. Only $3300. Beckett Major & Co., Ltd., 643 Fort st.; phone 2967.

THE cheapest buy in acreage near Victoria; 20 acres close to Elk Lake, within 200 yards of Victoria and Sidney and C.N. Railways; 5½ miles from city hall; $300 per acre. Esquimalt Development Co., Esquimalt.

THE cheapest buy in Cowichan District, comprising 10 acres of first-class land, close to Cowichan station on the E. & N. Railway, adjoining property sold for $500 per acre. Fine trout stream runs through property. Call at the office and we will show you photos of the place. Price only $2,500 for cash. Apply immediately to H. Arthur Co., Ltd., 210 Pemberton bldg. Phone 3755.

WE are specialists in acreage propositions, and you should see us if you are looking for an investment of $500 to $5000. Cambrey Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., 618 Trounce av.; phone 3760.

5 ACRES at $500 per acre, close to Colwood. Town & Country Realty Co., corner Government and Yates sts.

50 ACRES at Saanichton, 18 acres under cultivation; young orchard just bearing, with barn and stable, etc., $500; ¼ cash; owner will sell part. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

165 ACRES—Half-mile waterfront, good beach, on East Coast, 100 miles from Victoria; first-class land, no rock. For full particulars address owner, Box 2007, Colonist.

500 ACRES—100 acres cleared, 1,000 fruit trees, $125 per acre. Town & Country Realty Co., corner Government and Yates sts.

HOUSES FOR SALE

A WELL-BUILT home on very easy terms, containing 5 rooms, with open brick fireplace, all modern improvements, situated in basement; very fine lot, nicely treed, close to Oak Bay car line; this is a very dainty home; price $4,000; $750 cash, balance $35 per month, including interest; don't delay seeing this. National Realty Co., 1232 Government st., evenings.

A BETTER BUY—There is no mortgage on this house, 9 blocks to the post office, an excellent new, large, eight-roomed house of large bedrooms; in a good residential district, on a large lot; this house is well built and carefully finished throughout; we have only one large house, almost two acres in each piece; price $5,500, and this will have to be quick to get such sizes as these. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT—30x120 on Hillside, close to Government, with 8-roomed house. Price $6000; one-third cash, balance easy. Jenkinson & Colby, 605 Sayward bldg.; phone 2693.

A RNOLD AVE.—5 rooms, for $4500, quarter cash, balance arranged. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY—56x300 on Bay st., only 400 feet from Douglas st. car. Price $1,400. Terms, $400 cash, balance arrange. Jenkinson & Colby, 605 Sayward bldg.; phone 2693.

A SNAP—Two new bungalows, 4 rooms each, on Belton ave., nicely finished, each containing 4 rooms, bath and pantry and full basement. Both rented. Price for new $2,650; terms, $500 cash, balance $15 per month. Or both, $5500; terms $1800 cash, balance over two years. Jenkinson & Colby, 605 Sayward bldg.; phone 2693.

A CLOSE-IN HOME—Collinson st., west of Cedar Hill Cross rd., 6-roomed house, complete with bath, electric light, etc. $4200; terms. F. G. Porteous, 707½ Yates st.

A DANDY—$300 cash, modern, 4-roomed bungalow, bath, open grate, sliding doors, nice level lot, 7 minutes Fort car. Price $2750, terms arranged. Builder, 1703 Bay st.

ALDER ST.—Beautifully built five-roomed house with pantry, bathroom, kitchen, two open fireplaces; grate at $3500, cash $535, balance $30 per month, including interest. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

A MODERN 4-roomed house, concrete foundation, cement basement, fitted with every convenience, two minutes from car and school, inside 1½ mile circle; price only $2,800, on easy terms. Thomas Bros., 303 Hibben-Bone bldg.

A REAL bargain, a nice new, 4-roomed house for $2350, full sized basement, bathroom, pantry, lot 48x180, high and dry, well fenced, one block from Burnside carline, $700 cash will handle. Apply owner on premises, J. Marignac, Hampton road.

AN attractive bungalow in Fairfield on corner, nicely fenced, near peaches and park, contains six rooms, all papered. Front room with large open fireplace, panelled, bathroom, pantry, sliding panelled, cabinet kitchen, large cupboards, electric fixtures, basement with stationary tubs and furnace. A lovely home for $5500. Apply 153 Moss St.

A NICE and cosy Fairfield home of six large rooms, fully up-to-date; cement walk, foundation and floor, furnace; lot 50x120, near car and park, splendid outbuildings, fruit trees, flower garden, 16½ acres land, about 11 acres under cultivation, balance stumped and in bush; price $9000; open to subdivision; apply Captain Sunderland, P. O. Duncan, B.C.

AQUITH ST.—50x120, 5-roomed bungalow, new, up-to-date; $4200. Esquimalt Development Co., 5-6 Kent blk., Esquimalt.

BELCHER AVE.—1556, large two-storey 8 house. Buy anything in case he made the proposition $50 per month rent. Price $60,000, $2,000 cash. Apply owner, Box 2267 Colonist.

BAY ST. SNAP—5-roomed bungalow, close to car line, will rent for $25 a month; only $3,200; cash $400, balance arrange. Havers & Norman, phone 4257.

BAY ST.—New, 5-roomed house, fully modern; price $3,500; $400 cash, balance arranged. Phone 184.

BUSINESS site on Quadra st., 45x120, house paying good rent; this is a snap if you have $3,500 put it into it; price $12,500, on easy terms. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

BIG Snaps, 4-roomed house, electric light, bath room, close to car; price $2,100; $400 cash, balance easy; rented at $18 now. Two large lots on Wark st., Esquimalt, only $1,000 each, from car, $1,400 the two; $200 cash, balance easy. Box 2418, Colonist.

BUNGALOW SNAP—6 rooms, equipped with all the built-in conveniences, certainly a cosy home. Bungalow Construction Co., Ltd., 738 Fort st.

BEAUTIFUL country home on Island Highway, 9 miles from Victoria, new bungalow, completely furnished, also stable, garage and chicken house, 100 fruit trees, 50 hens, everything complete. Price $5,000, ¼ cash, balance 1 and 2 years. Write S. O. Cromie, 516 Winch bldg., Vancouver.

CAMBRIDGE ST.—Lot 50x118, close to Beacon Hill Park; a new house, with all modern improvements, consisting of drawing room, dining room, three bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, bath, etc.; this magnificent place is fully furnished and everything is new and up-to-date; $2,000 will handle this, balance to suit; insurance written. Cameron Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., 618 Trounce av.; phone 3760.

COTTAGE, 4 rooms, bath, pantry, etc., on half-acre; fine soil; no rock; close to Douglas and car; chicken houses, sheds, etc.; only $600 cash, good terms. Leonard Harris, 727 Pandora st.

CADBORO BAY—Modern home, with large grounds highly improved, close to water, very easy terms. Brett Realty and Investment Co., 123 Pemberton blk. Phone 4023.

COOK ST.—7-roomed modern house, right on Beacon Hill Park. Lot is worth $4500, house $2000, a snap at $6700, on terms. Oliphant & Shaw, 203 Central bldg.

CLEAR title, $3750 cash for a nice, 4-roomed bungalow and lot 50x120; sewer and city water, revenue earning, Pembroke st.; 50 yards from Spring Ridge car. Inquire 1103 Hillside av.

CHEAP BUY—5 room bungalow, furnace attic, basement and well finished. Corner Saratoga and Victoria Avenues. Phone R1846.

DAVID ST.—60 ft., with small house on it; property is in the factory district, and away below market value; it is 120 ft. deep, and we can deliver it for all cash $4200; a loan can be arranged on this property for $2000; if you are looking for investment of this kind, call and see us about this, as it is away below anything we know of with trackage accommodation in the city. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 311 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4542.—No. 167.

HOUSES FOR SALE
(Continued)

DUNCAN—Nine-roomed house and six lots, fronting on two roads with fine view, big snap at $4200 on easy terms. Wise & Co., 109 Pemberton blk.

DALLAS AVE.—7 rooms and renting for $40 per month, for $7250. A good buy for investment. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

FOR SALE—Strictly modern nine-roomed bungalow, built by owner for his own home and no expense has been spared in making it the most beautiful and artistic bungalow in this city. It is close to the sea, beautiful oak trees, granite front and chimneys, shower bath, mahogany toilet, large garage, chicken runs and dog kennel, lovely lawn and garden. No house in Victoria is more elaborately finished throughout than this house is; you will have to see it in order to appreciate same. Owner leaving city, only reason for selling. Worth $12,500, price for quick sale $10,000. Call for particulars at 2235 Olympia ave., or Phone M3636.

FAIRFIELD—Harbinger Ave., close to Richardson, a lovely 6 roomed house on lot 50x148; an excellent buy at $6250; terms. Rivers & Norman, 220 Hibben Block, is one of the most select streets in the Fairfield. Dawson & McGalliard, 704 Fort St.

FOR SALE—Well built, attractive four-roomed bungalow, open fireplace, stationary tubs, panelled walls, plate rails, two open fireplaces, with mantels, window seats, etc.; location is beautiful, Richmond Park, lovely view; price $4750; third cash, balance to suit, or would accept lot as part payment; owner, 809 Metchosin St., City.

FOR Quick Sale—Owner leaving city, five roomed modern bungalow, beautifully furnished, up-to-date in every respect, one block car, Gorge car line. Price $3,400; $1500 cash, balance over two years; interest at 7 per cent. This house has been rented for $35 per month for the last 12 months. Apply 648 Belton Ave., Victoria West, City.

FOUR roomed modern house, open fireplace, toilet, bath, pantry, built in kitchen cabinet, concrete foundation, large veranda, concrete piers, lot 50x150; price $3200; small cash payment, balance $30 per month including interest; there is no mortgage on this house; Cecil Rhodes, 312 Hibben-Bone block.

FOR SALE—A six-roomed house on Lee Ave., with hardwood floors, buiilt-in sideboard, electric fixtures, cement walks, cement floor in basement, furnace, etc., $5600; $1400 cash, balance arranged. W. B. Rivercomb, 1907 Belmont av.

FOR SALE—New 5 room bungalow, large lot, close to Gorge; price $3600; phone L3943.

FOR SALE—To Prairie men who know a good thing when they see it, new 7-roomed bungalow, two rooms unfinished, furnace, all modern and beautifully finished; phone R4814.

FERNWOOD RD.—Near King's. Lot 50 x 150, 8 rooms, garage and all modern conveniences, for $7350. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

FOR QUICK SALE—New modern five-roomed house one block and half from car on Shelbourne. James Bay. Price $3850, cash $600, balance arranged, apply owner 233 Niagara st.

FOR sale, modern 5 roomed house $4000; $500 cash, balance 1, 2, 3 years at 7 per cent. Apply S. Johnson, 42 Harriet rd.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Will take acreage or lot as part payment on modern nine-roomed house. Granite front, large lot, garage, outbuildings, mahogany toilets, panelled walls, hardwood floors, handsomered brass electric fixtures, one of the best finished houses in this city, and is one block from Oak Bay beaches. Price $12,000. Apply Owner, P. O. Box 1406.

FOR SALE—Well built attractive 4-roomed bungalow, bath and toilet, open fireplace, piped for furnace, basement, high foundation, one block from car, 10 min. from Mears st. Will take lot as first payment. Price $2675, terms. 934 Hillside ave.

FORT and Yates st. properties will be double the present prices before you know it; think of buying four lots, practically 120 ft. square, on a Yates st. corner, with four beautiful residences on them; rent pays 7 per cent on investment; there is nothing offered even on inferior streets to compare with this price for four lots and four houses at $26,250; terms, $6,250 cash, balance spread over 2½ years; interest 7 per cent. W. C. Bond, 304 Pemberton blk., Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—Two miles from Duncan, on Island highway, good house, 8 rooms, bathroom, hot and cold water, outbuildings, fruit trees, flower garden, 16½ acres land, about 11 acres under cultivation, balance stumped and in bush; price $9000; open to subdivision; apply Captain Sunderland, P. O. Duncan, B. C.

FOR SALE—Before deciding on that new home see my fully modern four-roomed bungalow for $2,600; terms. Corner Macklock on Tillicum rd.

FOR beautiful Oak Bay homes and building sites, see Jas. A. Martin, The Oak Bay Investment Co., car terminus. Phone F3658.

FAIRFIELD snap; new 6 room home with every modern convenience, overlooking sea, one block from car, ground floor panelled and burlapped, beamed ceiling, open fire, large reception hall, lots of closets, facing two streets; price $5700; phone owner R4948, between 12 and 1, or 5:30 and 7, if possible.

GORDON HEAD ACREAGE—The last chance to get in under market value. I have 75 acres of first-class land at Gordon Head. This property is ideally situated for a subdivision, being close to the sea and with a good view of the sea. For particulars apply to "B," P. O. Box 103.

GENUINE BARGAIN—6-roomed bungalow, Fairfield, thoroughly up to date, with all the latest built-in features and fixtures, large veranda, concrete piers, lot 50x150; price $3200; small cash payment, balance $30 per month including interest; there is no mortgage on this house. Bungalow Construction Co., Ltd., 738 Fort st.

GEORGE AND OLIVE STS.—6-roomed modern house, snap at $5200. $1000 cash, balance easy. Oliphant & Shaw, 203 Central bldg.

HOLLYWOOD—4 rooms, new and modern, 2 cottage, on lot 80x112, price $4,200; Clarke Realty Co., 721 Yates St.; phone 471; open evenings.

HAULTAIN ST.—Near Shelbourne, 5 rooms, for $3500, $600 cash will handle. Law, Butler & Bayly, 207 Central bldg.

HAULTAIN ST.—Three new homes; near Hazelton at the door; fully modern, see these for bargains. F. Clark, builder and owner, 2822 Fernwood rd.

IF you contemplate building a home in Oak Bay

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

ATTRACTIVE rooms for light housekeeping, with breakfast, also suite with kitchen; all modern conveniences in house; phone L3041; 742 Bay St.

A NICELY furnished, single housekeeping room, 10 minutes walk courthouse; reasonable. 303 Hillside, Hillside car.

A FURNISHED bed-sittingroom and kitchen, 1809 Fernwood rd. Phone R4269.

COMFORTABLY furnished room, all conveniences; gas for cooking, fitted. 1135 Fort st.

COMFORTABLE furnished rooms, every convenience for housekeeping, separate kitchen if desired. Mrs. G. L. Walker, city limits, Esquimalt rd. Phone M1627.

FOR RENT—2 housekeeping rooms, partly furnished; close in. 424 Powell st.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished housekeeping rooms, light and water with use of bath, one block from car and sea. Rent $18 per month. 240 Robert st., Victoria West.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished housekeeping rooms, suitable for two business girls or man and wife. 1029 Burdette av.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms; partly furnished. 1029 Johnson st.

FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms. 1157 Pembroke st.

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping room close in, $2.50 per week. Phone L2940.

FRONT housekeeping rooms; phone, etc.; 615 Belleville st., near Empress Hotel; $4.50 weekly.

FURNISHED rooms to let, separate kitchen if desired. Mrs. G. L. Walker, Esquimalt rd., next to St. George's Inn, Phone M1627.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms. 3044 Douglas st.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms; two minutes from Douglas st. car. 760 Topaz ave.

FURNISHED front room for rent; breakfast if desired. 1293 Pandora. Phone R3255.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, hot and cold water; two and one-half blocks from Post Office. 725-739 Courtney st.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, modern and convenient; adults only; 1176 Yates Street.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms. 606 Government st.

FURNISHED housekeeping room; cook with gas. 409 Superior st.

FURNISHED housekeeping room; all conveniences; moderate. 58 South Turner st., Swan Bay.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, all conveniences, $12 per month. 1036 Hillside ave.

FINE, large housekeeping room. 1104 Yates.

FURNISHED housekeeping room, every convenience. 1124 Johnson st.

HOUSEKEEPING and furnished rooms; gas stoves. 949 Fort st.

HOUSEKEEPING room $20 Pandora; central.

HOUSEKEEPING room, furnished, modern, use of phone. 1123 Johnson st.

HOUSEKEEPING room, or room and board for two respectable working men. Apply 733 Discovery st.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms. 822 Fort st.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, furnished. Apply 813 Fort st.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms; moderate. 806 Cook st.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms; all conveniences. 615 Elliott near Government.

HOUSEKEEPING, also furnished rooms to let, one minute from car. 1144 Pandora.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—Lovely, big, front room, furnished or unfurnished, with balcony; also another room; new house, every convenience, close in, moderate, etc.; use of phone and piano. Phone L4327.

HOUSEKEEPING room, every convenience. Phone L3964. 311 Superior.

HOUSEKEEPING SUITE—Fireplace, new house; one minute to Fort car. 1769 Pembroke st.

LARGE front room, furnished for housekeeping; steam heat and bath. 736 Courtney st.

LARGE, clean housekeeping room, with kitchenette and gas range; ground floor; close in. 1624 Quadra st., phone L3696.

ONE large front room for housekeeping; gas and bath; central. 817 Fort st. Suitable for office.

ONE or two furnished housekeeping rooms. 1120 Vancouver st.

ONE and two large housekeeping rooms to rent, furnished, range, bath, hot and cold, phone; one minute from car; 1111 Pandora.

ONE large furnished housekeeping room, central, electric light and bath, private house, $3 a week, adults only. 623 Princess ave.

PLEASANT housekeeping room, pantry and sink; ground floor; adult preferred. 2726 Douglas st.

TWO-ROOMED suite furnished for housekeeping, gas range, all conveniences, reasonable. 1192 Fort st.

THREE nice sunny unfurnished housekeeping rooms, bath, hot and cold water, two minutes from fort st. car, pleasant locality. 1655 Pembroke st.

TWO large furnished housekeeping rooms, corner Richmond and Oak Bay avenues, phone 3480.

THREE furnished housekeeping rooms $24 Courtney St.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, bedroom and kitchen, all conveniences. Apply 1033 Fisguard st.

To let—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping two blocks from P. O. 734 Humboldt St.

THE Burdette House, furnished housekeeping rooms. 951 Burdette ave., cor. Vancouver.

TO RENT—Furnished housekeeping room, also bedroom, 1219 North Park St.

TWO housekeeping rooms. 471 Gorge, cor. Garbally.

THREE unfurnished housekeeping rooms, with gas range and bath, in private house, very central, moderate rent, no children. Apply 311 Quebec st.; two blocks from Parliament bldgs.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms. 1937 Blanchard st., Mapleburst.

TWO unfurnished housekeeping rooms near car. 2122 Spring st.

THE CAMERONIAN — Newly opened, housekeeping rooms. All conveniences. Walking distance. 1171 Fort st.

TO RENT—Large sunny bedroom and housekeeping rooms. 749 Burdette. Phone R1231.

TWO unfurnished rooms and large kitchen with cook stove for rent. 1331 Pembroke, Spring Ridge car. Apply Sunday or evenings.

TWO unfurnished rooms, provision for gas and cook stove. 2620 Government, cor. Hillside.

TWO unfurnished rooms, one minute from car. 316 Mary st.

TO LET—Bed-sitting room (folding bed) and kitchette, James Bay carline; furnace heat; phone, etc., $4 per week. Bedroom, with use of kitchen and sitting room, on Fort st.; clean and comfortable; furnace; phone, etc., $4 per week; suit married couple. Upper flat in lady's house, Oak Bay av.; suit married couple or 3 or 4 ladies; very moderate. Apply for particulars and list of other rooms to the Ladies' Agency, 425 Sayward bldg., phone R486.

THE CAMERONIAN—Newly furnished housekeeping rooms, in select district. Walking distance. 1179 Fort st.

WELL furnished housekeeping room, separate kitchen, all conveniences. 42 South Turner, James Bay. Phone L4715.

2 LARGE, bright rooms to rent, furnished, or unfurnished, modern house, 10 mins. wide city. 848 Green st.

FURNISHED ROOMS

A T 434 Simcoe, near Menzies, furnished; sea view; bath, piano. Phone L4719.

A LARGE, well-furnished bedroom, bath, telephone, piano; home privileges; garage if desired. 913 Avalon rd., next to Government st., James Bay.

A FURNISHED room. 742 Michigan st. Phone R814.

A FURNISHED room, suitable for 2; modern heating, hot and cold water, with bath. 844 View st.

A FURNISHED ROOM to let, all modern conveniences. Phone R4822.

A COMFORTABLE bedroom, suit two gentlemen, single beds, use of sitting room; car passes door; 119 Superior St.

A FURNISHED room for rent; bath and phone. 1126 Burdett's ave.

BEDROOM to rent; 1219 North Park St.

CLEAN, furnished, front bedroom, close to City Hall and car, $2.50 weekly; 1003 Fort st.

COMFORTABLE rooms for men. 1403 Cook st.

COMFORTABLE furnished room to let, every convenience. Five minutes from Post Office. 807 Collinson st.

COMFORTABLE rooms. 75 Linden ave.

COMFORTABLY furnished, furnace heated rooms, with first class board; also vacancy for one business lady. 1255 Pandora phone L3066.

FOR clean, comfortable rooms go to the Sylvester, 715 Yates st. $3 per week up.

FOR RENT—A large shed-sittingroom for two. Phone R306. 851 Montreal st.

FOR RENT—Single room for lady with use of bath and phone. Apply apartment 8, Mt. Edwards or janitor.

FOR RENT—A bright sunny room furnished, overlooking the sea; no meals. 16 South Turner, street corner Dallas rd.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with or without board. 2617 Graham street.

FURNISHED room with or without board, private family, 115 Croft, off Niagara, close car.

FURNISHED rooms. 2035 Stanley av.

FURNISHED room, suitable for two gentlemen; walking distance; 1110 Fisguard St.

FURNISHED rooms. Jesmond House, 507 Simcoe st. Phone L4157.

FURNISHED rooms to let. 506 St. John st., cor. Kingston.

FURNISHED rooms, cheap, block from P.O. 710 Humboldt St.

LARGE, comfortable rooms, newly furnished; use of phone, bath, etc. Phone L4490.

LARGE, bright, front bedroom, suitable for two. 309 Menzies st.

LARGE, front, sunny room, open grate. Phone R4421.

LODGINGS for respectable men at 229 Pembroke st.

NICE bright rooms, new and modern; close in; moderate. Phone L4397.

NICELY furnished bedroom, suitable for two gentlemen; new house. 1116 Caillard, corner Vancouver.

RESPECTABLE young man wanted to share room with modern conveniences; $2 per week; 838 Fisguard; phone 3516.

ROOM for two men, 2620 Government street; phone and bath.

SMALL sunny bedroom, furnished; Fernwood car; reasonable terms. 2627 Victor st.

SUPERIOR furnished rooms, every convenience. Phone L4896. 1607 Fell st., Oak Bay.

TWO furnished rooms to let; apply 1007 View St.

THREE unfurnished housekeeping rooms with gas range and bath, in private house, very central, moderate rent, no children. Apply 311 Quebec st.; two blocks from Parliament bldgs.

TO LET—comfortably furnished sitting room and two bedrooms, 1522 Elford st., city; Fort st carline.

TO LET—Furnished rooms at 568 Rithet st., two large, double bedrooms, suitable for two gentlemen. Modern conveniences.

To let—Large, front, cheery room, steam heated, electric light and bath, two gentlemen; good locality, opposite Beacon Hill Park; reasonable rates. 950 Haywood ave.

50 Cents per night, $2.00 a week and up. 511 Langley st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

AUTOS FOR SALE—One Rover runabout, $175; three Huhmobile runabouts, $400 up; 2-Overland, 5-passenger cars, $400 up; 2 Ford, 5-passenger, $400 and $425; these prices for this week only; every car is in good running order; Dunsmuir Garage; phone 5010.

A BIG OPPORTUNITY—Owner going East, will sacrifice beautiful early English dining suite, with china cabinet, and buffet, Spanish leather den and parcel pieces, Axminster rug, china, brass bed, mahogany Princess dresser and many useful and artistic pieces of household requisites in use less than two months; will sacrifice by the piece of "en bloc"; no dealers, 1511 Vining st., corner of Belmont ave.

A RUBBER tired buggy for sale nearly new, only $90; cost $175. J. Cherry, Lampson St. south; phone F2962.

AN English perambulator in white kid and basket work, with canopy, etc., cost $45, will sell cheap. Apply, after 7 p. m., 524 Michigan st.

AUTOMOBILE SNAP—1912 model five-passenger Ford, electric lights, new non-skid tires, all accessories. This car is like new and a snap at $550. Phone L3884.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE—Five-passenger Russell car, 1912 model, nearly new and in first class condition. For particulars Box 2310, Colonist.

AUTOMOBILE buyers attention. I will sell my 1911 model five-passenger touring car, all in first-class shape, at a very low figure. Box 2272, Colonist.

A SNAP—A 28 ft. Columbia River fishing boat with complete set of sails, oars and anchor. For particulars apply L. McBeath, Hinton's Boat House.

AUTOMOBILE for $200, English "Rover," in good running order; leaving the city and must sell at once. Rear 2624 Douglas street.

AUTOMOBILE buyers, attention. For quick sale, my seven-passenger Packard, $1200 cash, balance monthly. Price $1900. Phone L2531, or Box 1518.

CHEAP—Logan plants, most prolific on Island, doz. 50c. 100, $4. T. W. Palmer, Lake Hill P.O., North Quadra.

CHARCOAL wholesale and retail. Kwong On Ling, 555 Cormorant st., city.

DRESSES cost England $130; smart as new; sell $25; bust 36. Box 2358, Colonist.

EIGHT strong 8-year-old holly trees; the lot $20; Holly, P. O. Box 924, City.

EGGS for winter keeping. Guaranteed unfertile and therefore best keepers. Absolutely fresh. Price per case of 30 dozen, $4. George L. Craddock, Mayne Island.

FOR SALE—A snap, one Waverly electric coupe, $1700. Apply C. Chitty, P. O. Box 696.

FOR SALE—Seven-passenger Daimler car; $1000 cash. Box 2033 Colonist.

FOR SALE—Secondhand brass fire suite, mahogany overmantel, Brussels carpet, 9x9; also some good china. 540 Johnson st.

FOR SALE—Cabin cruiser 32x7, mahogany finished 20 h.p. Roberts engine, speed 12 miles an hour; price $650; apply Empress Boathouse, James Bay.

FOR SALE—Seven-passenger Darmler car; $1000 cash. Box 2033 Colonist.

FOR SALE—Furniture of 9-roomed rooming house, within three minutes of P. O., rent $45; rooms all full, everything in good condition. For particulars Phone R4136.

FOR SALE—Large, malliable, McClary range; nearly new; $30. 1466 Bay.

FOR SALE—Parlor suite before Wednesday, 1843 Gladstone; over druggists.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

FOR SALE—Almost new, good furniture for four rooms; whole or part; very reasonable. 1125 Hulbs st., Suite 4.

FOR SALE—Mitchell touring car, 5 passenger, only been in use five months, in splendid running order, spare tire and rools, etc. Will give terms or exchange for real estate. Apply Phone 4148, or 2186 Fairfield.

FOR SALE—A 7912 Mandy Lee incubator; used four times. G. West, Hualtain St. right off Richmond.

FOR SALE—Combination billiard and pool table, standard size; maker, Henry May; price $60; cost new, $200. Address, P.O. Box 1406.

FOR SALE—Sheraton mahogany china cabinet, Flemish oak sectional bookcase, three sections, base and top; golden oak chiffonier. Inquire corner Linden and Oxford.

FOR SALE—One in-des-tructo trunk, cost $25 in the States; will sell for $12.50; 1003 Fort st. Will warrant trunk; call Room 308, St. James Hotel, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Pool tables for public or private use; cash or time payments; see L. C. Sanders, agent the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., Room 208 St. James Hotel, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—10 shares B.C. Life. What offers? H. W. Biggar, 424 Richmond ave.

FOR SALE—Stanley piano in first-class condition cheap. Must be sold at once. Apply 939 Hillside ave.

FOR SALE—Cabin Cruiser, mahogany finish, equipped with a 20-h.p. Roberts engine, speed guaranteed 12 miles an hour. Price $850. Apply Box 2298, Colonist.

FOR SALE—Fine pegged Magoon strawberry plants, one dollar per hundred, reduced price for large quantity. J. H. Sutton, Keatings.

FOR SALE—A 3-roomed houseboat, almost new, Constance Cove. Apply Phone M726.

FOR SALE—Awning, 16 ft., do for store, can be seen at 3513 Turner st., Rock Bay, cheap for cash.

FOR SALE—Second-hand 7-horse-power Yale motorcycle in good condition, cheap. Apply 1409 Store st.

FOR SALE—Strong dump-cart, whiffle tree and side rods. Shaw, 2670 Fourth st., near exhibition fence.

FIVE-PASSENGER car, good order, can be used for delivery, $375. Davie's Garage.

FOR SALE—Tent-shack; partly furnished. Haney, 1747 Hollywood Crescent, Foul Bay car.

FOR Sale—Complete furniture of five roomed bungalow; what offers? apply for appointment, P. O. Box 1293.

FROM $350 to $1000, second hand autos; select your car now; all guaranteed in good running order. Call 1003 View st.

FOR SALE—A limited number of rhubarb roots, large red variety. Apply to F. Sere, Phone 229, P. O. Box 478, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—Goerts lens, Dapp-auastigmat, Series III, with stand camera, complete; also old violin. Both first-class articles. Please ring up L4487.

FOR SALE—Lathe with attachments, foot or power, bench tools. Great chance to start a useful shop. Box 967 Colonist.

GENUINE old violin, by Jacobus Stainer, in first class condition; splendid tone; $100. Apply 524 Michigan.

HORNLESS gramophone and 18 double records; good as new. $20. 323 Menzies st.

C. SMITH typewriter for sale, almost new. 2600 Government st.

LIGHT express wagon with top, in perfect condition. G. McConnel, Gordon Head.

MACHINE for Sale—Nearly new 11 in. Four Side Cowan Moulder in thoroughly first class working order; price is only $500; replacing with larger machine. Moore & Whittington, 2614 Bridge st.

OWING to adverse financial conditions, will sell my beautiful Wood limousine electric automobile cheap; address L. A. L. 156 21st Ave., Seattle, Wash.

OFFER bargain on my six-cylinder, 36 h.p., three passenger 1912 Pierce Arrow runabout, fully equipped, run 3,500 miles. In A1 condition. Fred J. Wood, So. Bellingham, Wash.

PIANO and sewing machine for sale cheap 235 Cook st.

RAYMOND sewing machines, $35, $40, $45 and $50; liberal discount for cash; easy term rental purchase. 1311 Langley st.

SODA carbonating outfit; almost new; cost $125; sell for $90, will supply gas. Apply 1214 Fort st.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—The great Magoon, 100, 70c.; 1000, $5. Cuthbert raspberries, 12, 50c. Rhubarb roots, 10c. Carriage paid. Chas Provan, Langley Fort.

SINGER Sewing Machine—Nearly new cost $65, will sell cheap. Apply 524 Michigan.

STRAWBERRY Plants, Maidens only, Magoons, $3.30 per 1000; Elton Pine, Lord Overton, Royal Sovereign. The Laxton, $6.60 per 1000. Loganberry, strong, $30. Raspberry, Cuthbert, $25, per 1000. All extra fine stuff.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Marshall, 100 for 75c; 500 for $2.50; 1000 for $4, pedigree grown from strawberries, 50c. per dozen. Theo. Bryant, Ladysmith, B.C.

SEWING Machines—Second hand $3 up; new machines rented; oil, needles and supplies for all makes. White Sewing Machine Store, 721 Yates St. Phone 4616.

TENT for sale, 12x14; 1523 Amelia St.

UNCALLED for tailor made suits, pants, overcoats, all full dress, suits, tuxedos, much less than cost. Wm. Morris, 809 Yates st., upstairs, open evenings.

VIOLIN, with case and bow, for sale, $30—also cello, both fine instruments. 1643 Denman st.

WE have a 1911 model 5, passenger, 35 h.-p. Overland, in A1 condition, for sale, cheap, or will trade for real estate. Dougall & McMorran, 711 Cormorant st.

WE have four Hupmobile runabouts from $350 up. Hurry if you want one of these. Dunsmuir Garage, Phone 5010.

6 AND 9 roomed house; furniture for sale; sell cheap. Phones L3157 and R2429.

$350—5-seated touring car, in first-class condition, extra tires, inner tubes and accessories to value of $120 included. Phone L4190.

MISCELLANEOUS

AGREEMENT for sale, $1720, close in, payable $80 per month, at 7 per cent, for $1400. Owner, Phone L3884.

A COLLECTION of finest Old Country flowers for $2; 6 delphiniums, 6 sweet Williams, 6 foxgloves, 3 campanula, 4 canterbury bells, Madrona Flower Farm, Gordon Head. Also tree lupines, lavender, verbs, phlox and chrysanthemums for sale; plant now. Artistic gardens planned.

BAGGAGE promptly handled at current rates by the Victoria Transfer Co., phone 129. Office open night and day.

CONSCIENTIOUS auto repairs at The Dunsmuir Garage. See us first.

EXPERT AUTO REPAIRS — Dunsmuir Garage, opposite new Government buildings, Superior st; consult us first. Phone 5010.

EXPERT AUTO REPAIRS—The Dunsmuir Garage. Phone 5010.

FOR good conscientious workmanship see the Dunsmuir Garage. A staff of expert automobile mechanics at your service. Phone 5010, cor. Menzies and Superior sts.

HUNTER & RIGG—Plastering contractors, having dissolved partnership, the business will now be carried on by Wm. Hunter, 917 Fort st. Phone L2041.

LEE Wah Lun, 1722 Government St. ladies and gentlemen's suits to order; 10 per cent discount for next 30 days.

LOT 14, Sec 79, Langford, has been sold and is off the market.

LOTS 15 and 16, in block 44 Superior St., are off the market.

NOTICE TO OWNERS—Rooms papered, $5.00 and up, materials included. H. M. Harris, 812 Caledonia ave. Phone R4094.

MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

NEWCOMERS' Social Club—Empire Whist competition at 8 o'clock on Tuesday next, at the Old Country Tea Rooms. Hibben block. Visitors welcome. Secretary, 324 Hibben Block.

NOTICE is real estate agents. Our house on Victoria ave., Victoria West, is sold. Knappett Bros.

NOTICE—Real estate agents our bungalow on south 40, lots 1 and 2, blk G. Moss st. is off market. Owners.

PART interest in Sec. 134, Lake District, is sold. West part Sec. 135 withdrawn. Owner.

REAL estate men take notice that my 8A house, 1461 Taunton St., is listed exclusively with Moore & Johnson; Mr. Keyser.

THOMAS BROS., real estate agents, 818 Fort st., have removed to a more central location and are now doing business at 303 Hibben-Bone bldg.

THE British Columbia Old Country Public School Boys' Association.—All old boys of British Public Schools now in Vancouver Island, B.C. are requested to communicate the following information to the Secretary, Mr. Ernest Norris, 1464 Pandora: Present address. (2) Old school and date of residence there. (3) Present occupation. (4) Present position. (5) A number of the Association will be sent to every old public school boy who is not already a member thereof. It is hoped that all must join so that a complete register of old public school boys now in Vancouver Island may be obtained. Old members who have not done so are requested to notify the Secretary of any change of address. Address for the Secretary, A. R. Sherwood, Box 812, Victoria, B.C.

TO Real Estate Agents—My lots 1 and 12, block 2, Fernwood Estate, are off the market. A. Graham.

W. A. SOCIAL, Easter Monday, Colwood Hall. Come and see the latest attractions. A good time for all. 8 p.m. sharp. Entrance 50c.

WALLPAPER, etc., painters and paperhangers. Estimates free. Phone F. C. Webb, Fairfield bldg., opposite City Hall.

WEAR-EVER Aluminum Cooking Utensil Specialties. Head Office: Northern Aluminum Company, Ltd., Toronto, Ont. W. I. Gordon, Agent, Nazareth House, 766 Hillside ave., Victoria, B.C. Open evenings for demonstrations and taking of orders. Calls at residences with samples 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. by appointment. Orders kindly solicited from prospective brides, families, boarding houses, apartment houses, restaurants, and hotels. Drop a postcard, or phone L4587, and will promptly call.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

AUTOMOBILE WANTED—Must be in first class running order and a fairly new model; will trade shares in a Yukon company (which are paying good dividends) for same. Apply Box 2089, Colonist.

ALWAYS pay highest prices for cast-off clothing, boots, shoes, valises, etc. Morris, 609 Yates, will call anywhere. Phone 4810.

BAKERY business wanted; state price and location. Box 2110, Colonist.

LAUNCH, about 20 ft., as part payment for 5 acres valuable Okanagan Lake waterfront, or sell for $2500, 1-3 cash. Box 2427, Colonist.

POSTAGE stamps bought and sold, also 6 per cent investments sent on application. F. C. Lloyd, Crofton, V. I.

PAINTERS and paperhangers wanted to call at Labor Hall, 731 Johnson st.

SCRAP brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks and all kinds of bottles and rubber; highest cash prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store St.; phone 1336.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for: The Week, $2 per year; Toronto Saturday Night, $3 per year; Vancouver German Press, $1.50 per year; Canada, published weekly in London, England, $1 per year. Address The Newton Advertising Agency, 4th floor, Times bldg., Victoria, B. C.

WANTED—Good up-to-date buggy, any style. Phone 1480, or Box ABC, Colonist.

WANTED—Columbia river fishing boat, small size. Must be cheap. Address 1013 View st.

WANTED—Agreements for sale from owners only; must be a snap. Box 2352, Colonist.

WANTED, by sound industrial company, 100 h.p. boiler; 1 80 h.p. engine, pump, heaters, etc., and any machinery suitable for dry press brick plant; will give difference in cash with redemption privilege for same, which will stand strictest investigation. Address, H. W. Dye, 312 Boston blk., Seattle, Wash.

WANTED—Small sail boat, must be in good shape and cheap. Apply Box 2322, Colonist.

WANTED—A second-hand safe, inside measurement about 2x2x2; particulars to E. J. Bowden, Duncan.

WANTED—Five-passenger car, in good order, cash or trade. P. O. Box 119.

WANTED—Gentlemen's cast-off clothing; we pay the price. 1221 Oriental Alley.

WE want ten men with $10,000 each to put into the best proposition in the city. Absolutely nonassessable and 10 per cent on the investment. J. L. Punderson & Co., Ltd., 5 & 6 Brown blk., Broad street.

WANT TO EXCHANGE

EXCHANGE—Berwick st, near Dallas rd. and breakwater, 50x110, for house and lot or acreage; clear deed. Box 2463, Colonist.

EXCHANGE—Cadillac motor, perfect condition, for good lot or bungalow, or good agreement; am leaving town. Apply P. O. Box 1017.

EXCHANGE—A big bunch of lots with clear deeds for Victoria property, willing to assume payments or mortgages. Homesites, 715 Hibben-Bone blk., Victoria.

FOUR passenger McLaughlin Buick car in first-class running order. Tires as good as new. Fully equipped, tools, lamps, etc. Will trade for real estate. Rogerson & Moss, 622 Johnson st.

OWNER will give use of 7 acres of finest agricultural land near Victoria, in exchange for fruit trees; in clover last year; Box 2315, Colonist.

LAKE OKANAGAN waterfront, over 5 acres; take launch, about 20 ft., as part payment, or sell for $2500, 1-3 cash. Box 2426, Colonist.

SEVENTEEN and one-quarter acre improved ranch, twelve miles Seattle, for Victoria property. Box 2289 Colonist.

WE have a client who is desirous of exchanging Edmonton city property for close-in acreage. This property will stand close inspection and we can recommend it to anyone desiring to get property in this prosperous city. Cameron Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. Phone 3760. 618 Trounce ave.

WE have several fine lots in Saskatoon which we are willing to trade for Victoria property. If you have a lot and require money to meet payment we will trade you a lot or two for your equity and take over agreement. Drop in and see us. H. E. Maddock Co., 1216 Douglas st.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Good, new bungalow, Fairfield, close in, for two good $9-ft. lots in Oak Bay or Fairfield; would pay some cash. Box 2447, Colonist.

WILL exchange new, 1913 model, 5-passenger, Overland automobile for good lot or agreement for sale. Box 2448, Colonist.

WE have several lots to exchange for anything; what have you to trade? Bring it in. Dominion Realty, 644 Yates.

45 H. P. AUTOMOBILE, five-passenger, in A1 first-class condition in exchange for desirable real estate; price $1500. Apply 311 Union Bank; phone 4642.

TENDERS WANTED

NOTICE to Contractors. Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the excavating of a basement in solid rock. Tenders to be in by Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1913. Plans may be seen at 1896 Seaview Ave., Victoria, B.C.

WANTED—Tenders for stone and cement work for residence on Gladstone ave. J. Robertson, 1720 Davie st. Phone L4198.

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK

A DAMS' White Wyandottes, 2nd and 3rd utility pens Provincial show, 1913, and in laying contest, 1912. Day-old chicks 15c each; eggs $2 per 15, $10 per 100. Geo. E. Adams, P. O. Box 240, Victoria, B.C.

A FIRST-CLASS family cow for sale, very quiet and gentle, $75. Manning, Langford P.O.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS—Prize winning strain, selected eggs from proved layers, $2.00 per setting. Mrs. F. V. Bingham, 2646 Perbes st., Fernwood.

BABY CHICKS and eggs for hatching; S. C. Leghorns, Minorcas, Anconas, White and Barred Rocks, R.-I. Reds, Orpingtons, Wyandottes; ducks; Fekins and Indian Runners. Chas. Provan, Langley Fort.

CHATHAM incubator, 200 eggs, $10. Box 2197, Colonist.

EGGS for hatching. White Wyandottes, L. Plymouth Rocks. Rose Comb White Leghorns, $1.00 per 13. Apply Scott & Peden, Wharf st.

EGGS for hatching—Kellestrass Crystal White Orpingtons from expensively imported pen; White Wyandottes from Martin's and Lewis birds; prices on application. M. J. Monckton, Duncan, B.C.

EGGS from prize-winners, Brown Leghorns and White Plymouth Rocks, $2.00. Pekin Duck eggs $1.25. J. West, Hualtain st., off Richmond. Sub Post Office No. 2.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—S. C. Buff Leghorn, $1.50 per 15, from prize stock. A. Hughes, 1607 Fairfield rd.

EGGS for hatching—Kellestrass strain White Orpingtons and S.C. Rhode Island Reds. Setting of 15, $1.50 to $5.00. Special prize winning lot. W. H. Van Arsen 2490 Cadboro Bay rd.

EGGS—S. C. Reds, $2.00; Adalusians $1.50; incubator lots. P. S. Lampman, Oak Bay, phone R4064.

EGGS for hatching—White Orpington, Cook's imported stock. Very white birds, large brown eggs, $2 per 13, also White Wyandotte prize stock, $1.50 per 13. Phone M1692. P.O. Box 9.

FOR SALE—2 Cyphers incubators, almost new, capacity 250 and 160 eggs, about 200 yearling hens, pullets and cockerels and early-hatched cockerels; all E. T. Hanson's strain of S. C. White Leghorns. R. N. Walker, Strawberry Vale P.O.; phone M240.

FOR SALE—Broody hens, $1.75 each; Minorca cockerel, $2.50. Bidlake, 415 Laurel St., Shoal Bay.

FINE portable chicken house, bolted together in sections, capacity 25 hens, $12, also Chatham outdoor brooder, complete $6. G. L. Walker, city limits, Esquimalt rd. Phone M1627.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Airedale Terriers from pedigreed prize winning stock. Cook, Fairfield P.O., Box 1.

FRESH Jersey cow for sale, giving 4 to 5 gallons. Apply F. Thompson, Oakland rd., Oak Bay.

FOR SALE—20 mixed pullets, all laying. Apply 1716 Haultain st. Brogan.

FOR SALE—30 laying chickens, also 2 incubators, cheap. F. Smith, Bethune ave., off Cloverdale ave.

FOR SALE—Strong, healthy chicks, pure-bred Barred Rocks. Johnson, Eidon Place, half block from end of Burnside car line.

FOR SALE—A purebred pointer dog, about three years old, beautifully marked. Reply P. O. Box 1097.

FOR SALE—Handsome dog, Newfoundland. Apply 2057 Granite st, Oak Bay.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred and common chickens' eggs for setting. 957 North Park st.

FIVE hundred head of poultry for sale; laying stock, all breeds; also geese, pigeons and Belgian hares. Victoria Poultry Supply, 1113R Quadra st., corner of Fort.

FOR SALE—Excellent breeding pen, pure-bred White Wyandottes; must sell right females. Apply mornings, Beattie, 1805 Hampshire rd., N., Oak Bay.

FOR SALE—One horse, express wagon, and buggy, all in good order. Can be seen at 1214 Styles st., Victoria West; price complete, $170.

FORCED to leave city—If taken at once, $275 buys team, harness and covered express wagon; all in A1 condition; team weighs 2300; sound and true; 8 and 9 years old; will sell separate. Call at 725 Johnson street.

FAVEROLLES, the French utility variety, White Cornish Game, Dark Cornish game, White and Buff Orpingtons at $2.50 per 13 eggs; 1st Class Buff Orpington and Game-Faverolle at $1.50; 22 1st, 16 2nd prizes at 2 recent exhibitions. A few cockerels for sale. Madrona Poultry Farm, Gordon Head.

FOR SALE—Imported Jersey cow, two years old with calf. Took first prize Victoria Exhibition, Brantford Herd. Apply for particulars to P. O. Box 1406, City.

FOR SALE—Splendid driving mare, guaranteed to lead and driver, no vice, suit lady. Blanchard, The Rocks, McKenzie ave., Saanich rd.

FOR sale—A carload of heavy draught horses just received; several well matched teams. Apply Gleeson and Johnson, 2435 Blanchard st.

FOR SALE—Good heavy horse, cheap if taken at once. Apply 2735 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Black Orpington cockerels, prize winning strain, $10.

FOR SALE—two very fine pedigreed collies (tricolored). Will let them go cheaply for quick sale. Address P. O. Box 224, Duncan, B.C.

HOMER pigeons for sale $1 and $1.50 per pair; apply 2321 Fernwood Road, City.

HOUDANS—First prize stock. Eggs, $2.50 per setting. Apply L. Jones, Fernwood rd., 1 block east Easter ave., Saanich rd.

INCUBATORS, Brooders from $10; write for free booklet, Eggsact Incubator Factory, P. O. Box 1434.

S.C. WHITE Leghorn eggs for hatching, from purebred prize stock, $1 for fifteen, $6 per hundred. H. A. Hincks, Langford Station; phone Y2660.

TWENTY pullets, laying, $1.25 each. 2554 Graham st.

TERRIERS—Black and tan, fine house dogs, cheap. Meld, General delivery.

THREE brood hens for sale. Two dollars each. J. H. Sutton, Keatings.

THOROUGHBRED White Leghorns, from prize winners, eggs $1.50 per setting. Phone 4618. 731 Yates st.

WHITE Leghorn eggs, from 2nd pen International Egg test, Vancouver. Price $5.00. Malcolm H. Haughton, 1015 Pendergast st., Victoria.

WELL-BRED Irish water spaniel pup for sale. 2020 Bourchier st., off Foul Bay road.

WANTED—To purchase two or three good cows, Holstein preferred. H. C. Oldfield, Elk Lake, P.O. Box 929, Victoria. Phone 4029.

WANTED—A good dog, pure bred, for good home; reasonable price. Send offer to P. O. Box 1238, city.

WE will have a car of heavy horses arrive here on Jan. 18th, weighing from 1600 to 2000 lbs., including three show teams; can be seen at sale barn, corner of Cook and Pembroke st. Stephenson & Derry, prop. Phones R2975 and Y2975.

WANTED—Pure-bred White Rock and Barred Rock eggs for setting. 306 Gorge rd.; phone 575.

WANT TO RENT—HOUSES

HAVE you a house to rent anywhere in the city? List it with our rental department for quick results. Victoria Subdivision Co., Ltd. 414-415 Central bldg., phone 594.

WANTED, on the 21st of April, to rent, a six-roomed cottage; close in; careful tenant; no children. Box XYZ, Colonist.

WANTED TO RENT—Six-roomed modern bungalow, unfurnished. Box 3026 Colonist, or phone 4078, room 109.

WANTED—Small house, or 2 housekeeping rooms, near Esquimalt rd. Box 16, Beaumont P. O.

FOR RENT—HOUSES

A SNAP—Dandy, new furniture and lease of 5 rooms and bath; rent $25; price $300, downstairs. F. G. Porteous, Iris suite 46.

BEAUTIFUL little house of four rooms on Gorge, large waterfront lot, with nice trees on it, $18 per month. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 811 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4642.

EIGHT-ROOMED, fully modern house, on Oban st., Gorge district, at $25 per month. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 811 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4642.

FOR RENT—5-roomed cottage; new basement, city water; some furniture; $15 monthly. Bethune av., 5 minutes from Douglas car. Pioneer Realty, 1316 Yates st.

FOR RENT—House, 7 rooms, James Bay, $35, furniture for sale, $260, or would sell part. Box 2274 Colonist.

FOR RENT—6-roomed cottage, bath and pantry, large lot, big barn and chicken house run; $25 per month. 646 Francis ave.

FIVE-ROOMED bungalow, two bedrooms, on Belmont st., at $30 per month. Wm. Dunford & Son, Ltd., 811 Union Bank bldg.; phone 4642.

FOR SALE—Furnished cabin complete; good stove, cooking utensils, dishes, iron bed, low rent to party leaving soap; enquire this office. Box 2340, Colonist.

FOR RENT—160 acres all cultivated and well fenced, 4½ miles from Victoria; also farm at Cowichan for rent. Monk, Montell & Co., Ltd., Government corner Broughton.

FOUL BAY—One minute from sea and car, fully modern 5-roomed bungalow, nice garden, fruit and lot. W. H. Van Arsen 2490 Cadboro Bay rd. Would consider giving lease. Gilbert N. Witt, McCallum blk. Phone 3369.

GARDEN CITY—Two 2-roomed shacks to remove, new water on lot. Particulars, 650 Dallas rd.

HOUSE for rent on lease, 1650 Hollywood Crescent, 7 rooms and good basement, furnace installed, $45 per month. Morris & Edwards Building & Investment Co., 213 Sayward bldg.

HALF house, 3 rooms, modern, upstairs, $20, close to car. Box 2413 Colonist.

HOUSES TO RENT—Furnished and unfurnished. Victoria Subdivision Co., Ltd., 414-415 Central bldg.; phone 594.

MITCHELL St. bungalow 5 rooms, Heath M

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS wanted in every town in B.C.; sure selling proposition; double your income. Box 3434.

AGENTS—Big money selling our patented household specialties; if you mean business write for particulars and free sample; Gardner Co., 1923 Keefer St., Vancouver, B. C.

AGENTS—The biggest seller; a live one; every housewife will buy it on sight. A household article for the West; made in Winnipeg; send 50c for sample; money refunded if not the best thing you ever saw; get the agency for your town. Sanito Co., 421 Ashdown Block, Winnipeg.

ONE reliable man in every town to take orders for best custom-made clothes in Canada. Highest commission. Rex Tailoring Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED, at once, men and women to work for us in their homes; simple work, good pay. Write for instructions and contract, free. H. Gard, secretary, 315 Colleges st., Toronto, Canada.

LOST AND FOUND

A LADY'S mesh bag, lost on Causeway Friday night. Finder please return same to 419 Central Block and receive reward.

FOUND—White and brown spaniel pup. Owner can have same by identifying and paying expenses. Apply Victoria Hotel.

LOST—Cushion from motor bicycle seat, on Douglas car Hillside; finder please return to 747 Vancouver St.

LOST—Gold earring with cameo inset, between cathedral and Government House. Phone 2703.

LOST—Outside St. Barnabas' Church, small purse, containing $16, small change, and four American stamps. Reward if returned. 1136 McClure st.

LOST—Gordon setter dog, full grown. Phone 1917, business hours.

LOST—Lady's hand-bag, in city library. Return to 1605 Douglas st.; reward.

LOST—A small gold heart on Quadra, between Caledonia ave. and North Park st. Apply Box 2267 Colonist.

LOST—Lady's enamelled pendant watch, set with brilliants. Finder return to Chief of Police or Cross & Co., Fort st. Suitable reward paid.

LOST—Persian lamb necklet, reward, 119 Superior st.

STOLEN OR STRAYED—Collie dog, black back, white chest, feet, and light white ring round neck; answer name of "Bruce." Any person harboring same will be prosecuted. Mahs, Mt. Tolmie.

WOULD person who picked purse at Wescott's return; earrings that was in same? Box 2463, Colonist.

$100 REWARD to be paid for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who stole our Hudson automobile, No. 2424, on Friday night, March 21, from the front of our office, Pandora st. The Westholme Lumber Co., Ltd.

FLATS OR APARTMENTS

A SMALL flat to let, 3 rooms, 1031 Johnson St.

A FINE three-roomed modern up-to-date flat, fully furnished, very close in to heart of city. Rent $35 per month. See A. D. Malet & Company, 403-404 Central bldg.

A PARTMENT for rent in refined home, close to park, 10 minutes from G.P.O. Comprising large front bedroom (double) and comfortably furnished sittingroom. Fully modern house, furnace, etc. Phone 5148.

FOR RENT—4-roomed flat, modern, 730 Craigflower rd., near Dominion rd. Phone L2634.

FURNISHED flat, 1510 Beach Drive, Oak Bay.

FURNISHED FLAT TO RENT—3-roomed suite, most artistically and completely furnished, located ¼ block from Oak Bay car and the sea, and close to Oak Bay Hotel. Apply Hugh Pringle, Suite 6, Bellevue Court, Bellevue ave., Oak Bay, or

MODERN, unfurnished, four-roomed flat, bathroom and phone. 1116 Collinson.

THE Burdette House—Housekeeping apartments. 951 Burdette av.

TO LET—Two-room modern furnished suite, also garage; ten minutes from post office. Morrison Apartments, 425 Chester st.; phone R4985.

KENNINGTON & GORE-LANGTON

Real Estate and Insurance.
Cowichan Station and Cobble Hill.

20 ACRES—Light bush, 1½ miles from station, very suitable for chickens, good water. Price $40 per acre.

20 ACRES—Light bush, partly fenced 1¾ miles from station. Price $60 per acre.

14½ ACRES—1¼ miles from station on good road, good land. Price $1200.

160 ACRES—20 to 30 cleared, 1¾ miles from station, good water. Price $8000.

WANTED from owners, listings of cheap wild lands on Vancouver Island.

ROCHFORT AND MACHIN

Real Estate and General Financial Agents
Phone 1862 129-130 Pemberton Block

IF looking for bargains in inside properties, choice homes, suburban sites, or acreage for subdivision, we have them below market prices, on unusually low terms. Let us show you.

SOOKE REALTY COMPANY

W. Miller Higgs. A. Percy Rayment.

160 ACRES, 70 acres clear, first-class soil, good creek runs through the property. Price $150 per acre.

159 ACRES, Goldstream district; $15 an acre; fine sheep and cattle range.

12 ACRES, good creek, well-built shack, shingled outside, commanding view of harbor; 2 minutes from C.N.R. flag station; $2500.

CHOICE WATERFRONT—Residential sites on Sooke harbor, Sooke River and Demanie Creek.

EDWIN FRAMPTON

REALTY
McGregor Blk., Cor. View and Broad
House Phone XX3128. Phone 918.

$2200—Bay st. car, Belmont (Cecil) st. 5 lots north of carline, 100 ft. frontage x 110; $2200; 1-3 cash and terms.

$3000—Corner of King's and Belmont, 100x112; price $2000; same terms.

$1700—Rosebery st., fine view lot with oaks, 50x129; cash $700, 8, 9 and 18 months balance.

$3000—Waterfront, Foul Bay, fine deep lot with cove for landing; cash $1150 and terms arranged.

$5250—Fairfield, near Moss, beautiful bungalow, 6 rooms; everything perfectly modern; $5250, with cash $1,000.

$12,000—Humboldt st., few minutes from Empress Hotel, 66x148; two street frontages, nice 7-roomed residence; all modern; low price; cash $3500, balance spread over 2 years.

LLOYD & HULKE

Real Estate Agents
Crofton

OWNER must sell; new house, large, 10 acres of beautiful sea frontage, partly cleared, garden, water, large workshop, etc., for $4500; terms; plenty of neighbors; this is a snap; act quick.

CROFT & ASHBY

Real Estate, Timber, Mines and Coal Lands
Phone 2999. P.O. Box 560
124, 125 and 126 Pemberton Bldg., Victoria
Vancouver Office, Winch Bldg.
Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange

PORT HARDY—The deep water townsite on Hardy Bay; lots from $140 up; terms, $25 cash and $15 per quarter; there is no doubt but that the railway survey on Vancouver Island will be extended to this magnificent harbor, which is on the trade route to China, Japan, to Alaska, etc. We have from Seattle, etc., to Alaska, etc. We have sold lots, etc., at this point to leading citizens in B.C., aggregating about $200,000.

FARM—About 50 miles from Victoria, 550 acres more or less; 70 acres in plow, about 300 acres pasture; a splendid dairy farm. Would sell readily in 5-acre blocks. Near town, rail and sea.

FARM—Cedar District, near Ladysmith, 300 acres, waterfrontage, $200 per acre.

FARM—Saltspring Island, 68 acres, good house, orchard, fruit trees, barns, etc. $32,000.

FRENCH CREEK—About 1400 acres; good soil, good for subdividing. $45 per acre.

FARM—Comox District, 120 acres, good bottom land, about 2½ million feet merchantable timber, on good road and close to railway. Only $40 per acre.

FARM—Deep Bay, 186 acres, ½ mile waterfront, on railway and wagon road, no rock, all good soil, about 1½ million feet merchantable timber. $150 per acre.

SHAWNIGAN—100 acres, road frontage, close to C.N.R. $100 per acre.

FARM—140 acres, 30 acres cleared, house, barn, good beach, ½ mile waterfront. $125 per acre.

FARM—Sooke, 135 acres, good bottom land, 40 acres cleared, close to main road. $150 per acre.

COMOX DISTRICT—760 acres, good land, $35 per acre.

COMOX DISTRICT—320 acres, good bottom land, close to railway. $75 per acre.

WANTED—Timber. We have a special way to order for about 100 million feet within 100 miles of Vancouver. Also we want Crown grant exportable timber. Send full particulars.

4000 acres waterfront on east coast of Vancouver Island; protected waters; the cheapest area of wild land we have. Only $10 per acre.

WATER LOTS—Near Union Bay, Saanich, first large lots $2,500, 1-3 cash, balance one and two years, 7 per cent. These ought to double in price when tramway is completed this summer.

PORT HARDY—Sawmill has been purchased and will be erected at once at Port Hardy. We have lots for sale close to millsite.

FARM—Comox District, 150 acres, with river frontage, 75 acres cultivated, all good land, house, barns, etc. $250 per acre.

FARMS, FARMS—We have a number of small farming areas for sale.

LAW, BUTLER & BAYLY

Real Estate and Insurance
Phone 1218 207 Central Bldg.

ACREAGE

73 ACRES at Gordon Head, at $1,850 per acre.

3 ACRES, at Gordon Head, for $6,750.

6 ACRES on Carey rd. at $1,600 per acre.

10 ACRES, Glanford av., at $1,800 per acre.

2 ACRES, Langford Lake, at $550 per acre.

10 ACRES, Langford Lake, at $250 per acre.

2 ACRES, Happy Valley, at $400 per acre.

40 ACRES, Pender Island, partly cleared, $75 per acre.

60 ACRES, Nanaimo, $450 per acre.

LANGLEY & CO.

Real Estate, Financial & Insurance Agents
A. R. Langley, Manager.
Room 212, Central Building. Phone 3644,
P. O. Box 310.

SIMCOE ST.—Near Menzies, 7-roomed house on lot 54x150, $5,900.

KING'S ROAD—Two houses on one lot, near Douglas; $7,900.

MONEY to loan on improved property.

CAMBRIDGE—Lot 50x132, $3,000.

PRIOR and Topaz, double corner, 102x135, $4,200.

CORDOVA BAY—Choice waterfront lots, also good lots overlooking Bay.

WARD INVESTMENT CO. LTD.

"The Best Home Builders"
408-409-410 Jones Building
Phone 574 Fort Street

GOOD HOMES AND EASY TERMS
LINDEN Avenue, 10 rooms, $8500.

MCKENZIE Street, 7 rooms, completely furnished, furnace, electric light fixtures, etc., $6500.

OLIVER Street, Oak Bay, 6 rooms, $5,000.

GRAHAM Street, 7 rooms, near Hillside car line, $5,000.

Terms on all of these arranged to suit purchaser. Enquire today.

R. G. MELLIN

SOOKE REAL ESTATE OFFICE

SOOKE Harbor frontage—Choice of well situated lots from 3 to 5 acres; all good land; prices from $400 to $500 per acre.

SOOKE sea frontage—5 acres beautiful wooded slope facing south and west; $400 per acre.

SOOKE River frontage—4 acres, all cleared, fronting on river, close to station site; $2300.

SEAFRONTAGE—103 acres, with 5 acres in small fruits; quarter of a mile of seafront; good creek and beautiful view; $100 per acre.

CARS leave Dixi Ross', Broad st., at 8 a. m. and 4 and 5 p. m.

J. Y. MARGISON

Sooke and Otter Point Real Estate Office
SOOKE, B. C.

80 ACRES farming land, $35 per acre, close to schoolhouse and store.

SOOKE—Harbor frontage, $500 per acre.

BUNGALOW and five acres, $4,000.

600 ACRES farming lands, $40 per acre.

400 ACRES farming lands, $45 per acre.

D. McINTOSH

Real Estate and Financial Agent
508 Sayward Block Douglas Street
Victoria, B. C. Telephone 1749

ALL modern, first-class 8-roomed house on Moss st., close to sea, $7500; $2000 cash.

GOOD lot on Hamilton rd., close street car, 60x130, only $1,450, terms.

CHOICE lot on Quadra st., $2,750.

W. F. U. COPEMAN & CO.

Late Wes. Brown & Copeman
Member Victoria Real Estate Exchange.
512-513 Jones Bldg. Fort St., Victoria.

SOUTH SAANICH—For sale two or three charming country residences; close to sea; with nicely laid out grounds and small orchards, situated within a few miles of Victoria and close to railway. For full particulars, prices and terms apply to this office.

NORTH SAANICH—88 acres, half cleared. All good land, close to B. C. Electric Railway. Price $650 per acre.

ALLBAY—North Saanich, waterfront lots in nice acre blocks. Price from $500 up. Terms spread over two years.

COMOX—Farms at farm land prices. All cleared and cut up into blocks of ten and fifteen acres. Some of these blocks have improvements on them and all are first class land.

FORT ST.—Block of two lots having frontage on Fort and View sts., thus making most desirable garage or business site. Price $24,000. Terms to arrange.

FORT ST.—Half lot. Good business site and price only $20,000.

LEE & FRASER

1223 Broad St.
Life Insurance. Fire Insurance.
Money to Loan.

We have the following lots for sale:

YATES ST., between Douglas and Blanchard, 30x120, $2,000 per foot.

CALEDONIA AVE., between Douglas and Blanchard, 30x120, $10,000.

CHAPMAN ST., between Cook and Linden, 50x131 to a lane, $2,500.

CHAPMAN ST., between Linden and Moss, 50x141, $2,250.

OXFORD ST., between Linden and Moss, two lots, 50x141 each, $2,500 each.

Reasonable terms on all of the above. Fire Insurance. Life Insurance. Money to loan.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA REALTY CO.

314 Central Building. Phone 2462.

REDUCED $1000—Oliver Street, Oak Bay, two blocks from the car, two blocks from the sea. This street is being paved from Oak Bay avenue to the sea. New, fully modern six-roomed house, built on a clear, level, full-sized lot which is valued at $3000. We have been instructed to sell this splendid property at $4,800, which is $1000 less than it could have been purchased for one month ago. Terms: The terms are exceptionally easy, a good portion of the principal being payable $25 per month, including interest. The owner is leaving town and must sell immediately. See us at once. This snap won't last long.

J. H. WHITTOME & CO., LTD

Duncan, B. C.

HAVE FOR SALE—Several very choice residential properties on Cowichan Bay, from 2 acres to 17 acres.

TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for Buildings, Fort George Reserve," will be received up to noon of the 12th May, 1913, for the erection of the following buildings for Indians on the undermentioned Reserves.

On Reserve No. 2 Fort George, B.C.
1 Church
11 large dwellings for Indians.
9 small dwellings for Indians.

On Reserve No. 3 Fort George, B.C.
8 large dwellings for Indians.
2 small dwellings for Indians.

A separate tender should be submitted for the erection of the Church.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of Mr. John F. Smith, Indian Agent, Kamloops; Mr. Peter Byrne, Indian Agent, New Westminster; Mr. Wm. McAllan, Indian Agent, Fort Fraser; Mr. A. M. Tyson, Inspector of Indian Agencies, Vancouver; Mr. W. E. Ditchburn, Inspector of Indian Agencies, Victoria; and the Post Offices at Ashcroft, Quesnel and Fort George.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank for ten per cent of the amount of the tender, made payable to the order of the undersigned, which will be forfeited if the person or persons tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The unauthorized insertion of this advertisement in any newspaper will not be paid for.

J. D. McLEAN,
Asst. Deputy and Secretary,
Department of Indian Affairs.
—37990. Ottawa, 7th March, 1913.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given of the filing of plans for the laying of a submarine cable across Saanich Inlet, between a point on the east shore of Saanich Inlet, where Cypress Avenue intersects the water's edge of said Saanich Inlet (in sec. 18, R. 1, W. North Saanich District, Vancouver Island, B. C.), and a point on the west shore of the said Saanich Inlet where the line between sections 9 and 10 intersects the water's edge of said Saanich Inlet (located in Range 10, Shawnigan District, Vancouver Island, B. C.), with the Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, and with the Provincial Registrar of Deeds, Victoria, B. C.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED
Vancouver, B. C.

Tenders for Freighting Supplies for the Yukon Telegraph Line EXTENSION OF TIME

The time for receiving tenders for the freighting of supplies for the Yukon Telegraph Line in the course of the seasons of 1913, 1914 and 1915, is hereby extended to Friday, April 4, 1913. Tenders are to be sealed, endorsed "Tender for Packing Supplies," and addressed to the undersigned.

Forms of tender and specification may be obtained and form of contracts seen, on application to Mr. J. T. Phelan, Superintendent of Government Telegraphs, Vancouver, B. C., Mr. Wm. Henderson, District Superintendent Government Telegraphs, Victoria, B. C., and from the Government Telegraph Agents at Ashcroft, B. C., Quesnelle, B. C., Hazelton, B. C., and Telegraph Creek, B. C.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 per cent) of the amount of the tender, for one year's packing, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 18, 1913.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—36295.

TENDERS.

Tenders addressed to the undersigned at Ottawa, and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for Gasoline Launch," will be received up to noon of the eighth day of April, 1913, for the construction of a gasoline launch for the Fisheries Patrol Service in the Province of British Columbia, of the following dimensions:

Length over all	50 feet.
Length at water line	42 feet.
Beam	10 feet.
Draft	6 feet.

The engine is to be a four-cylinder, four-cycle, 65 h.p. Standard engine, as made by the Standard Motor Construction Co., or any other type of engine of equal merit.

Plans and specifications can be procured upon application from the Chief Inspector of Fisheries, New Westminster, B.C., the Inspector of Fisheries, Canada, 34 Mc-Schoch, Vancouver, and from the agent of this Department in Victoria, B.C.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Canadian bank equal to 10 per cent of the total amount of the tender, which cheque will be forfeited if the successful tenderer declines to enter into a contract or fails to complete the boat in accordance with his tender.

Cheques accompanying unsuccessful tenders will be returned. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Newspapers copying this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid.

A. JOHNSTON.
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, March 3, 1913.

TIMBER SALE X23.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 23rd day of April, 1913, for the purchase of license No. X23 to cut 700,000 feet of timber on the shore of Jervis Inlet west of lots 1267 and 3305, Group One, New Westminster District.

Particulars of Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that, on the 8th day of March next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the grant of a license for the sale of liquor by retail in and upon the premises known as Gangese Hotel, situate at Ganges, Salt Spring Island, upon the lands described as Lots 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, Block A and Block L, in subdivision of part of Section 1, Range 3 East and Range 4 East, North Division of Salt Spring Island, Cowichan District, registered in Land Office at Victoria, B. C., as Map 1171.

Dated this 8th day of February, 1913.
C. J. TAYLOR, Applicant.

HOUSEMOVING TENDERS

Are invited for raising and moving the Quamichan Hotel building at Duncans station. All particulars may be obtained from the undersigned, to whom tenders must be submitted by 12:10, noon, on Thursday, the 20th instant.

W. RIDGWAY-WILSON,
Architect.
Pemberton Building, Victoria.

Corporation of the City of Nanaimo

City Engineer's Office, City Hall

INVITATION TO TENDER

Sealed tenders clearly marked on the outside of the envelope, "Tenders for Paving" and addressed to the City Engineer, City Hall, Nanaimo, B. C., will be received up to 5 p. m., March 31st, 1913, for the paving of certain streets in Nanaimo.

Tenders will be received on Bitulithic, Asphaltic Concrete, Sheet Asphalt, Granitoid, Brick or other substantial pavements.

Specification and approximate quantities may be obtained at the above office.

The Council reserves the right to accept or reject any or all tenders.

S. BARLOW-BENNETT
City Engineer
Nanaimo, B. C., March 15th, 1913

CITY OF VICTORIA

NOTICE

Dallas Road, between Cook and Douglas, closed to traffic.

C. H. RUST,
City Engineer.

Fire Department Supplies

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 3 p. m. on Monday, March 24, 1913, for the following undermentioned articles:

71 Firemen's Overcoats
71 Firemen's Uniforms
3000 feet of 2½ inch Cotton Rubber Lined Hose
600 feet of 1 inch Rubber Chemical Hose
12,000 feet of 24 Conductor, No. 16 B. & S. gauge copper, rubber insulated Cable.
6,000 feet of 2 Conductor, No. 16 B. & S. gauge copper, rubber insulated Cable.
8 miles No. 12 W. P. steel wire, B. & S. gauge.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the City Purchasing Agent, to whom all tenders must be addressed, and marked on outside, "Tender for Fire Department Supplies." Each tender must be accompanied by a marked cheque for five per cent. of the value of the tender. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. GALT
City Purchasing Agent
Victoria, B. C., March 7, 1913.

Corporation of the District of Oak Bay

SEALED TENDERS marked "Tenders for Sewers" will be received up to noon, March 28, 1913, for the construction of the undermentioned sewers:

1. Central Avenue, Transit Road to Newport Avenue.
   Newport Avenue, Central Avenue to Island Road.
   Island Road, Larch Street to Central Avenue.
2. Beach Drive, from Newport Avenue to main sewer.
   Newport Avenue, from Island Road to Beach Drive.
3. McNeil Avenue, from Transit Road to Island Road.
   Island Road, from McNeil Avenue to Larch Street.

Drawings, specifications and schedules of approximate quantities may be seen at the office of the Municipal Engineer, Municipal Hall, Oak Bay.

R. FOWLER
Municipal Engineer

NOTICE

Sealed tenders will be received by the Sidney Water and Power Company, Limited, up to and including the 15th day of March, 1913, for the installation of a water supply for the Town of Sidney, including the supplying and erecting of two 100,000 gallon redwood water tanks and foundations, excavating and backfilling ditches, supplying and laying wire wound wood water pipes, fittings, etc.

Plans, quantities and descriptions can be seen by applying at the office of the Western Dominion Lands, 624 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SIDNEY WATER & POWER CO., LTD.
Bert. D. White,
Agent for the applicant.

NOTICE

Sealed tenders will be received by Sturgess & Co., up to and including April 26, 1913, for the surface grading, gravelling and clearing of Section 1 and 2 North, Range 3 and portions of Range 4 East, North Saanich.

Plans and specifications may be seen by applying at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender shall not necessarily be accepted.

F. STURGESS & CO.
By E. Sturgess

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Board of Licensed Commissioners of the Municipality of Esquimalt, British Columbia, at the next sittings thereof, for a transfer from me to Otto Nitze and Joe Holler, of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Coach and Horses, Esquimalt Road.

Dated the 25th day of February, 1913.
MARY SIMPSON.

NOTICE

In the matter of the Estate of Edith Mary Fenwick, late of No. 415 Cook Street, Victoria, British Columbia, deceased, and of the Estate of Ada Isabel Fenwick of the same place, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Edith Mary Fenwick and the late Ada Isabel Fenwick or either of them both of whom died on or about the 16th day of April, 1911, at sea in the wreck of the S. S. Iroquois off Sidney, British Columbia, are hereby required to send their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims duly verified on or before the 15th day of March, 1913, to the undersigned the Solicitor for Margaret Barton, of Victoria, aforesaid the Administratrix with will annexed of the Estate and effects of the said Edith Mary Fenwick, deceased, and also the duly appointed attorney in fact of Edward Spencer Fenwick, of South Shields, England, the Executor named in the will of the said Ada Isabel Fenwick.

And take notice that after the said 15th day of March, 1913, the said Administrator and Executor respectively will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Edith Mary Fenwick and Ada Isabel Fenwick having regard only to the claims of which the said Margaret Barton shall then have notice, and that the said Administrator and Executor will not be liable for the said respective assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim the said Margaret Barton shall not then have received notice.

Dated this 17th day of February, nineteen hundred and thirteen (1913).

A. S. INNES.
Solicitor for the said Administrator and Executor.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership

The Neave Motor Company, Esquimalt Road, formerly carried on by H. Neave and Mrs. Simpson, will in future be conducted by Mrs. Simpson, and will be known as the Thoburn Garage. All outstanding accounts are now payable to the same.

Mr. Rankin, the well-known motor mechanic, will be pleased to serve the public in repairing motors of all descriptions. Agent for the Republic Automobile and Piston Gas Saver.

WATER ACT

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE APPROVAL OF WORKS

Take notice that Sidney Water & Power Company, Limited, will petition the Minister of Lands for the approval of its undertaking for the utilization of the water from springs on Part Section Five (5), Range Two (2), East, North Saanich, and on Lot Six (6), Block Eight (8), subdivision of Part Section Seven (7), Range Two (2), East, North Saanich respectively, under Water Permits Nos. 30 and 82 respectively. A copy of the petition has been filed with the Comptroller of Water Rights at Victoria and with the Water Recorder at Victoria, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 13th day of March, 1913.

BERT D. WHITE.
Agent for the applicant.

NAVIGABLE WATER PROTECTION ACT

Notice is hereby given that Joseph E. Wilson and James S. Yates, both of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, (Trustees of the Erb Estate) are applying to His Excellency, the Governor-General of Canada in Council for approval of the plans, plans, site and description of the works proposed to be constructed in Lime Bay, Victoria Harbour, Victoria, British Columbia, being land situate, lying and being in Victoria City aforesaid, and known and numbered and described as Lot Four (4) and parts of Lot Five (5), Plan 906, Lime Bay, Victoria West, and have deposited the plans and site plans of the proposed works and description thereof with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and a duplicate thereof with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office at the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and that the matter will be proceeded with at the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice in The Canada Gazette.

Dated this 28th day of February, 1913.
JOSEPH E. WILSON and JAMES S. YATES
Trustees of the Erb Estate.
By their solicitors, Messrs. Robertson & Helsterman, 514 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on lands formerly covered by expired Timber Licence No. 31425 and known as Lot 439, Sayward District, is cancelled, and said Lot will be open to pre-emption at the hour of 9 a.m. on Wednesday, the 7th day of May, 1913.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.
Lands Department,
Victoria, B.C., 3rd February, 1913.

Cancellation of Reserve

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on lands situated in the vicinity of Slocan River and formerly embraced in Special Timber License No. 31424 expired is cancelled and the lands will be thrown open to pre-emption at the hour of 9 a.m. on Monday, the 9th day of June, 1913.

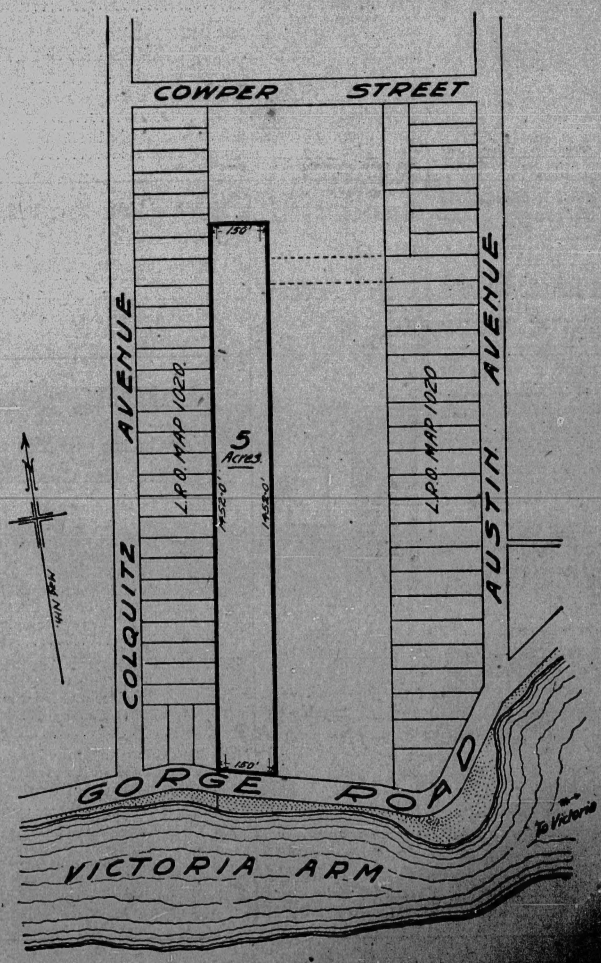
R. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.
Lands Department, Victoria, B.C.,
3rd March, 1913.

RUPTURE

VERY SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT.
Gentlemen, Ladies, Children.
No Annoying Unsanitary Belts or Straps
Consultation Free. Hours 10 a.m. till 4 p.m.

T. McN. JONES
207 Pemberton Block Phone 995
Residence Phone, L4326

The Last Acreage on Victoria Arm With Waterfront



FIVE ACRES

Good soil, slight elevation; good view; well drained; cultivated.
Easy terms. Or will sell the north two acres, with [illegible]
For particulars apply to

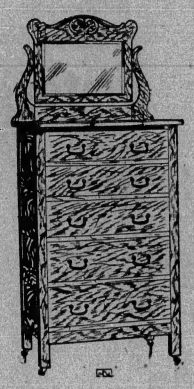
P. R. [illegible]

1112 Broad Street

The Easter Bride Will Be Pleased With Her Home if She Furnished at the Weiler Store

A WELL FURNISHED HOME GOES A LONG WAY TOWARD PROMOTING DOMESTIC HAPPINESS

In Spite of the Low Prices This Furniture is Well Built and Handsomely Finished



We strongly recommend this furniture to the workingman who must have something durable, neat and inexpensive. It is good in every detail and represents a very good value for the money.

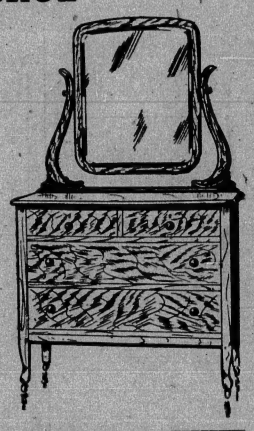
We shall be pleased to show other inexpensive lines to you if you will give us a call.

GOLDEN ASH

Dresser, with top 18 x 38, mirror 20 x 24, 2 small and 2 large drawers. Price **$17.50**
Chiffonier to match, mirror 16 x 20, 2 small and 4 large drawers **$17.50**
Somnoe, 18 x 18 ..... **$6.50**

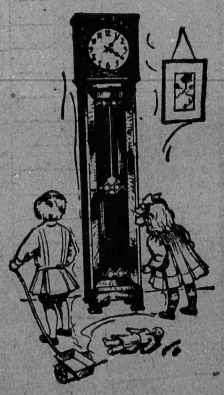
GOLDEN FIR

Dresser, with top 18 x 39, oval bevelled mirror 16 x 24, has 3 large drawers **$12.00**
Chiffonier to match, over mirror 16 x 20, 5 drawers, **$15.00**
Washstand to match, 19 x 33 ..... **$5.50**
Combination Dresser and Washstand, for hotels and rooming houses, top 19 x 33, mirror 14 x 24 ..... **$12.00**



Reviving the Good Old Times so far as Grandfather Clocks Are Concerned

It is quite a revival of the old times to see these stately clocks once more occupying a prominent position in so many homes. Call in and see them.



Golden Oak Case, with brass figures on the plain wood face and a leaded light front. A charming design. Price, only .. **$55**
Early English Oak, with leaded light front, and brass figures on the wood face. A rich design and reliable movements. Price is **$100**
Two Fine Models, with mahogany cases; come with handsome metal dials and richly designed cases. One is marked at $100, and the other at ... **$75**
Westminster Chime Clock in a beautiful mahogany case, has a very handsome dial. Marked at **$275**

If You See the Window Display of Washable Bath Mats and Choice Wilton Rugs

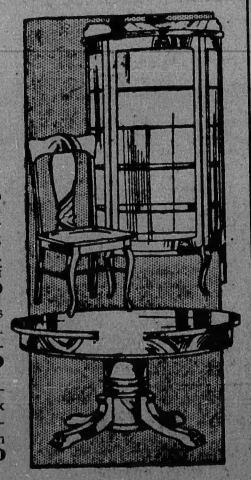
You will be satisfied that they are desirable in every sense of the word.

There are so many lines that description is impossible, and even the window display does not do justice to the large assortment that is ready for inspection.

Dining-Room Furniture

For Cottage or Mansion

Here's One Good Set



Buffet—The top measures 23 x 56 in., has a neat back fitted with shelves and carries a mirror 10 x 48 in. The body of the buffet has three cupboards, two of them fancy glass doors, and the centre one has two plain doors. One large drawer and one cutlery drawer completes the piece. Price **$85.00**

The China Cabinet is beautifully designed. The top measures 18 x 45 in., and the sides and front are glass. A neat mirror over the top shelf Price **$30.00**

Dining Table with a round top, and has a gracefully shaped pedestal support. The top is 48 in. in diameter and extends to 8 ft. Price **$50.00**

An Eight-Piece Suite of Chairs, consisting of two arm chairs and six side chairs, is made in a very handsome pattern and has Spanish leather seats. Price **$74.00**
Ask to See It on the Third Floor

See Our Showing of Upholstered, Fumed Reed Furniture

Now in the Windows

Unusually strong, and exceptionally well finished are two of the leading features of this line of furniture. They are intended to take a permanent place in your home, and their appearance is quite a recommendation.

They have spring seats and are covered with Spanish leather.

A Huge Variety of Plain Grass Chairs and Settees

Although this class of furniture is usually associated with the summer time and is used largely on the veranda and lawn, it is well adapted for the parlor, hall and bedroom. They are light in weight and strong, while for comfort they are hard to beat. Lots of shapes to choose from in either the natural color or stained.

All are first quality and dependable.

Settee of good size. Price **$10.00**
Rocking and Arm Chairs start as low as $4.50 each, and are to be had in more expensive styles if you prefer them.
Reclining Chairs with an adjustable foot rest that pushes under the chair when not in use, come at **$7.50**

Quite a large assortment of Round and Square Tables, Stools, Baskets and other useful articles.

SHEETS, PILLOW CASES AND BEDSPREADS

Quality Counts in These Lines, and Our Prices Are What You Will Call Reasonable

A very large stock of bedding, including blankets, sheets, pillow cases, comforters, bedspreads and other necessities is ready for your inspection.

We never had a better assortment, never better goods, and our prices were never lower than they are at the present time.

English Sheetings are to be had in the plain and twilled styles, and you can have your choice from the light, medium and heavy weights. Both the bleached and unbleached goods are well represented in this lot. Prices, per pair, ready for use, run from $2.25 to $4.00, or you can buy the sheeting by the yard and make up to .....

Pillow Cases, all ready for use, are to be had in either the plain or hemstitched finish. Prices according to quality, from $1a down to as low as .....

Marseilles Bedspreads come in all sizes and are unexcelled for good wearing qualities and appearance. Prices according to quality, from, each, $1.50 to .....

Money Spent for Home Comforts Is Never Lost—The Investment Is a Constant Source of Pleasure

Odd Things For Home Adornment

¶ Odd bits that beautify the home — for which there can always be found a place—commend themselves as most acceptable wedding gifts.

¶ They can be had for most any price one chooses to pay—which is an agreeable feature to the purchaser.

¶ Our present display of such things is most satisfying in variety and range of price, embracing as it does the best of the latest productions of American and foreign makers.

¶ Glad to have you look them over.

"Silber Plate that Wears."

For 55 Years
Genuine
"1847
ROGERS BROS."
Spoons, Forks, etc.,
have been in use and given entire satisfaction. The stamp "1847 ROGERS BROS." on any spoon or fork, wherever bought, guarantees its high quality.

Dainty Treats with a Chafing Dish

Victoria's Popular Home Furnishers

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

WEILER BROS.

Victoria's Popular Home Furnishers